Installing and Managing Software

What You Will Learn

What are Packages

What are Package Managers

How to manage software on RHEL, CentOS, Debian, Ubuntu, and similar operating systems

Why Packages & Package Managers?

Standards for bundling software files

Common interface for managing software

Ease of finding, installing, and uninstalling software

What You Will Be Able to Accomplish

How to find, install, and remove packages

How to determine what packages are installed

How to inspect packages and their contents

Package

A collection of files

Data / Metadata

Package description

Version

Dependencies

Package Manager

Installs, upgrades, and removes packages

Manages dependencies

Keeps track of what is installed

Package Types

RPM distros RHEL, CentOS, and Oracle Linux

DEB distros

Debian, Ubuntu, and Linux Mint

Installing Software on RPM Distros

RedHat

CentOS

Oracle Linux

AlmaLinux

Rocky Linux

yum - RHEL 7 / CentOS 7 & Earlier

yum search string

Search for string

yum info [package]

Display info

yum install [-y] package

Install package

yum remove package

Remove package

yum upgrade [package]

Update package

LinuxTrainingAcademy.com

dnf - RHEL 8 / CentOS 8 & Later

dnf search string

dnf info [package]

dnf install [-y] package

dnf remove package

dnf upgrade [package]

Search for string

Display info

Install package

Remove package

Update package

LinuxTrainingAcademy.com

rpm

```
rpm -qa
List all installed packages
```

```
rpm -qf /path/to/file
List the file's package
```

rpm

```
rpm -ql package

List the package's files
```

```
rpm -ivh package.rpm Install the package
```

rpm

rpm -e package
Erase (uninstall) the package

Installing Software on DEB Distros

Debian

Ubuntu

Linux Mint

Kali Linux

apt-cache

apt-get

apt

```
apt-cache search string

Search for string
```

apt-get remove package

Remove package, leaving configuration

apt-get purge package

Remove package, deleting configuration

apt-cache show package

Display information about the package

```
apt-get update

Update the local list of remote packages
```

```
apt-get upgrade [-y]
     Upgrade all installed packages
```

apt

Combination of apt-cache and apt-get

```
apt search
apt install
apt purge
apt update
apt upgrade
```

<u>LinuxTrainingAcademy.com</u>

dpkg

```
dpkg -1

List the installed packages
```

```
dpkg -S /path/to/file
  List the file's package
```

dpkg

dpkg -L package

List all the files in package

dpkg -i package.deb
Install the package

dpkg

dpkg -r package

Remove (uninstall) the package

How to Keep Your System Clean

apt autoremove

dnf autoremove

Recap

Packages & Package Managers

```
RPM

dnf / yum

rpm
```

DEB

```
apt
dpkg
```

Your Turn

- Search for a package.
- View details about the package if needed.
- Install the package.
- Verify the installation.
- Example software to practice with:
 - Apache
 - MariaDB