All data taken at Pacific Northwest National Laboratory (PNNL)

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Composite spectrum for ISOPREN_5T

Effective burden of composite spectrum: 1 part-per-million-meter (ppm-meter) at 296 K Equivalent concentration x path-length of composite spectrum: 2.805x10⁻⁶ grams/liter-meter

Sample Conditions-

- Chemical name and CAS number: Isoprene, 2-methyl-1,3-butadiene, beta-methylbivinyl, 2-methylbutadiene, 3-methyl-1,3-butadiene, isopentadiene, hemiterpene: H₂C=CHC(CH₃)=CH₂: [78-79-5]
- Physical properties: fw=68.12 g/mole, fp=-120° C, bp=34° C
- Supplier and stated purity: Aldrich, 99%
- Sample class: I (PNNL scale).
- Temperature of sample: 5.05 ± 0.02 C
- Diluent: Sample back filled with ultra high purity nitrogen to 760±5 Torr
- Individual samples at 2.2927, 1.11967, 10.6412, 45.24, 21.25, 3.3006 and 5.2524 Torr. Path length = 19.94 cm. Final data is a composite spectrum.
- Preparation: Multiple freeze-thaw cycles at 77 K to remove air.

Instrument Parameters-

- Bruker-66V FTIR, temperature controlled environment, evacuated optics bench
- Modified to include second aperture, between interferometer output and sample cell. This substantially reduces both "ghosting" and warm aperture effects.
- Spectral range: 6,500 to 600 cm⁻¹ (1.534 to 16.667 microns)
- Instrumental resolution based on maximum interferometer displacement is 0.112 cm⁻¹
- Spectral interval after 2X zero-filling interferogram and FFT: 0.06 cm⁻¹
- Interferogram zero-fill: 2X
- Apodization: Boxcar
- Phase correction: Mertz
- Beam splitter: Potassium bromide (KBr)
- IR source: Carbide glowbar (22 V)
- Scanner velocity: 60KHz (HeNe crossing frequency)
- Number of interferograms averaged per single channel spectra: 256
- Detector: Mid-band HgCdTe, photoconductive, 77K operation
- Folding limits: 15798 to 0 cm⁻¹

Post Processing and Related Parameters-

- Non-linearity detector correction (Bruker proprietary) applied to interferogram (=0.85, =530)
- Composite spectrum created from 7 individual absorbance (base-10) spectra via classical least squares fit: Intercept=0, slope is fitted, individual absorbance values weighted by T² (transmission squared), all absorbance values 1.6 are given zero weight
- Calculated and estimated errors: Type A = 0.76%, Type B 3%
- Frequency correction (already applied): V(corrected) = V(instrument)*0.999997+5.18x10⁻⁴
- Axis units: X=wavenumbers (cm⁻¹), Y=Absorbance (base-10)
- Trace carbon dioxide features removed via spectral subtraction
- Baseline correction via 7th order polynomial subtraction