DAA PRACTICAL – 2

PRACTICAL - 2

Implement functions to print nth Fibonacci number using iteration and recursive method. Compare the performance of two methods by counting number of steps executed on various inputs. Also draw a comparative chart. (Fibonacci series 1, 1, 2, 3, 5, 8..... Here 8 is the 6th Fibonacci number)

CODE:

```
#include <stdio.h>
int count ite=0;
int count_rec=0;
void fib_ite(int );
int fib_rec(int n );
int main(){
int n;
  printf("enter the fib no = ");
scanf("%d",&n);
fib_ite(n); int ans=fib_rec(n);
  printf("%dth number is = %d\n",n,ans);
printf("recursion step count = %d\n",count rec); return
0;
}
void fib ite(int n ){
int n1=0; int
n2=1; int n3,i;
   if(n==0)
{
count_ite++;
n3=0;
    }
else {
for(i=2;i<=n;i++){
                      count_ite++;
n3=n1+n2;
                count ite++;
            count_ite++;
n1=n2;
n2=n3;
```

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```
}
  printf("iteration step count = %d\n",count_ite);
printf("%dth number is = %d\n",n,n3);
int fib_rec(int n){ if(n==0){
count_rec++;
  return 0;
 else if(n==1){    count_rec++;
  return 1;
 }
 else{
count_rec++;
 return fib_rec(n-1)+fib_rec(n-2);
  }
}
 OUTPUT:
 enter the fib no = 7
 iteration step count = 18
 7th number is = 13
 7th number is = 13
 recursion step count = 41
GRAPH:
```

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ter_step	rec_Step					
12	15					
15	25					
18	41					
21	67					
24	109					
						_
120		CHART iter_step				
100					109	
80						
				67		
60						
40			1			
20	2 1:	5 1	8	21	2 4	
0						
	1 2	,	3	4	5	

3