

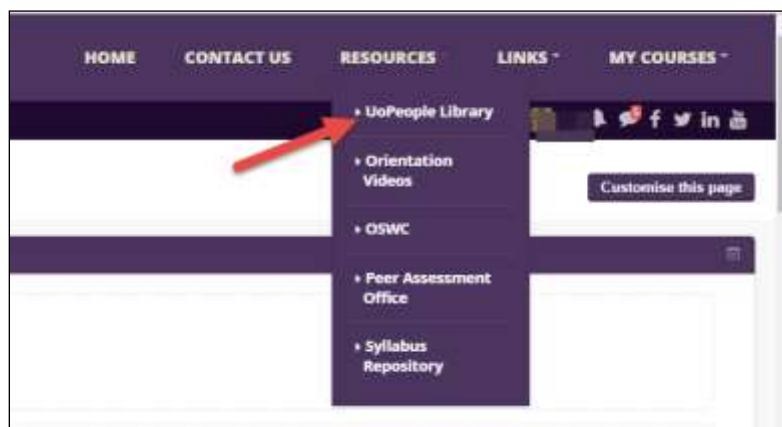
UoPeople Library: **Library and Information Resources Network (LIRN)** and **JSTOR**

You must be currently enrolled in a course - and have your Moodle username and password

Log in to [Moodle](#) as if you were going to your courses

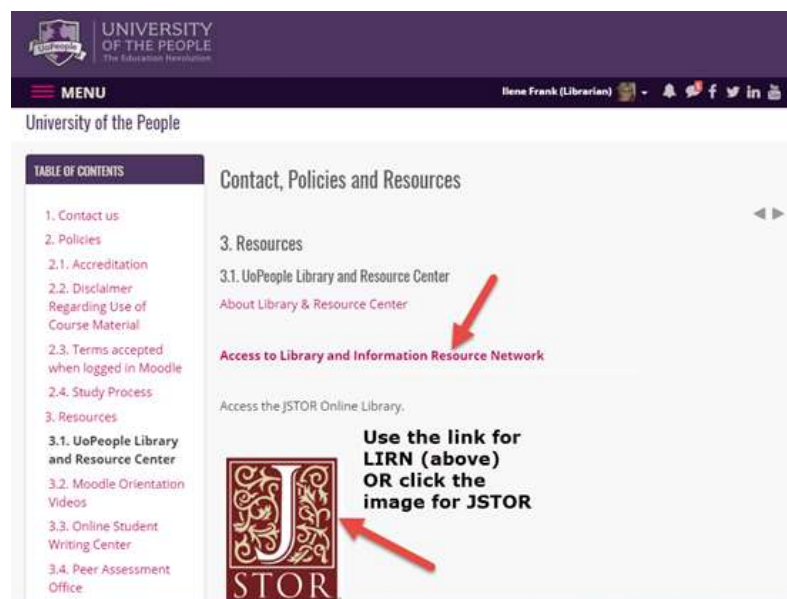
Go to **RESOURCES** to **UoPeople Library**

(Use the Resources link if you are already signed on to one of your courses)



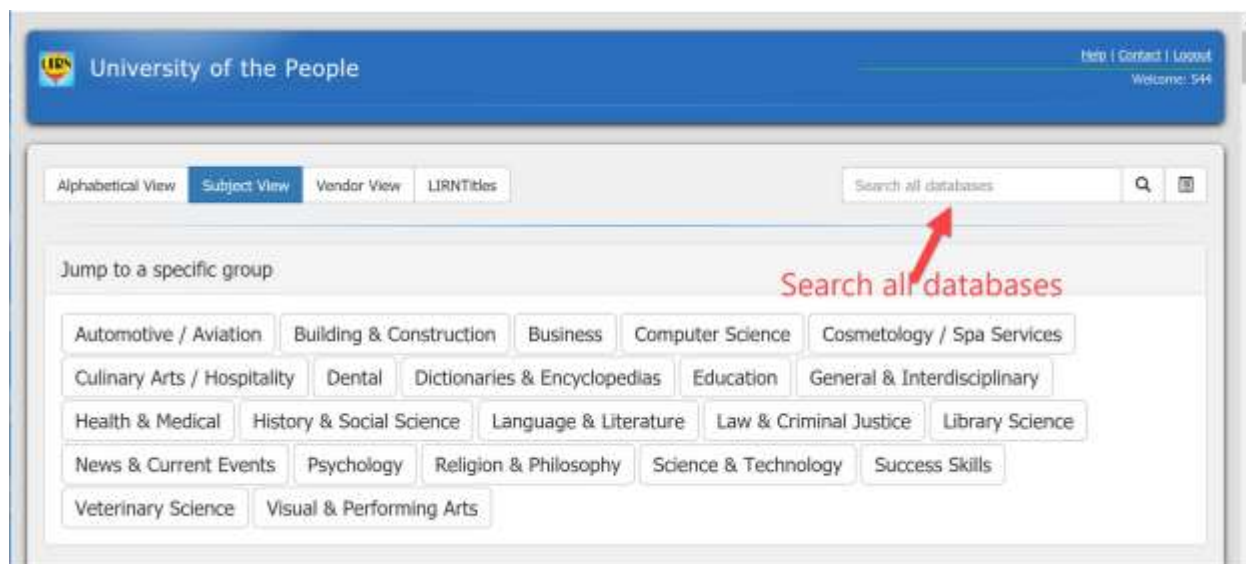
Look on the left side of the screen for **3.1 UoPeople Library and Resource Center**

Then click **Access to Library and Information Resource Network** or **JSTOR** (You will have to search these two sets of resources separately)



LIRN:

Try “search all databases” using keywords – or search specific groups of databases by selecting the groups under **Subject View** - or select the **Alphabetical View** to find individual databases. Examples: *Literature Resource Center* (for literary criticism) or a general database such as *Academic OneFile* or *EBook Central Academic Complete* which includes more than 135,000 scholarly book. Try *Statista* for business trends, etc.



Tip: The LIRN databases index some resources that are not available online full-text via our subscriptions. We’ve set the default to “full text”, but just to be sure, you can limit your search results to full text, be sure to do that!

Need help deciding which database to use or which terms to use?

- Contact the library: library@uopeople.edu

Having trouble connecting to LIRN? Some things to try:

- Try clearing the cache in your browser.
- Try a different browser.
- Try connecting from a different location and/or a different device. (Sometimes Internet connections time out.)
- Try lowering the security settings on your device.

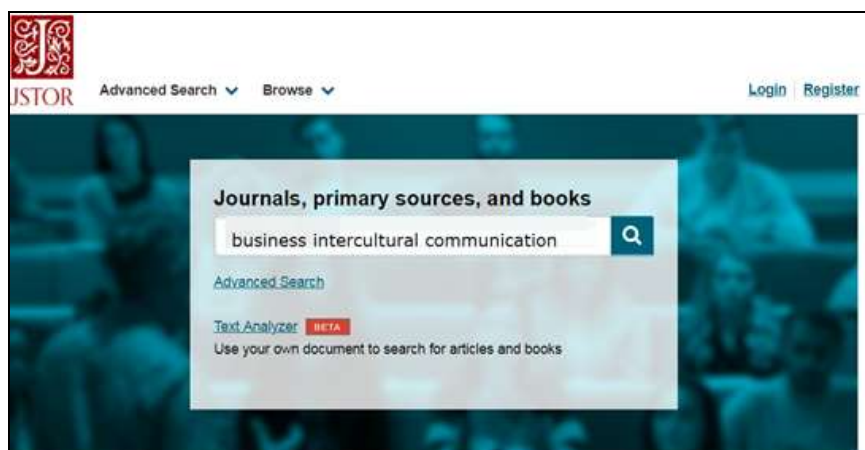
Nothing works? Send an email to library@uopeople.edu and let us know what device you are using, browser, etc. If you have a screen shot of your error message, send it! We’ll see if we can help!

JSTOR

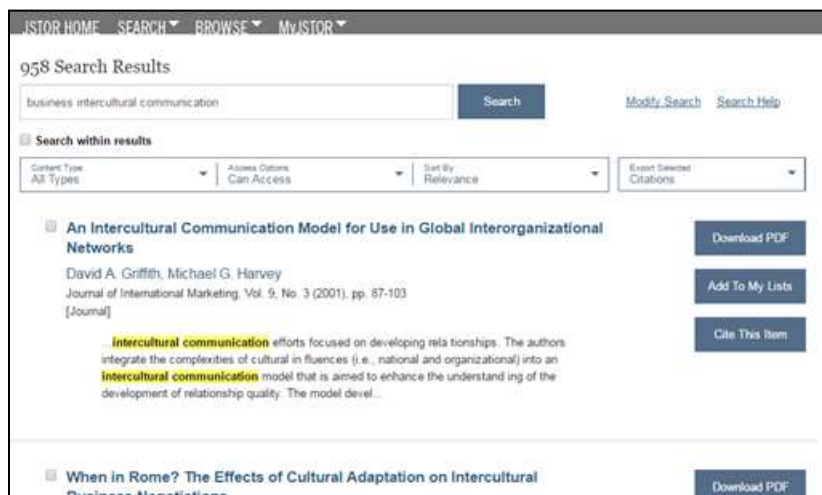
JSTOR has donated access to three areas of the full text of important academic journals:

Health & General Sciences
Mathematics & Statistics
Business & Economics

You will need to click on the **JSTOR image** as directed above in order to enter JSTOR
Here's an example of a search for articles on intercultural communication in business:



Search results screen:



When you download a PDF, you will be asked to accept JSTOR's terms and conditions via a pop-up screen.

Use the Advanced Search Screen and scroll down to look for “content types” including some books.

Look for the “Cite This Item” button for suggested citation formats including APA. Be prepared to edit! The citation generated by JSTOR may not be perfect!

What about accessing other subject areas in JSTOR?

Individual Access

To access other subject areas in JSTOR not available through UoPeople, you may want to sign up for [individual access](#).

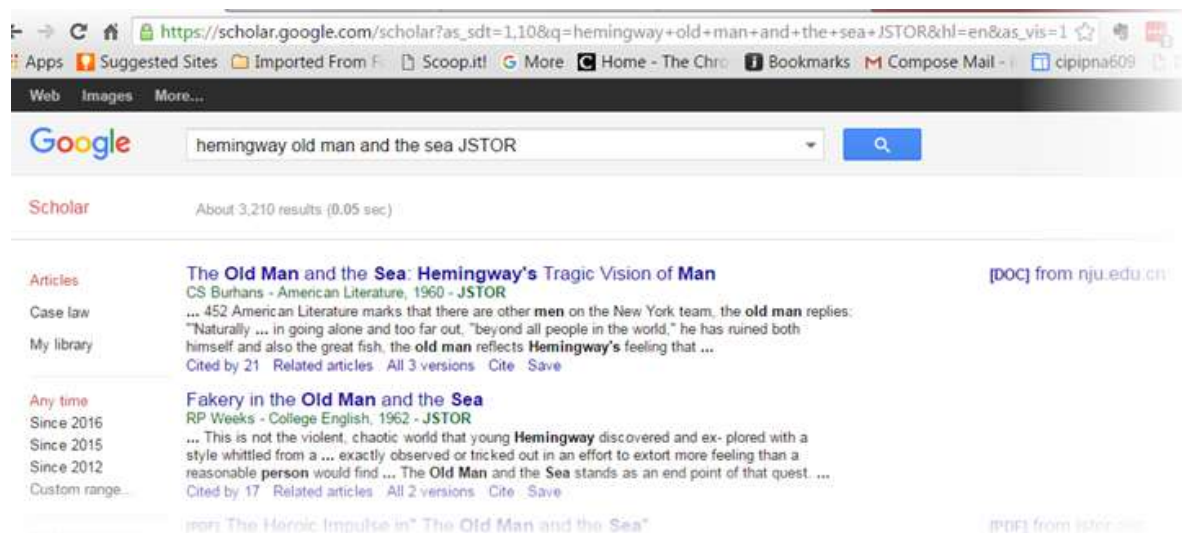
Anyone with a MyJSTOR account can read up to six journal articles online every 30 days. Since use of an individual JSTOR account is metered, try using other tools such as Google Scholar to identify articles.

Example: Use Google Scholar to identify articles in JSTOR on Ernest Hemingway’s novel *Old Man and the Sea*.

Go to <https://scholar.google.com> and search

Hemingway old man and the sea JSTOR

Use the results list to identify articles to available via JSTOR’s individual account



Need a few more places to try to find research articles that are open access? Here are some more ideas:

BASE <https://www.base-search.net/about/en/> "

One of the world's most voluminous search engines especially for academic open access web resources from over 2,000 sources." Use the ADVANCED search tab and scroll down and make sure that "open access" is checked and "uncheck" non-open access and "uncheck" unknown.

CORE

<https://core.ac.uk/>

"The mission of CORE (CONnecting REpositories) is to aggregate all open access research outputs from repositories and journals worldwide and make them available to the public..."

Google Scholar

<https://scholar.google.com>

The familiar Google interface – but results are all scholarly resources. To find open access articles, add **filetype:.pdf** to your keywords. You will find that many of the articles you get in your search results are available open access. Take a careful look at the articles you find and decide if they are appropriate for your purposes.

JURN <http://www.jurn.org> Search tool for open access content (Includes links to some sites such as ResearchGate.net that require free registration)

ScienceDirect <http://www.sciencedirect.com/science/search> - Scroll down to "refine your search" and leave journals and books checked - and check "open access articles only"

DOI – Digital Object Identifier. Do you have a doi - a digital object identifier - for an article? Find out if the article is available open access by using OADOI.ORG

Try "OA paper version lookup by DOI" : oadoi.org

SOLONAUTS <http://solvonauts.org/>

"A [rather small] search engine that returns OER including images"

Virtual Learning Resources Center VLRC <http://www.virtuallrc.com> Use for_ magazine articles

Ilene Frank November 2018 (LTI)