Soutenance bibliographique

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Article

Shape and motion of drops sliding down an inclined plane
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LIMAT

Dispositif expérimental

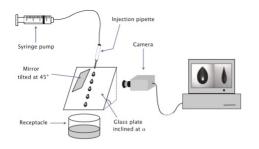


Figure 2. Description of the experimental setup

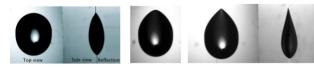
Label	Polymerisation degree \ensuremath{n}	Viscosity η (cP)	Density ρ (kg.m ⁻³)	Surface tension $\gamma({\rm mN.m}^{-1})$
47 V 10	9	10.0 ± 0.2	936 ± 2	20.1
47 V 100	75	103.7 ± 0.2	964 ± 2	20.9
$47\mathrm{V}1000$	338	1035 ± 5	970 ± 2	21.1

Table 1. Characteristics of silicone oils

Condition de mouillage

- Fluoropolymère FC-725
- volume de la goutte : $V = (6.0 \pm 0.2) mm^3$
- l'angle dynamique : $\theta_r < \theta < \theta_a$
- $50^{\circ} < \theta < 55^{\circ}$

Différents régimes



(a) Oval drop Ca = 2.85 10^{-3} (b) Corner Ca = 4.95 10^{-3} (c) Corner Ca = 5.14 10^{-3}

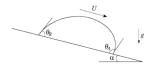


(d) Cusp $Ca = 7.07 \ 10^{-3}$

(e) Pearls $Ca = 7.19 \ 10^{-3}$

FIGURE 4. Top views (along with side views for (a) and (c)) of drops sliding down an inclined plate for increasing velocities, $\eta=104\,\text{cP}$. The motion is from top to bottom except for figure (e) where it is from left to right.

Bilan des forces



- Le poids : $\rho gV \sin \alpha$
- la force de frottement : $\eta UV^{1/3}$
- la tension de surface : $\gamma \Delta \theta = \gamma w \left(\cos(\theta_R) \cos(\theta_A) \right)$

Debut du glissement

- on a glissement pour $\alpha_c < \alpha$
- Pas de frottement à la limite du glissement donc $\rho gV \sin \alpha = \gamma V^{1/3} \left(\cos(\theta_R) \cos(\theta_A)\right)$
- $V^{2/3}(\rho g/\gamma) \sin \alpha \simeq \cos(\theta_R) \cos(\theta_A)$
- le nombre de Bond : $B_O = \frac{\text{effets gravitaires}}{\text{effets inertiels}} = V^{2/3}(\rho g/\gamma) \sin \alpha$
- $B_{O_c} = V^{2/3}(\rho g/\gamma) \sin \alpha_c = \cos(\theta_R) \cos(\theta_A)$
- $B_{O_c} = \left(\frac{24}{\pi}\right)^{2/3} \frac{(\cos(\theta_R) \cos(\theta_A))(1 + \cos(\theta_A))^{1/2}}{(2 + \cos(\theta_A))^{1/3}(1 \cos(\theta_A))^{1/6}}$

Gouttes en mouvement

- U vitesse de la goutte, $\theta(U)$?
- Le nombre capillaire : $C_a = \frac{\text{effets visqueux}}{\text{effets inertiel}} = \frac{\eta U}{\gamma}$
- De Gennes : $\theta\left(\theta^2 \theta_s^2\right) = \pm 6 \ln\left(\frac{b}{a}\right) C_a$
- Cox et Voinov : $\theta^3 \theta_s^3 = \pm 9 \ln \left(\frac{b}{a} \right) C_a$
- Cinétique moléculaire : $(\theta^2 \theta_s^2) = \frac{\nu NkT}{2\pi f L_m h} C_a$
- Linéaire : $\theta \theta_s \propto \pm U$

Comparaisons avec des modèles

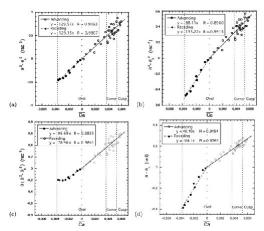


FIGURE 11. Comparing several models for the dynamics of wetting, $\eta = 10.0$ cP. (a) Cox. Voinov, (b) molecular-kinetic, (c) de Gennes, (d) linear.

In this figure exclusively, in order to highlight the similarity or discrepancy between the slopes of the advancing and receiling parts, the ordinates have been plotted versus the algebraic capillary number Ca. Ca is positive for the advancing branch and negative for the receding one.

Transitions entre régime

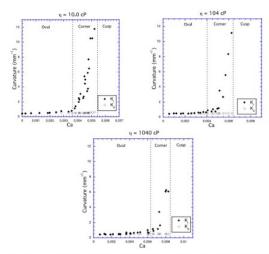


FIGURE 5. In-plane curvatures at the front K_a and rear K_r of the drops seen from above. The oval to corner transition is defined by the sudden variation of the angle φ that decreases Theo 90°, following a 1/Ca law (see figure 14). This also corresponds to the point for which K_r rises above K_m .

goutte en coin

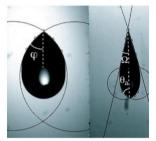


FIGURE 12. Measuring in-plane and out-of-plane opening angles of drops in the corner regime.

$$\sin arphi = rac{ heta_s^{f 3}}{9 \ln \left(rac{b}{a}
ight) C_a} \propto rac{1}{C_a}$$

goutte en coin

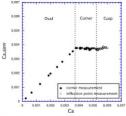


Figure 15. Non-dimensional normal speed of contact line at the drop rear versus drop speed (in terms of parameters $Casin \varphi$ and Ca) for $\eta = 10.0cP$.

goutte en coin

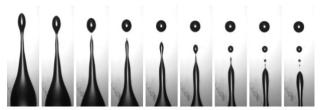
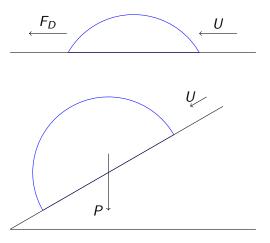


Figure 6. Pinching-off in the pearling regime and cascade of smaller drops deposited, $\eta\!=\!104\,{\rm cP},~{\rm Ca}\!=\!15.10^{-3},~1/3\,{\rm sec}$ between two pictures.

Conclusion

Rapport avec le stage



Questions

Avez-vous des questions?