--Tasks 3: Aggregate functions, Having, Order By, GroupBy and Joins

--1. Write a SQL query to List Events and Their Average Ticket Prices.
select event\_name, avg(ticket\_price) as avg\_ticket\_price from event group by
 event name;

	event_name	avg_ticket_price
1	Bollywood Concert	1600.000000
2	Carnatic Music Night	1200.000000
3	Coldplay	1400.000000
4	Comedy Show	800.000000
5	Cricket Test Match	3000.000000
6	Drama Play	2400.000000
7	Hockey Tournament	1200.000000
8	IPL Match	2000.000000
9	Kabaddi League	1000.000000
10	Tamil Movie Premiere	600.000000

--2. Write a SQL query to Calculate the Total Revenue Generated by Events.
select e.event\_name, sum(b.total\_cost) as total\_revenue from booking b join event e on
b.event\_id = e.event\_id group by e.event\_name;

	event_name	total_revenue
1	Bollywood Concert	320.00
2	Carnatic Music Night	120.00
3	Coldplay	280.00
4	Comedy Show	120.00
5	Cricket Test Match	750.00
6	Drama Play	240.00
7	Hockey Tournament	60.00
8	IPL Match	200.00
9	Kabaddi League	150.00
10	Tamil Movie Premiere	30.00

--3. Write a SQL query to find the event with the highest ticket sales.
select top 1 e.event\_name, sum(b.num\_tickets) as total\_tickets\_sold from booking b
 join event e on b.event\_id = e.event\_id
group by e.event\_name order by total\_tickets\_sold desc;

```
event_name total_tickets_sold

1 Cricket Test Match 5
```

--4. Write a SQL query to Calculate the Total Number of Tickets Sold for Each Event.

```
select e.event_name, sum(b.num_tickets) as total_tickets_sold from booking b join
event e on b.event_id = e.event_id group by e.event_name;
```

	event_name	total_tickets_sold
1	Bollywood Concert	4
2	Carnatic Music Night	2
3	Coldplay	4
4	Comedy Show	3
5	Cricket Test Match	5
6	Drama Play	2
7	Hockey Tournament	1
8	IPL Match	2
9	Kabaddi League	3
10	Tamil Movie Premiere	1

--5. Write a SQL query to Find Events with No Ticket Sales.
select e.event\_name from event e left join booking b on e.event\_id = b.event\_id
where b.event\_id is null;
| event\_name |

```
--6. Write a SQL query to Find the User Who Has Booked the Most Tickets.

select top 1 c.customer_name, sum(b.num_tickets) as total_tickets from booking b
    join customer c on b.customer_id = c.customer_id

group by c.customer_name order by total_tickets desc;

    customer_name total_tickets

1 Neha 5
```

--7. Write a SQL query to List Events and the total number of tickets sold for each month.

```
select month(e.event_date) as event_month, year(e.event_date) as event_year,
    e.event_name, sum(b.num_tickets) as total_tickets
from booking b join event e on b.event_id = e.event_id
group by month(e.event_date), year(e.event_date), e.event_name
order by event_year, event_month;
```

	event_month	event_year	event_name	total_tickets
1	4	2025	IPL Match	2
2	5	2025	Bollywood Concert	4
3	6	2025	Tamil Movie Premiere	1
4	7	2025	Kabaddi League	3
5	8	2025	Carnatic Music Night	2
6	9	2025	Cricket Test Match	5
7	10	2025	Drama Play	2
8	11	2025	Coldplay	4
9	12	2025	Hockey Tournament	1
10	1	2026	Comedy Show	3

--8. Write a SQL query to calculate the average Ticket Price for Events in Each Venue.

```
select v.venue_name, avg(e.ticket_price) as avg_ticket_price from event e join
  venue v on e.venue_id = v.venue_id group by v.venue_name;
```

	venue_name	avg_ticket_price
1	Bangalore Palace	1600.000000
2	DY Patil Stadium	1400.000000
3	Eden Gardens	3000.000000
4	EKA Arena	1000.000000
5	Habitat Centre	800.00000
6	IMAX Theatre	2400.000000
7	Music Academy	1200.000000
8	National Stadium	1200.000000
9	Sathyam Cinemas	600.000000
10	Wankhede Stadium	2000.000000

--9. Write a SQL query to calculate the total Number of Tickets Sold for Each Event Type.

select e.event\_type, sum(b.num\_tickets) as total\_tickets\_sold from booking b join
event e on b.event id = e.event id group by e.event type;

	event_type	total_tickets_sold
1	concert	10
2	movie	6
3	sports	11

--10. Write a SQL query to calculate the total Revenue Generated by Events in Each Year.

select year(e.event\_date) as event\_year, sum(b.total\_cost) as total\_revenue from
booking b join event e on b.event\_id = e.event\_id
group by year(e.event\_date) order by event\_year;

	event_year	total_revenue
1	2025	2150.00
2	2026	120.00

--11. Write a SQL query to list users who have booked tickets for multiple events.

select c.customer\_name, count(distinct b.event\_id) as total\_events\_booked from booking
b join customer c on b.customer\_id = c.customer\_id group by c.customer\_name having
count(distinct b.event\_id) > 1;

```
customer_name total_events_booked
```

--12. Write a SQL query to calculate the Total Revenue Generated by Events for Each User.

```
select c.customer_name, sum(b.total_cost) as total_revenue from booking b join
  customer c on b.customer_id = c.customer_id
group by c.customer_name order by total_revenue desc;
```

•	customer_name	total_revenue
1	Neha	750.00
2	Priya	320.00
3	Kavita	280.00
4	Rohan	240.00
5	Amit	200.00
6	Sita	150.00
7	Vikram	120.00
8	Divya	120.00
9	Arjun	60.00
10	Rahul	30.00

--13. Write a SQL query to calculate the Average Ticket Price for Events in Each Category and Venue.

```
select e.event_type, v.venue_name, avg(e.ticket_price) as avg_ticket_price
from event e join venue v on e.venue_id = v.venue_id
group by e.event_type, v.venue_name;
```

	event_type	venue_name	avg_ticket_price
1	concert	Bangalore Palace	1600.000000
2	concert	DY Patil Stadium	1400.000000
3	sports	Eden Gardens	3000.000000
4	sports	EKA Arena	1000.000000
5	movie	Habitat Centre	800.00000
6	movie	IMAX Theatre	2400.000000
7	concert	Music Academy	1200.000000
8	sports	National Stadium	1200.000000
9	movie	Sathyam Cinemas	600.000000
10	sports	Wankhede Stadium	2000.000000

--14. Write a SQL query to list Users and the Total Number of Tickets They've Purchased in the Last 30 Days.

```
select c.customer_name, sum(b.num_tickets) as total_tickets
from booking b join customer c on b.customer_id = c.customer_id
where b.booking_date >= dateadd(day, -30, getdate())
group by c.customer_name;
```

	customer_name	total_tickets
1	Amit	2
2	Arjun	1
3	Divya	3
4	Kavita	4
5	Neha	5
6	Priya	4
7	Rahul	1
8	Rohan	2
9	Sita	3
10	Vikram	2