**Interactive Content 2**

Assignment 1

CSS Transforms: -

CSS transforms allow you to move, rotate, scale, and skew elements.

**The translate() Method: -**

The translate() method moves an element from its current position (according to the parameters given for the X-axis and the Y-axis).

Example:

div {

transform: translate(50px, 100px);

}

**The skewX() Method**

The skewX() method skews an element along the X-axis by the given angle.

Example:

div {

transform: skewX(20deg);

}

CSS Transitions: -

CSS transitions allows you to change property values smoothly, over a given duration.

**transition-delay**

The transition-delay property specifies a delay (in seconds) for the transition effect.

div {

transition-delay: 1s;

}

**transition-timing-function**

The transition-timing-function property specifies the speed curve of the transition effect.

The transition-timing-function property can have the following values:

* ease
* linear
* ease-in
* ease-out
* ease-in-out
* cubic-bezier(n,n,n,n)