

Ecuación diferencial no lineal

$$\frac{dU}{dt} = U^q, \quad t \in [0, 10] \quad U(0) = 1$$

$$U^{-q} dU = dt \quad \int U^{-q} dU = t + C$$

$$\text{Si } q=1: \quad \int \frac{dU}{U} = t + C \quad \ln U = t + C \quad U = Ae^t$$

$$U(0) = 1 \quad A = 1 \quad \underline{U(t) = e^t}$$

Para cualquier otro caso:

$$\int U^{-q} dU = t + C \quad \frac{U^{-q+1}}{-q+1} = t + C$$

$$U = (t(-q+1) + C(-q+1))^{-\frac{1}{q+1}}$$

$$U(0) = 1 \quad 1 = C(-q+1) \quad C = \frac{1}{(-q+1)}$$

$$\underline{U(t) = (t(1-q) + 1)^{\frac{1}{1-q}}}$$