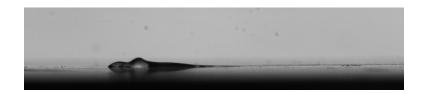
Goutte soufflée : croissance et dynamique d'une goutte cisaillée par un écoulement d'air

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Introduction



Hypothèses

- Écoulement bidimensionnel, stationnaire
- $u \sim U$, $v \sim V$, $x \sim L$, $y \sim \delta$
- $\frac{\delta}{L} << 1$

$$\frac{\partial u}{\partial x} + \frac{\partial v}{\partial y} = 0 \tag{1}$$

$$u\frac{\partial u}{\partial x} + v\frac{\partial u}{\partial y} = -\frac{1}{\rho}\frac{\partial p}{\partial x} + v\frac{\partial^2 u}{\partial y^2}$$
 (2)

$$\frac{\partial p}{\partial v} = 0 \tag{3}$$

Couche limite de Blasius

- Écoulement bidimensionnel, stationnaire
- $u \sim U$, $v \sim V$, $x \sim L$, $y \sim \delta$
- $\frac{\delta}{L} << 1$

$$\frac{\partial u}{\partial x} + \frac{\partial v}{\partial y} = 0 \tag{4}$$

$$u\frac{\partial u}{\partial x} + v\frac{\partial u}{\partial y} = -\frac{1}{\rho}\frac{\partial p}{\partial x} + v\frac{\partial^2 u}{\partial y^2}$$
 (5)

$$\frac{\partial p}{\partial v} = 0 \tag{6}$$

Couche limite de Blasius



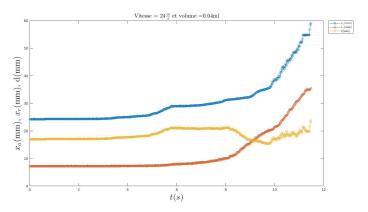


Figure – x_a , x_r , d, $U_\infty = 24m.s^{-1}$, volume =0.04ml

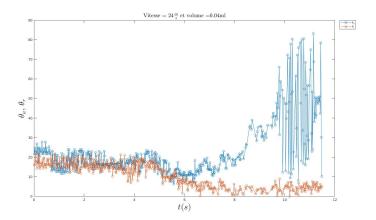


Figure – θ_a , θ_r , $U_{\infty}=24m.s^{-1}$, volume =0.04ml

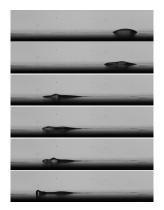


Figure – $U_{\infty} = 20 \text{m.s}^{-1}$, de haut en bas nous avons : t = 0s, 8s, 12.52s, 12.54s, 12.58s

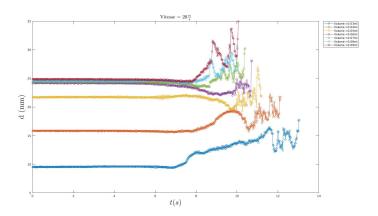


Figure – d, $U_{\infty} = 20 m.s^{-1}$

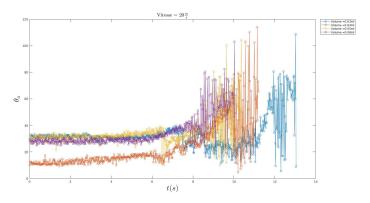


Figure – θ_a , $U_{\infty} = 20 m.s^{-1}$

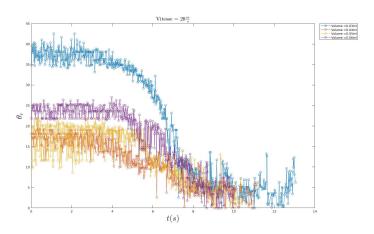


Figure – θ_r , $U_{\infty} = 20 m.s^{-1}$

Questions

Avez-vous des questions?