Limita pomocné pojmy

okolie bodu v R

Nech
$$\alpha \in \chi$$
, $\alpha \neq \infty$

$$O_{\mathcal{E}}(\alpha) = d \times \in \mathcal{R}: |x - \alpha| < \mathcal{E}$$

$$= (\alpha) = 0_{\mathcal{E}}(\alpha) \setminus d = \mathcal{E} - \text{prstencové okolie}$$
bodu a

okolie bodu v C

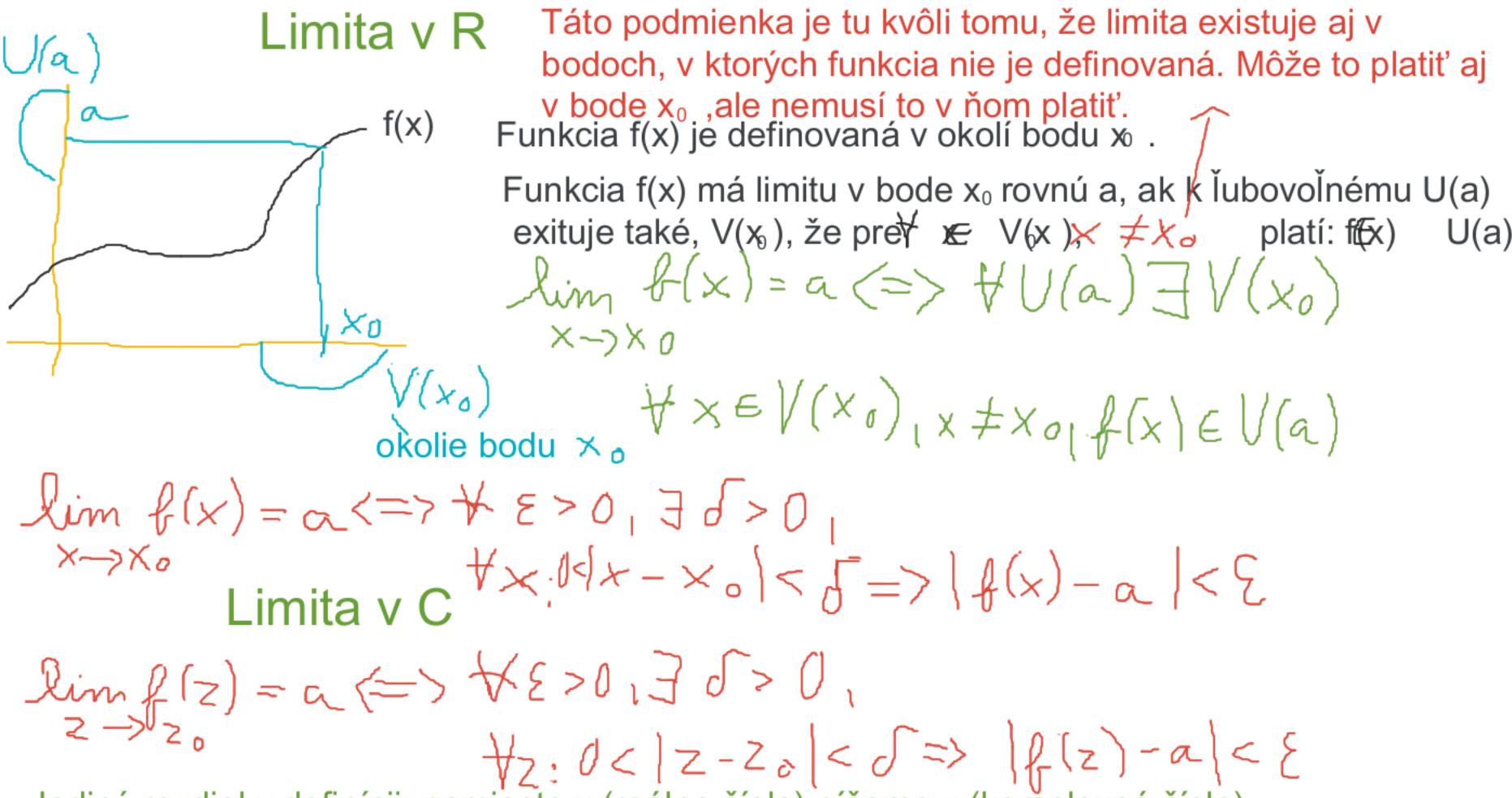
Nech
$$\alpha \in C$$
, $\alpha \neq \infty$

$$O_{\varepsilon}(\alpha) = d_{\varepsilon}(z \in C : |z - \alpha| < \varepsilon)$$

$$O_{\varepsilon}(\alpha) = O_{\varepsilon}(\alpha) \setminus d_{\alpha} = 0$$



Bod b sa nazýva HROMADNÝ BOD množiny E, $\frac{1}{4k}$ $\{70,0^{\circ}_{E}(6)\}$



Jediný rozdiel v definícii: namiesto x (reálne číslo) píšeme z (komplexné číslo), ale v R je okolie interval a v C je okolie kruh.

$$\lim_{z\to z} f(z) = oc$$

$$f(z) = f(x + iy) = u(x,y) + iv(x,y)$$

potom platí nasledujúca veta:

$$\lim_{z\to z_0} f(z) = \alpha = b + i C \langle = \rangle \quad \lim_{(x_1y_1)\to z_0} \mathcal{M}(x_1y_1) = b$$

 $\lim_{(X_1y_0)\to (X_0,y_0)} = C$

At $\lim_{z\to z_0} f(z) = a_1 \operatorname{peton} \lim_{z\to z_0} |f(z)| = |a|$ a at $a \neq 0$, $a \neq \infty$,

holom as lim ary f(z) = ary a