

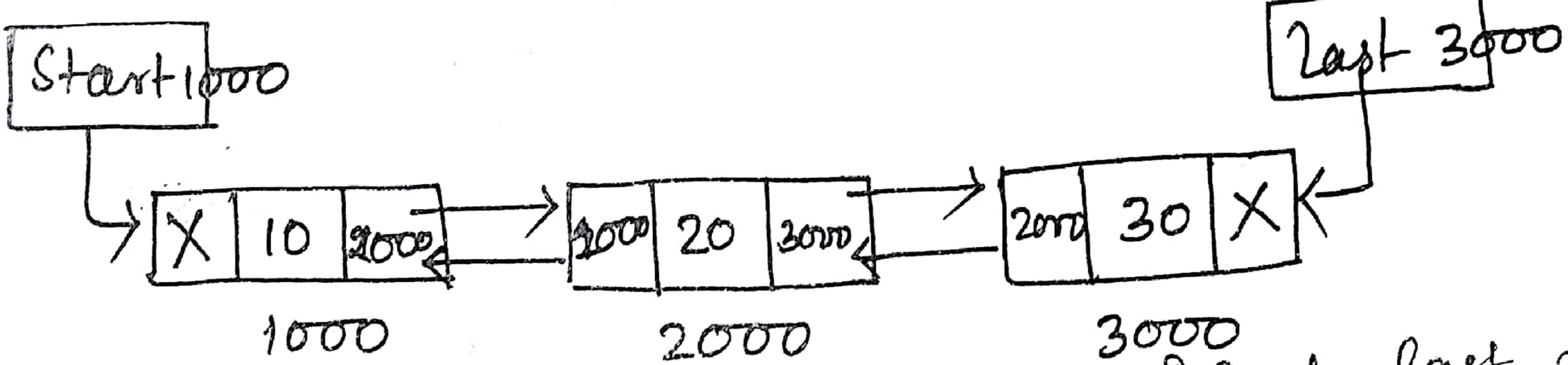
Double Linked List

17

Disadvantage of single linked list - The main disadvantage of single linked list is that the inability to traverse the list in the backwards direction.

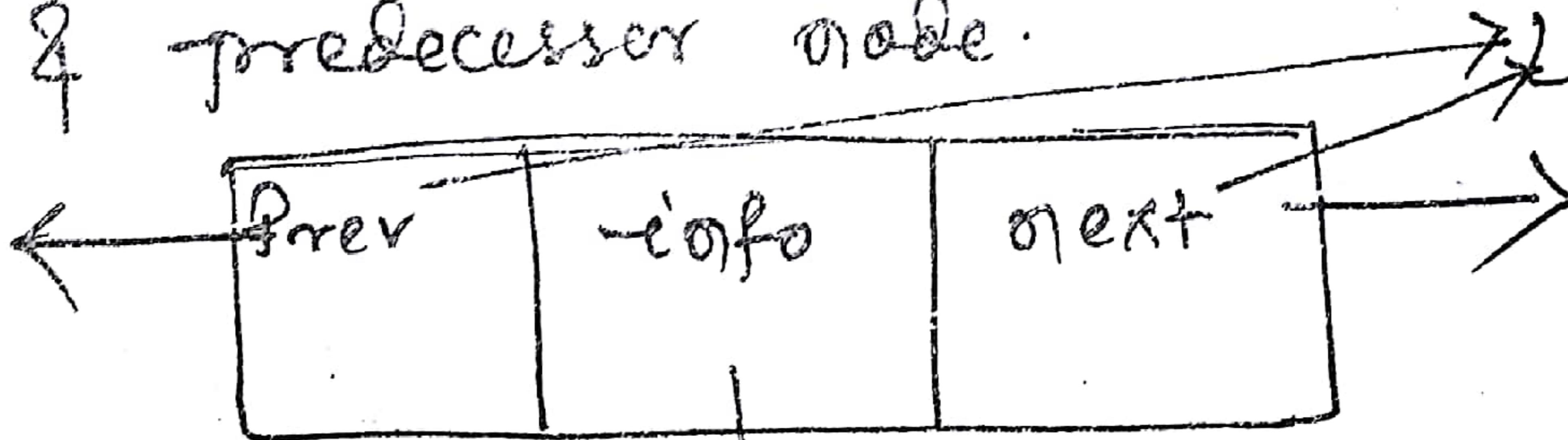
Def:

- A double linked list is one in which all nodes are linked together by multiple number of links which help in accessing both the successor node and predecessor node from the given node position.
- There are two external pointer start & last are passed where start is used to store address of starting node & last is used to store address of last node in the list.



→ Previous field of first node & next field of last node holds NULL.

- It provides bidirectional traversing.
- Each node in a doubly linked list has two linking fields. These are used to point to the successor node & predecessor node.



→ left link points to the predecessor node whereas right link points to the successor node.

» Structure for double linked list - :

typedef struct NODE

```
{ struct NODE *prev;
```

```
int info;
```

```
struct NODE *next;
```

```
} node;
```

» Empty list creation - :
Node *start = NULL, *last = NULL;

operations in double linked list -:

i) Traverse

- ↳ Traverse in order
- ↳ Traverse in reverse order

ii) creation of double linked list.

iii) insertion

iv) deletion

v) searching

Traverse -:

(i) in order -:

void traverse_in-or()

{

node *ptr;

ptr = start;

while(ptr != NULL)

{ pf("%d", ptr->info);

ptr = ptr->next;

}

}

(ii) creation -:

void create()

{

node *ptr;

ptr = (node *) malloc(sizeof(node));

if(ptr == NULL)

{

pf("Memory full");

getch();

exit(0);

}

else

{ pf("Enter info");

scanf("%d", &ptr->info);

if(start == NULL)

{

ptr->next = NULL;

ptr->prev = NULL;

(ii) reverse order -:

void traverse_in-re()

{

node *ptr;

ptr = last;

while(ptr != NULL)

{

pf("%d", ptr->info);

ptr = ptr->prev;

}

}

}

}

}

}

}

}

}

}

}

}

}

}

}

}

}

}

}

}

}

}

}

}

}

63

19

```

Start = ptr;
last = ptr;
}
else {
    ptr->next = NULL;
    last->next = ptr;
    last = ptr;
}
}
}

```

Insertion :-

2) insertion at begin \rightarrow

C code

```

void dl_cons_beg()
{
    node *ptr;
    ptr = (node *) malloc (sizeof(node));
    if (ptr == NULL)
    {
        pf("Memory full");
        getch();
        exit(0);
    }
    else
    {
        pf("Enter info");
        sf("%d", &ptr->info);
        if (start == NULL)
        {
            ptr->prev = NULL;
            ptr->next = NULL;
            start = ptr;
            last = ptr;
        }
    }
}

```

```

    {
        pptr->next = start;
        pptr->prev = NULL;
        start->prev = pptr;
        start = pptr;
    }
}

```

ii) insertion at end

```

void dl-ins-end()
{
    node *pptr;
    pptr = (node *) malloc(sizeof(node));
    if(pptr == NULL)
    {
        printf("Memory full");
        getch();
        exit(0);
    }
}

```

```

else
{
    printf("Enter info");
    if(*d != pptr->info)
    {
        pptr->next = NULL;
        if(start == NULL)
        {
            pptr->prev = NULL;
            start = pptr;
            last = pptr;
        }
    }
}

```

```

else
{
    pptr->prev = last;
    last->next = pptr;
    last = pptr;
}

```

{

{

iii) Insertion at specific position \rightarrow

void dlnode-spc()

{
 int pos, i;
 node *ptr, *loc;

 ptr = (node *) malloc(sizeof(node));

 if (ptr == NULL)

 printf("Memory full");

 getch();

 exit(0);

}

else

{
 printf("Enter pos");

 scanf("%d", &pos);

 if (pos == 0)

{

 ptr->prev = NULL;

 ptr->next = NULL;

 start = ptr;

 rest = ptr;

}

else

{
 loc = start;

 for (i=0; i<pos; i++)

{
 loc = loc->next;

 if (loc == NULL)

{

 printf("Pos Not found");

 getch();

 exit(0);

}

}

 ptr->next = loc,

 ptr->prev = loc->prev;

(loc->prev)->next = ptr;

 loc->prev = ptr;

}

}

Q) insertion before :-

```

void dl_cons_bef()
{
    int bef;
    node *ptr, *loc;
    ptr = (node *)malloc(sizeof(node));
    if (ptr == NULL)
    {
        printf("Memory full");
        getch();
        exit(0);
    }
    else
    {
        printf("Enter element");
        scanf("%d", &ptr->i);
        printf("Enter the element before
               which element to be inserted");
        scanf("%d", &bef);
        loc = start;
        if (start->info == bef)
        {
            loc->prev = ptr;
            ptr->next = start;
            ptr->prev = NULL;
            start = ptr;
        }
        else
        {
            while (loc->next != NULL && (loc->info != bef))
                loc = loc->next;
            if (loc == NULL)
            {
                printf("element Not found");
                getch();
                exit(0);
            }
            else
            {
                ptr->next = loc;
                ptr->prev = loc->prev;
                (loc->prev)->next = ptr;
                loc->prev = ptr;
            }
        }
    }
}

```

67

23
Q) Insert after an element →

void dl-ins-aft()

{ int aft;

node *ptr, *loc;

ptr = (node *) malloc (sizeof(node));

if (ptr == NULL)

{ printf("Memory full");

getch();

exit(0);

else

{ printf(" after element");

scanf("%d", &aft);

printf(" Enter value");

scanf("%d", &ptr->info);

if (last->info == aft)

{ ptr->prev = last;

ptr->next = NULL;

last->next = ptr;

last = ptr;

else

{ loc = front;

while ((loc->next != NULL) && (loc->info != aft))

{

loc = loc->next;

}

if (loc == NULL)

{ printf("element Not present");

else

{ ptr->prev = loc;

ptr->next = loc->next;

(loc->next)->prev = ptr;

loc->next = ptr;

}

3

3

3

Deletion :-
deletion at begin :-
void del_beg()
{ node *ptr;

ptr = start;
if (start == NULL)

fprintf("No element");

getch();
exit(0);

}

else
fprintf("Element deleted is %d", ptr->info);

if (start->next == NULL)

{ last = NULL;
start = NULL;

}

else

(start->next) → Prev = NULL;

start = ptr->next;

Deletion at end :-
void del_end()

{ node *ptr;

ptr = last;

if (last == NULL)

{ pf("List is empty");

getch();

exit(0);

}

else

{ pf("Element deleted is %d", ptr->info);

if (last->prev == NULL)

{ last = NULL;

start = NULL;

}

else { last->next = ptr;

(last->prev)->next = NULL;

last = last->prev;

free(ptr);

iii) Deletion at specific pos

```
void del_spcc()
```

```
{
```

```
node *ptr;
```

```
char int pos, i;
```

```
-if (start == NULL)
```

```
{
```

```
printf("No element");
```

```
getch();
```

```
exit(0);
```

```
}
```

```
else
```

```
{ ptr = start;
```

```
pf("Enter pos");
```

```
if (%d, &pos);
```

```
-if (pos == 0),
```

```
{
```

```
start =
```

```
(ptr->next)->prev = NULL;
```

```
start = start->next;
```

```
}
```

```
else
```

```
{ ptr = start;
```

```
for (i = 0; i < pos; i++)
```

```
{
```

```
ptr = ptr->next;
```

```
-if (ptr == NULL)
```

```
{ pf("pos not found");
```

```
getch();
```

```
exit(0);
```

~~if (ptr->next == NULL)~~
~~last = ptr~~

```
3
```

```
(ptr->next)->prev = ptr->prev;
```

```
(ptr->prev)->next = ptr->next; if (ptr->next == NULL)
```

```
3
```

```
free(ptr);
```

```
3
```

```
else
```

```
{ last = ptr->prev;
```

```
(ptr->prev)->next = ptr->next;
```

```
3
```

```
3
```

9v) Deletion after an element

void dl-del-after()

{ int after;

node *ptr;

ptr = start;

if (*start == NULL)

{ pf("List is empty");
getch();
exit(0);

else

{ pf("Enter after element");

sf("%d", &after);

while ((ptr != NULL) && (ptr->info != after))

ptr = ptr->next;

if (ptr == NULL)

{ pf("Location Not found");

else

{ loc = ptr->next;

~~ptr->next =~~

loc = ptr;

ptr = ptr->next;

loc->next = ptr->next;

(ptr->next)->prev = ptr->prev;

free(ptr);

}

3

v7 Deletion before an element \rightarrow

```
void dl-del-bef()
{
    int bef
    node *ptr, *loc;
    ptr = start;
    if (start == NULL)
    {
        pf("List is empty");
        getch();
        exit(0);
    }
    else
    {
        loc = start;
        pf("Enter before element");
        sf("%d", &bef);
        while (loc != NULL) if (loc->info == bef)
        {
            ploc = loc;
            loc = loc->next;
        }
        if (loc == NULL)
            pf("Element Not found");
        else
        {
            loc->prev = ptr->prev;
            (ptr->prev)->next = ptr->next;
        }
        free(ptr);
    }
}
```