



## **Ejercicio de Laboratorio 14.** Perceptrón Multicapa y Red Neuronal RBF

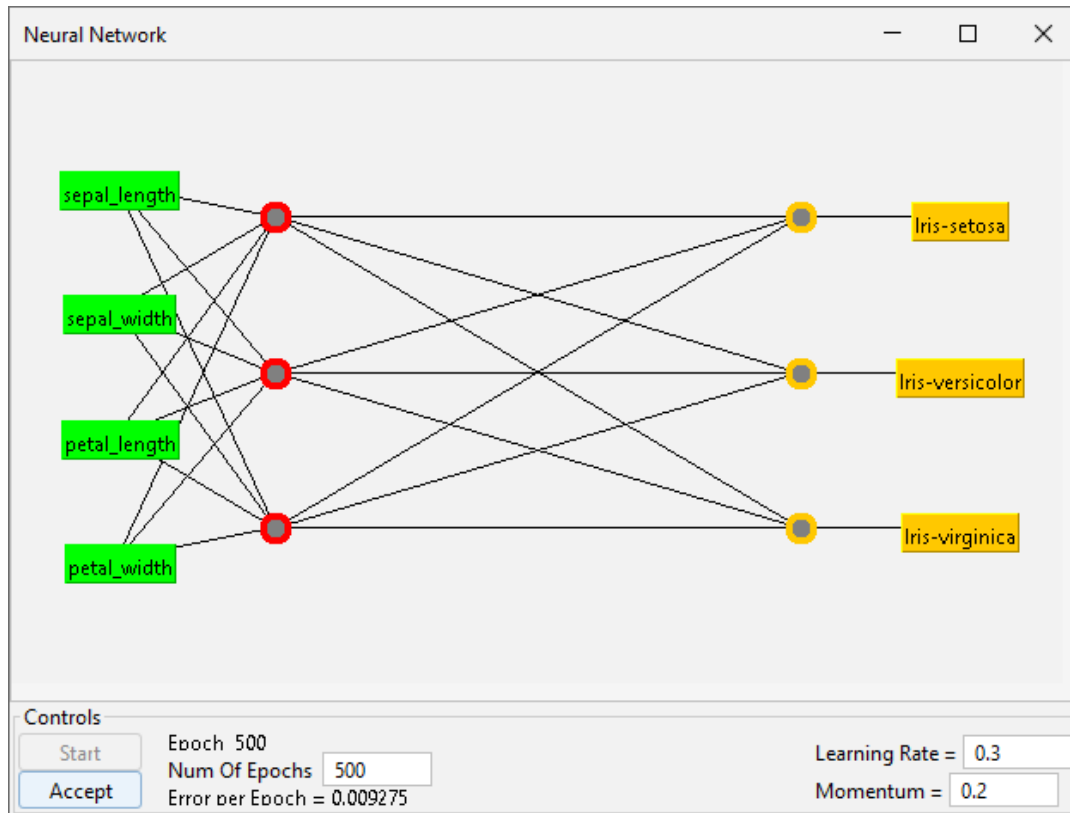
DataSet	Perceptrón Multicapa		Red Neuronal RBF	
	Hold Out 70/30	10-Fold-Cross-Validation	Hold Out 70/30	10-Fold-Cross-Validation
IRIS	97.7778 %	97.3333 %	95.5556 %	95.3333 %
WINE	96.2264 %	97.191 %	60.3774 %	48.8764 %
BREAST CANCER WISCONSIN	97.6608 %	95.6063 %	94.152 %	93.6731 %



## Perceptrón Multicapa

Hold-Out 70/30

### IRIS





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=== Classifier model (full training set) ===

```
Sigmoid Node 0
  Inputs  Weights
  Threshold -3.5015971588434014
  Node 3 -1.005811085385995
  Node 4 9.07503844669134
  Node 5 -4.107780453339234

Sigmoid Node 1
  Inputs  Weights
  Threshold 1.0692845992273177
  Node 3 3.898873687789407
  Node 4 -9.768910360340266
  Node 5 -8.59913449315135

Sigmoid Node 2
  Inputs  Weights
  Threshold -1.0071762383436476
  Node 3 -4.218406133827042
  Node 4 -3.626059686321116
  Node 5 8.805122981737854

Sigmoid Node 3
  Inputs  Weights
  Threshold 3.3824855566856726
  Attrib sepal_length 0.9099827458022287
  Attrib sepal_width 1.5675138827531245
  Attrib petal_length -5.037338107319891
  Attrib petal_width -4.915469682506093

Sigmoid Node 4
  Inputs  Weights
  Threshold -3.3305735922918323
  Attrib sepal_length -1.1116750023770101
  Attrib sepal_width 3.1250096866676538
  Attrib petal_length -4.133137022912303
  Attrib petal_width -4.079589727871457

Sigmoid Node 5
  Inputs  Weights
  Threshold -7.496091023618097
  Attrib sepal_length -1.2158878822058794
  Attrib sepal_width -3.5332821317534946
  Attrib petal_length 8.401834252274107
  Attrib petal_width 9.460215580472836

Class Iris-setosa
  Input
  Node 0

Class Iris-versicolor
  Input
  Node 1
```

```
Class Iris-virginica
  Input
  Node 2

Time taken to build model: 0.07 seconds

=== Evaluation on test split ===

Time taken to test model on test split: 0 seconds

=== Summary ===

Correctly Classified Instances      44      97.7778 %
Incorrectly Classified Instances    1       2.2222 %
Kappa statistic                    0.9666
Mean absolute error                 0.024
Root mean squared error             0.1153
Relative absolute error             5.3891 %
Root relative squared error        24.4455 %
Total Number of Instances          45
```

## Matriz de Confusión

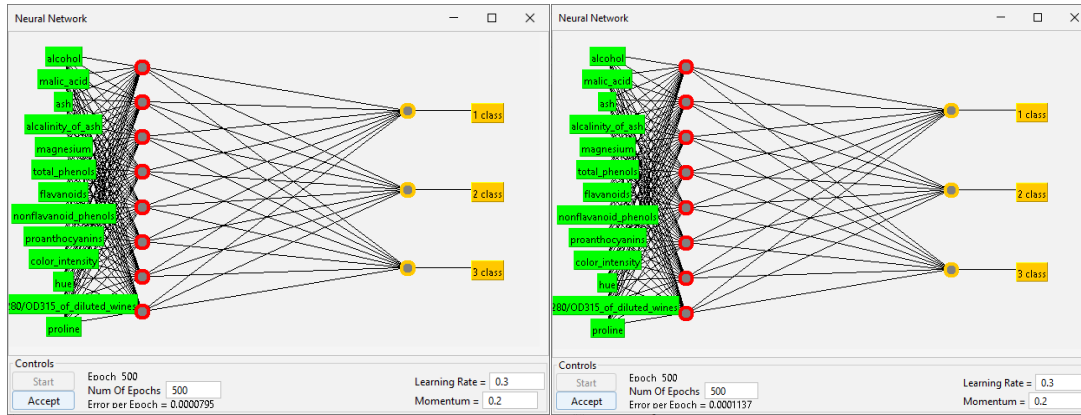
$$\begin{bmatrix} 14 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 16 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 14 \end{bmatrix}$$



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## Wine



```
Class 1 class
  Input
    Node 0
Class 2 class
  Input
    Node 1
Class 3 class
  Input
    Node 2

Time taken to build model: 32.07 seconds

=== Evaluation on test split ===

Time taken to test model on test split: 0 seconds

=== Summary ===

Correctly Classified Instances      51      96.2264 %
Incorrectly Classified Instances    2      3.7736 %
Kappa statistic                    0.9431
Mean absolute error                 0.0259
Root mean squared error             0.1328
Relative absolute error             5.7819 %
Root relative squared error        27.5972 %
Total Number of Instances          53
```

## Matriz de Confusión

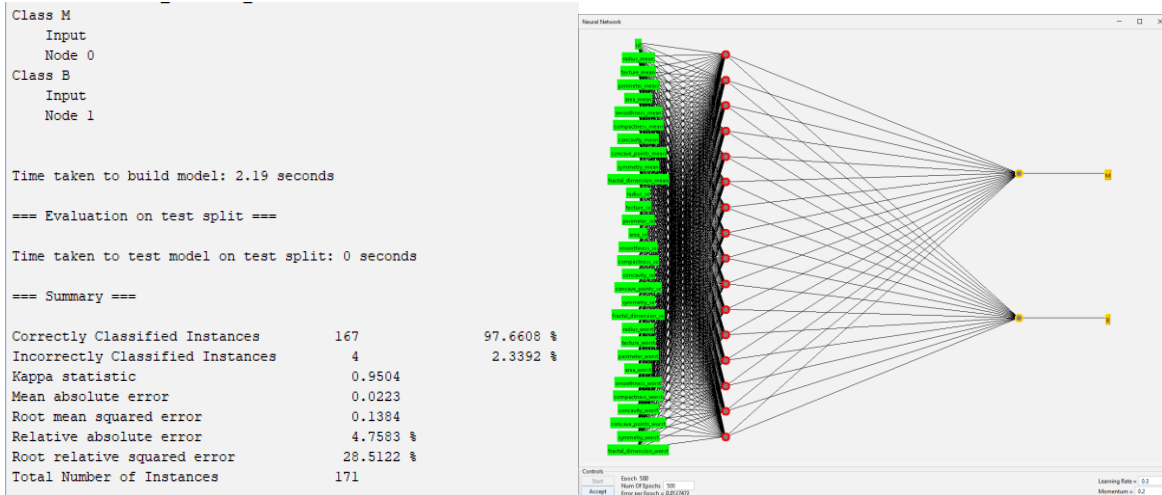
$$\begin{bmatrix} 19 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 14 & 2 \\ 0 & 0 & 18 \end{bmatrix}$$



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### Breast Cancer Wisconsin



### Matriz de Confusión

$$\begin{bmatrix} 63 & 2 \\ 2 & 104 \end{bmatrix}$$



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## 10-Fold-Cross-Validation

### IRIS

```
=== Classifier model (full training set) ===

Sigmoid Node 0
  Inputs  Weights
  Threshold -3.5015971588434014
  Node 3 -1.005811085385995
  Node 4 9.07503844669134
  Node 5 -4.107780453339234

Sigmoid Node 1
  Inputs  Weights
  Threshold 1.0692845992273177
  Node 3 3.898873687789407
  Node 4 -9.768910360340266
  Node 5 -8.59913449315135

Sigmoid Node 2
  Inputs  Weights
  Threshold -1.0071762383436476
  Node 3 -4.218406133827042
  Node 4 -3.626059686321116
  Node 5 8.805122981737854

Sigmoid Node 3
  Inputs  Weights
  Threshold 3.382485566856726
  Attrib sepal_length 0.9099827458022287
  Attrib sepal_width 1.5675138827531245
  Attrib petal_length -5.037338107319891
  Attrib petal_width -4.915469682506093

Sigmoid Node 4
  Inputs  Weights
  Threshold -3.3305735922918323
  Attrib sepal_length -1.1116750023770101
  Attrib sepal_width 3.1250096866676538
  Attrib petal_length -4.133137022912303
  Attrib petal_width -4.079589727871457

Sigmoid Node 5
  Inputs  Weights
  Threshold -7.496091023618097
  Attrib sepal_length -1.2158878822058794
  Attrib sepal_width -3.5332821317534946
  Attrib petal_length 8.401834252274107
  Attrib petal_width 9.460215580472836

Class Iris-setosa
  Input
  Node 0

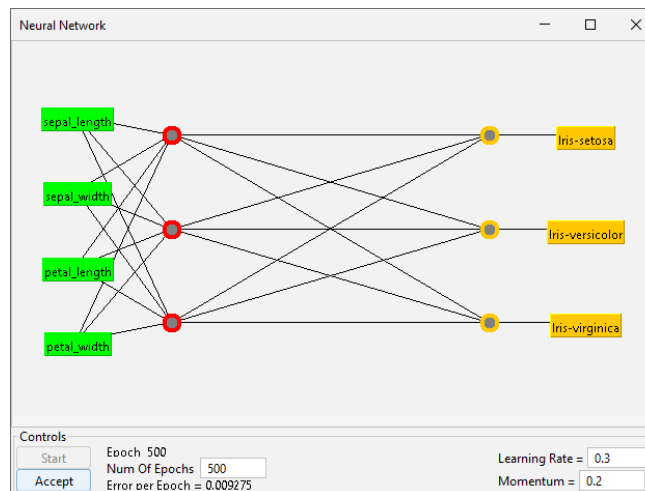
Class Iris-versicolor
  Input
  Node 1

Class Iris-virginica
  Input
  Node 2

Time taken to build model: 1.69 seconds

=== Stratified cross-validation ===
=== Summary ===

Correctly Classified Instances      146      97.3333 %
Incorrectly Classified Instances    4        2.6667 %
Kappa statistic                    0.96
Mean absolute error                 0.0327
Root mean squared error             0.1291
Relative absolute error              7.3555 %
Root relative squared error         27.3796 %
Total Number of Instances          150
```





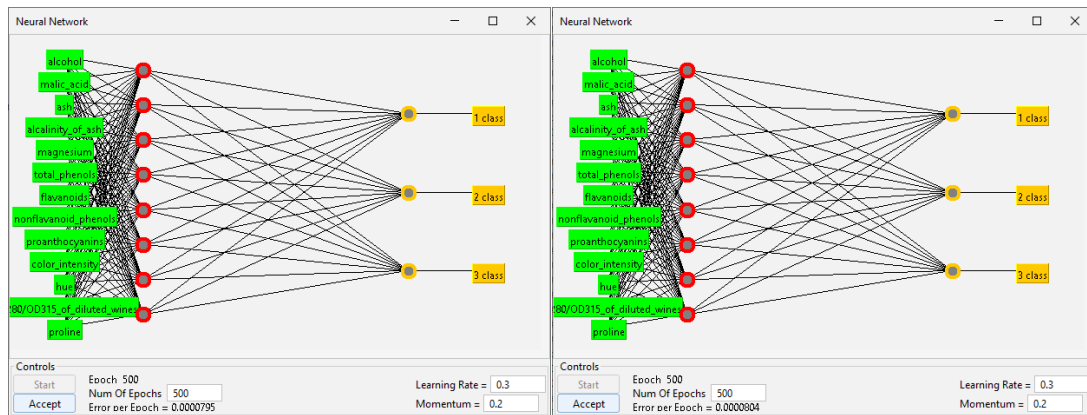
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**Matriz de Confusión**

$$\begin{bmatrix} 50 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 48 & 2 \\ 0 & 2 & 48 \end{bmatrix}$$

**Wine**



```
Sigmoid Node 11
Inputs  Weights
Threshold  0.0456187407994518
Class 1 class
Input
Node 0
Class 2 class
Input
Node 1
Class 3 class
Input
Node 2

Time taken to build model: 11.58 seconds

=== Stratified cross-validation ===
=== Summary ===

Correctly Classified Instances      173      97.191 %
Incorrectly Classified Instances      5      2.809 %
Kappa statistic      0.9574
Mean absolute error      0.0247
Root mean squared error      0.1172
Relative absolute error      5.6355 %
Root relative squared error      25.0058 %
Total Number of Instances      178
```

**Matriz de Confusión**

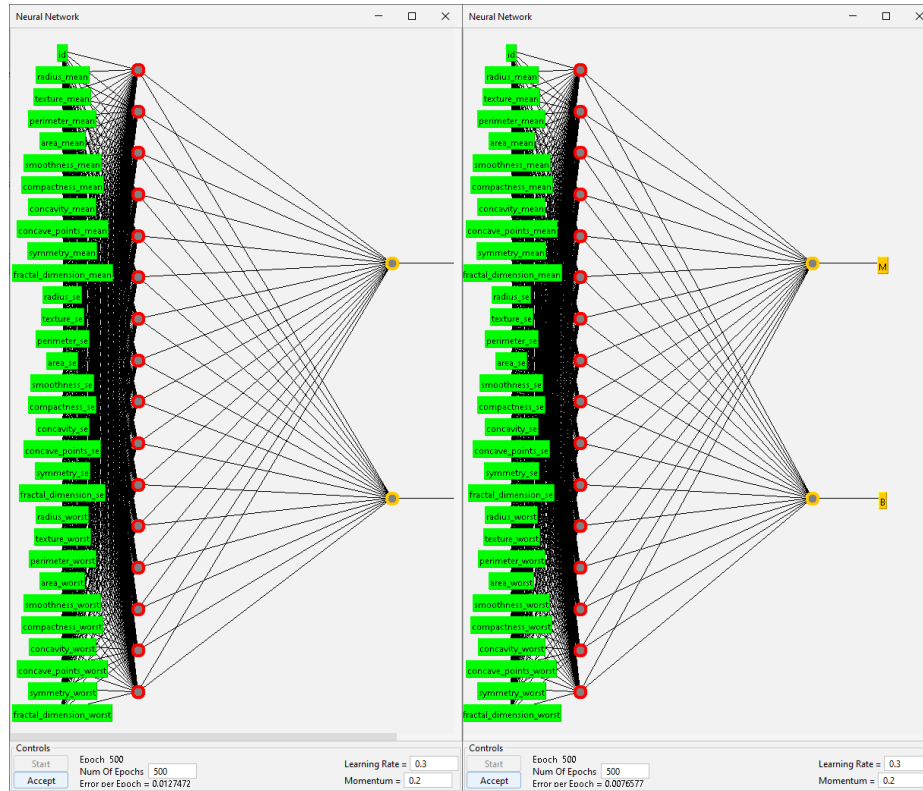
$$\begin{bmatrix} 59 & 0 & 0 \\ 2 & 67 & 2 \\ 0 & 1 & 47 \end{bmatrix}$$



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```
Sigmoid Node 18
  Inputs  Weights
  Threshold  0.03691676807580688
Class M
  Input
  Node 0
Class B
  Input
  Node 1
```

Time taken to build model: 21.56 seconds

=== Stratified cross-validation ===  
=== Summary ===

Correctly Classified Instances	544	95.6063 %
Incorrectly Classified Instances	25	4.3937 %
Kappa statistic	0.9061	
Mean absolute error	0.042	
Root mean squared error	0.1901	
Relative absolute error	8.9755 %	
Root relative squared error	39.318 %	
Total Number of Instances	569	

## Matriz de Confusión

$$\begin{bmatrix} 200 & 12 \\ 13 & 344 \end{bmatrix}$$





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## Red Neuronal RBF

### Hold-Out 70/30

#### IRIS

```
=== Classifier model (full training set) ===

Radial basis function network
(Logistic regression applied to K-means clusters as basis functions):

Logistic Regression with ridge parameter of 1.0E-8
Coefficients...

Variable          Class
                  Iris-setosa  Iris-versicolor
=====
pCluster_0_0      132.7289      -37.7972
pCluster_0_1      134.5741      -38.3226
pCluster_1_0      -70.3097       27.9147
pCluster_1_1      -63.3603       29.7589
pCluster_2_0      -67.1796        2.9573
pCluster_2_1      -74.4605       19.0193
Intercept         1.3218       -21.8733

Odds Ratios...

Variable          Class
                  Iris-setosa  Iris-versicolor
=====
pCluster_0_0      4.399731892019819E57      0
pCluster_0_1      2.784886924641302E58      0
pCluster_1_0      0 1.328036449082467E12
pCluster_1_1      0 8.397223353462365E12
pCluster_2_0      0 19.2459
pCluster_2_1      0 181964100.5946

Time taken to build model: 0 seconds

=== Evaluation on test split ===

Time taken to test model on test split: 0 seconds

=== Summary ===

Correctly Classified Instances      43      95.5556 %
Incorrectly Classified Instances    2      4.4444 %
Kappa statistic                    0.9331
Mean absolute error                 0.0302
Root mean squared error             0.1722
Relative absolute error             6.7897 %
Root relative squared error         36.4949 %
Total Number of Instances          45
```

#### Matriz de Confusión

$$\begin{bmatrix} 13 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 16 & 0 \\ 0 & 2 & 13 \end{bmatrix}$$



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## Wine

```
=== Classifier model (full training set) ===

Radial basis function network
(Logistic regression applied to K-means clusters as basis functions):

Logistic Regression with ridge parameter of 1.0E-8
Coefficients...

      Class
Variable  1 class  2 class
=====
pCluster_0_0    0.1699   -1.45
pCluster_0_1   -0.1699    1.45
Intercept       0.2066  -0.4558

Odds Ratios...

      Class
Variable  1 class  2 class
=====
pCluster_0_0    1.1852   0.2346
pCluster_0_1    0.8437   4.2629

Time taken to build model: 0.01 seconds

=== Evaluation on test split ===

Time taken to test model on test split: 0 seconds

=== Summary ===

Correctly Classified Instances      32           60.3774 %
Incorrectly Classified Instances    21           39.6226 %
Kappa statistic                    0.4073
Mean absolute error                 0.3682
Root mean squared error            0.4264
Relative absolute error            82.3329 %
Root relative squared error        88.634 %
Total Number of Instances          53
```

## Matriz de Confusión

$$\begin{bmatrix} 6 & 7 & 6 \\ 5 & 9 & 2 \\ 0 & 1 & 17 \end{bmatrix}$$



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```
=== Classifier model (full training set) ===

Radial basis function network
(Logistic regression applied to K-means clusters as basis functions)

Logistic Regression with ridge parameter of 1.0E-8
Coefficients...
      Class
Variable      M
=====
pCluster_0_0    3.4492
pCluster_0_1    5.1992
pCluster_1_0   -4.1135
pCluster_1_1   -1.1999
Intercept     -0.9243

Odds Ratios...
      Class
Variable      M
=====
pCluster_0_0   31.4762
pCluster_0_1  181.1227
pCluster_1_0    0.0164
pCluster_1_1    0.3012

Time taken to build model: 0.02 seconds

=== Evaluation on test split ===

Time taken to test model on test split: 0 seconds

=== Summary ===

Correctly Classified Instances      161      94.152 %
Incorrectly Classified Instances     10      5.848 %
Kappa statistic                     0.8759
Mean absolute error                  0.1004
Root mean squared error              0.2317
Relative absolute error              21.4114 %
Root relative squared error          47.7196 %
Total Number of Instances          171
```

## Matriz de Confusión

$$\begin{bmatrix} 60 & 5 \\ 5 & 101 \end{bmatrix}$$



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## 10-Fold-Cross-Validation

### IRIS

```
=== Classifier model (full training set) ===

Radial basis function network
(Logistic regression applied to K-means clusters as basis functions):

Logistic Regression with ridge parameter of 1.0E-8
Coefficients...

      Class
Variable      Iris-setosa      Iris-versicolor
=====
pCluster_0_0      132.7289      -37.7972
pCluster_0_1      134.5741      -38.3226
pCluster_1_0      -70.3097       27.9147
pCluster_1_1      -63.3603       29.7589
pCluster_2_0      -67.1796        2.9573
pCluster_2_1      -74.4605       19.0193
Intercept         1.3218       -21.8733

Odds Ratios...

      Class
Variable      Iris-setosa      Iris-versicolor
=====
pCluster_0_0  4.399731892019819E57        0
pCluster_0_1  2.784886924641302E58        0
pCluster_1_0          0  1.328036449082467E12
pCluster_1_1          0  8.397223353462365E12
pCluster_2_0          0        19.2459
pCluster_2_1          0  181964100.5946

Time taken to build model: 0 seconds

=== Stratified cross-validation ===
=== Summary ===

Correctly Classified Instances      143      95.3333 %
Incorrectly Classified Instances      7      4.6667 %
Kappa statistic      0.93
Mean absolute error      0.034
Root mean squared error      0.1585
Relative absolute error      7.6407 %
Root relative squared error      33.6209 %
Total Number of Instances      150
```

### Matriz de Confusión

$$\begin{bmatrix} 49 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 47 & 3 \\ 0 & 3 & 47 \end{bmatrix}$$



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## Wine

```
=== Classifier model (full training set) ===

Radial basis function network
(Logistic regression applied to K-means clusters as basis functions):

Logistic Regression with ridge parameter of 1.0E-8
Coefficients...
      Class
Variable  1 class  2 class
=====
pCluster_0_0    0.1699  -1.45
pCluster_0_1   -0.1699   1.45
Intercept      0.2066 -0.4558

Odds Ratios...
      Class
Variable  1 class  2 class
=====
pCluster_0_0    1.1852  0.2346
pCluster_0_1    0.8437  4.2629

Time taken to build model: 0.01 seconds

=== Stratified cross-validation ===
=== Summary ===

Correctly Classified Instances      87           48.8764 %
Incorrectly Classified Instances    91           51.1236 %
Kappa statistic                    0.1856
Mean absolute error                 0.3997
Root mean squared error             0.448
Relative absolute error             91.0416 %
Root relative squared error         95.6225 %
Total Number of Instances          178
```

## Matriz de Confusión

$$\begin{bmatrix} 18 & 34 & 7 \\ 4 & 61 & 6 \\ 8 & 32 & 8 \end{bmatrix}$$



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## Breast Cancer Wisconsin

```
=== Classifier model (full training set) ===

Radial basis function network
(Logistic regression applied to K-means clusters as basis functions)

Logistic Regression with ridge parameter of 1.0E-8
Coefficients...

```

Variable	Class M
pCluster_0_0	3.4492
pCluster_0_1	5.1992
pCluster_1_0	-4.1135
pCluster_1_1	-1.1999
Intercept	-0.9243

```

Odds Ratios...

```

Variable	Class M
pCluster_0_0	31.4762
pCluster_0_1	181.1227
pCluster_1_0	0.0164
pCluster_1_1	0.3012

```

Time taken to build model: 0.01 seconds

=== Stratified cross-validation ===
=== Summary ===

Correctly Classified Instances      533          93.6731 %
Incorrectly Classified Instances    36           6.3269 %
Kappa statistic                    0.8639
Mean absolute error                 0.0948
Root mean squared error            0.2338
Relative absolute error            20.2639 %
Root relative squared error        48.3492 %
Total Number of Instances         569
```

## Matriz de Confusión

$$\begin{bmatrix} 191 & 21 \\ 15 & 342 \end{bmatrix}$$

## Documentación del Notebook

Primero debemos importar las librerías que vamos a utilizar



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```
import tensorflow as tf #Importar la libreria de tensorflow

from tensorflow.keras import datasets, layers, models #Importar las librerias de keras para datasets, layers y models
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt #Importar la libreria de matplotlib para graficar
```

Seguimos descargando los datos de CIFAR10 y normalizamos los valores de los pixeles de las imágenes.

```
(train_images, train_labels), (test_images, test_labels) = datasets.cifar10.load_data() #Cargar los datos de
entrenamiento y prueba de CIFAR10

# Normalizar los valores de los pixeles de las imagenes entre 0 y 1
train_images, test_images = train_images / 255.0, test_images / 255.0
```

```
1 (train_images, train_labels), (test_images, test_labels) = datasets.cifar10.load_data()
2
3 # Normalize pixel values to be between 0 and 1
4 train_images, test_images = train_images / 255.0, test_images / 255.0
```

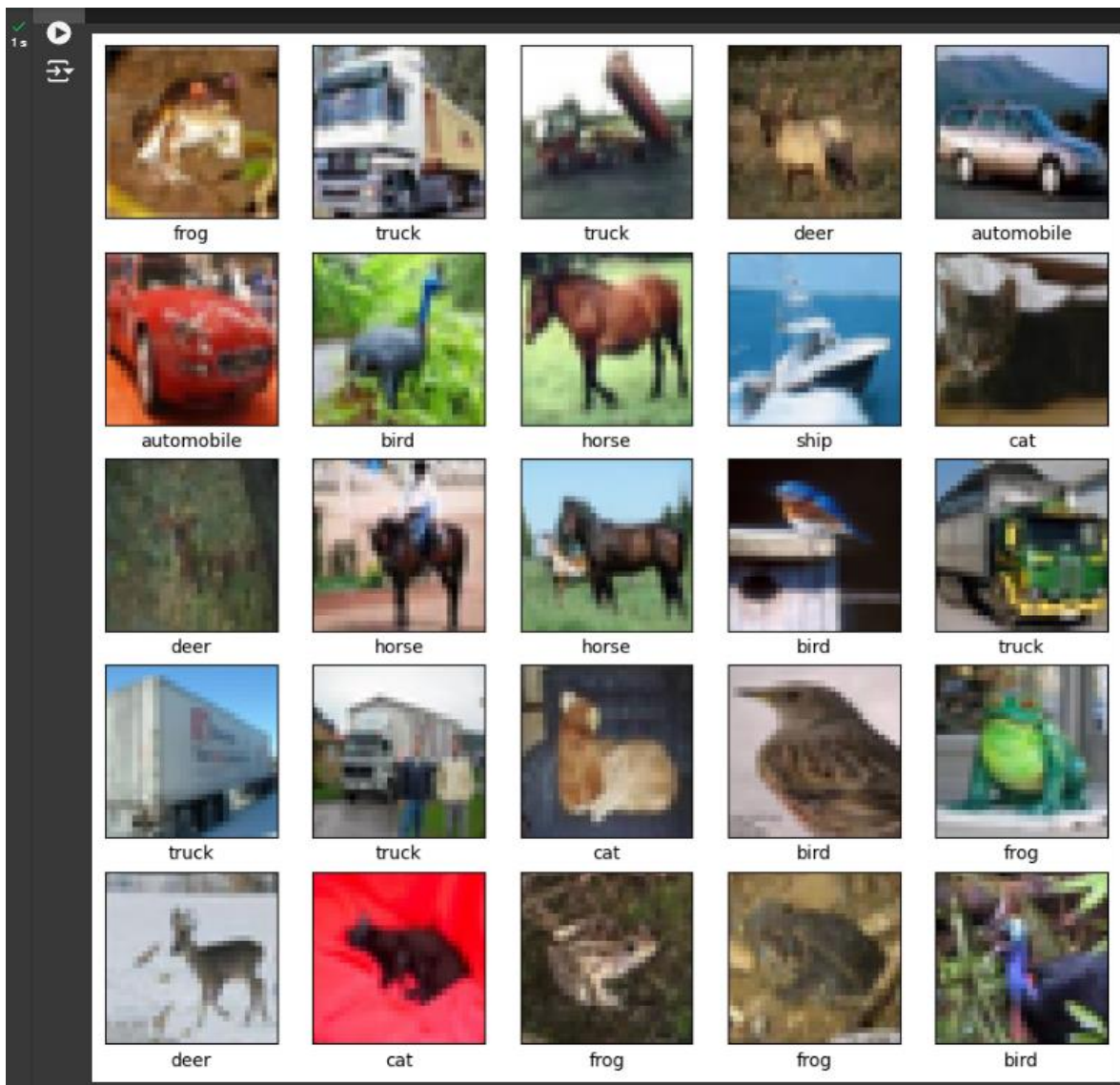
Downloading data from <https://www.cs.toronto.edu/~kriz/cifar-10-python.tar.gz>  
170498071/170498071 [=====] - 18s 0us/step

Ahora vamos a mostrar las primeras 25 imágenes de CIFAR10, y definimos las clases y el tamaño de las figuras

```
class_names = ['airplane', 'automobile', 'bird', 'cat', 'deer',
               'dog', 'frog', 'horse', 'ship', 'truck'] #Definir las clases de CIFAR10

plt.figure(figsize=(10,10)) #Definir el tamaño de la figura
#Graficar las primeras 25 imagenes de CIFAR10
for i in range(25):
    plt.subplot(5,5,i+1) #Definir la posicion de la imagen en la figura
    plt.xticks([]) #Quitar las marcas del eje x
    plt.yticks([]) #Quitar las marcas del eje y
    plt.grid(False) #Quitar la cuadrícula
    plt.imshow(train_images[i]) #Mostrar la imagen
    # Definir el titulo de la imagen con la clase a la que pertenece
    plt.xlabel(class_names[train_labels[i][0]])
plt.show() #Mostrar la figura
```





En esta parte se define la arquitectura de la red neuronal convolucional.

```
model = models.Sequential() #Crear un modelo secuencial
model.add(layers.Conv2D(32, (3, 3), activation='relu', input_shape=(32, 32, 3))) #Agregar una capa convolucional
model.add(layers.MaxPooling2D((2, 2))) #Agregar una capa de pooling
model.add(layers.Conv2D(64, (3, 3), activation='relu')) #Agregar una capa convolucional
model.add(layers.MaxPooling2D((2, 2))) #Agregar una capa de pooling
model.add(layers.Conv2D(64, (3, 3), activation='relu')) #Agregar una capa convolucional
```

Y se muestra un resumen de la arquitectura de la red neuronal.





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```
model.summary() #Mostrar un resumen de la arquitectura de la red neuronal
```

```
[5] 1 model.summary()
```

Model: "sequential"

Layer (type)	Output Shape	Param #
conv2d (Conv2D)	(None, 30, 30, 32)	896
max_pooling2d (MaxPooling2D)	(None, 15, 15, 32)	0
conv2d_1 (Conv2D)	(None, 13, 13, 64)	18496
max_pooling2d_1 (MaxPooling2D)	(None, 6, 6, 64)	0
conv2d_2 (Conv2D)	(None, 4, 4, 64)	36928
Total params: 56320 (220.00 KB)		
Trainable params: 56320 (220.00 KB)		
Non-trainable params: 0 (0.00 Byte)		

Se agregan las capas densas para la clasificación y se muestra un resumen de la arquitectura.

```
model.add(layers.Flatten()) #Agregar una capa de aplanado  
model.add(layers.Dense(64, activation='relu')) #Agregar una capa densa  
model.add(layers.Dense(10)) #Agregar una capa densa
```



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```
[7] 1 model.add(layers.Flatten())
    2 model.add(layers.Dense(64, activation='relu'))
    3 model.add(layers.Dense(10))
```

```
1 model.summary()
```

Model: "sequential"

Layer (type)	Output Shape	Param #
conv2d (Conv2D)	(None, 30, 30, 32)	896
max_pooling2d (MaxPooling2D)	(None, 15, 15, 32)	0
conv2d_1 (Conv2D)	(None, 13, 13, 64)	18496
max_pooling2d_1 (MaxPooling2D)	(None, 6, 6, 64)	0
conv2d_2 (Conv2D)	(None, 4, 4, 64)	36928
flatten (Flatten)	(None, 1024)	0
dense (Dense)	(None, 64)	65600
dense_1 (Dense)	(None, 10)	650

=====  
Total params: 122570 (478.79 KB)  
Trainable params: 122570 (478.79 KB)  
Non-trainable params: 0 (0.00 Byte)

Ya llegamos a la parte donde compilamos y entrenamos el modelo, utilizaremos el optimizador 'Adam' ya que es uno de los mas utilizados en la actualidad como la función de entropía cruzada para la clasificación, y la métrica de precisión para evaluar el rendimiento del modelo. Tendremos 10 épocas.



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```
model.compile(optimizer='adam',
              loss=tf.keras.losses.SparseCategoricalCrossentropy(from_logits=True),
              metrics=['accuracy']) #Compilar el modelo

history = model.fit(train_images, train_labels, epochs=10,
                   validation_data=(test_images, test_labels)) #Entrenar el modelo
```

```
1 model.compile(optimizer='adam',
2               loss=tf.keras.losses.SparseCategoricalCrossentropy(from_logits=True),
3               metrics=['accuracy'])
4
5 history = model.fit(train_images, train_labels, epochs=10,
6                   validation_data=(test_images, test_labels))
```

Epoch	1/10	2/10	3/10	4/10	5/10	6/10	7/10	8/10	9/10	10/10
1563/1563	=====	=====	=====	=====	=====	=====	=====	=====	=====	=====
Time	15s	8s	8s	8s	8s	7s	8s	8s	8s	9s
loss	1.5574	1.1964	1.0423	0.9479	0.8757	0.8275	0.7750	0.7343	0.6965	0.6644
accuracy	0.4289	0.5738	0.6313	0.6666	0.6925	0.7108	0.7284	0.7420	0.7557	0.7644
val_loss	1.2755	1.1823	1.0184	1.0219	0.9699	0.9265	0.8775	0.9039	0.8802	0.9073
val_accuracy	0.5487	0.5775	0.6415	0.6468	0.6578	0.6814	0.6962	0.6901	0.7083	0.6965

Ahora graficaremos la precisión del modelo en entrenamiento y en validación.

```
plt.plot(history.history['accuracy'], label='accuracy') #Graficar la precision en el entrenamiento
plt.plot(history.history['val_accuracy'], label = 'val_accuracy') #Graficar la precision en la validacion
plt.xlabel('Epoch')
plt.ylabel('Accuracy')
plt.ylim([0.5, 1])
plt.legend(loc='lower right')

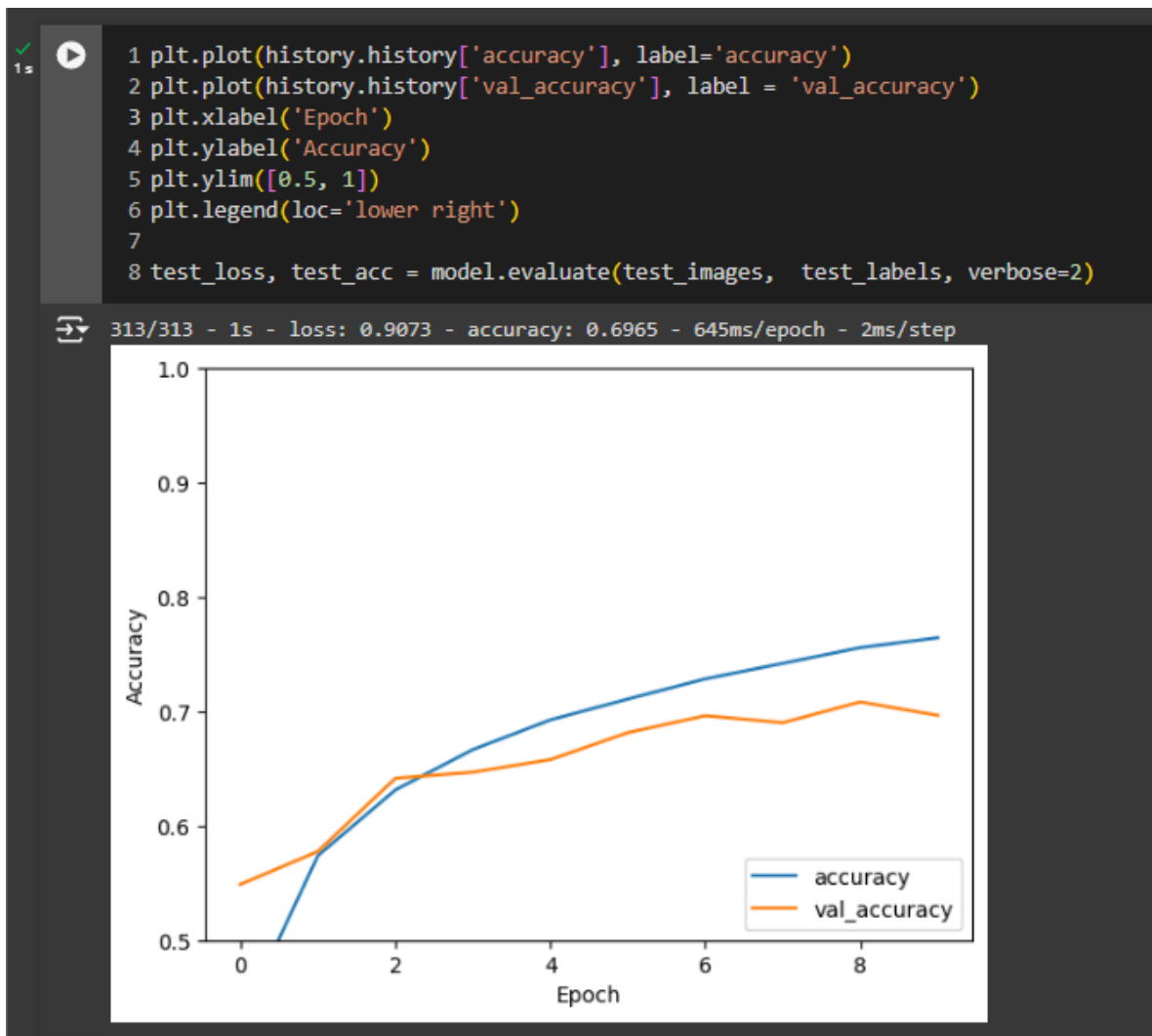
test_loss, test_acc = model.evaluate(test_images, test_labels, verbose=2) #Evaluar el modelo en el conjunto de prueba
```



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Y para finalizar mostraremos la precisión del modelo.

```
1 print(test_acc)
```

0.6965000033378601