# Rajalakshmi Engineering College

Name: Gurucharan Chandramohan Email: 240801092@rajalakshmi.edu.in

Roll no: 2116240801092 Phone: 6379544451

**Branch: REC** 

Department: I ECE FA

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Degree: B.E - ECE



# NeoColab\_REC\_CS23231\_DATA STRUCTURES

REC\_DS using C\_Week 3\_MCQ\_Updated

Attempt : 1 Total Mark : 20 Marks Obtained : 18

Section 1: MCQ

1. In the linked list implementation of the stack, which of the following operations removes an element from the top?

Answer

Pop

Status: Correct Marks: 1/1

2. Consider the linked list implementation of a stack.

Which of the following nodes is considered as Top of the stack?

Answer

First node

Status: Correct Marks: 1/1

3. What will be the output of the following code?

```
#include <stdio.h>
#define MAX_SIZE 5
int stack[MAX_SIZE];
int top = -1;
void display() {
  if (top == -1) {
    printf("Stack is empty\n");
  } else {
    printf("Stack elements: ");
    for (int i = top; i >= 0; i--) {
       printf("%d ", stack[i]);
    printf("\n");
void push(int value) {
  if (top == MAX_SIZE - 1) {
    printf("Stack Overflow\n");
  } else {
    stack[++top] = value;
  }
int main() {
display();
  push(10);
  push(20);
  push(30);
  display();
  push(40);
  push(50);
  push(60);
  display();
  return 0;
}
```

**Answer** 

Stack is emptyStack elements: 30 20 10Stack OverflowStack elements: 50 40 30

20 10

Status: Correct Marks: 1/1

4. In a stack data structure, what is the fundamental rule that is followed for performing operations?

## Answer

Last In First Out

Status: Correct Marks: 1/1

5. Pushing an element into the stack already has five elements. The stack size is 5, then the stack becomes

# Answer

Overflow

Status: Correct Marks: 1/1

6. Here is an Infix Expression: 4+3\*(6\*3-12). Convert the expression from Infix to Postfix notation. The maximum number of symbols that will appear on the stack AT ONE TIME during the conversion of this expression?

# **Answer**

3

Status: Wrong Marks: 0/1

7. A user performs the following operations on stack of size 5 then which of the following is correct statement for Stack?

```
push(1);
pop();
push(2);
push(3);
pop();
```

```
push(2);
  pop();
pop();
  push(4);
  pop();
  pop();
  push(5);
  Answer
  Underflow Occurs
                                                                    Marks: 1/1
  Status: Correct
```

8. The user performs the following operations on the stack of size 5 then at the end of the last operation, the total number of elements and stack is stack is

```
push(1);
pop();
push(2);
push(3);
pop();
push(4);
pop();
pop();
push(5);
Answer
```

Status: Correct Marks: 1/1

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9. Which of the following Applications may use a Stack?

## Answer

All of the mentioned options

Marks: 1/1801097 Status: Correct

10. What will be the output of the following code?

```
#include <stdio.h>
#define MAX_SIZE 5
void push(int* stack, int* top, int item) {
  if (*top == MAX_SIZE - 1) {
    printf("Stack Overflow\n");
    return;
  stack[++(*top)] = item;
int pop(int* stack, int* top) {
  if (*top == -1) {
    printf("Stack Underflow\n");
    return -1;
  return stack[(*top)--];
int main() {
  int stack[MAX_SIZE];
  int top = -1;
  push(stack, &top, 10);
  push(stack, &top, 20);
  push(stack, &top, 30);
 printf("%d\n", pop(stack, &top));
  printf("%d\n", pop(stack, &top));
  printf("%d\n", pop(stack, &top));
  printf("%d\n", pop(stack, &top));
  return 0;
Answer
302010Stack Underflow
                                                                     Marks: 0/1
Status: Wrong
```

11. Consider a linked list implementation of stack data structure with three operations:

push(value): Pushes an element value onto the stack.pop(): Pops the top element from the stack.top(): Returns the item stored at the top of the stack.

Given the following sequence of operations:

```
push(10);pop();push(5);top();
```

What will be the result of the stack after performing these operations?

#### Answer

The top element in the stack is 5

Status: Correct Marks: 1/1

12. What will be the output of the following code?

```
#include <stdio.h>
     #define MAX SIZE 5
     int stack[MAX_SIZE];
     int top = -1;
     int isEmpty() {
       return (top == -1);
     int isFull() {
       return (top == MAX_SIZE - 1);
     void push(int item) {
       if (isFull())
          printf("Stack Overflow\n");
       else
          stack[++top] = item;
     int main() {
       printf("%d\n", isEmpty());
       push(10);
       push(20);
printf("%d\n", isFull());
return 0;
```

} ~1001

Answer

10

Status: Correct Marks: 1/1

13. In an array-based stack, which of the following operations can result in a Stack underflow?

# Answer

Popping an element from an empty stack

Status: Correct Marks: 1/1

14. When you push an element onto a linked list-based stack, where does the new element get added?

# Answer

At the beginning of the list

Status: Correct Marks: 1/1

15. What is the advantage of using a linked list over an array for implementing a stack?

#### **Answer**

Linked lists can dynamically resize

Status: Correct Marks: 1/1

16. What is the primary advantage of using an array-based stack with a fixed size?

# Answer

Efficient memory usage

Marks: 1/1 Status: Correct 17. Which of the following operations allows you to examine the top element of a stack without removing it? **Answer** Peek Status: Correct Marks: 1/1 18. What is the value of the postfix expression 6 3 2 4 + - \*? **Answer** -18 Status: Correct Marks: 1/1 19. The result after evaluating the postfix expression 10 5 + 60 6 / \* 8 - is Answer 142 Marks: 1/1 Status: Correct 20. Elements are Added on \_\_\_\_\_ of the Stack **Answer** Top Status: Correct Marks: 1/1