```
# Interface connections for incoming interface.crate objects
import json
from pathlib import Path
# Load the interface.crate
crate_path = Path("interface.crate/ro-crate-metadata.json")
with crate_path.open() as f:
    interface_crate = json.load(f)
# Index by @id for convenience
graph = interface_crate["@graph"]
by_id = {entry["@id"]: entry for entry in graph}
# A quick helper to create readable dates
from datetime import datetime
def parse_iso8601(dt_str):
    try:
        # Remove 'Z' if present and parse
        dt_str = dt_str.rstrip("Z")
        dt = datetime.fromisoformat(dt_str)
        # Format as "YYYY-MM-DD HH:MM:SS"
        return dt.strftime("%Y-%m-%d %H:%M:%S")
    except Exception:
        return dt_str # fallback to original if parsing fails
# Load metadata for E1: Data Producer Output
import xml.etree.ElementTree as ET
import re
e1_data = by_id.get("#E1-data-producer", {})
e1_files = e1_data.get("hasPart", [])
e1_file_ids = [f["@id"] for f in e1_files if "@id" in f]
# Representative image
e1_thumbnail_id = next((f for f in e1_file_ids if f.endswith("-q1.jpg")), None)
e1_thumbnail = f"interface.crate/{e1_thumbnail_id}" if e1_thumbnail_id else None
# Find the MTD_MSIL2A.xml file among e1_files
mtd_filename = "MTD_MSIL2A.xml"
mtd_id = next((fid for fid in e1_file_ids if fid.endswith(mtd_filename)), None)
mtd_path = Path("interface.crate") / mtd_id if mtd_id else None
e1_metadata = {}
def get namespace(root):
   m = re.match(r"\setminus\{(.*)\setminus\}", root.tag)
```

```
return {"n1": m.group(1)} if m else {}
def extract_child_texts(parent, ns):
    return {
        child.tag.replace(f"{{{ns['n1']}}}", ""): child.text
        for child in parent
        if child.text is not None and child.text.strip()
    }
if mtd_path.exists():
   tree = ET.parse(mtd_path)
    root = tree.getroot()
   ns = get_namespace(root)
    # Helper: Find tag and extract key:value pairs
    def extract metadata(tag):
        elem = root.find(f".//{tag}", ns)
        return extract_child_texts(elem, ns) if elem is not None else {}
    e1_product_info = extract_metadata("Product_Info")
    e1_platform_info = extract_metadata("Datatake")
    e1_image_quality = extract_metadata("Image_Content_QI")
    # Round all float values in e1_image_quality to two decimal places (if possible)
    for k, v in e1_image_quality.items():
        try:
            e1_image_quality[k] = round(float(v), 2)
        except (ValueError, TypeError):
            pass
    e1_product_info_human = dict(e1_product_info)
    e1_platform_info_human = dict(e1_platform_info)
    for key in ["PRODUCT_START_TIME", "PRODUCT_STOP_TIME", "GENERATION_TIME"]:
      if key in e1_product_info_human:
        e1_product_info_human[key + "_HUMAN"] = parse_iso8601(e1_product_info_human[key])
    for key in ["DATATAKE_SENSING_START"]:
      for k in list(e1_platform_info_human.keys()):
        e1_platform_info_human[k + "_HUMAN"] = parse_iso8601(e1_platform_info_human[k])
    e1 metadata = {
        "product_info": e1_product_info_human,
        "platform_info": e1_platform_info_human,
        "image_quality": e1_image_quality
```

```
}
# Load metadata for E2.1: Workflow Infrastructure
e2_1_data = by_id.get("#E2.1-workflow-infrastructure", {})
e2_1_parts = e2_1_data.get("hasPart", [])
e2_1_dockerfile = next((f["@id"] for f in e2_1_parts if f["@id"] == "Dockerfile"), None)
e2_1_dockerfile_content = None
if e2_1_dockerfile:
  dockerfile_path = Path("interface.crate") / e2_1_dockerfile
  if dockerfile path.exists():
    with dockerfile_path.open() as f:
      e2_1_dockerfile_content = f.read()
e2_1_container_url = next((f["@id"] for f in e2_1_parts if "docker.com" in f["@id"]), None)
# --- NEW: Load the provenance_output.crate ---
# Get the path to the nested crate from the E2.2 entry
e22_wms = by_id.get("#E2.2-wms", {})
provenance_crate_path = e22_wms.get("hasPart", [{}])[0].get("@id", None)
# Load the nested provenance crate if the path is found
provenance_data = {}
if provenance_crate_path:
    provenance_manifest = Path("interface.crate") / provenance_crate_path / "ro-crate-metada"
    if provenance_manifest.exists():
        with provenance_manifest.open() as f:
            provenance_data = json.load(f)
provenance_graph = provenance_data["@graph"]
provenance_by_id = {entry["@id"]: entry for entry in provenance_graph}
workflow = next((e for e in provenance_graph if e.get("@type") == ["File", "SoftwareSourceContent")
steps = sorted([e for e in provenance_graph if e.get("@type") == "ControlAction"], key=lambo
FormalParameters = [e for e in provenance_graph if e.get("@type") == "FormalParameter"]
step_summaries = []
for step in steps:
    for e in provenance_graph:
        if e.get("@id") == step.get("object").get("@id"):
            create_action = e
    inputs = create action.get("object")
    outputs = create_action.get("result")
    input_entities = []
```

```
output_entities = []
    for e in provenance_graph:
        for input in inputs:
            if input.get("@id") == e.get("@id"):
                input_entities.append(e)
    for e in provenance_graph:
        for output in outputs:
            if output.get("@id") == e.get("@id"):
                output_entities.append(e)
    for e in provenance_graph:
        if create_action.get("instrument").get("@id") == e.get("@id"):
            softwareApplication = e
    for e in provenance_graph:
        if create_action.get("containerImage").get("@id") == e.get("@id"):
            ContainerImage = e
    # replace the startTime and endTime with human-readable format
    create_action["startTime"] = parse_iso8601(create_action["startTime"])
    create_action["endTime"] = parse_iso8601(create_action["endTime"])
    step_summaries.append({
        "CreateAction": create action,
        "SoftwareApplication": softwareApplication,
        "ContainerImage": ContainerImage,
        "Inputs": input_entities,
        "Outputs": output_entities,
    })
# Extract E3 result info
e3_dataset = by_id.get("#E3-experimental-results", {})
zenodo_entry = e3_dataset.get("hasPart", [{}])[0].get("@id", None)
```

Example LivePublication -- dynamic narratives that reflect experimental states

some body text here

Computational Workflow

Parameters

```
{python} parameter["name"]
```

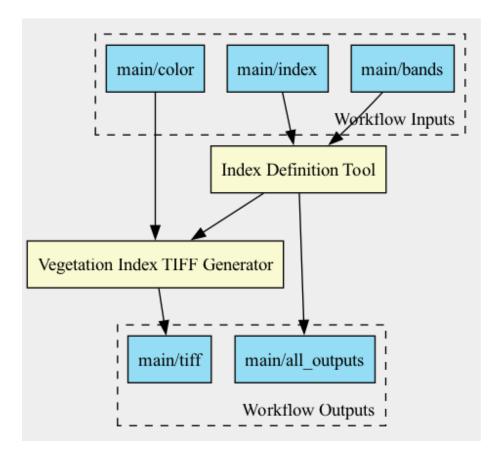


Figure 1: Workflow Preview

Description	Туре					
<pre>{python} parameter["description"]</pre>	<pre>{python} parameter["additionalType"]</pre>					

Steps

Step {python} step["SoftwareApplication"]["name"]

This step, {python} step["CreateAction"]["name"], uses the tool {python} step["SoftwareApplication"]["name"].

{python} step["SoftwareApplication"]["description"]

It was executed from {python} step["CreateAction"]["startTime"] to {python} step["CreateAction"]["endTime"], using the container image {python} step["ContainerImage"]["name"].

Inputs

Name								Reference			
{python}	<pre>input["name"]</pre>	if	"name"	in	input	else inp	out["@id"]	{python} ", ".join(e["@id"]	if		

Outputs

Name							Reference			
{python}	<pre>output["name"]</pre>	if	"name"	in	output	else	output["@id"]	{python}	Π,	".join(e["@id"]

Sentinel-2A Data Product Overview

This publication uses a Sentinel-2B Level-2A product acquired during orbit 22 on 2018-11-30 10:13:49. The dataset, identified by this [DOI](https://doi.org/10.5270/S2_-znk9xsj), was processed using baseline 05.00 (see here for information on baseline processing algorithms) on 2023-07-02 18:33:23.

Data Alerts

```
# Create boolean flags for data Alerts
data_alert_flags = {
    "cloudy_pixels": float(e1_image_quality["CLOUDY_PIXEL_OVER_LAND_PERCENTAGE"]) > 50.0,
    "thin_cirrus": float(e1_image_quality["THIN_CIRRUS_PERCENTAGE"]) > 30.0,
    "saturated_pixels": float(e1_image_quality["SATURATED_DEFECTIVE_PIXEL_PERCENTAGE"]) > 0
    "cloud_shadow": float(e1_image_quality["CLOUD_SHADOW_PERCENTAGE"]) > 10.0,
    "low_vegetation": float(e1_image_quality["VEGETATION_PERCENTAGE"]) < 5.0,</pre>
```

```
"low_data": float(e1_image_quality["NODATA_PIXEL_PERCENTAGE"]) > 10.0,
}
# Ranked list of all flags
priority_order = [
    "low_data",
    "cloudy_pixels",
    "thin_cirrus",
    "cloud_shadow",
    "saturated_pixels",
    "low vegetation"
]
active_ranked_flags = [flag for flag in priority_order if data_alert_flags.get(flag)]
active_flags_len = len(active_ranked_flags)
# Workaround: ensure it's at least 2 items so the loop will execute
if len(active_ranked_flags) == 1:
    active_ranked_flags.append("no_op")
```

The Sentinel-2A scene was assessed for conditions that may impact analysis reliability. There are currently 2 active data quality flags:

A significant portion of the scene contains no data ({docsql} e1_image_quality["NODATA_PIXEL_PERCENTAGE" which may limit the reliability of GNDVI calculations.

```
A large proportion of the land surface is cloud-covered ({docsql}e1_image_quality["CLOUDY_PIXEL_OVER_LAND_PERCENTAGE"]%), which may significantly distort GNDVI signals.
```

Thin cirrus clouds are present ({docsql} e1_image_quality["THIN_CIRRUS_PERCENTAGE"]%), potentially elevating NIR values and distorting vegetation estimates.

Cloud shadows affect part of the scene ({docsql} e1_image_quality["CLOUD_SHADOW_PERCENTAGE"]%), possibly reducing GNDVI by lowering NIR reflectance.

Saturation has been detected in {docsql} e1_image_quality["SATURATED_DEFECTIVE_PIXEL_PERCENTAGE"] of pixels, indicating possible data corruption in bright areas.

Vegetation coverage is low ({docsql} e1_image_quality["VEGETATION_PERCENTAGE"]%), which can make GNDVI more sensitive to atmospheric noise or edge effects.

Analysts should carefully consider these conditions before using this dataset in quantitative workflows.

Image Quality Summary

Property	Value
Cloudy Pixels Over Land	100%
No Data Pixels	0%
Saturated/Defective Pixels	0%
Dark Features	0%
Cloud Shadow	0%
Vegetation	0%
Not Vegetated	0%
Water	0%
Unclassified	0%
Medium Probability Clouds	19.87%
High Probability Clouds	80.13%
Thin Cirrus	0%
Snow/Ice	0%
Radiative Transfer Accuracy	0
Water Vapour Retrieval Accuracy	0
AOT Retrieval Accuracy	0
AOT Retrieval Method	CAMS
Granule Mean AOT	0.07
Granule Mean Water Vapour	0
Ozone Source	AUX_ECMWFT
Ozone Value	303.39