Finding Files and Directories

What You Will Learn

Commands that allow you to find files and directories:

find

locate

The find Command

```
find [path...] [expression]
```

Recursively finds files in path that match the expression. If no arguments are supplied, it finds all files in the current directory.

find Options

-name pattern

Find files and directories that match pattern.

-iname pattern

Like -name, but ignores case.

-ls

Performs an ls on each of the found items.

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find Options

-mtime days-size numFinds files that are days old.Finds file that are of size

num.

-newer file Finds files that are newer than file.

-exec command {} \;

Run command against all the files that are found.

A Fast Find - locate

locate pattern

- Lists files that match pattern.
- Faster than the find command.
- Queries an index.
- Results are not in real time.
- May not be enabled on all systems.

Summary

- find
 - Real-time results.
 - Good for advanced searches.

- locate
 - Results may be a day old.
 - Good for simple searches.