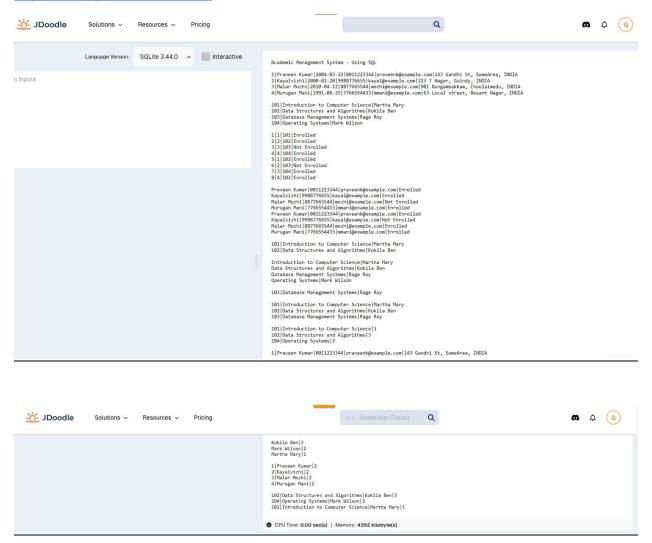
Task 1

https://www.jdoodle.com/a/7Ite



SELECT('Academic Management System - Using SQL');

SELECT(' ');

CREATE TABLE STUDENT INFO (
STU_ID INT PRIMARY KEY,

STU_NAME VARCHAR(100),

DOB DATE,

PHONE NO VARCHAR(15), EMAIL ID VARCHAR(100), ADDRESS VARCHAR(255)); INSERT INTO STUDENT INFO (STU ID, STU NAME, DOB, PHONE NO, EMAIL ID, ADDRESS) **VALUES** (1, 'Praveen Kumar', '2004-03-22', '0011223344', 'praveenk@example.com', '143 Gandhi St, SomeArea, INDIA'), (2, 'Kayalvizhi', '2000-02-20', '9988776655', 'kayal@example.com', '223 T Nagar, Guindy, INDIA'), (3, 'Malar Mozhi', '2010-04-12', '8877665544', 'mozhi@example.com', '901 Nungambakkam, Choolaimedu, INDIA'), (4, 'Murugan Mani', '1991-08-25', '7766554433', 'mmani@example.com', '63 Local street, Besant Nagar, INDIA'); SELECT * FROM STUDENT INFO; SELECT(' '); CREATE TABLE CoursesInfo (COURSE_ID INT PRIMARY KEY, COURSE NAME VARCHAR(100), COURSE_INSTRUCTOR_NAME VARCHAR(100) <u>);</u>

INSERT INTO CoursesInfo (COURSE ID, COURSE NAME, COURSE INSTRUCTOR NAME)

VALUES

(101, 'Introduction to Computer Science', 'Martha Mary'),

(102, 'Data Structures and Algorithms', 'Kokila Ben'),

```
(103, 'Database Management Systems', 'Rage Roy'),
(104, 'Operating Systems', 'Mark Wilson');
SELECT * FROM CoursesInfo;
SELECT(' ');
CREATE TABLE EnrollmentInfo (
ENROLLMENT ID INT PRIMARY KEY,
STU ID INT,
COURSE ID INT,
ENROLL STATUS VARCHAR(20),
FOREIGN KEY (STU_ID) REFERENCES StudentInfo (STU_ID),
FOREIGN KEY (COURSE ID) REFERENCES CoursesInfo (COURSE ID)
<u>);</u>
INSERT INTO Enrollmentinfo (ENROLLMENT_ID, STU_ID, COURSE_ID, ENROLL_STATUS)
VALUES
(1, 1, 101, 'Enrolled'),
(2, 2, 102, 'Enrolled'),
(3, 3, 103, 'Not Enrolled'),
(4, 4, 104, 'Enrolled'),
(5, 1, 102, 'Enrolled'),
(6, 2, 103, 'Not Enrolled'),
(7, 3, 104, 'Enrolled'),
(8, 4, 102, 'Enrolled');
```

<u>SELECT * FROM EnrollmentInfo;</u>

```
SELECT(' ');
<u>/*a*/</u>
SELECT
s.STU_NAME,
s.PHONE_NO,
s.EMAIL_ID,
e.ENROLL_STATUS
FROM
STUDENT_INFO s
<u>JOIN</u>
EnrollmentInfo e ON s.STU_ID = e.STU_ID;
SELECT(' ');
/*b*/
SELECT
c.COURSE_ID,
c.COURSE_NAME,
c.COURSE_INSTRUCTOR_NAME
FROM
CoursesInfo c
```

<u>JOIN</u>

```
EnrollmentInfo e ON c.COURSE_ID = e.COURSE_ID
WHERE
<u>e.STU_ID = 1</u>
<u>AND</u>
e.ENROLL_STATUS = 'Enrolled';
SELECT(' ');
<u>/*c*/</u>
SELECT
COURSE_NAME,
COURSE INSTRUCTOR NAME
FROM
CoursesInfo;
SELECT(' ');
/*d*/
SELECT
__COURSE_ID,
COURSE NAME,
COURSE INSTRUCTOR NAME
FROM
CoursesInfo
WHERE
```

<u>COURSE_ID = 103;</u>

```
SELECT(' ');
<u>/*e*/</u>
<u>SELECT</u>
COURSE_ID,
COURSE_NAME,
COURSE INSTRUCTOR NAME
FROM
CoursesInfo
WHERE
COURSE_ID IN (101, 102, 103);
 SELECT(' ');
/*Reporting - a*/
SELECT
c.COURSE_ID,
c.COURSE_NAME,
COUNT(e.STU ID) AS NUM ENROLLED
FROM
CoursesInfo c
LEFT JOIN
EnrollmentInfo e ON c.COURSE ID = e.COURSE ID
WHERE
<u>e.ENROLL_STATUS = 'Enrolled'</u>
GROUP BY
c.COURSE_ID, c.COURSE_NAME;
```

```
SELECT(' ');
/*Reporting - b*/
SELECT
s.STU_ID,
s.STU_NAME,
s.PHONE_NO,
s.EMAIL_ID,
s.ADDRESS
FROM
STUDENT_INFO s
JOIN
EnrollmentInfo e ON s.STU_ID = e.STU_ID
WHERE
<u>e.COURSE_ID = 101</u>
AND
e.ENROLL STATUS = 'Enrolled';
SELECT(' ');
/*Reporting - c*/
SELECT
c.COURSE_INSTRUCTOR_NAME,
COUNT(DISTINCT e.STU ID) AS NUM ENROLLED STUDENTS
<u>FROM</u>
CoursesInfo c
```

```
JOIN
EnrollmentInfo e ON c.COURSE ID = e.COURSE ID
JOIN
STUDENT INFO s ON e.STU ID = s.STU ID
WHERE
e.ENROLL_STATUS = 'Enrolled'
GROUP BY
c.COURSE INSTRUCTOR NAME;
SELECT(' ');
/*Reporting - d*/
SELECT
s.STU_ID,
s.STU_NAME,
COUNT(e.COURSE ID) AS NUM COURSES ENROLLED
FROM
STUDENT INFO s
JOIN
EnrollmentInfo e ON s.STU ID = e.STU ID
GROUP BY
s.STU ID, s.STU NAME
HAVING
COUNT(e.COURSE ID) > 1;
```

SELECT(' ');

```
/*Reporting - e*/
SELECT
c.COURSE_ID,
c.COURSE_NAME,
c.COURSE_INSTRUCTOR_NAME,
COUNT(e.STU_ID) AS NUM_ENROLLED_STUDENTS
FROM
CoursesInfo c
<u>JOIN</u>
EnrollmentInfo e ON c.COURSE_ID = e.COURSE_ID
WHERE
e.ENROLL_STATUS = 'Enrolled'
GROUP BY
c.COURSE_ID, c.COURSE_NAME, c.COURSE_INSTRUCTOR_NAME
ORDER BY
NUM ENROLLED STUDENTS DESC;
Task 2
1)
postgres=# CREATE DATABASE student_database;
CREATE DATABASE
postgres=# \I
psql -U postgres -d student_database
CREATE TABLE student_table (
  Student_id INTEGER PRIMARY KEY,
  Stu_name TEXT NOT NULL,
```

```
Department TEXT NOT NULL,
  email_id TEXT NOT NULL,
  Phone no NUMERIC NOT NULL,
  Address TEXT,
  Date_of_birth DATE,
  Gender TEXT,
  Major TEXT,
  GPA NUMERIC CHECK (GPA >= 0 AND GPA <= 4.0),
  Grade TEXT CHECK (Grade IN ('A', 'B', 'C', 'D', 'F'))
);
2)
psql -U postgres -d student database
INSERT INTO student_table (Student_id, Stu_name, Department, email_id, Phone_no, Address,
Date of birth, Gender, Major, GPA, Grade) VALUES
(1, 'John Doe', 'Computer Science', 'johndoe@example.com', 1234567890, '123 Main St', '2000-01-15',
'Male', 'Software Engineering', 3.5, 'A'),
(2, 'Jane Smith', 'Biology', 'janesmith@example.com', 2345678901, '456 Elm St', '1999-02-20', 'Female',
'Genetics', 3.7, 'A'),
(3, 'Alice Johnson', 'Mathematics', 'alicejohnson@example.com', 3456789012, '789 Maple St', '2001-03-
25', 'Female', 'Statistics', 3.2, 'B'),
(4, 'Bob Brown', 'Physics', 'bobbrown@example.com', 4567890123, '101 Oak St', '2000-04-30', 'Male',
'Astrophysics', 3.8, 'A'),
(5, 'Charlie Davis', 'Chemistry', 'charliedavis@example.com', 5678901234, '202 Pine St', '1998-05-05',
'Male', 'Organic Chemistry', 2.9, 'C'),
(6, 'Dana Evans', 'History', 'danaevans@example.com', 6789012345, '303 Birch St', '1997-06-10',
'Female', 'Medieval History', 3.4, 'B'),
(7, 'Evan Foster', 'Art', 'evanfoster@example.com', 7890123456, '404 Cedar St', '1999-07-15', 'Male',
'Graphic Design', 3.6, 'A'),
(8, 'Fiona Green', 'Literature', 'fionagreen@example.com', 8901234567, '505 Spruce St', '2000-08-20',
```

'Female', 'Modern Literature', 3.3, 'B'),

```
(9, 'George Harris', 'Philosophy', 'georgeharris@example.com', 9012345678, '606 Willow St', '1998-09-
25', 'Male', 'Ethics', 3.1, 'B'),
(10, 'Hannah White', 'Economics', 'hannahwhite@example.com', 1234567899, '707 Ash St', '1997-10-30',
'Female', 'Microeconomics', 3.9, 'A');
3)
psql -U postgres -d student_database
SELECT * FROM student_table
ORDER BY Grade DESC;
4)
psql -U postgres -d student_database
SELECT * FROM student_table
WHERE Gender = 'Male';
5)
psql -U postgres -d student_database
SELECT * FROM student_table
WHERE GPA < 5.0;
6)
psql -U postgres -d student_database
UPDATE student_table
SET email_id = 'new_email@example.com', Grade = 'B'
WHERE Student_id = 1;
```

```
7)
psql -U postgres -d student_database
SELECT Stu_name,
   DATE_PART('year', AGE(CURRENT_DATE, Date_of_birth)) AS Age
FROM student_table
WHERE Grade = 'B';
8)
psql -U postgres -d student_database
SELECT Department,
   Gender,
   AVG(GPA) AS Average_GPA
FROM student_table
GROUP BY Department, Gender
ORDER BY Department, Gender;
9)
psql -U postgres -d student_database
ALTER TABLE student_table RENAME TO student_info;
10)
psql -U postgres -d student_database
SELECT Stu_name
FROM student_info
WHERE GPA = (
  SELECT MAX(GPA)
 FROM student_info
);
```

```
<u>Task 3:</u>
1)
psql -U postgres
CREATE DATABASE EventsManagement;
\I
psql -U postgres -d EventsManagement
-- Create Events table
CREATE TABLE Events (
  Event_Id SERIAL PRIMARY KEY,
  Event_Name TEXT NOT NULL,
  Event_Date DATE NOT NULL,
  Event_Location TEXT,
  Event_Description TEXT
);
-- Create Attendees table
CREATE TABLE Attendees (
  Attendee_Id SERIAL PRIMARY KEY,
  Attendee_Name TEXT NOT NULL,
  Attendee_Phone TEXT,
  Attendee_Email TEXT,
  Attendee_City TEXT
);
-- Create Registrations table
CREATE TABLE Registrations (
```

```
Registration_id SERIAL PRIMARY KEY,
  Event_Id INT NOT NULL,
  Attendee_Id INT NOT NULL,
  Registration_Date DATE NOT NULL,
  Registration_Amount NUMERIC,
  FOREIGN KEY (Event_Id) REFERENCES Events(Event_Id),
  FOREIGN KEY (Attendee_Id) REFERENCES Attendees(Attendee_Id)
);
2)
psql -U postgres -d EventsManagement
-- Insert sample data into Events table
INSERT INTO Events (Event_Name, Event_Date, Event_Location, Event_Description)
VALUES
  ('Conference 2024', '2024-08-15', 'New York', 'Annual conference for technology enthusiasts'),
  ('Workshop on Data Science', '2024-09-20', 'San Francisco', 'Hands-on workshop covering data science
techniques'),
  ('Networking Event', '2024-07-30', 'Chicago', 'Networking event for professionals in the industry');
-- Insert sample data into Attendees table
INSERT INTO Attendees (Attendee_Name, Attendee_Phone, Attendee_Email, Attendee_City)
VALUES
  ('John Doe', '123-456-7890', 'john.doe@example.com', 'New York'),
  ('Jane Smith', '987-654-3210', 'jane.smith@example.com', 'San Francisco'),
  ('Michael Johnson', '555-555-5555', 'michael.johnson@example.com', 'Chicago'),
  ('Emily Davis', '111-222-3333', 'emily.davis@example.com', 'Los Angeles');
-- Insert sample data into Registrations table
INSERT INTO Registrations (Event_Id, Attendee_Id, Registration_Date, Registration_Amount)
```

```
VALUES
  (1, 1, '2024-08-01', 100.00),
  (1, 2, '2024-07-25', 100.00),
  (2, 3, '2024-09-10', 75.00),
  (3, 4, '2024-07-20', 50.00),
  (3, 1, '2024-07-25', 50.00);
3)a)
INSERT INTO Events (Event_Name, Event_Date, Event_Location, Event_Description)
VALUES ('Tech Expo 2025', '2025-05-20', 'London', 'Annual technology exhibition showcasing
innovations');
3)b)
UPDATE Events
SET Event_Name = 'Updated Event Name',
  Event_Date = '2025-06-15',
  Event_Location = 'Paris',
  Event_Description = 'Updated description for the event'
WHERE Event_Id = 1; -- Replace with the actual Event_Id of the event you want to update
3)c)
DELETE FROM Events
WHERE Event_Id = 1; -- Replace with the actual Event_Id of the event you want to delete
4)a)
INSERT INTO Attendees (Attendee_Name, Attendee_Phone, Attendee_Email, Attendee_City)
VALUES ('Alice Johnson', '555-123-4567', 'alice.johnson@example.com', 'New York');
```

4)b)

```
INSERT INTO Registrations (Event_Id, Attendee_Id, Registration_Date, Registration_Amount)
VALUES (1, 1, '2024-07-03', 0.00);
4)c)
SELECT Event_Id, Event_Name, Event_Date, Event_Location, Event_Description
FROM Events;
SELECT A.Attendee_Id, A.Attendee_Name, A.Attendee_Email, A.Attendee_City
FROM Attendees A
JOIN Registrations R ON A.Attendee_Id = R.Attendee_Id
WHERE R.Event_Id = 1; -- Replace with the Event_Id of the event you are interested in
SELECT E.Event_Id, E.Event_Name, COUNT(R.Attendee_Id) AS Attendee_Count
FROM Events E
LEFT JOIN Registrations R ON E.Event_Id = R.Event_Id
GROUP BY E.Event_Id, E.Event_Name
ORDER BY Attendee_Count DESC;
Task 4:
1)
CREATE DATABASE sales database;
\I
CREATE TABLE sales_sample (
  Product_Id INTEGER,
  Region VARCHAR(50),
  Date DATE,
  Sales_Amount NUMERIC
```

```
);
2)
INSERT INTO sales_sample (Product_Id, Region, Date, Sales_Amount)
VALUES
  (1, 'East', '2024-01-01', 1000.00),
  (2, 'West', '2024-01-02', 1500.50),
  (3, 'North', '2024-01-03', 800.75),
  (1, 'East', '2024-01-04', 1200.25),
  (2, 'West', '2024-01-05', 1350.30),
  (3, 'North', '2024-01-06', 950.00),
  (1, 'East', '2024-01-07', 1100.50),
  (2, 'West', '2024-01-08', 1400.75),
  (3, 'North', '2024-01-09', 850.25),
  (1, 'East', '2024-01-10', 1300.20);
3)a)
SELECT
  Region,
  Product_Id,
  SUM(Sales_Amount) AS Total_Sales_Amount
FROM
  sales_sample
GROUP BY
  Region, Product_Id
ORDER BY
  Region, Product_Id;
```

```
3)b)
SELECT
  Product_Id,
  Region,
  SUM(Sales_Amount) AS Total_Sales_Amount
FROM
  sales_sample
GROUP BY
  Product_Id, Region
ORDER BY
  Product_Id, Region;
SELECT
  COALESCE(Product_Id::TEXT, 'Total') AS Product_Id,
  COALESCE(Region, 'Total') AS Region,
  COALESCE(CAST(Date AS TEXT), 'Total') AS Date,
  SUM(Sales_Amount) AS Total_Sales_Amount
FROM
  sales_sample
GROUP BY
  CUBE(Product_Id, Region, Date)
ORDER BY
  Product_Id, Region, Date;
3)c)
SELECT
  Product_Id,
  Region,
  Date,
```

```
Sales_Amount
FROM
 sales_sample
WHERE
 Region = 'East';
3)d)
SELECT
 Product_Id,
 Region,
 Date,
 Sales_Amount
FROM
 sales_sample
WHERE
 Date BETWEEN '2024-01-01' AND '2024-01-10';
3)e)
SELECT
 Product_Id,
 Region,
  Date,
 Sales_Amount
FROM
 sales\_sample
WHERE
 Product_Id = 1
 AND Region = 'East'
```

AND Date BETWEEN '2024-01-01' AND '2024-01-10';