# Factor Analysis - Measurement Invariance

Factor Analysis ED 216B - Instructor: Karen Nylund-Gibson

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DATA SOURCE: This lab exercise utilizes the NCES public-use dataset: Education Longitudinal Study of 2002 (Lauff & Ingels, 2014) See website: nces.ed.gov

```
# load packages
library(MplusAutomation)
library(haven)
library(rhdf5)
library(tidyverse)
library(here)
library(corrplot)
library(corrplot)
```

## Lab 9 - Begin

#### Read in data

```
lab_data <- read_csv(here("data", "els2002_data_subset3.csv"))</pre>
```

Preparations: subset, reorder, rename, and recode data

#### Take a quick look at variable distributions

```
melt(invar_data[,4:13]) %>%
   ggplot(., aes(x=value, label=variable)) +
   geom_histogram(bins = 15) +
   facet_wrap(~variable, scales = "free")
```

# Reverse code factor for ease of interpretation

```
cols = c("unsafe", "disrupt", "gangs", "rac_fght")
invar_data[ ,cols] <- 5 - invar_data[ ,cols]</pre>
```

#### factor names and interpretation:

- VICTIM: student reports being a victim of injury to self or property
  - scale range: Never, Once or twice, More than twice
  - higher values indicate greater frequency of victimization events
- NEG\_CLIM: Student reports on negative school climate attributes
  - scale range: Strongly Disagree Strongly Agree
  - higher values indicate a more negative climate

#### check correct coding, explore correlations

#### Step 0: Estimate the Unconditional Confirmatory Factor Analysis (CFA) model

- 10 item loadings (10items\*2groups)
- 10 intercepts
- 10 residual variances
- 01 factor co-variances

```
cfa_m0 <- mplusObject(</pre>
  TITLE = "model0 - unconditional CFA model",
  VARIABLE =
    "usevar = stolen-rac_fght;",
  ANALYSIS =
    "estimator = mlr;",
 MODEL =
    "VICTIM by stolen* t_hurt p_fight hit damaged bullied;
    VICTIM01; ! UVI identification
    NEG_CLIM by unsafe* disrupt gangs rac_fght;
    NEG_CLIM@1; ",
  PLOT = "type = plot3;",
  OUTPUT = "sampstat standardized residual modindices (3.84);",
 usevariables = colnames(invar_data),
 rdata = invar_data)
cfa_m0_fit <- mplusModeler(cfa_m0,</pre>
                            dataout=here("invar_mplus", "lab9_invar_data.dat"),
                            modelout=here("invar_mplus", "MO_CFA_fullsample.inp"),
                            check=TRUE, run = TRUE, hashfilename = FALSE)
```

#### Step 1: Run separate CFA models for each sub-sample

#### Group freelnch = 0 (low) CFA

```
cfa_m1 <- mplusObject(
  TITLE = "CFA model1 - group is 0 for freeInch",
  VARIABLE =
    "usevar = stolen-rac_fght;

  !freeInch (0 = school proportion is less than 11 percent)
    USEOBS = freeInch == 0; ",

ANALYSIS =
    "estimator = mlr;",

MODEL =
    "VICTIM by stolen* t_hurt p_fight hit damaged bullied;
    VICTIM@1; ! UVI identification

    NEG_CLIM by unsafe* disrupt gangs rac_fght;
    NEG_CLIM@1; ",</pre>
```

# Group freelnch = 1 (moderate to high) CFA

```
cfa m2 <- mplusObject(</pre>
 TITLE = "CFA model2 - group is 1 for freelnch",
  VARIABLE =
    "usevar = stolen-rac_fght;
     !freelnch (1 = school proportion is greater than or equal to 11 percent)
    USEOBS = freelnch == 1; ",
  ANALYSIS =
    "estimator = mlr;",
 MODEL =
    "VICTIM by stolen* t_hurt p_fight hit damaged bullied;
    VICTIM@1; ! UVI identification
    NEG_CLIM by unsafe* disrupt gangs rac_fght;
    NEG CLIM@1; ",
 PLOT = "type = plot3;",
  OUTPUT = "sampstat standardized residual modindices (3.84);",
 usevariables = colnames(invar_data),
 rdata = invar_data)
cfa_m2_fit <- mplusModeler(cfa_m2,</pre>
                            dataout=here("invar_mplus", "lab9_invar_data.dat"),
                            modelout=here("invar_mplus", "M2_CFA_freelnch_1.inp"),
                             check=TRUE, run = TRUE, hashfilename = FALSE)
```

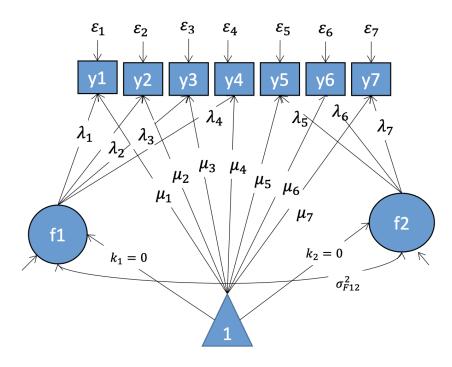


Figure: Picture depicting mean structure from slide by Dr. Karen Nylund-Gibson

# Step 2: Configural invariance

- free item loadings, intercepts, and residuals
- factor means fixed to zero

- 20 item loadings (10items\*2groups)
- 20 intercepts
- 20 residual variances
- 02 factor co-variances (1 for each group)

```
cfa_m3 <- mplusObject(
  TITLE = "CFA model3 - configural invariance",
  VARIABLE =
    "usevar = stolen-rac_fght;
  grouping = freelnch (0=freelnch_0 1=freelnch_1); ",</pre>
```

```
ANALYSIS =
   "estimator = mlr;",
  MODEL =
    "VICTIM by stolen* t_hurt p_fight hit damaged bullied;
    VICTIM@1; ! UVI identification
    NEG CLIM by unsafe* disrupt gangs rac fght;
    NEG CLIM@1;
     [VICTIM-NEG_CLIM00]; !factor means set to zero
    MODEL freelnch_1:
     VICTIM by stolen* t_hurt p_fight hit damaged bullied;
     VICTIM@1;
     [stolen t_hurt p_fight hit damaged bullied]; !free intercepts
    NEG_CLIM by unsafe* disrupt gangs rac_fght;
    NEG CLIM@1;
     [unsafe disrupt gangs rac_fght]; !free intercepts
     [VICTIM-NEG_CLIM@O]; ",
  PLOT = "type = plot3;",
  OUTPUT = "sampstat standardized residual modindices (3.84);",
 usevariables = colnames(invar_data),
 rdata = invar_data)
cfa_m3_fit <- mplusModeler(cfa_m3,</pre>
                            dataout=here("invar_mplus", "lab9_invar_data.dat"),
                            modelout=here("invar_mplus", "M3_configural.inp"),
                            check=TRUE, run = TRUE, hashfilename = FALSE)
```

# Step 3: Metric invariance

- item loadings (set to equal)
- free intercepts and residuals
- factor means fixed to zero
- free factor variances in group 2

- 10 item loadings (set to equal)
- 20 intercepts
- 20 residual variances
- 02 factor variances
- 02 factor co-variances

```
cfa_m4 <- mplusObject(</pre>
  TITLE = "CFA model4 - metric invariance",
  VARIABLE =
   "usevar = stolen-rac_fght;
     grouping = freelnch (0=freelnch_0 1=freelnch_1); ",
  ANALYSIS =
    "estimator = mlr;",
  MODEL =
    "VICTIM by stolen* t_hurt p_fight hit damaged bullied;
    VICTIM01; ! UVI identification
    NEG_CLIM by unsafe* disrupt gangs rac_fght;
    NEG_CLIM@1;
     [VICTIM-NEG_CLIM@O];
    MODEL freelnch_1:
    VICTIM; ! free factor variances for group 2
     [stolen t_hurt p_fight hit damaged bullied];
     NEG_CLIM;
     [unsafe disrupt gangs rac_fght];
     [VICTIM-NEG_CLIM@O]; ",
  PLOT = "type = plot3;",
  OUTPUT = "sampstat standardized residual modindices (3.84);",
 usevariables = colnames(invar_data),
 rdata = invar_data)
cfa_m4_fit <- mplusModeler(cfa_m4,</pre>
                             dataout=here("invar_mplus", "lab9_invar_data.dat"),
                            modelout=here("invar_mplus", "M4_metric.inp"),
                            check=TRUE, run = TRUE, hashfilename = FALSE)
```

#### Step 4: Scalar invariance

- item loadings (set to equal)
- intercepts (set to equal)
- free residuals
- factor means fixed to zero
- free factor variances in group 2

- 10 item loadings (set to equal)
- 10 intercepts (set to equal)
- 20 residual variances
- 02 factor variances
- 02 factor co-variances
- 02 factor means

```
cfa_m5 <- mplusObject(
  TITLE = "model5 - scalar invariance",
  VARIABLE =
    "usevar = stolen-rac_fght;
    grouping = freelnch (0=freelnch_0 1=freelnch_1); ",
  ANALYSIS =
    "estimator = mlr;",
 MODEL =
    "VICTIM by stolen* t_hurt p_fight hit damaged bullied;
    VICTIM@1;
    NEG_CLIM by unsafe* disrupt gangs rac_fght;
    NEG_CLIM@1;
     [VICTIM-NEG_CLIM@O];
    MODEL freelnch_1:
    VICTIM; ! free factor variances for group 2
    NEG_CLIM;
     [VICTIM-NEG_CLIM]; ! free factor means",
  PLOT = "type = plot3;",
  OUTPUT = "sampstat standardized residual modindices (3.84);",
 usevariables = colnames(invar_data),
```

#### Step 5: Strict invariance

- item loadings (set to equal)
- intercepts (set to equal)
- residuals (set to equal)
- factor means fixed to zero
- free factor variances in group 2

- 10 item loadings (set to equal)
- 10 intercepts (set to equal)
- 10 residual variances
- 02 factor variances
- 02 factor co-variances
- 02 factor means

```
cfa_m6 <- mplusObject(
  TITLE = "model6 - strict invariance",
  VARIABLE =
    "usevar = stolen-rac_fght;
    grouping = freelnch (0=freelnch_0 1=freelnch_1); ",

ANALYSIS =
    "estimator = mlr;",

MODEL =
    "VICTIM by stolen* t_hurt p_fight hit damaged bullied;
    VICTIM@1;

    NEG_CLIM by unsafe* disrupt gangs rac_fght;
    NEG_CLIM@1;

[VICTIM-NEG_CLIM@0];
    stolen-rac_fght(1-10); ! set residuals to be equal across groups

MODEL freelnch_1:</pre>
```

# Step 6: Structural invariance A (fixed factor variances)

#### Demonstration of structural invariance using the Scalar model

- item loadings (set to equal)
- intercepts (set to equal)
- free residuals (Scalar)
- $\bullet$  factor means free in group 2
- factor variances (set to 1)
- free factor covariances

- 10 item loadings (set to equal)
- 10 intercepts (set to equal)
- 20 residual variances
- 00 factor variances
- 02 factor co-variances
- 02 factor means

```
# fixed factor variances
cfa_m7 <- mplusObject(
  TITLE = "model7 - structural invariance A" ,
  VARIABLE =
    "usevar = stolen-rac_fght;</pre>
```

```
grouping = freelnch (0=freelnch_0 1=freelnch_1); ",
  ANALYSIS =
   "estimator = mlr;",
    "VICTIM by stolen* t_hurt p_fight hit damaged bullied;
    VICTIM@1;
    NEG_CLIM by unsafe* disrupt gangs rac_fght;
     NEG_CLIM@1;
     [VICTIM-NEG_CLIM@O];
    MODEL freelnch_1:
     [VICTIM-NEG_CLIM]; ! free factor means
     VICTIM01; NEG_CLIM01; ! fix factor variance to 1",
  PLOT = "type = plot3;",
  OUTPUT = "sampstat standardized residual modindices (3.84);",
 usevariables = colnames(invar_data),
 rdata = invar_data)
cfa_m7_fit <- mplusModeler(cfa_m7,</pre>
                            dataout=here("invar_mplus", "lab9_invar_data.dat"),
                            modelout=here("invar_mplus", "M7_structuralA.inp"),
                            check=TRUE, run = TRUE, hashfilename = FALSE)
```

# Step 7: Structural invariance B (fixed factor variances and equal covariances)

# Demonstration of structural invariance using the Scalar model

- item loadings (set to equal)
- intercepts (set to equal)
- free residuals (Scalar)
- factor means free in group 2
- factor variances (set to equal)
- factor covariances (set to equal)

- 10 item loadings (set to equal)
- 10 intercepts (set to equal)

- 20 residual variances
- 00 factor variances
- 01 factor co-variances
- 02 factor means

```
# equal factor variances and covariances
cfa_m8 <- mplusObject(
  TITLE = "model8 - structural invariance B" ,
  VARIABLE =
   "usevar = stolen-rac_fght;
    grouping = freelnch (0=freelnch_0 1=freelnch_1); ",
  ANALYSIS =
    "estimator = mlr;",
  MODEL =
    "VICTIM by stolen* t_hurt p_fight hit damaged bullied;
    VICTIM@1;
    NEG_CLIM by unsafe* disrupt gangs rac_fght;
    NEG_CLIM@1;
     [VICTIM-NEG_CLIM@O];
     VICTIM with NEG_CLIM (11) ! set covariances to equal;
    MODEL freelnch_1:
     [VICTIM-NEG_CLIM]; ! free factor means
    VICTIM@1; NEG_CLIM@1; ! fix factor variance to 1
    VICTIM with NEG_CLIM (11); ! set covariances to equal",
  PLOT = "type = plot3;",
  OUTPUT = "sampstat standardized residual modindices (3.84);",
  usevariables = colnames(invar_data),
 rdata = invar data)
cfa_m8_fit <- mplusModeler(cfa_m8,
                            dataout=here("invar_mplus", "lab9_invar_data.dat"),
                            modelout=here("invar_mplus", "M8_structuralB.inp"),
                            check=TRUE, run = TRUE, hashfilename = FALSE)
```

#### Latent Factor Means differences:

```
(model: Step_07_STRUCTURAL)

Mean differences: Students in sub-sample freelnch_1 have...

VICTIM -0.026 0.091 -0.291 0.771 (not significant)

NEG_CLIM 0.632 0.104 6.104 0.000 (higher scores for "NEG_CLIM")
```

# Comparing Fit Across Models:

#### Guidlines for loadings & fit indices

- Simple structure: "0.4 0.3 0.2" rule Howard (2016) (primary loadings > 0.4 / cross-loadings < 0.3 / minimum difference = 0.2)
- RMSEA: < .05 indicates "good" fit Brown (2015)
- **CFI:** > .95 indicates "good" fit Brown (2015)
- SRMR: < .08 indicates "good" fit Hu and Bentler (1999)
- Invariance: Changes in  ${\bf CFI}$  less than or equal to  ${\bf -0.01}$  are acceptable

#### read all of the output files

```
all_models <- readModels(here("invar_mplus"))</pre>
```

extract fit statistics, sort by Filename

# Create table and rename columns

Calculate Satora-Bentler scaled Chi-square difference test (use with MLR estimator)

See website: stats.idre.ucla.edu

- SB0 = null model Chi-square value
- SB1 = alternate model Chi-square value
- c0 = null model scaling correction factor
- c1 = alternate model scaling correction factor
- d0 = null model degrees of freedom
- d1 = alternate model degrees of freedom
- df = Chi-square test degrees of freedom

```
# compare configural to metric
SBO <- all models[["M4 metric.out"]][["summaries"]][["ChiSqM Value"]]
SB1 <- all_models[["M3_configural.out"]][["summaries"]][["ChiSqM_Value"]]
c0 <- all_models[["M4_metric.out"]][["summaries"]][["ChiSqM_ScalingCorrection"]]
c1 <- all models[["M3 configural.out"]][["summaries"]][["ChiSqM ScalingCorrection"]]</pre>
d0 <- all_models[["M4_metric.out"]][["summaries"]][["ChiSqM_DF"]]</pre>
d1 <- all_models[["M3_configural.out"]][["summaries"]][["ChiSqM_DF"]]</pre>
df <- abs(d0-d1)
# Satora-Bentler scaled Difference test equations
cd \leftarrow (((d0*c0)-(d1*c1))/(d0-d1))
t <- (((SB0*c0)-(SB1*c1))/(cd))
# Chi-square and degrees of freedom
df
# Significance test
pchisq(t, df, lower.tail=FALSE)
# compare metric to scalar
SBO <- all_models[["M5_scalar.out"]][["summaries"]][["ChiSqM_Value"]]
SB1 <- all_models[["M4_metric.out"]][["summaries"]][["ChiSqM_Value"]]
c0 <- all_models[["M5_scalar.out"]][["summaries"]][["ChiSqM_ScalingCorrection"]]</pre>
c1 <- all_models[["M4_metric.out"]][["summaries"]][["ChiSqM_ScalingCorrection"]]</pre>
d0 <- all_models[["M5_scalar.out"]][["summaries"]][["ChiSqM_DF"]]</pre>
d1 <- all models[["M4 metric.out"]][["summaries"]][["ChiSqM DF"]]
df <- abs(d0-d1)
# Satora-Bentler scaled Difference test equations
cd \leftarrow (((d0*c0)-(d1*c1))/(d0-d1))
t <- (((SB0*c0)-(SB1*c1))/(cd))
# Chi-square and degrees of freedom
t
df
# Significance test
pchisq(t, df, lower.tail=FALSE)
```

# Invariance short-cut

```
mx <- mplusObject(</pre>
 TITLE = "INVARIANCE SHORT_CUT - LAB 9 DEMO",
  VARIABLE =
    "usevar = stolen-rac_fght;
     grouping = freelnch (0=freelnch_0 1=freelnch_1); ",
  ANALYSIS =
  "Estimator = MLR;
  MODEL= CONFIG METRIC SCALAR; ",
    MODEL =
    "VICTIM by stolen* t_hurt p_fight hit damaged bullied;
    VICTIM@1;
    NEG_CLIM by unsafe* disrupt gangs rac_fght;
     NEG_CLIM@1;" ,
  PLOT = "",
  OUTPUT = "sampstat residual;",
  usevariables = colnames(invar_data),
  rdata = invar_data)
mx_fit <- mplusModeler(mx,</pre>
                             dataout=here("invar short", "Invar short cut.dat"),
                            modelout=here("invar_short", "Invar_short_cut.inp"),
                             check=TRUE, run = TRUE, hashfilename = FALSE)
```

# Invariance Testing (Chi-square values - Chi-Square difference p-values are biased)

Number of			Degrees of	
Model	Parameters	Chi-Square	Freedom	P-Value
Configural	62	149.315	68	0.0000
Metric	54	163.312	76	0.0000
Scalar	46	179.176	84	0.0000
			Degrees of	
Models Compared		Chi-Square	Freedom	P-Value
Metric agains	st Configural	14.759	8	0.0640
Scalar agains	st Configural	30.022	16	0.0179
Scalar agains	st Metric	15.444	8	0.0511

#### End of Lab 9

#### References

Hallquist, M. N., & Wiley, J. F. (2018). MplusAutomation: An R Package for Facilitating Large-Scale Latent Variable Analyses in Mplus. Structural equation modeling: a multidisciplinary journal, 25(4), 621-638.

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Wickham et al., (2019). Welcome to the tidy verse. Journal of Open Source Software, 4(43), 1686, https://doi.org/10.21105/joss.01686

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