Experiment-13

13) Write a NLP program to demonstrat following tasks

a)Tokenization, Removal of Stopword, Removal of punctuations, POS and NER Tagging

b)to demonstrate Bag of words, TF & IDF Vectrization, N-grams

a)Tokenization, Removal of Stopword, Removal of punctuations, POS and NER Tagging

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In [ ]:
In [32]: import nltk, spacy
         from nltk.corpus import stopwords
         from nltk import word tokenize, pos tag, ngrams
In [33]: # Load spaCy model
         nlp = spacy.load("en_core_web_sm")
In [34]: text = "Apple is looking at buying U.K. startup for $1 billion in 2025."
In [35]: #Tokenization → Breaking text into words
         # Tokenization
         tokens = word tokenize(text)
         print("Tokens:", tokens)
        Tokens: ['Apple', 'is', 'looking', 'at', 'buying', 'U.K.', 'startup', 'for', '$',
        '1', 'billion', 'in', '2025', '.']
In [36]: #Stopword Removal → Filtering out common words
         # Stopword Removal
         filtered = [w for w in tokens if w.isalpha() and w.lower() not in stopwords.word
         print("After Stopword Removal:", filtered)
        After Stopword Removal: ['Apple', 'looking', 'buying', 'startup', 'billion']
In [37]: import string
         # Remove punctuation (just in case any remain)
         tokens no punct = [w for w in filtered if w not in string.punctuation]
         print("After Punctuation Removal:", tokens_no_punct)
        After Punctuation Removal: ['Apple', 'looking', 'buying', 'startup', 'billion']
In [12]: #POS Tagging → Identifying word roles (noun, verb, etc.)
         # POS Tagging(Part of Speech)
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print("POS Tags:", pos_tag(filtered))

POS Tags: [('Apple', 'NNP'), ('looking', 'VBG'), ('buying', 'VBG'), ('startup', 'NN'), ('billion', 'CD')]

In [13]: #NER → Extracting entities like names, dates, money
    # Named Entity Recognition
    doc = nlp(text)
    print("NER:", [(ent.text, ent.label_) for ent in doc.ents])

NER: [('Apple', 'ORG'), ('U.K.', 'GPE'), ('$1 billion', 'MONEY'), ('2025', 'DAT E')]
```

b)to demonstrate Bag of words,TF & IDF Vectrization, N-grams

```
In [38]: # ---- Imports ----
         import nltk
         from nltk.tokenize import word_tokenize
         from sklearn.feature_extraction.text import CountVectorizer, TfidfVectorizer
         from nltk.util import ngrams
In [39]: # Download tokenizer
         nltk.download('punkt')
        [nltk_data] Downloading package punkt to
        [nltk_data] C:\Users\user\AppData\Roaming\nltk_data...
        [nltk_data] Package punkt is already up-to-date!
Out[39]: True
In [40]: # Sample text
         text = "Apple is looking at buying U.K. startup for $1 billion in 2025."
In [41]: # ---- 1. Tokenization ----
         tokens = word tokenize(text)
         print("Tokens:", tokens)
        Tokens: ['Apple', 'is', 'looking', 'at', 'buying', 'U.K.', 'startup', 'for', '$',
        '1', 'billion', 'in', '2025', '.']
In [42]: # ---- 2. Bag of Words (BoW) ----
         vectorizer = CountVectorizer()
         bow = vectorizer.fit_transform([text])
         print("\nBoW Words:", vectorizer.get_feature_names_out())
         print("BoW Counts:", bow.toarray())
        BoW Words: ['2025' 'apple' 'at' 'billion' 'buying' 'for' 'in' 'is' 'looking'
         'startup']
        BoW Counts: [[1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1]]
In [43]: # ---- 3. TF-IDF ----
         tfidf_vectorizer = TfidfVectorizer()
         tfidf = tfidf_vectorizer.fit_transform([text])
         print("\nTF-IDF Words:", tfidf_vectorizer.get_feature_names_out())
         print("TF-IDF Values:", tfidf.toarray())
```