

“Simplicity is the ultimate sophistication”

Leonardo da Vinci

Day-2



Structured + semi-structured data



Instant, unlimited scalability



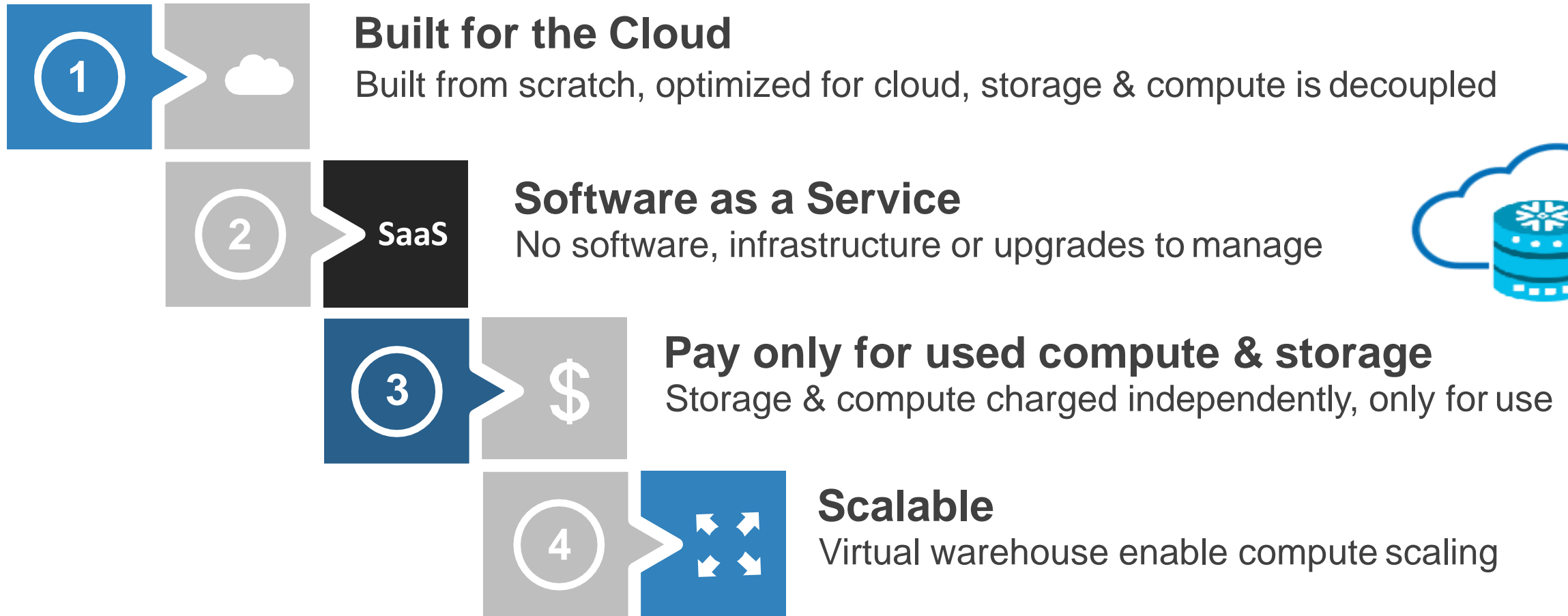
No management burden



Live data sharing



Unique architecture:
Multi-cluster, shared data





Traditional Data Warehouse & Big Data Platforms

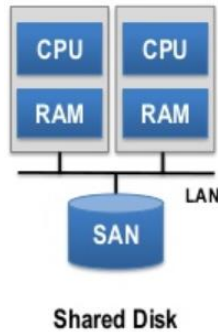
- Capacity planning & migration
- Storage & server management
- Index, partition, and sort keys
- Backup, failover, disaster recovery
- Security management



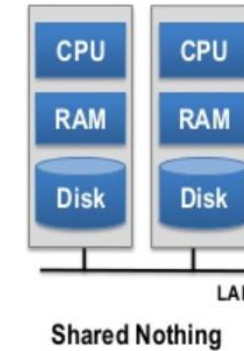
Snowflake

- No infrastructure management
- No knobs to tune
- Built-in resiliency and data protection
- Built-in, enterprise-grade security

Traditional Distributed Architecture

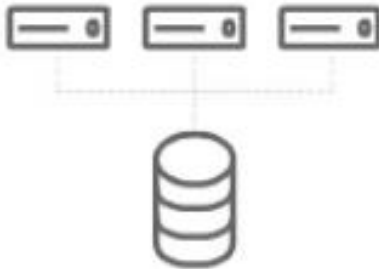


- ☐ In shared disk architecture the nodes share memory as well as the storage
- ☐ disks have active nodes which are shared in case of failures.
- ☐ The hardware in shared disk is comparatively expensive
- ☐ The data is not partitioned
- ☐ Major advantage is that it is highly available
- ☐ Good for OLTP



- ☐ In shared nothing architecture the nodes do not share memory or storage
- ☐ disks have individual nodes which cannot be shared
- ☐ It has cheaper hardware as compared to shared disk architecture.
- ☐ The data is strictly partitioned
- ☐ Major advantage is that it is highly scalable.
- ☐ Good for DSS.

Traditional Architectures



Shared-disk

Shared storage
Single cluster



Shared-nothing

Decentralised, local storage
Single cluster

Snowflake



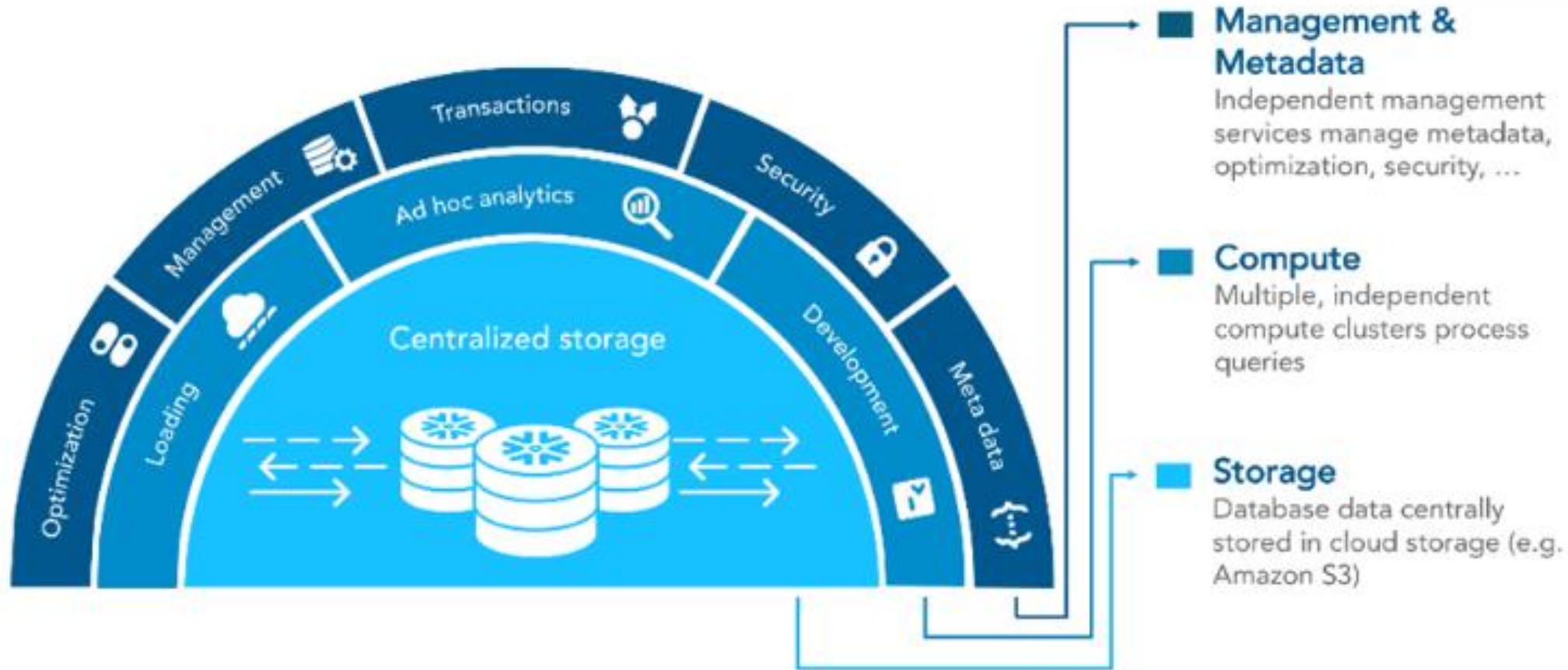
Multi-cluster, shared data

Centralised, scale-out storage
Multiple, independent compute clusters

Snowflake Architecture Overview

1

The Snowflake Elastic Data Warehouse has a unique architecture that delivers the power of data warehousing, the flexibility of big data platforms and the elasticity of the cloud – at a fraction of the cost of other solutions





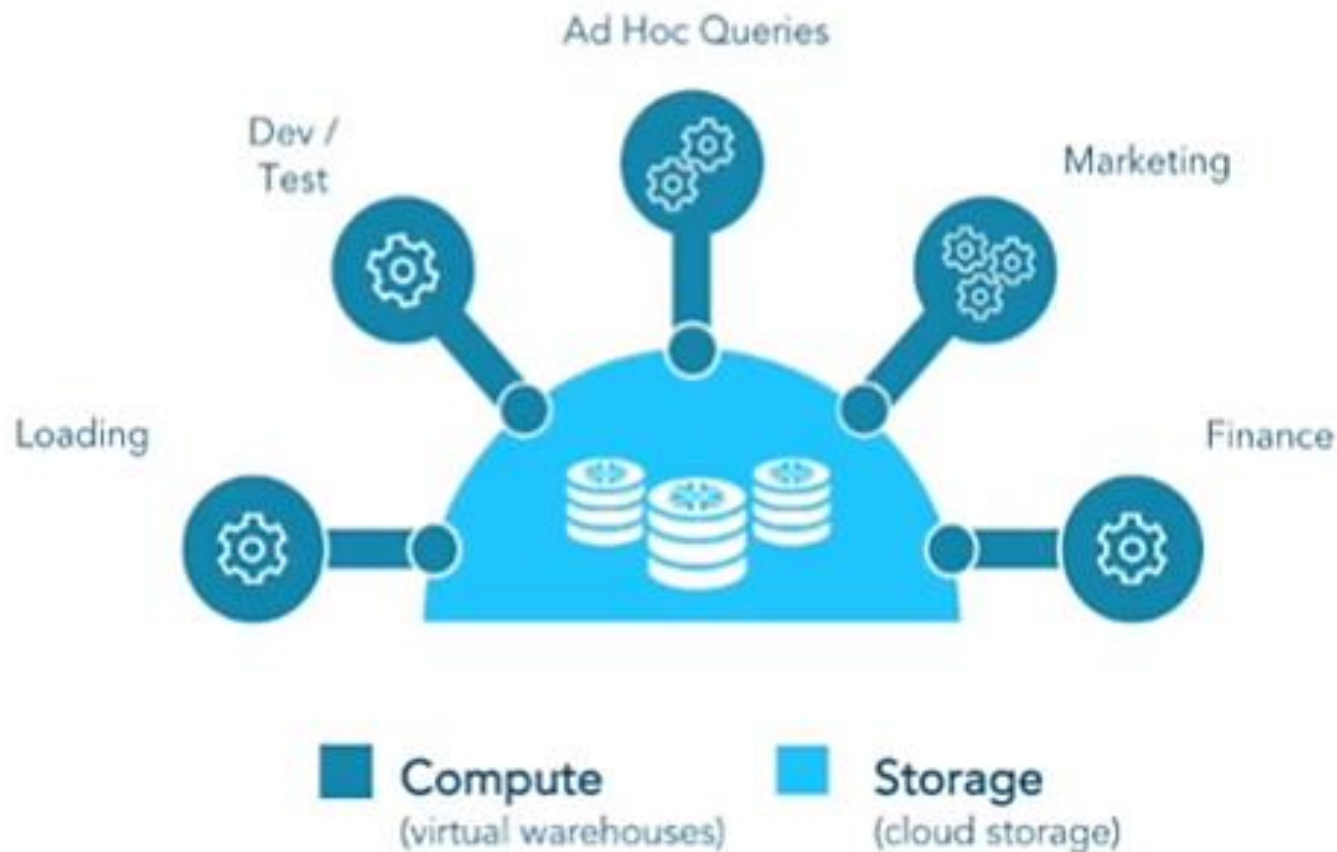
 **Storage**
(cloud storage services)

Decouple compute from storage

- One place for data
- Storage scales without scaling compute
- Only pay for compute when used

Centralize data in cloud storage

- Near-infinite capacity
- Automatic, transparent scaling
- Built-in replication & redundancy
- Very low cost: <\$25 / compressed TB / mo



Compute Cluster AKA Virtual Warehouse (VW) – Compute Resources (RAM, CPU, SSD)

- Scale Out and In on the Fly
- Scale Up and Down in Seconds

Multiple Independent Cluster

- No Resource Contention
- Load & Query Simultaneously

3 Types of Compute

- Compute Provisioned by you
 - VW
- Compute Provisioned by Snowflake
 - For Serverless features
 - Cloud Services Compute



Single service

- Simple: all data & workloads in one system
- Complete: centrally controlled infrastructure, monitoring, security, availability

Built-in intelligence

- Consistent: ACID transactions across all users and workloads
- Optimized: system-wide metadata and optimization



- ❑ Decouple storage from compute
- ❑ One place for all enterprise data
- ❑ Data stored in compressed format of choice e.g. gzip, bz2, Brotli, Zstd, Deflate etc.
- ❑ No need for provisioning of storage in advance
- ❑ Near infinite capacity
- ❑ Automatic and transparent scaling
- ❑ Built-in replication and redundancy
- ❑ Utilizes cheap storage options i.e. AWS S3, Azure BLOB, GCP storage bucket
- ❑ Storage cost based on chosen platform and region
- ❑ Encryption at rest by default. Annual rekey of all encrypted data

Compute Layer - Muscle

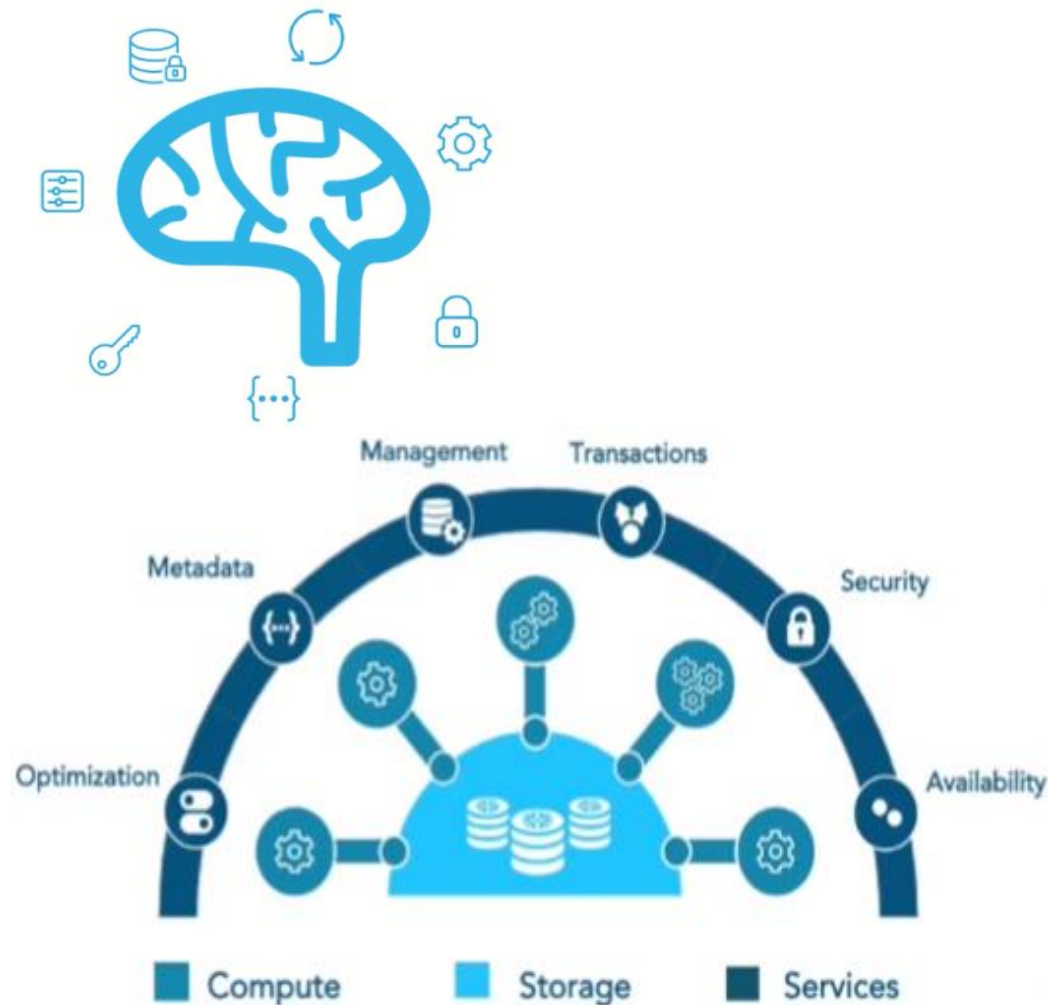


- ❑ Muscle of snowflake aka virtual warehouses (VW)
- ❑ Scale OUT and IN automatically- horizontal scaling
- ❑ Scale UP and DOWN on the fly- vertical scaling
- ❑ Auto resume in need, auto suspend when not-in-use
- ❑ No resource contention between VWs
- ❑ Pay only when in use, per second billing
- ❑ Available in standard sizes XS,S,M,L,XL,2XL,3XL,4XL, 5XL, 6XL
- ❑ Query performance scales linearly with VW size
- ❑ Compute cost based on chosen edition, platform and region
- ❑ Virtually unlimited number of VWs can be created



CLOUD SERVICES LAYER

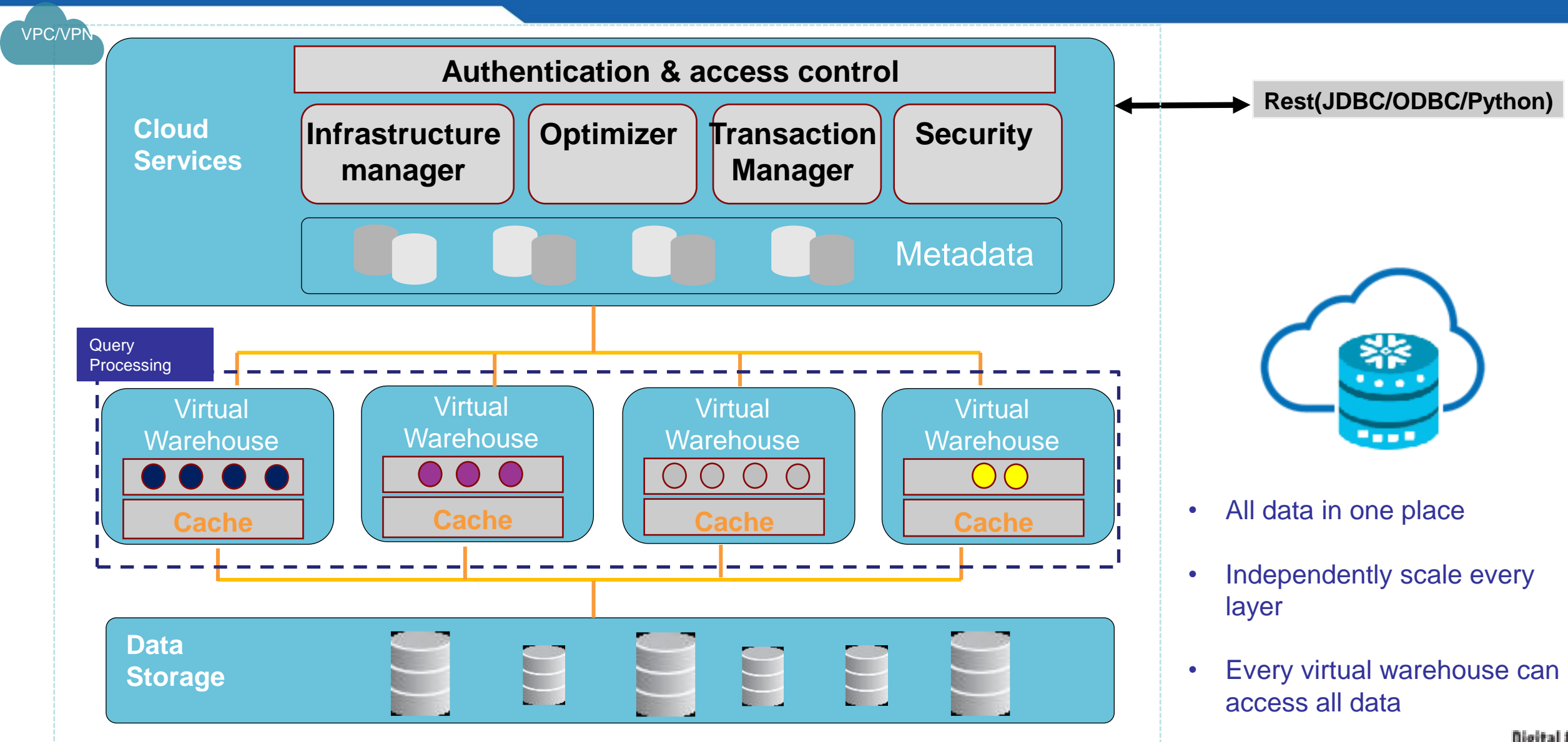
THE BRAINS



- ❑ Brain of snowflake aka Cloud Services Layer
- ❑ Centrally controlled infrastructure
- ❑ Metadata storage and optimization
- ❑ Query parsing and optimization
- ❑ Authentication & Access control
- ❑ Enforces ACID transactions across all workloads
- ❑ Billing for only excess of 10% of your compute credit usage each day
- ❑ Management (Cache and Replication Management)

Snowflake – Three Layers

2



- All data in one place
- Independently scale every layer
- Every virtual warehouse can access all data