# **Dropdown menus**

- Common desire
- Can be done many ways
  - Pure CSS or with JS
- Surprisingly tricky

## **Base Concept of Implementation**

- Menu placed over content, doesn't move content
- Menu is initially hidden
- Showing/not showing reacts to user
- Menu stays open while submenu is navigated

## Menu overlapping page content

- Overlap means position: absolute;
  - May mean position: relative; on parent
    - Create **positioned container**
    - To set menu position

## Menu options initially hidden

#### Multiple options

- display: none;
  - Removes from accessibility
- height/max-height: 0;
  - Still in content
  - Visible to Assistive Tech
  - Not visible to users

# Menu shows/not shows

JS can handle interactivity

• But we haven't gotten there yet

Pure CSS has to react to "state"

- pseudo-selectors:
  - focus/focus-within/hover/active
  - hover has a11y problems

#### HTML structure

- MANY options
  - makes googling hard
- Common pattern
  - menu is
  - each item may have text and a ul>
  - "text" may or may not be a link
  - submenu 
     contains <a> links

# Sample

```
<button type="button">Sleep</button>
  <l
   <a href="#">Paw over face</a>
    <a href="#">Head down</a>
    <a href="#">Curled up</a>
    <a href="#">On back</a>
  <button type="button">Eat</button>
   <a href="#">Scarf</a>
    <a href="#">Puke</a>
    <a href="#">Yowl if 10% of food is gone</a>
    <a href="#">Bury food</a>
```

### Why buttons?

- Could be anything to make it work (span, etc)
- Buttons have a11y and keyboard benefits
- Notice type="button"
  - They don't DO anything when pressed
    - without JS, but we aren't using any
  - Buttons let us navigate with keyboard
    - Or touch to focus (mobile!)
  - We can style them to not look weird

# **Styling needs**

#### CSS will be complex :(

- style menu and submenu and links
- position and hide submenu
- show submenu when condition is met

### **CSS** complications

#### A11y?

- No :hover
  - at least not by itself
- Only some elements navigate with keyboard
  - thus why we had buttons
- Need :focus-within to work w/keyboard
- Don't remove outline/focus indicator

### **Basics**

```
.menu {
    display: flex;
    flex-direction: row;
    justify-content: space-evenly;

    padding: 0;
    margin: 0;

    list-style: none;
}
```

```
.menu button { /* Button look like link */
border: none;

background: inherit; /* New property! (to us) */
color: blue;

cursor: pointer; /* Another new one! */
text-decoration: underline;
}
```

#### **Convert to Menus**

```
.menu > li {
  position: relative; /* positioned container */

  flex-grow: 1; /* New! */
    /* justify-content on parent now pointless */
}

.menu ul {
  position: absolute; /* position OVER text */

  max-height: 0; /* Hide menu */
  padding: 0;
  margin: 0;

  overflow: hidden; /* Hide menu contents */

  background-color: white; /* see-thru bad */

  list-style: none;
}
```

### Make visible

- When the main main <1i> is hovered
- select the ul inside it
- And change the max-height

```
.menu li:hover ul { /* woah */
  max-height: initial;
}
```

## **Keyboard friendly**

:hover doesn't work for keyboard/tables

• Also act when the button has focus

```
.menu li:hover ul,
.menu button:focus ~ ul { /* wut? */
   max-height: initial;
}
```

• Select that is sibling of button with focus

# **Keyboard navigation**

Great, but that breaks when the keyboard is used to navigate into the menu

```
.menu li:hover ul,
.menu li:focus-within ul {
  max-height: initial;
}
```

• Select 
 inside the main menu that has focus inside it

# Clean up

- CSS classes would help
  - limited space in slides
- Padding on dropdown menu
- Line-height on dropdown menu
- Distinguish behavior for mobile vs desktop

### **Advanced variations**

Many ways to use CSS based on state

- Allow changes even without JS
- Example: "Hamburger" Menu
  - Can use a hidden "checkbox"

### **Summary - Dropdown Menu**

- Start with Semantic HTML
- Consider multiple navigation
  - Assistive Technology
  - Mouse
  - Keyboard
  - Touch
- Buttons (controls) and links (nav)
  - Built-in options
  - Can style differently
  - subutton type="button"> = no submit attempt

# **Summary - CSS Problem Solving**

- Do one layer/problem at a time
- You can answer simple questions
  - Make everything a simple question
  - Just a lot of them

## **Summary - Dropdown positioning**

- Dropdown was absolute position
  - Required positioned container
    - o with position: relative;
- Overlaps rest of page
- background-color, padding to fix

# **Summary - Hiding**

- set max-height to hide
  - ...in this case
  - Multiple options
- Keep content on page for a11y
- set overflow: hidden; to truly hide
  - combine with max-height

# **Summary - Showing hidden elements**

- Use :hover, :focus-within, :checked, :active
- Combine to select element you want to change
- :has() coming Very Soon to help as well!
- Don't hide the focus outline!

### **Summary - Lessons**

CSS often does not have "cut-and-paste" answers

- Understand how to solve the needs
- Different answers are "best"
  - Depends on specific details