

Practical-3

1. Write a program to remove duplicate elements of an array.

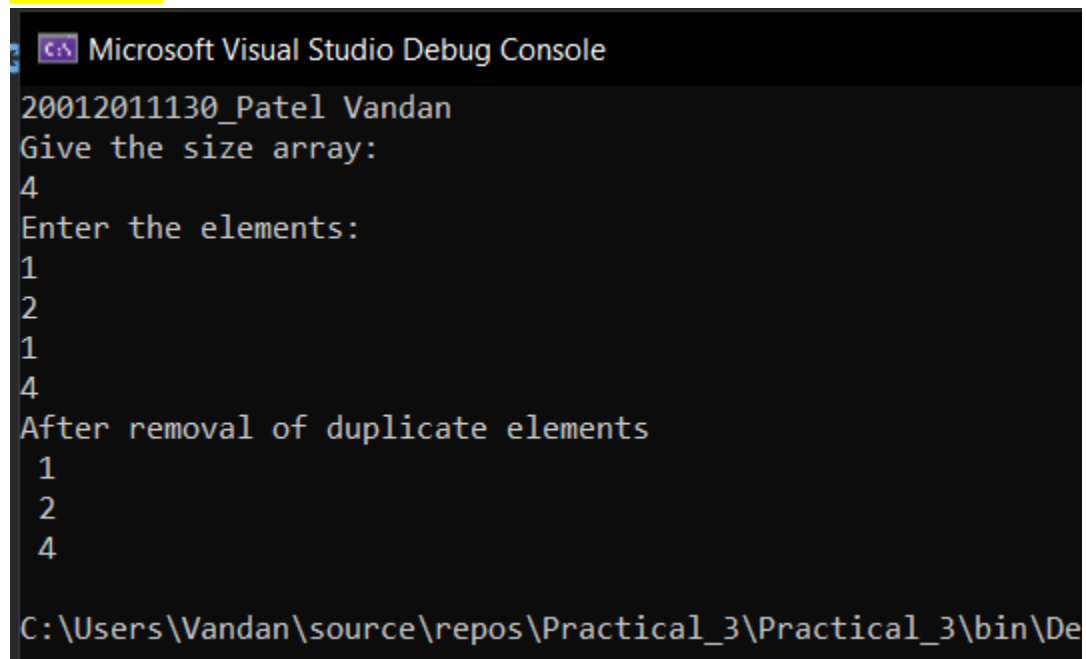
Code:

```
using System;

namespace Practical_3
{
    class Program
    {
        static void Main(string[] args)
        {
            Console.WriteLine("20012011130_Patel Vandan");
            int i, j, k, n;
            Console.WriteLine("Give the size array:");
            n = Convert.ToInt32(Console.ReadLine());
            int[] a = new int[n];
            Console.WriteLine("Enter the elements:");
            for (i = 0; i < n; i++)
            {
                a[i] = Convert.ToInt32(Console.ReadLine());
            }
            for (i = 0; i < n; i++)
            {
                for (j = i + 1; j < n; j++)
                {
                    if (a[i] == a[j])
                    {
                        for (k = j; k < n; k++)
                        {
                            if (k != n - 1)
                                a[k] = a[k + 1];
                        }
                        n--;
                    }
                }
            }
            Console.WriteLine("After removal of duplicate elements");
            for (int t = 0; t < n; t++)
            {
                Console.WriteLine(" " + a[t]);
            }
        }
    }
}
```

```
}  
}  
}
```

Output:



```
Microsoft Visual Studio Debug Console  
20012011130_Patel Vandan  
Give the size array:  
4  
Enter the elements:  
1  
2  
1  
4  
After removal of duplicate elements  
1  
2  
4  
C:\Users\Vandan\source\repos\Practical_3\Practical_3\bin\De
```

2. Write a program for multiplication of two 2-dimentional matrices using 2-d array.

Program:

```
using System;  
using System.Collections.Generic;  
using System.Linq;  
using System.Text;  
using System.Threading.Tasks;  
  
namespace Practical_3  
{  
    class second  
    {  
        static void Main(string[] args)  
        {  

```

```
Console.WriteLine("20012011130_Patel Vandan");
Console.WriteLine("Enter number of rows and columns for first 2 -
d matrix: ");

int s1 = Convert.ToInt32(Console.ReadLine());
int s2 = Convert.ToInt32(Console.ReadLine());
int[,] a1 = new int[s1, s2];
Console.WriteLine("Enter element of first 2-d matrix:");
for (int i = 0; i < s1; i++)
{
    for (int j = 0; j < s2; j++)
    {
        a1[i, j] = Convert.ToInt32(Console.ReadLine());
    }
}
Console.WriteLine("Enter number of rows and columns for second 2
- d matrix: ");

int s3 = Convert.ToInt32(Console.ReadLine());
int s4 = Convert.ToInt32(Console.ReadLine());
int[,] a2 = new int[s3, s4];
Console.WriteLine("Enter element of second 2-d matrix: ");
for (int i = 0; i < s3; i++)
{
    for (int j = 0; j < s4; j++)
    {
        a2[i, j] = Convert.ToInt32(Console.ReadLine());
    }
}
Console.WriteLine("Your first 2-d matrix:");
for (int i = 0; i < s1; i++)
{
    for (int j = 0; j < s2; j++)
    {
        Console.Write(a1[i, j] + " ");
    }
    Console.WriteLine(" ");
}
Console.WriteLine("Your second 2-d matrix:");
for (int i = 0; i < s3; i++)
{
    for (int j = 0; j < s4; j++)
    {
        Console.Write(a2[i, j] + " ");
    }
    Console.WriteLine(" ");
}
if (s2 == s3)
{
```

```

int[, ] m = new int[s1, s4];
for (int i = 0; i < s1; i++)
{
    int sum = 0;
    for (int j = 0; j < s4; j++)
    {
        for (int k = 0; k < s3; k++)
        {
            sum = sum + (a1[i, k] * a2[k, j]);
        }
        m[i, j] = sum;
        sum = 0;
    }
}
Console.WriteLine("Matrix after multiplication of two matrix:");
for (int i = 0; i < s1; i++)
{
    for (int j = 0; j < s4; j++)
    {
        Console.Write(m[i, j] + " ");
    }
    Console.WriteLine(" ");
}
}
else
{
    Console.WriteLine("sorry!..Multiplicatio is not possible.");
}
Console.ReadKey();
}
}
}

```

Output:

```
Microsoft Visual Studio Debug Console
20012011130_Patel Vandan
Enter number of rows and columns for first 2 - d matrix:
2
2
Enter element of first 2-d matrix:
1
1
1
1
Enter number of rows and columns for second 2 - d matrix:
2
2
Enter element of second 2-d matrix:
2
2
2
2
Your first 2-d matrix:
1 1
1 1
Your second 2-d matrix:
2 2
2 2
Matrix after multiplication of two matrix:
4 4
4 4

C:\Users\Vandan\source\repos\Practical_3\Practical_3\bin\Debug\net
.
To automatically close the console when debugging stops, enable T
le when debugging stops.
Press any key to close this window . . .
```

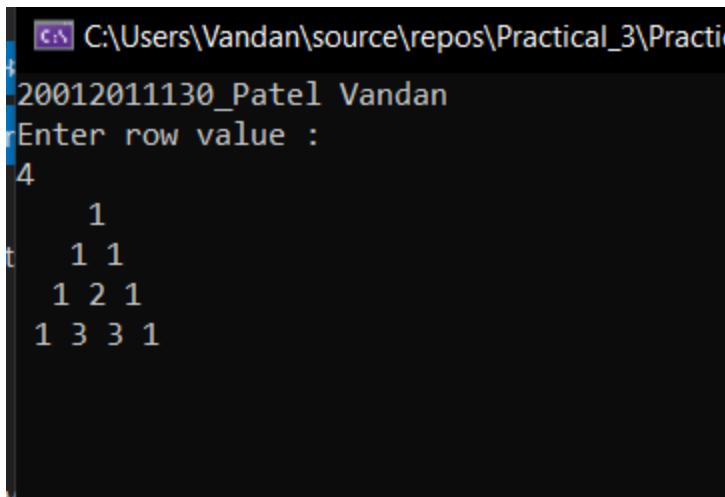
3. Write a program to generate Pascal Triangle using jagged array.

Program:

```
using System;
using System.Collections.Generic;
using System.Linq;
using System.Text;
using System.Threading.Tasks;

namespace Practical_3
{
    class third
    {
        static void Main(string[] args)
        {
            Console.WriteLine("20012011130_Patel Vandan");
            Console.WriteLine("Enter row value : ");
            int num = Convert.ToInt32(Console.ReadLine());
            for (int i = 0; i < num; i++)
            {
                for (int j = num; j > i; j--)
                {
                    Console.Write(" ");
                }
                int val = 1;
                for (int j = 0; j <= i; j++)
                {
                    Console.Write(val + " ");
                    val = val * (i - j) / (j + 1);
                }
                Console.WriteLine();
            }
            Console.ReadLine();
        }
    }
}
```

Output:



```

C:\Users\Vandan\source\repos\Practical_3\Practical_3>
20012011130_Patel Vandan
Enter row value :
4
      1
     1 1
    1 2 1
   1 3 3 1
  
```

4. Write a user defined function to sort an array.

Program:

```

using System;
using System.Collections.Generic;
using System.Linq;
using System.Text;
using System.Threading.Tasks;

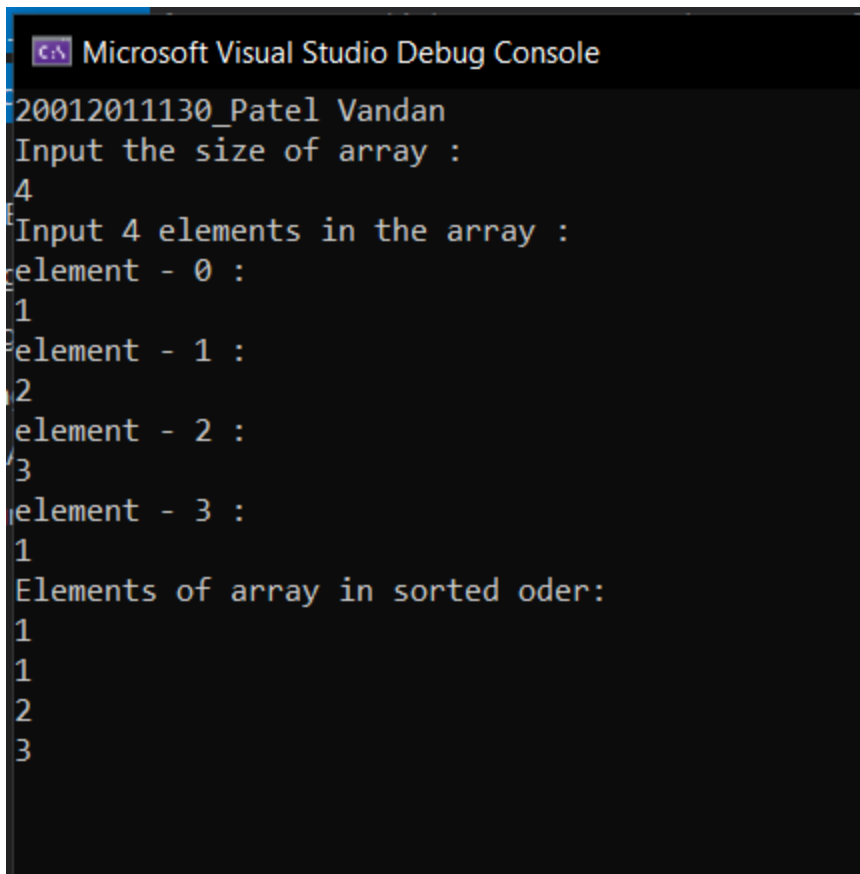
namespace Practical_3
{
    class four
    {
        static void Main(string[] args)
        {
            Console.WriteLine("20012011130_Patel Vandan");
            int[] arr1 = new int[10];
            int n, i, j, tmp;

            Console.WriteLine("Input the size of array : ");
            n = Convert.ToInt32(Console.ReadLine());
            Console.WriteLine("Input {0} elements in the array :", n);
            for (i = 0; i < n; i++)
            {
                Console.WriteLine("element - {0} : ", i);
                arr1[i] = Convert.ToInt32(Console.ReadLine());
            }
            for (i = 0; i < n; i++)
            {

```

```
        for (j = i + 1; j < n; j++)
        {
            if (arr1[j] < arr1[i])
            {
                tmp = arr1[i];
                arr1[i] = arr1[j];
                arr1[j] = tmp;
            }
        }
    }
    Console.WriteLine("Elements of array in sorted order:");
    for (i = 0; i < n; i++)
    {
        Console.WriteLine("{0} ", arr1[i]);
    }
    Console.WriteLine(" ");
    Console.ReadLine();
}
}
```

Output:



The screenshot shows the Microsoft Visual Studio Debug Console with the following text:

```
20012011130_Patel Vandan
Input the size of array :
4
Input 4 elements in the array :
element - 0 :
1
element - 1 :
2
element - 2 :
3
element - 3 :
1
Elements of array in sorted order:
1
1
2
3
```

5. Demonstrate the use of params keyword with the help of a program.

Program:

```
using System;
using System.Collections.Generic;
using System.Linq;
using System.Text;
using System.Threading.Tasks;

namespace Practical_3
{
    class Five
    {
        public static int TotalMarks(params int[] list)
        {
            int total = 0;
```

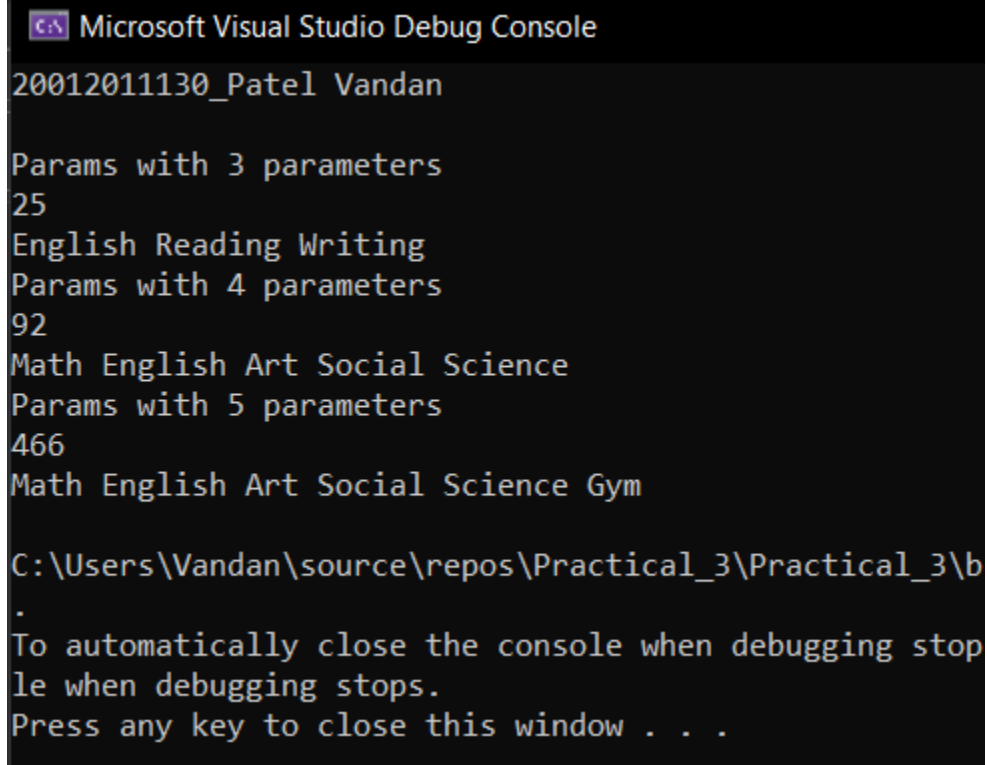
```

        for (int i = 0; i < list.Length; i++)
            total += list[i];
        return total;
    }
    public static string AllSubjects(params string[] subjects)
    {
        System.Text.StringBuilder builder = new
        System.Text.StringBuilder();
        for (int i = 0; i < subjects.Length; i++)
        {
            builder.Append(subjects[i]);
            builder.Append(" ");
        }
        return builder.ToString();
    }
}
class class4
{
    static void Main(string[] args)
    {
        Console.WriteLine("20012011130_Patel Vandan\n");
        Console.WriteLine("Params with 3 parameters");
        int total3 = Five.TotalMarks(8, 9, 8);
        Console.WriteLine(total3);
        string[] subs = { "English", "Reading", "Writing" };
        Console.WriteLine(Five.AllSubjects(subs));

        Console.WriteLine("Params with 4 parameters");
        int[] marks = { 24, 22, 25, 21 };
        int total4 = Five.TotalMarks(marks);
        string str4 = Five.AllSubjects("Math", "English",
        "Art", "Social Science");
        Console.WriteLine(total4);
        Console.WriteLine(str4.ToString());
        Console.WriteLine("Params with 5 parameters");
        int total5 = Five.TotalMarks(92, 90, 95, 91, 98);

        string str5 = Five.AllSubjects(new string[]{"Math", "English", "Art",
        "Social Science", "Gym" });
        Console.WriteLine(total5);
        Console.WriteLine(str5.ToString());
        Console.ReadKey();
    }
}
}

```

Output:A screenshot of the Microsoft Visual Studio Debug Console window. The title bar reads 'Microsoft Visual Studio Debug Console'. The output text is as follows:
20012011130_Patel Vandan
.
Params with 3 parameters
25
English Reading Writing
Params with 4 parameters
92
Math English Art Social Science
Params with 5 parameters
466
Math English Art Social Science Gym

C:\Users\Vandan\source\repos\Practical_3\Practical_3\b
.
To automatically close the console when debugging stops
le when debugging stops.
Press any key to close this window . . .

6. Discuss out and ref parameters with the help of programs.

Program:

```
using System;
using System.Collections.Generic;
using System.Linq;
using System.Text;
using System.Threading.Tasks;

namespace Practical_3
{
    class six
    {
        static void SomeFunction(int[] ints, int i)
        {
            ints[0] = 100;
            i = 100;
        }
        static void RefFunction(int[] ints, ref int i)
    }
```

```
{
ints[0] = 100;
i = 100;
}

static void OutFunction(out int x)
{
    x = 200;
}

static void Main()
{
    int i = 0;
    int[] ints = { 0, 1, 2, 4, 8 };
    Console.WriteLine("20012011130_Patel Vandan\n");
    Console.WriteLine("Before calling SomeFunction: i = "+i+"and ints[0]
= "+ints[0]);

    SomeFunction(ints, i);
    Console.WriteLine("After calling SomeFunction:i="
+ i + "and ints[0]=" + ints[0]);
    RefFunction(ints, ref i);
    Console.WriteLine("After calling RefFunction:i=" +
i + "and ints[0]=" + ints[0]);
    int x;
    OutFunction(out x);
    Console.WriteLine("After calling OutFunction x is:" + x);
}
}
}
```

Output:

```
0  Microsoft Visual Studio Debug Console
20012011130_Patel Vandan

Before calling SomeFunction: i = 0 and ints[0] = 0
After calling SomeFunction: i=0 and ints[0]=100
After calling RefFunction: i=100 and ints[0]=100
After calling OutFunction x is: 200

C:\Users\Vandan\source\repos\Practical_3\Practical_3\bin\Debug
.
To automatically close the console when debugging stops, enable
when debugging stops.
Press any key to close this window . . .
```