





Overview

Introduction to Digital Scholarly Editing

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Overview of the course

- Plain Text
- XML-TEI
- · XSLT Transformations
- · Creating an online Digital Edition (HTML / Mark Down)
- · Using Data from Digital Editions
- Open Access

Digital Textuality

During thousands of years, written texts have been encoded with different technologies (carving, ink, etc), as inscriptions on a surface (mineral, vegetal or animal). Digital writing is encoded as binary bites, which creates a set new of **problems** and **opportunities**:

- Longevity of Digital Objects (Encoding-Decoding) -> Patrimony
- Machine Assisted Textual Analysis
- · Innovative Visualization; ie. Human Readability

DIGITAL HUMANITIES (former Humanities Computing)

Roberto Busa (1913-2011) Italian Jesuit Priest. Developed the *Index Tomisticus* (concordances to the works of Thomas Aquinas) together with IBM starting in 1949.

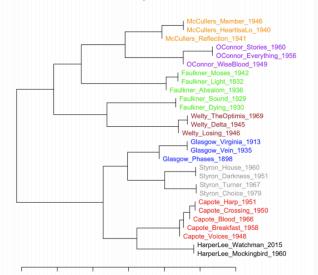


Computer Assisted Textual Analysis

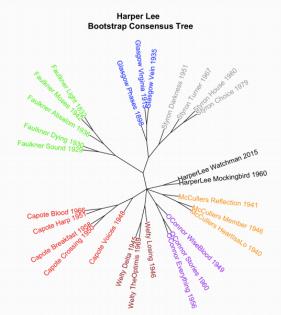
- Voyant Tools: https://voyant-tools.org/
- Stylometry: https://computationalstylistics.github.io/
- Social and Geographical Networks

Stylometry

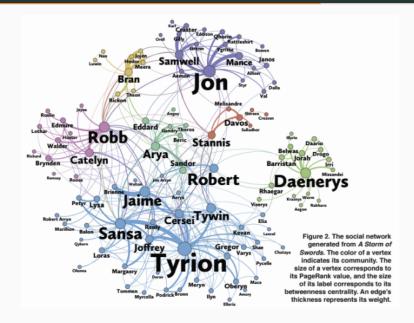
Harper Lee Cluster Analysis



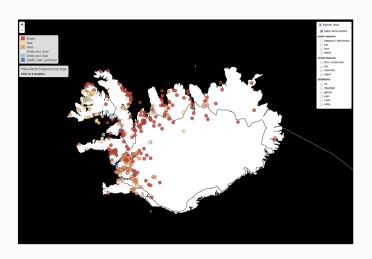
Stylometry



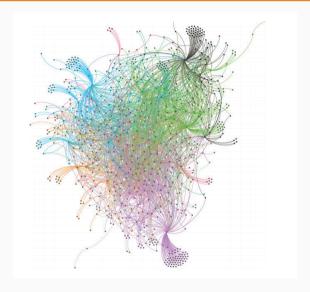
Social Networks



Spatial Networks (Saga Map)



Spatial Networks



Wrisley, D. "Exploring Real and Imaginary Place Names of Medieval French Romance: A Network Visualization Approach" in Humanidades Digitales. Miradas hacias la Edad Media. Berlin: De Gruyter 2019: 253

Digital Editions

- · Der arme Heinrich Digital
- · Konrad von Würzburg Digital
- · Lyrik des deutschen Mittelalters
- · Dama Boba
- · Petrus Plaoul
- Petrarca
- · Der welsche Gast Digital
- · Lírica Portuguesa
- Beckett
- James Joyce Digital Archive
- · Old Bailey Digital Archive (+ Digital Panopticon)