

# CrownJewel-2 Challenge

## Sherlock Scenario

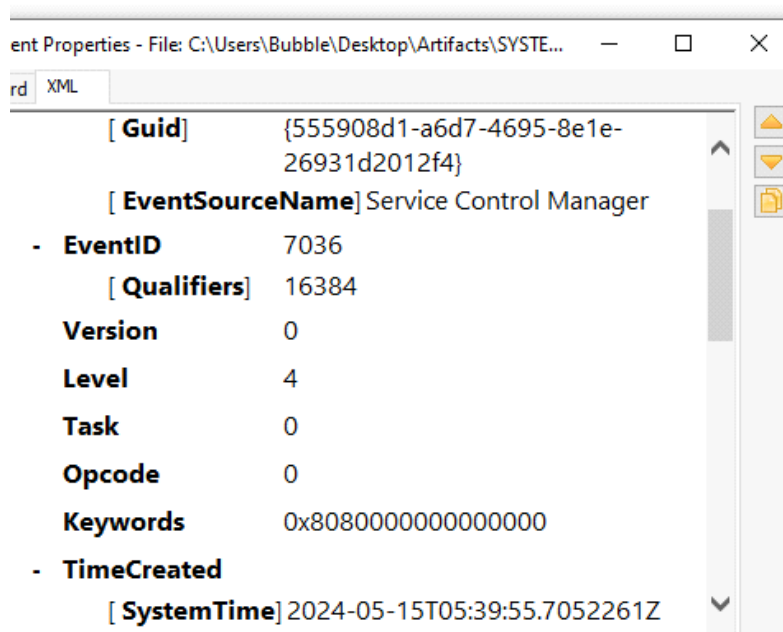
Forela's Domain environment is pure chaos. Just got another alert from the Domain controller of NTDS.dit database being exfiltrated. Just one day prior you responded to an alert on the same domain controller where an attacker dumped NTDS.dit via vssadmin utility. However, you managed to delete the dumped files kick the attacker out of the DC, and restore a clean snapshot. Now they again managed to access DC with a domain admin account with their persistent access in the environment. This time they are abusing ntdsutil to dump the database. Help Forela in these chaotic times!!

### Task 1:

When utilizing ntdsutil.exe to dump NTDS on disk, it simultaneously employs the Microsoft Shadow Copy Service. What is the most recent timestamp at which this service entered the running state, signifying the possible initiation of the NTDS dumping process?

I searched in System logs for Event ID 7036 which shows service state changed and analyzed the logs until I found the "Microsoft Software Shadow Copy" like in the question in the task

The Microsoft Software Shadow Copy Provider service entered the running state.



Answer: 2024-05-15 05:39:55

### Task 2:

Identify the full path of the dumped NTDS file.

I searched for NTDS in the Application logs and found unusual path

NTDS (3940,D,100) The database engine detached a database (2, C:\Windows\Temp\dump\_tmp\Active Directory\ntds.dit). (Time=0 seconds)

Revived Cache: 0 0

Additional Data:

Internal Timing Sequence:

```
[1] 0.000003 +J(0)
[2] 0.0 +J(0)
[3] 0.000007 +J(0) +M(C:0K, Fs:1, WS:4K # 0K, PF:0K # 0K, P:0K)
[4] 0.0 +J(0)
[5] 0.0 +J(0)
[6] 0.023198 -0.019281 (2) WT +J(0) +M(C:-424K, Fs:26, WS:-464K # 76K, PF:-356K # 0K, P:-356K)
[7] 0.000279 +J(0)
[8] 0.000029 +J(0) +M(C:0K, Fs:1, WS:4K # 0K, PF:0K # 0K, P:0K)
[9] 0.001762 -0.000919 (6) WT +J(0) +M(C:0K, Fs:4, WS:-20K # 0K, PF:-20K # 0K, P:-20K)
[10] 0.000140 +J(0)
[11] 0.000060 +J(0) +M(C:0K, Fs:1, WS:-4K # 0K, PF:-8K # 0K, P:-8K).
```

Answer: C:\Windows\Temp\dump\_tmp\Active Directory\ntds.dit

Task 3:

When was the database dump created on the disk?

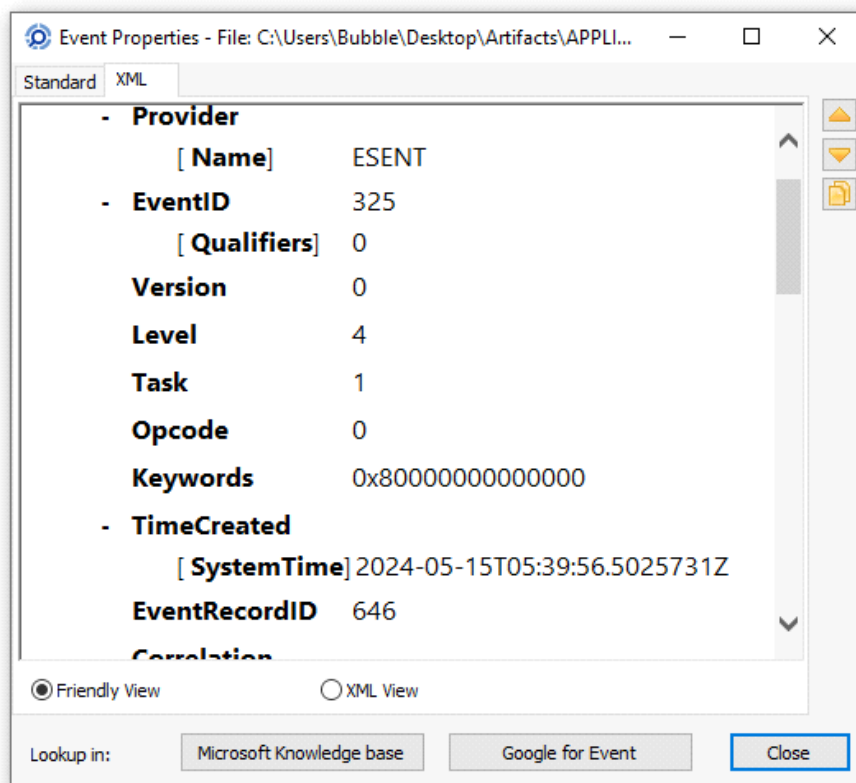
I searched for ntds.dit in Application logs and noticed the description is "The database engine created a new database" with the path from task 2

NTDS (3940,D,100) The database engine created a new database (2, C:\Windows\Temp\dump\_tmp\Active Directory\ntds.dit). (Time=0 seconds)

Additional Data: ,  
dbv = 1568.20.0 (36)

Internal Timing Sequence:

```
[1] 0.000402 +J(0) +M(C:0K, Fs:17, WS:68K # 68K, PF:20K # 20K, P:20K)
[2] 0.000002 +J(0) +M(C:0K, Fs:1, WS:4K # 4K, PF:0K # 0K, P:0K)
[3] 0.004469 +J(0) +M(C:16K, Fs:14, WS:48K # 56K, PF:36K # 44K, P:36K)
[4] 0.000100 +J(0)
[5] 0.000057 +J(CM:0, PgRf:3, Rd:0/0, Dy:3/3, Lg:0/0) +M(C:-16K, Fs:16, WS:48K # 40K, PF:-16K # 0K, P:-16K)
[6] 0.059418 -0.000591 (3) CM -0.058075 (6) WT +J(CM:3, PgRf:213, Rd:0/3, Dy:20/200, Lg:0/0) +M(C:80K, Fs:74, WS:240K # 240K, PF:280K # 260K, P:280K)
[7] 0.000316 +J(0) +M(C:0K, Fs:2, WS:8K # 8K, PF:0K # 0K, P:0K)
[8] 0.000001 +J(0)
[9] 0.000718 -0.000360 (3) WT +J(0) +M(C:-28K, Fs:10, WS:-20K # 8K, PF:-28K # 8K, P:-28K)
[10] 0.015953 -0.000330 (3) CM -0.014071 (6) WT +J(CM:3, PgRf:354, Rd:0/3, Dy:14/41, Lg:0/0) +M(C:44K, Fs:44, WS:136K # 116K, PF:112K # 80K, P:112K)
[11] 0.000001 +J(0).
```



Answer: 2024-05-15 05:39:56

Task 4:

When was the newly dumped database considered complete and ready for use?

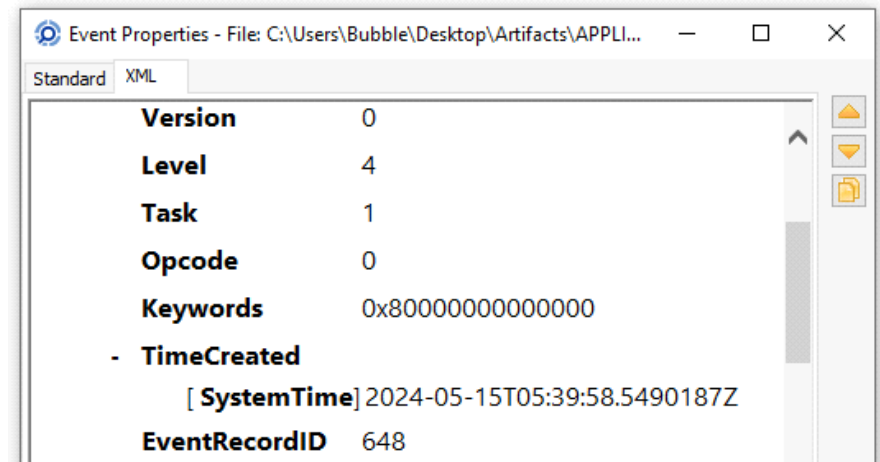
Same log from task 2

NTDS (3940,D,100) The database engine detached a database (2, C:\Windows\Temp\dump\_tmp\Active Directory\ntds.dit). (Time=0 seconds)

Revived Cache: 0 0  
Additional Data:

Internal Timing Sequence:

```
[1] 0.000003 +J(0)
[2] 0.0 +J(0)
[3] 0.000007 +J(0) +M(C:0K, Fs:1, WS:4K # 0K, PF:0K # 0K, P:0K)
[4] 0.0 +J(0)
[5] 0.0 +J(0)
[6] 0.023198 -0.019281 (2) WT +J(0) +M(C:-424K, Fs:26, WS:-464K # 76K, PF:-356K # 0K, P:-356K)
[7] 0.000279 +J(0)
[8] 0.000029 +J(0) +M(C:0K, Fs:1, WS:4K # 0K, PF:0K # 0K, P:0K)
[9] 0.001762 -0.000919 (6) WT +J(0) +M(C:0K, Fs:4, WS:-20K # 0K, PF:-20K # 0K, P:-20K)
[10] 0.000140 +J(0)
[11] 0.000060 +J(0) +M(C:0K, Fs:1, WS:4K # 0K, PF:-8K # 0K, P:-8K).
```



Answer: 2024-05-15 05:39:58

Task 5:

Event logs use event sources to track events coming from different sources. Which event source provides database status data like creation and detachment?

There is a column named "Source"

APPLICATION.evtx x SECURITY.evtx SYSTEM.evtx							
UTC-7:00							
Type	Date	Time	Event	Source	Category	User	Computer
Information	5/14/2024	10:39:58 PM	103	ESENT	General	N/A	DC01.forela.local
Information	5/14/2024	10:39:58 PM	327	ESENT	General	N/A	DC01.forela.local

## ESENT (Extensible Storage Engine)

- **What it Tracks:** ESENT (Extensible Storage Engine) is a database engine that's used by several Windows components and applications, such as Active Directory, Windows Search, and Windows Update. It logs events related to the operation of databases, including:
  - Database creation
  - Database detachment
  - Database corruption or recovery actions
  - Operations like checkpointing, transaction commits, and more
- **Common Event IDs:**
  - **Event ID 300:** Logs information about database operations.
  - **Event ID 301:** Tracks the state of the database, such as detachment.
  - **Event ID 302:** Indicates database creation or mounting.

These events can be found in the Application log, where ESENT acts as the event source.

So, when you see ESENT events in the logs, they are specifically related to the database operations of services or applications that rely on this engine.

Answer: ESENT

Task 6:

When ntdsutil.exe is used to dump the database, it enumerates certain user groups to validate the privileges of the account being used. Which two groups are enumerated by the ntdsutil.exe process? Also, find the Logon ID so we can easily track the malicious session in our hunt.

I searched for NTDS in Security logs and found the Group name and Logon ID

A security-enabled local group membership was enumerated.

Subject:  
Security ID: S-1-5-21-3239415629-1862073780-2394361899-500  
Account Name: Administrator  
Account Domain: FORELA  
Logon ID: 0x8de3d

Group:  
Security ID: S-1-5-32-551  
Group Name: Backup Operators  
Group Domain: BuiltIn

Process Information:  
Process ID: 0xf64  
Process Name: C:\Windows\System32\ntdsutil.exe

A security-enabled local group membership was enumerated.

Subject:  
Security ID: S-1-5-21-3239415629-1862073780-2394361899-500  
Account Name: Administrator  
Account Domain: FORELA  
Logon ID: 0x8de3d

Group:  
Security ID: S-1-5-32-544  
Group Name: Administrators  
Group Domain: BuiltIn

Process Information:  
Process ID: 0xf64  
Process Name: C:\Windows\System32\ntdsutil.exe

Answer: Administrators, Backup Operators, 0x8DE3D

#### Task 7:

Now you are tasked to find the Login Time for the malicious Session. Using the Logon ID, find the Time when the user logon session started.

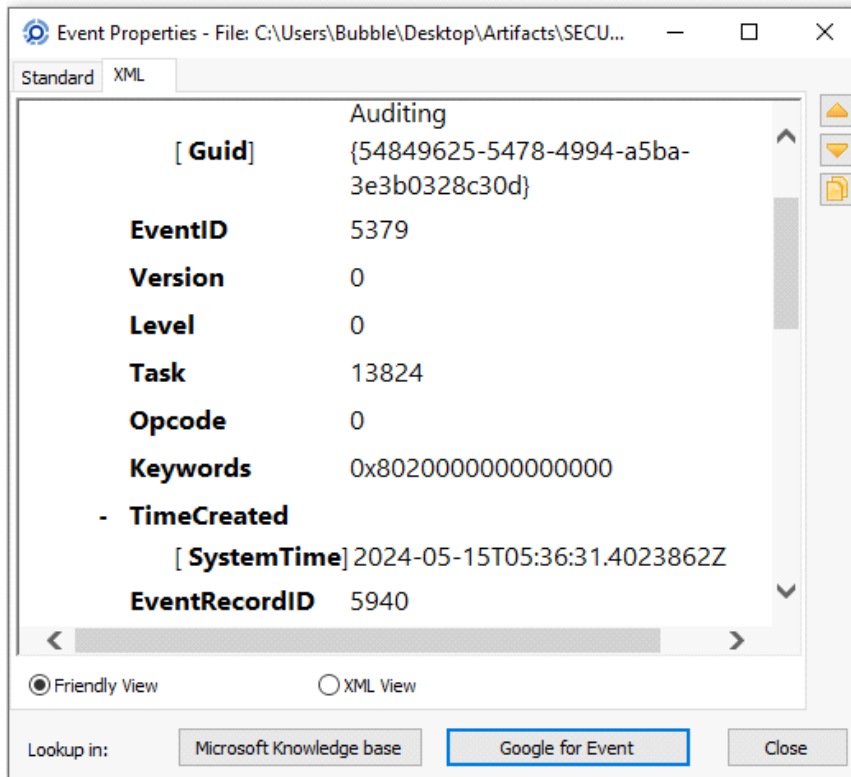
I searched for Logon ID "0x8de3d" in Security logs and noticed a log which said "credentials were read"

Credential Manager credentials were read.

#### Subject:

Security ID:	S-1-5-21-3239415629-1862073780-2394361899-500
Account Name:	Administrator
Account Domain:	FORELA
Logon ID:	0x8de3d
Read Operation:	Enumerate Credentials

This event occurs when a user performs a read operation on stored credentials in Credential Manager.



2024-05-15 05:36:31