

19. $Ax=0$ 이면 $A^T Ax=0$

$$Ax=0 \Rightarrow [a_1 \dots a_n] \begin{bmatrix} x_1 \\ \vdots \\ x_n \end{bmatrix} = 0$$

$$= a_1 x_1 + \dots + a_n x_n = 0$$

$$A^T Ax=0 \Rightarrow \begin{bmatrix} a_1 \\ \vdots \\ a_n \end{bmatrix} [a_1 \dots a_n] \begin{bmatrix} x_1 \\ \vdots \\ x_n \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} a_1^2 & \dots & a_1 a_n \\ \vdots & \ddots & \vdots \\ a_n a_1 & \dots & a_n^2 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} x_1 \\ \vdots \\ x_n \end{bmatrix} = 0$$

$$\Rightarrow a_1 (a_1 x_1 + \dots + a_n x_n) = 0$$

$$\vdots$$

$$a_n (a_1 x_1 + \dots + a_n x_n) = 0$$

0이므로

$$\boxed{A^T Ax=0}$$

(b) $x^T A^T Ax=0$

$$\sim (Ax)^T Ax=0 \rightarrow t^T t = 0 \text{ 이 된다.}$$

$$Ax=0 \Rightarrow t=0 \text{ 이 된다.}$$

20. $A^T A$ is invertible

$$A^T A = \begin{bmatrix} a_1 \\ \vdots \\ a_n \end{bmatrix} [a_1 \dots a_n] = \begin{bmatrix} a_1^2 & \dots & a_1 a_n \\ \vdots & \ddots & \vdots \\ a_n a_1 & \dots & a_n^2 \end{bmatrix}$$

각 행은 일차독립이므로

$$\begin{bmatrix} a_1 \\ a_n \end{bmatrix} a_1 \dots \begin{bmatrix} a_1 \\ a_n \end{bmatrix} a_n \text{ 은 모두 독립}$$

$$\text{이므로 } \begin{bmatrix} a_1 \\ a_n \end{bmatrix} = t_1 \dots [a_{a_1} \dots a_{a_n}] \text{ 이 모두 독립이기}$$

$$\uparrow \text{이므로 } [a_1 \dots a_n] \text{ 이 모두}$$

독립이므로 A is n independent rows.

linearly

21. $A^T A = \begin{bmatrix} a_1^2 & \dots & a_1 a_n \\ \vdots & \ddots & \vdots \\ a_n a_1 & \dots & a_n^2 \end{bmatrix}$ is n by n matrix

(a)

$$A^T A \text{ is linearly independent rows, invertible matrix.}$$

(b) A is linearly independent rows and n rows

$$m \geq n$$

(c) n