

Calculus Exams 3

luca.ambrogioni

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1 Question 1: 2pt

Compute the limit of the following sequence

$$s_n = \frac{3n^4 + \sin(n)}{2n^4 + 5n^2 + 2} \quad (1)$$

1.1 Solution

$$\frac{3n^4 + \sin(n)}{2n^4 + 5n^2 + 2} \sim \frac{3n^4}{2n^4} = \frac{3}{2}$$

2 Question 1: 1pt

Show that these two functions are asymptotic to each other for $x \rightarrow 0$.

$$f(x) = 1 - \cos(x) \quad (2)$$

$$g(x) = x(e^x - 1)/2 \quad (3)$$

2.1 Solution

$$\frac{1 - \cos(x)}{x(e^x - 1)/2} \sim \frac{1/2x^2}{x^2/2} = 1$$

3 Question 3: 1pt

Write a Python script to approximate the following derivative at $x_0 = 1$ with dx equal to 0.1.

$$\frac{d \left(x e^{x^2} \right)}{dx} \quad (4)$$

3.1 Solution

```
f = lambda x: x*np.exp(x**2)
a = 0
b = 1
dx = 0.1
x0 = 1.
result = (f(x0 + dx) - f(x0))/dx
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4 Question 4: 2pt

Compute derivative of the following function

$$f(x) = \phi(x^2 + \sin(\omega(x)^2)) \quad (5)$$

where $\omega(x)$ and $\phi(x)$ are arbitrary functions and ϕ_0 is a real number.

4.1 Solution

$$\frac{df(x)}{dx} = \phi'(x^2 + \sin(\omega(x)^2))(2x + \cos(\omega(x)^2))2\omega(x)\omega'(x)$$

5 Question 4: 2pt

Compute the following integral:

$$\int_0^1 e^{2x+e^x} dx \quad (6)$$

Hint: You need to use both substitution and integration by parts.

5.1 Solution

You start with the substitution $u(x) = e^x$, $du(x) = e^x dx$.

$$\int_0^1 e^{2x+e^x} dx = \int_0^1 e^x e^{e^x} e^x dx \quad (7)$$

$$= \int_0^{\pi/2} u(x) e^{u(x)} du(x) \quad (8)$$

$$(9)$$

you can now use the integration by parts formula:

$$\int_0^1 u(x) e^{u(x)} du(x) + \int_0^1 e^{u(x)} du(x) = u(1)e^{u(1)} - u(0)e^{u(0)} \quad (10)$$

Hence:

$$\int_0^1 u(x)e^{u(x)}du(x) = -e^{e^1} + e^1 + ee^{e^1} - e^1 \quad (11)$$

$$= e^e(e - 1) \quad (12)$$

6 Question 5: 2pt

Compute the integral

$$\int_0^1 x dx$$

using only the definition of integral.

Hint: you need to compute the limit of a sequence of approximations with rectangles.

6.1 Solution

In the lecture notes