Rajalakshmi Engineering College

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NeoColab_REC_CS23231_DATA STRUCTURES

REC_DS using C_Week 6_MCQ_Updated_1

Attempt: 1 Total Mark: 20

Marks Obtained: 20

Section 1: MCO

1. Which of the following sorting algorithms is based on the divide and conquer method?

Answer

Merge Sort

Status: Correct Marks: 1/1

2. What happens during the merge step in Merge Sort?

Answer

Two sorted subarrays are combined into one sorted array

Status: Correct

3. Why is Merge Sort preferred for sorting large datasets compared to Quick Sort?

Answer

Merge Sort has better worst-case time complexity

Status: Correct Marks: 1/1

4. Which of the following methods is used for sorting in merge sort?

Answer

merging

Status: Correct Marks: 1/3

What happens when Merge Sort is applied to a single-element array?

Answer

The array remains unchanged and no merging is required

Status: Correct Marks: 1/1

6. Is Merge Sort a stable sorting algorithm?

Answer

Yes, always stable.

Status: Correct Marks: 1/1

7. Let P be a quick sort program to sort numbers in ascending order using the first element as a pivot. Let t1 and t2 be the number of comparisons made by P for the inputs {1, 2, 3, 4, 5} and {4, 1, 5, 3, 2}, respectively. Which one of the following holds?

Answer

t1 > t2

Marks: 1/1 Status: Correct

8. Which of the following is true about Quicksort?

Answer

It is an in-place sorting algorithm

Status: Correct Marks: 1/1

9. Which of the following strategies is used to improve the efficiency of Quicksort in practical implementations?

Answer

Choosing the pivot randomly or using the median-of-three method

Status: Correct Marks: 1/1

10. Consider the Quick Sort algorithm, which sorts elements in ascending order using the first element as a pivot. Then which of the following input sequences will require the maximum number of comparisons when this algorithm is applied to it?

Answer

22 25 56 67 89

Status: Correct Marks

11. In a quick sort algorithm, where are smaller elements placed to the pivot during the partition process, assuming we are sorting in increasing order?

Answer

To the left of the pivot

Status: Correct

	12. In a quick sort algorithm, what role does the p	pivot element play?	201097	
6	Answer (1 ^A O)	200	62400	
2110	It is used to partition the array	2		
	Status: Correct	Marks	s : 1/1	
	13. Which of the following modifications can help better on small subarrays?) Quicksort perform		
	Answer	2	-07	
	Switching to Insertion Sort for small subarrays	30103	3010	
.6	Status: Correct	Marks	s: 1/1	
2,110	14. What is the best sorting algorithm to use for the elements in an array that are more than 1 million in general?			
	Answer			
	Quick sort.			
	Status: Correct	Marks	s : 1/1	
	109 ²	,092	,002	
	15. Merge sort is	3807	108070	
16	Answer		162h	
2)	Comparison-based sorting algorithm	2)		
	Status: Correct	Marks	s : 1/1	
	16. Which of the following scenarios is Merge Sort preferred over Quick Sort?			
	Answer	292	202	
	When sorting linked lists	28010	28070	
70	Status: Correct	Marks	s : 1/1	
0/,	0/,	2^	1	

17. What is the main advantage of Quicksort over Merge Sort?

Answer

Quicksort requires less auxiliary space

Status: Correct Marks: 1/1

18. Which of the following statements is true about the merge sort algorithm?

Answer

It requires additional memory for merging

Status: Correct Marks: 1/1

19. The following code snippet is an example of a quick sort. What do the 'low' and 'high' parameters represent in this code?

```
void quickSort(int arr[], int low, int high) {
   if (low < high) {
     int pivot = partition(arr, low, high);
     quickSort(arr, low, pivot - 1);
     quickSort(arr, pivot + 1, high);
   }
}</pre>
```

Answer

The range of elements to sort within the array

Status: Correct Marks: 1/1

20. Which of the following is not true about QuickSort?

Answer

It can be implemented as a stable sort

Status: Correct Marks: 1/1