Practical-3: Iterative Statements and Strings

1) WRITE A PROGRAM TO CHECK IF NUMBER IS ARMSTRONG.

CODE:

```
print(21012011074)
n=int(input("enter the number:"))
temp=n
x=len(str(n))
sum=0
while(n>0):
    y=n%10
    sum+=y**x
    n=n//10

if temp==sum:
    print("it's armstrong")
else:
    print("it's not armstrong")
```

OUTPUT:

21012011074 Enter the number:153 It's Armstrong

2) WRITE A PROGRAM TO CHECK SPECIAL NUMBER. (NUMBER IS EQUAL TO THE SUM OF ITS DIVISORS).

```
CODE:
print(21012011074)
n=int(input("Enter the number: "))
sum=0
for i in range(1,n):
    if n%i==0:
        sum+=i
if sum==n:
    print(n,"is special")
else:
    print(n,"is not special")
```

OUTPUT:

21012011074
Enter the number: 6
6 is special

3) WRITE CREATE A PROGRAM THAT WILL PRINT OUT WORDS THAT START WITH 'S' FROM THE BELOW GIVEN STATEMENT.

CODE:

```
print(21012011074)
st='Print only the words that start with s in this sentence'
res=[]
for s in st.split():
    if s[0] == 's':
        res.append(s)

print(res)

OUTPUT:
```

21012011074 ['start', 's', 'sentence']

4) WRITE A PROGRAM TO GIVE OUTPUT OF ENTERED NUMBER MULTIPLICATION TABLE.

```
CODE:

print(21012011074)

n=int(input("Enter the number: "))

for i in range(1,11):

print(n,' * ',i,' = ',n*i)
```

OUTPUT:

21012011074

```
Enter the number: 5
      1
             5
      2
             10
         =
      3
   *
            15
         =
      4
   *
         = 20
5
      5
   *
         = 25
      6
   *
           30
         =
5
   *
      7
           35
         =
5
      8
         = 40
5
   *
      9
            45
         =
      10 = 50
   *
```

5) WRITE A PROGRAM TO FIND THE SUM OF DIGIT OF AN INPUT NUMBER USING WHILE LOOP.

CODE:

```
print(21012011074)
n=int(input("Enter the number: "))
sum=0
while(n!=0):
    sum+=n%10
    n=n//10

print("Sum of digits = ",sum)
```

OUTPUT:

21012011074

Enter the number: 999 Sum of digits = 27

6) GO TO STRING BELOW AND IF THE LENGTH OF A WORD IS EVEN PRINT "EVEN!".

CODE:

OUTPUT:

21012011074 love = even! python = even! in = even! spyder = even!

7) WRITE A PROGRAM TO CALCULATE FREQUENCY OF DIGIT, UPPER CASE CHARACTER AND LOWER CASE CHARACTER FROM THE STRING.

CODE:

```
print(21012011074)
count1=0
count2=0
count3=0
st='I Love Doing Python Programming In Spyder 8200297639'
for i in st:
    if i.isupper():
        count1+=1
    elif i.islower():
        count2+=1
```

```
elif i.isdigit():
     count3+=1
print("Number of digits :",count3)
print("Number of lowercase :",count2)
print("Number of uppercase :",count1)
OUTPUT:
```

21012011074

Number of digits: 10

Number of lowercase: 28 Number of uppercase: 7

8) WRITE A PYTHON PROGRAM TO CHECK IF A STRING IS A PALINDROME OR NOT.

CODE:

OUTPUT:

```
print(21012011074)
st=input("Enter the string :")
rev="".join(reversed(st))
if(rev==st):
  print("It's palindrome")
else:
  print("It's not palindrome")
```

21012011074

Enter the string :MOM

It's palindrome

9) WRITE A PYTHON PROGRAM TO REMOVE I'TH CHARACTER FROM STRING.

CODE:

```
print(21012011074)
st='I love doing python programming in spyder'
n=int(input("Enter the index :"))
str=" "
for i in range(len(st)):
    if i!=n:
        str+=st[i]
print(str)

OUTPUT:
```

21012011074

Enter the index :8
 I love ding python programming in spyder

10) WRITE A PYTHON PROGRAM TO CHECK IF THE SUBSTRING IS PRESENT IN A GIVEN STRING.

```
CODE:
print(21012011074)
st='I love doing python programming in spyder'
sstr=(input("Enter the substring:"))

def string_check(st,sstr):
   if(st.find(sstr)==-1):
      print(sstr,"is not present")
   else:
      print(sstr,"is present")

string_check(st,sstr)

OUTPUT:
```

21012011074

Enter the substring :python python is present