



1. Spectrum of the fermion operators

In the lecture you have seen that the action for Dirac fermions is, except for term that vanishes naïvely in the continuum limit,

$$S_E = \sum_{\vec{n} \in \Lambda} \left(\frac{1}{2} \bar{\Psi}(\vec{n}) \gamma_0 (\Psi(\vec{n} + \hat{t}) - \Psi(\vec{n} - \hat{t})) - \frac{i}{2} \bar{\Psi}(\vec{n}) \gamma_1 (\Psi(\vec{n} + \hat{x}) - \Psi(\vec{n} - \hat{x})) + m \bar{\Psi}(\vec{n}) \Psi(\vec{n}) \right). \quad (1)$$

Here

$$\gamma_0 = \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 0 \\ 0 & -1 \end{pmatrix} \quad \text{and} \quad \gamma_1 = \begin{pmatrix} 0 & 1 \\ -1 & 0 \end{pmatrix}. \quad (2)$$

- a) Write this action in the form $S_E = -\bar{\Psi}_i M_{ij} \Psi_j$ where the multi-indices i and j label all Grassmann numbers. Write down an expression for M .
- b) For a given $N_t \times N_s$, for example on a 12×12 lattice, construct this matrix and calculate numerical the eigenvalue spectrum of the Matrix M . Plot the eigenvalues in the complex plane.
- c) Repeat tasks a) and b), but add a term of the form

$$\sum_{\vec{n} \in \Lambda} \left(-\frac{1}{2} \bar{\Psi}(\vec{n}) (\Psi(\vec{n} + \hat{t}) + \Psi(\vec{n} - \hat{t}) - 2\Psi(\vec{n})) - \frac{1}{2} \bar{\Psi}(\vec{n}) (\Psi(\vec{n} + \hat{x}) + \Psi(\vec{n} - \hat{x}) - 2\Psi(\vec{n})) \right) \quad (3)$$

to the action. What changes in the eigenvalue spectrum.

- d) The Fermion operator can be couple to gauge fields using minimal coupling, that is making the replacement

$$\Psi(\vec{n}) \Psi(\vec{n}) \rightarrow \Psi(\vec{n}) \Psi(\vec{n}) \quad (4)$$

$$\Psi(\vec{n}) \Psi(\vec{n} + \hat{\mu}) \rightarrow \Psi(\vec{n}) U_{\mu}(\vec{n}) \Psi(\vec{n} + \hat{\mu}) \quad (5)$$

$$\Psi(\vec{n}) \Psi(\vec{n} - \hat{\mu}) \rightarrow \Psi(\vec{n}) U_{\mu}^{\dagger}(\vec{n} - \vec{n}) \Psi(\vec{n} + \hat{\mu}) \quad (6)$$

Construct M for this operator for some $U(1)$ gauge fields generated by your $U(1)$ code developed in previous exercises. Plot the spectrum of M for configurations with different topological charges.
