

Prof. Rachana V. Modi

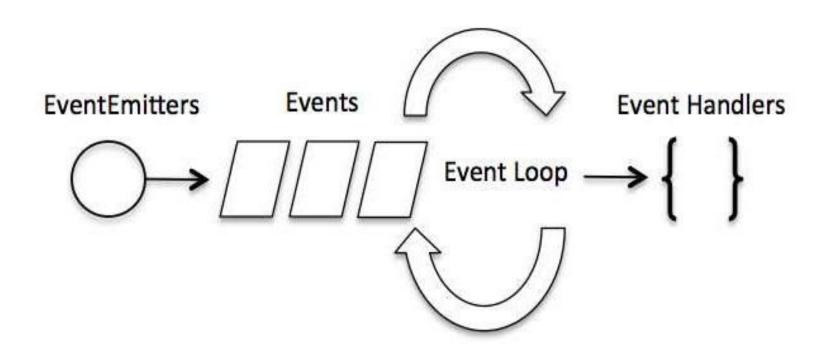
Node.JS **Events**

 In Node JS applications, every operation generates an event.

• Events module: create, fire and listen own events

- Syntax: var events = require('events');
- Event components:
 - EventEmitter class
 - Java Script Callback functions

Node.js Event Driven Programming



EVENTEMITTER CLASS

EventEmitter class:

- Available in the events module
- Used to generate events

Create eventEmitter object:

Syntax:

var eventsEmitter = new events.EventEmitter();

EVENTEMITTER CLASS: LISTENING EVENTS

Listening events:

- Before emits any event, it must register functions (callbacks) to listen the events.
- There are 3 methods for listening events:
 - addListener(event, listener)
 - on(event, listener)
 - once(event, listener)

EventEmitter "on()" function:

- Used to bind an event with event handler function
- Syntax: eventsEmitter.on(EventName, Listener);

EVENTEMITTER CLASS: EMITTING EVENTS

Emitting events:

- Every event has named event in node.js.
- o emit function is used to raise an event.

EventEmitter "emit()" function:

- Raise the specified events with the supplied arguments
- Syntax: eventsEmitter.emit(EventName, [arg1], [arg2], [...]);

EVENTEMITTER CLASS: EXAMPLE

Example: Create an event emitter instance and register a couple of callbacks

```
var events = require('events');
var eventsEmitter = new events.EventEmitter();
eventsEmitter.on('myevent', (msg) => console.log(msg));
eventsEmitter.emit('myevent', 'Event-1');
eventsEmitter.emit('myevent', 'Event-2');
```

EVENTEMITTER CLASS: REMOVING LISTENER

Removing Listener:

- It removes that listener from the listeners array that is subscribed to that event.
- There are 2 methods for removing events:
 - removeListener(event, listener)
 - removeAllListeners([event])
- removeListener() method will remove at most one instance of the listener which is in front of the queue.

EVENTEMITTER CLASS: SETTING AND GETTING MAX LISTENER

setMaxListeners(n):

- Set max listener of particular event.
- Maximum 10 listeners can be registered for any single event.
- o if more than 10 listeners are added for a particular event then EventEmitters will print a warning.

getMaxListeners():

 Returns the current maximum listener value for the emitter which is either set by setMaxListeners(n) or defaults to defaultMaxListeners.

EVENTEMITTER CLASS: SETTING AND GETTING MAX LISTENER

defaultMaxListeners:

- Used to change the default value for all EventEmitter instances.
- Syntax:

EventEmitter.defaultMaxListeners = value;

EVENTEMITTER CLASS: METHODS

eventNames():

- Get all the active event names.
- Return type is an array.
- Syntax: EventEmitter.eventNames()

eventEmitter.listeners():

- It returns an array of listeners for the specified event.
- Syntax: EventEmitter.listeners(event)

EVENTEMITTER CLASS: METHODS

listenerCount():

- It returns the number of listeners listening to the specified event.
- Syntax: EventEmitter.listenerCount(event)

prependOnceListener():

- It will add the one-time listener to the beginning of the array.
- Syntax: EventEmitter.prependOnceListener(event, listener)

prependListener():

- It will add the listener to the beginning of the array.
- Syntax: EventEmitter.prependListener(event, listener)

EVENTEMITTER CLASS: SPECIAL EVENTS

newListener:

- The newListener event is emitted before a listener is added to the internal array of listeners.
- Any EventEmitter instance will emit its own 'newListener' event.
- Syntax: EventEmitter.on('newListener', listener)

removeListener:

- The removeListener event is emitted after a listener is removed.
- It used to stop event listener functions from listening to events.
- Syntax: EventEmitter.on('removeListener', listener)

IN-BUILT EVENTS

- 1. 'data' event: This event is emitted by readable streams when data is available to be read. It's commonly used with streams to read chunks of data.
- 2. **'end' event:** This event is emitted by readable streams when there is no more data to be read. It indicates the end of the data stream.
- 3. **'error' event:** This event is emitted whenever an error occurs. It's used to handle errors that might occur during the execution of a program.
- 4. 'close' event: This event is emitted when a stream or a socket is closed. It can be used to perform cleanup tasks when a resource is no longer needed.
- 5. 'connect' event: This event is emitted by client sockets when a connection is successfully established with a server.

IN-BUILT EVENTS

- 6. 'request' event: In the context of the built-in HTTP server, this event is emitted whenever an HTTP request is made to the server. It's used to handle incoming HTTP requests.
- 7. **'response' event:** This event is emitted by client HTTP requests when a response is received from the server.
- 8. 'listening' event: This event is emitted by servers when they start listening on a specific port for incoming connections.
- 9. 'message' event: This event is emitted by child processes (created using the child_process module) when they send messages to the parent process using the process.send() method.
- 10.'exit' event: This event is emitted when the Node.js process is about to exit, either due to an error or because the process.exit() method is called.

Any query??