

Chordal Loewner Theory

(1) Loewner Transform:

Pf: $(k_t)_{t \geq 0}$ is family of opt HM-hulls.

i) It's increasing if $k_s \leq k_t$ for $s \leq t$.

ii) It has local growth property if for

$$k_{s,t} = \text{hcap}(k_t/k_s) \cdot \text{rad}(k_{s,s+t}) \xrightarrow{t \downarrow 0} 0$$

uniformly on opt set of s .

prop. $(k_t)_{t \geq 0}$ is increasing family of opt HM-hulls having local growth property. Then:

i) $k_{t,t} = \bigcap_{s \geq t} k_s = k_t \quad \forall t$.

ii) $t \mapsto \text{hcap}(k_t)$ is conti. and strictly increasing on t .

iii) $\forall t \geq 0$. There exists unique $f_t \in \mathbb{R}^d$.

st. $f_t \in \overline{k_{t,t+h}}$, $\forall h > 0$, and (f_t) is conti.

Pf: i) By prop. before:

$$\text{hcap}(k_{t+h}) = \text{hcap}(k_t) + \text{hcap}(k_{t,t+h})$$

Note $\text{hcap}(k_{t,t+h}) \leq \text{hcap}(k_{t,t+h})$

$$\leq (\text{rad}(k_{t,t+h}))^2 \xrightarrow{h \downarrow 0} 0$$

$$\Rightarrow k_{t,t+h} = \emptyset \quad \text{i.e. } k_t = k_{t+h}$$

ii) B_1 i). set $h \rightarrow 0$. it's conti!

With $k_{t+th} + \alpha$, it's strictly increasing.

iii) For $t > v$. $(\overline{k_{t,t+h}})_{h \geq 0}$ is postive seq
 of opt set. $\Rightarrow \exists f_t = \bigcap_{h \geq 0} \overline{k_{t,t+h}}$.

Note $M/\mathcal{S}_t = \bigcup_{h \in H} M/\overline{k_{t,th}}$ is a union
 of simply connected sets (open)
 $\Rightarrow M/\mathcal{S}_t$ is connected $\Rightarrow \mathcal{S}_t \subset K'$.

For $t \geq 0$, $\mu > 0$, $z \in K_{t+2\mu} / K_{t+\mu}$

$$\sum_t \quad w = f_{k_t}(z) \in k_{t,t+2h} \quad . \quad w' = f_{k_{t+h}}(z) \in k_{t+h,t+2h}$$

$$\text{Besides, } w' = \tilde{\gamma}_{k+h} \circ \tilde{\gamma}_{k+h}^{-1}(w) = \tilde{\gamma}_{k+h}(w).$$

$$|S_{t+h} - S_t| \leq |S_{t+h} - w'| + |w' - w| + |w - S_t| \xrightarrow{h \rightarrow 0} 0$$

\wedge \quad \text{sgn}

$$2 \operatorname{Var}(f_{t+h, t+h}) \quad 3 \operatorname{Var}(f_{t+h, t+h})$$

(*) is from conti estimate of f .

Def.: We call $(g_t)_{t \geq 0}$ is Loewner transform of (k_t) .

prop. (Reparametrization)

$T, T' \in (0, \infty]$. $\mathcal{Z} = [0, T') \xrightarrow{\sim} [0, T)$. homeomorphism.

If $\{K_t\}_{t \in T}$ is increasing family of opt MM-hulls having local growth property. and has lowerer transf.

$(f_t)_{t \in T}$. Then: $(k_{z(t)})_{t \in T}$ is increasing family
of opt HM-hulls. having local growth prop. and has
locally tight $(f_t)_{t \in T}$.

Rmk: $t \mapsto \text{hcap}(k_t)/2$ is one homeomorphism $[0, T)$. Set $Z(t)$ is inverse of it.

$\Rightarrow (k_t)_{t < T} = (k_{Z(t)})_{t < T}$ satisfies:
 $\text{hcap}(k_t) = 2t$. called parametrized by half-plane capacity.

Pf: Directly check as prop. above!

(2) Loewner's Differential Equation:

prop. $(k_t)_{t \geq 0}$ increasing family of opt HM-hulls.

Satisfy local growth prop. and parametrized by half-plane capacity with Loewner transf $(\gamma_t)_{t \geq 0}$. Set $\gamma_t \stackrel{\Delta}{=} \gamma_{k_t}$. $r(z) = \inf \{t \geq 0 \mid z \in k_t\}$. Then:

i) $\forall z \in \text{HM}$. $(\gamma_t(z))_{t < r(z)}$ is t -differentiable,

and satisfies: $\frac{\partial \gamma_t(z)}{\partial t} = \frac{2}{(\gamma_t(z) - \gamma_t)}$

ii) If $r(z) < \infty$. Then $\gamma_t(z) \rightarrow \gamma_t$ ($t \rightarrow r(z)$)

Pf: i) Fix $0 \leq s < t < r(z)$. $\text{hcap}(k_{s,t}) = 2(t-s)$

Set $z_t = \gamma_t(z)$. $\gamma_{k_{s,t}}(z_s) = z_t$.

Note $k_{s,t} \leq \gamma_s + 2 \text{rank}(k_{s,t}) \overline{ID}$.

By consti. estimate:

$$|z_t - z_s| \leq \delta \operatorname{rad}(k_{s,t}), \xrightarrow{s \rightarrow t} 0 \text{ So cont!}.$$

By differentiable estimate:

$$|z_t - z_s - \frac{z_t - s_t}{z_s - s_s}| \leq \frac{\operatorname{rad}(k_{s,t}) |t-s|}{|z_s - s_s|^2}.$$

$$\text{So } \dot{z}_t = 2/(z_t - \beta_t).$$

$$\begin{aligned} \text{i)} \quad & \text{For } s < r(z) < t. \Rightarrow z \in k_t/k_s. z_s \in k_{s,t} \\ & \Rightarrow |z_s - s_s| \leq 2\operatorname{rad}(k_{s,t}) \xrightarrow{s \rightarrow r(z)} 2\operatorname{rad}(k_{s,r(z)}) \rightarrow 0 \end{aligned}$$

(3) Inversion:

Def: i) We call cont. real-valued func. $(f_t)_{t \geq 0}$ driving function.

$$\text{ii) } b(t, z) = 2/(z - \beta_t) \text{ on } \mathbb{C}/\beta_t$$

Rmk: $b(t, z)$ is holomorphic on \mathbb{C}/β_t and

$$|b(t, z) - b(t, z')| \lesssim |z - z'|. \text{ if } |z - \beta_t|, |z' - \beta_t| \geq 0$$

Prop. For $\forall z \in \mathbb{C}/\{\beta_0\}$. $\exists r(z) \in (0, \infty]$. unique.

and unique conti map: $t \mapsto f_t(z): (0, r(z)) \rightarrow \mathbb{C}, \beta_t$. If $t \in (0, r(z))$, $f_t(z) \neq \beta_t$. and:

$$f_t(z) = z + \int_0^t \frac{2}{f_s(z) - \beta_s} ds. \dots (*)$$

If $r(z) < \infty$. Then $f_t(z) \rightarrow \beta_t$. as $t \rightarrow r(z)$.

If set $r(\beta_0) = 0$. Then: $\forall t \geq 0$. $C_t = \{r(z) > t\}$.

is open. $f_t: C_t \rightarrow \mathbb{C}$. is holomorphic.

Cor. By unique determination:

$$\overline{f_t(z)} = \overline{g_t(\bar{z})}, \quad r(z) = r(\bar{z}).$$

Rmk. i) we can recover g_t from f_t reversely and uniquely.

ii) set $k_t = \{z \in M \mid r(z) \leq t\}.$

$$M_t = M / k_t.$$

$$\text{Fix } z \in M. \quad s \leq t < r(z). \quad \delta = \inf_{s \leq t} |z_s - g_s|$$

Take in part of (*):

$$\Rightarrow \operatorname{Im}(g_s(z)) \geq -2 \operatorname{Im}(g_t(z)) / \delta^2. \quad \forall s$$

$$\Rightarrow \operatorname{Im}(g_t(z)) \geq e^{-2t/\delta} \operatorname{Im}(g_0(z)) > 0$$

$$J_0 := g_t(M_t) \subseteq M.$$

Wlog. restrict g_t . So in M .

Prop. $(k_t)_{t \geq 0}$ (def in Rmk ii)) is increasing family of opt M -hulls having local growth property.

satisfies: i) $\operatorname{perp}(k_t) = z_t. \quad f_{k_t} = f_t. \quad h_t$

ii) $(f_t)_{t \geq 0}$ is Loewner transf. of $(k_t)_{t \geq 0}$

Pf. Note $\operatorname{Im}(b(t, w)) < 0$ if $t \geq 0, w \in M$.

So the loewner differential equation has unique (Wall-Wolf) solution $(w_t)_{t \geq 0}$

$$\Rightarrow r_{\mathcal{L}W_0} > t. \quad \gamma_{t+\mathcal{L}W_0} = w.$$

By uniqueness theorem. $w_0 \in M$ is the unique point satisfies there.

$$\Rightarrow \gamma_t : M_t \xrightarrow{\sim} M. \text{ holomorphic bijection.}$$

Lemma. For (k_t) , opt M -balls. with $(g_t), (s_t)$.

$\Rightarrow (k_t)_s = (k_{s+t})_t$ are also opt M -balls with Loewner flow $\tilde{g}_t = g_{s+t} \circ g_s^{-1}$. $\tilde{s}_t = s_{s+t}$

Pf: (\tilde{k}_t) are opt M -balls by conformal isomorphism.

$$\tilde{g}_t = g_{s+t} \circ g_s^{-1} = g_{k_{s+t}}. \text{ Loewner flow of } \tilde{k}_t.$$

$$\tilde{g}_t \circ (\tilde{k}_{s+h}/\tilde{k}_t) = g_{t+s} \circ (k_{s+h}/k_t) \Downarrow g_{s+t}.$$

(4) Characterization of $\overline{k_t \cap iR}$:

Note that we can extend γ_t on M_t to γ_t^* on M_t^*

For $z \in \mathbb{C}$. Define $r^*(z) = \inf \{t \geq 0 \mid z \notin M_t^*\}$.

prop. $r^*(z) = r(z)$ on \mathbb{C} . $M_t^* = C_t$. $\gamma_t^* = \gamma_t$ on C_t . $\forall t$.

Pf: It follows from cor above: $\overline{\gamma_t(z)} = \gamma_t(\bar{z})$.

$$\text{and } r(z) = r(\bar{z}).$$

prop. For $x \in iR$. $t > 0$. Then: we have.

$$x \in \overline{k_t} \Leftrightarrow r(x) \leq t.$$

Def: \mathcal{K} is set of opt M -balls.

ii) Fix metric d of u.c.c. in $C([0, \infty), M)$.

Set Carathéodory metric α_k on k :

$$\alpha_k(k_1, k_2) = \mu(\gamma_{k_1}^{-1}, \gamma_{k_2}^{-1}).$$

iii) L is set of increasing family of

opt IM-hulls $(k_t)_{t \geq 0}$ having local growth prop. and $h_{\text{cap}}(k_t) = 2t \cdot \mathbb{H}t$.

Rmk: $L \subset C([0, \infty), K)$. Fix metric λ of u.c.c. on it.

Thm. (Loewner-Kufarev)

There exists a bi-adapted homeomorphism $\phi_L : L \rightarrow C([0, \infty), \mathbb{R})$:

$$C([0, \infty), \mathbb{R}) \xrightarrow{\sim} L, \text{ st. } L \subset (f_t)_{t \geq 0} = (k_t)_{t \geq 0}.$$

where $k(t) = \{z \mid r(z) \leq t\}$. $r(z)$ is lifetime

$$\text{of } z_t = z + \int_0^t \frac{z}{(z_t - s)} ds dt$$

Moreover, $\overline{k_t} \cap \mathbb{R}' = \{x \in \mathbb{R}' \mid r(x) \leq t\}$. and

$$g_t = \bigcap_{s \geq t} \overline{k_{t,s}}, \quad k_{t,s} = g_t \circ k_s / k_t$$

Rmk: We call L by Loewner map.