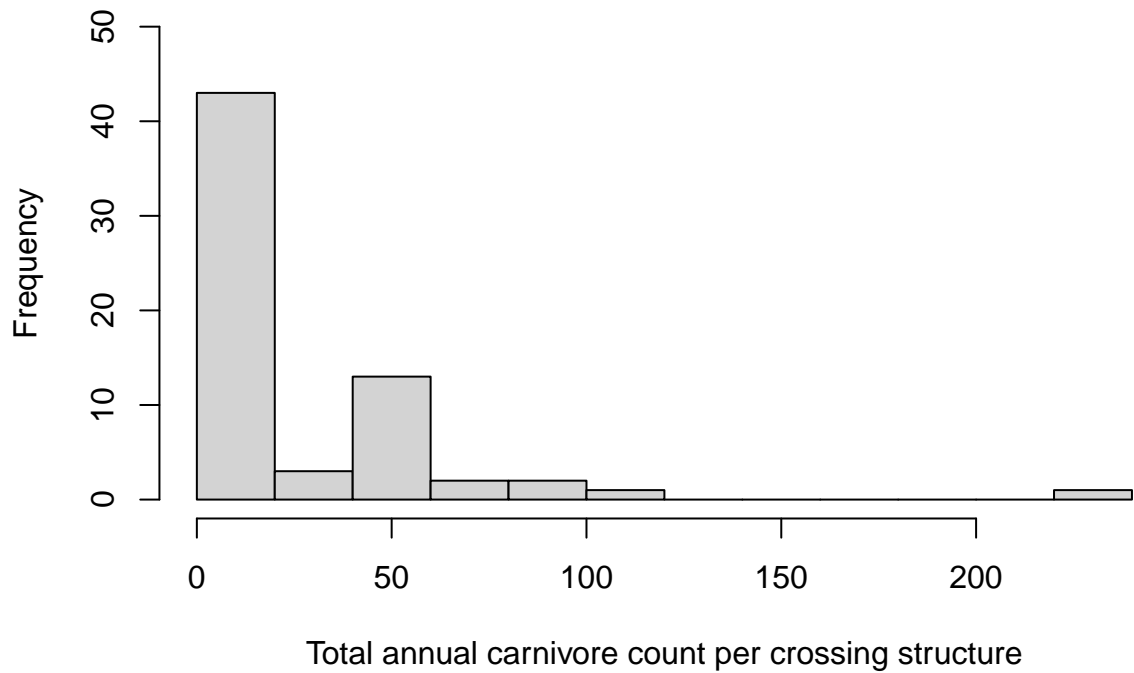


Crossing structures data exploration

#-----Look for outliers in guild count-----

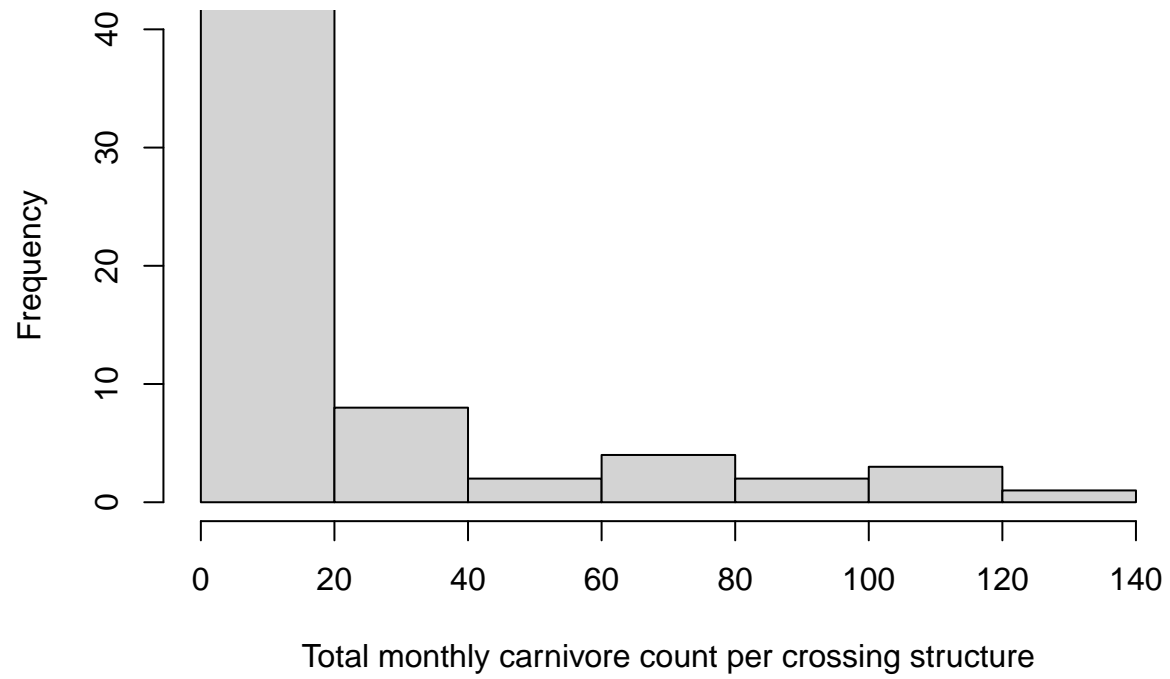
##	Min.	1st Qu.	Median	Mean	3rd Qu.	Max.
##	0.00	3.00	10.00	25.43	46.00	221.00

Figure 1



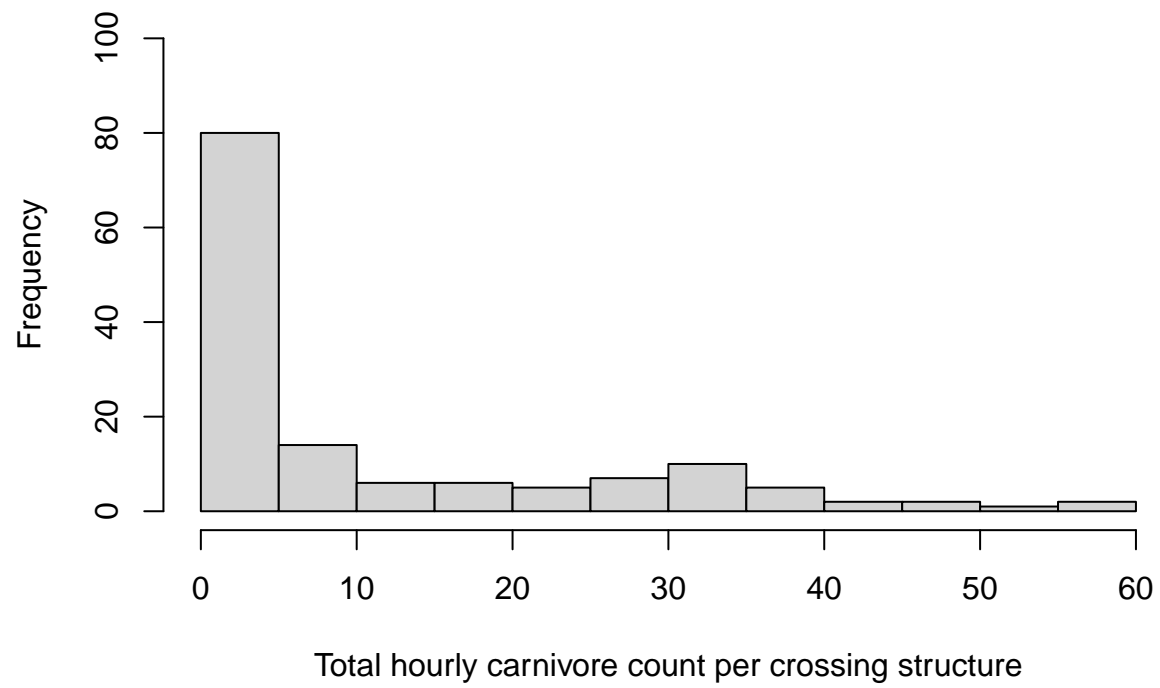
##	Min.	1st Qu.	Median	Mean	3rd Qu.	Max.
##	0.00	3.00	8.50	22.85	25.25	121.00

Figure 2



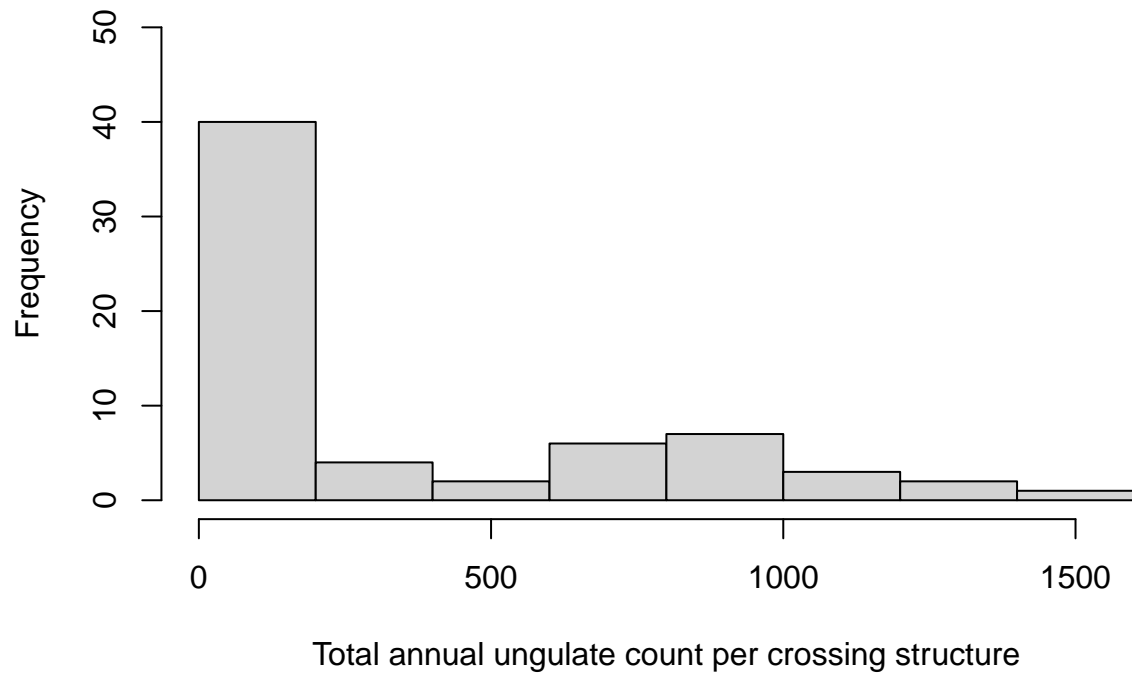
##	Min.	1st Qu.	Median	Mean	3rd Qu.	Max.
##	0.00	2.00	5.00	11.76	20.00	59.00

Figure 3



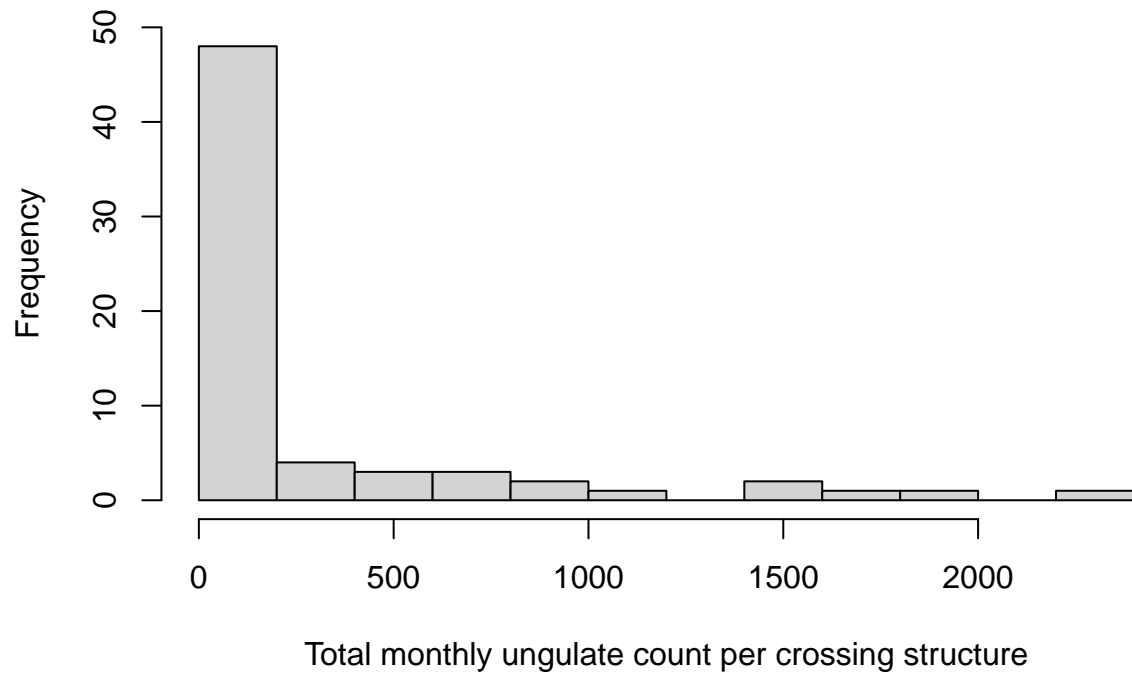
##	Min.	1st Qu.	Median	Mean	3rd Qu.	Max.
##	5.0	35.0	111.0	339.3	656.0	1459.0

Figure 4



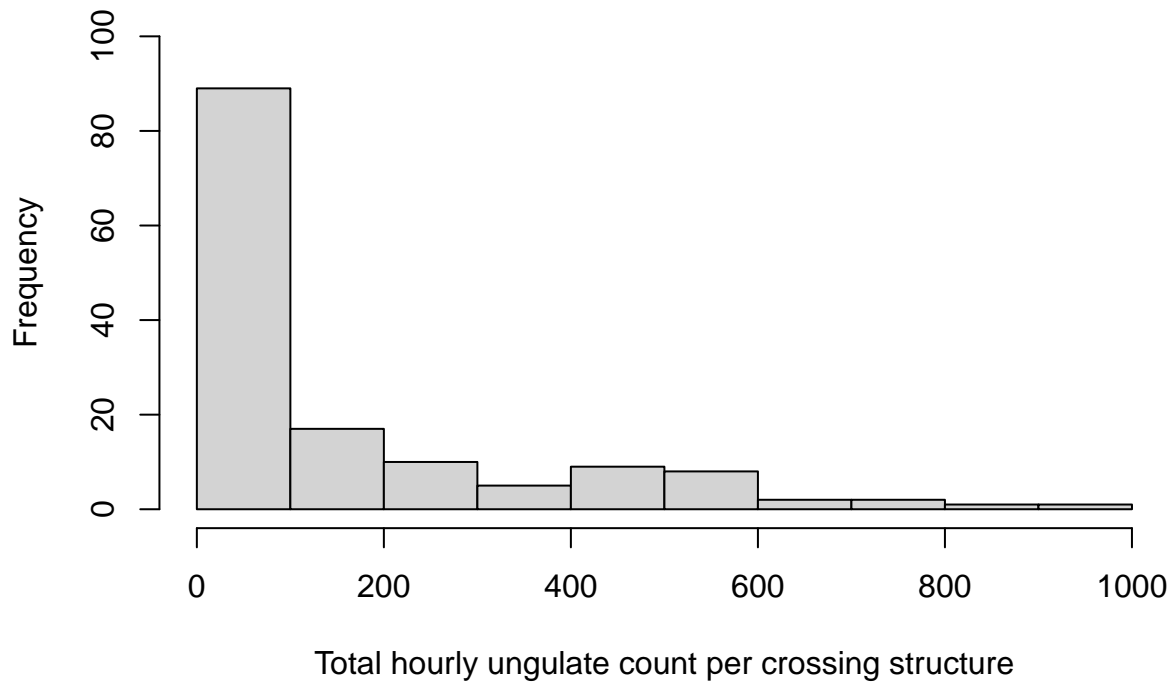
##	Min.	1st Qu.	Median	Mean	3rd Qu.	Max.
##	0.0	21.0	78.5	287.4	228.0	2233.0

Figure 5



##	Min.	1st Qu.	Median	Mean	3rd Qu.	Max.
##	0.00	13.75	39.00	152.34	225.75	971.00

Figure 6



#-----Look for zeros in the data-----

#Proportion of zeros in the carnivore dataset

Table 1: .

	Proportion of zeros
Annual_carnivore_count_jumpout	0.12
Annual_carnivore_count_underpass	0.00
Monthly_carnivore_count_jumpout	0.18
Monthly_carnivore_count_underpass	0.00
Hourly_carnivore_count_jumpout	0.21
Hourly_carnivore_count_underpass	0.00

#Proportion of zeros in the ungulate dataset

Table 2: .

	Proportion of zeros
Annual_ungulate_count_jumpout	0.00
Annual_ungulate_count_underpass	0.00
Monthly_ungulate_count_jumpout	0.07
Monthly_ungulate_count_underpass	0.00
Hourly_ungulate_count_jumpout	0.02
Hourly_ungulate_count_underpass	0.00

```

#-----Check for autocorrelation-----# Run
Box-Pierce and Ljung-Box test on the raw data # Build a model of the mean (lm(count~1)) and run Durbin
Watson test to test residuals

#Annual carnivore count for jumpouts

##
## Durbin-Watson test
##
## data: car.ann.count.jump.mod
## DW = 2.0761, p-value = 0.598
## alternative hypothesis: true autocorrelation is greater than 0

##
## Box-Pierce test
##
## data: car.ann.count.jump
## X-squared = 0.087096, df = 1, p-value = 0.7679

##
## Box-Ljung test
##
## data: car.ann.count.jump
## X-squared = 0.093469, df = 1, p-value = 0.7598

```

Figure 7

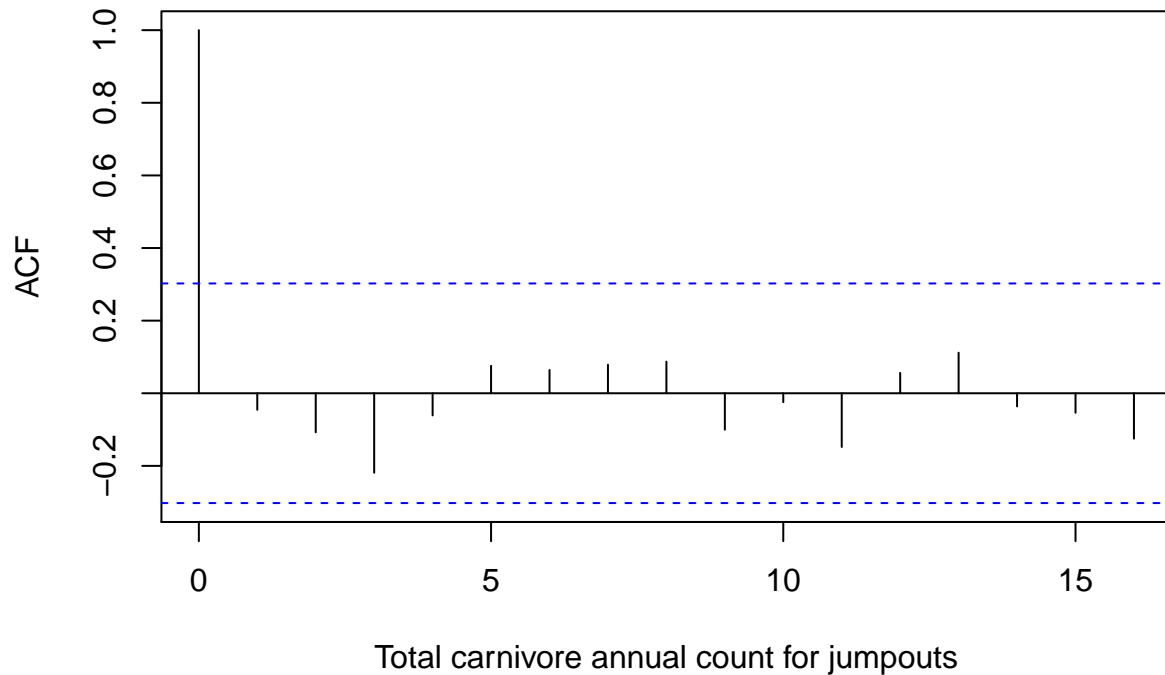
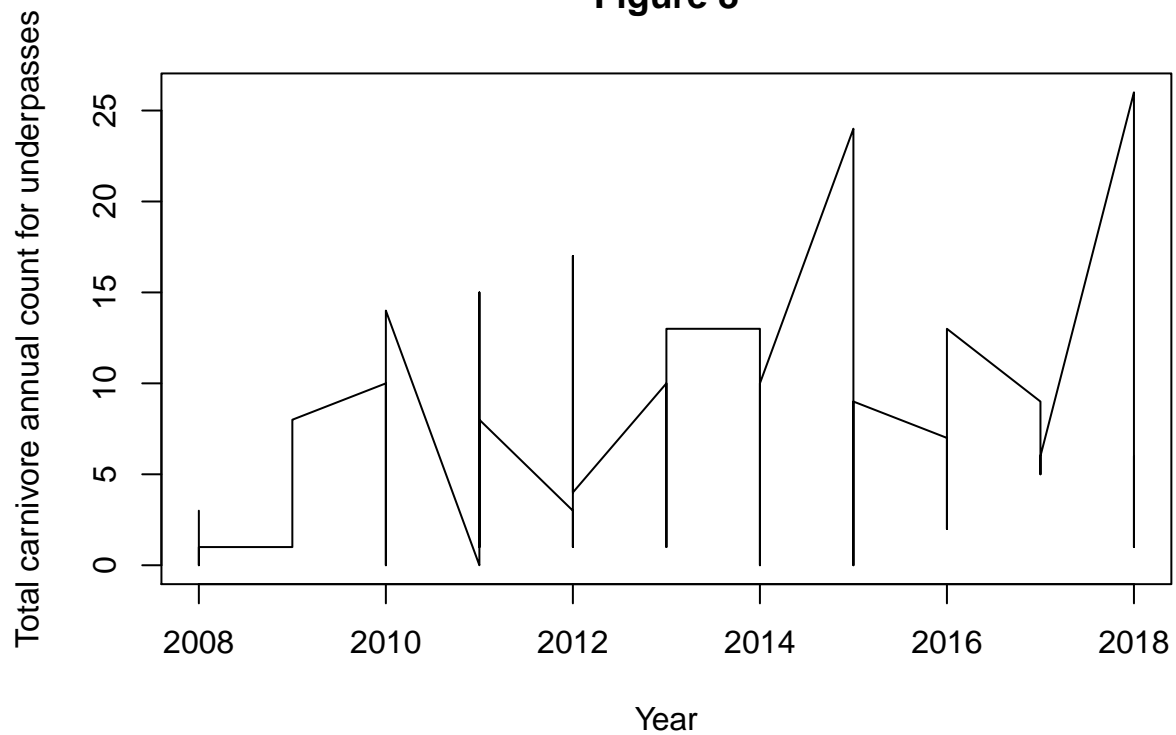


Figure 8



```
## [1] 39.76829
```

```
## [1] 6.5
```

```
#Annual carnivore count for underpasses
```

```
##  
## Durbin-Watson test  
##  
## data: car.ann.count.under.mod  
## DW = 1.9502, p-value = 0.4518  
## alternative hypothesis: true autocorrelation is greater than 0
```

```
##  
## Box-Pierce test  
##  
## data: car.ann.count.under  
## X-squared = 0.00059175, df = 1, p-value = 0.9806
```

```
##  
## Box-Ljung test  
##  
## data: car.ann.count.under  
## X-squared = 0.00067244, df = 1, p-value = 0.9793
```


Figure 9

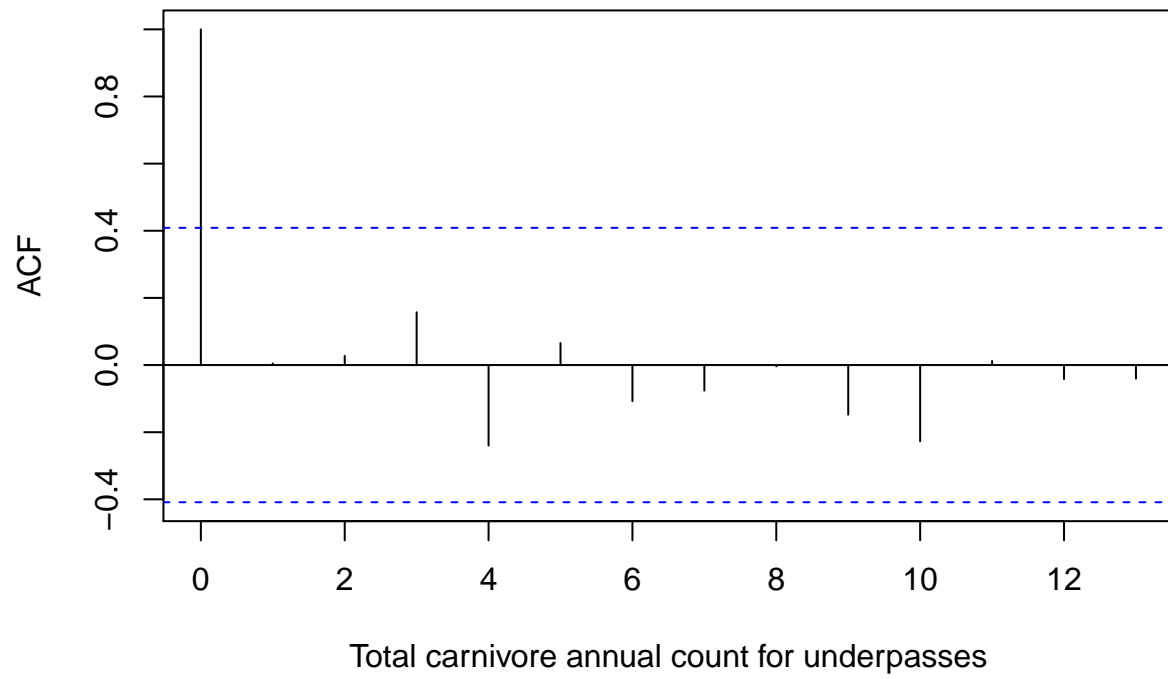
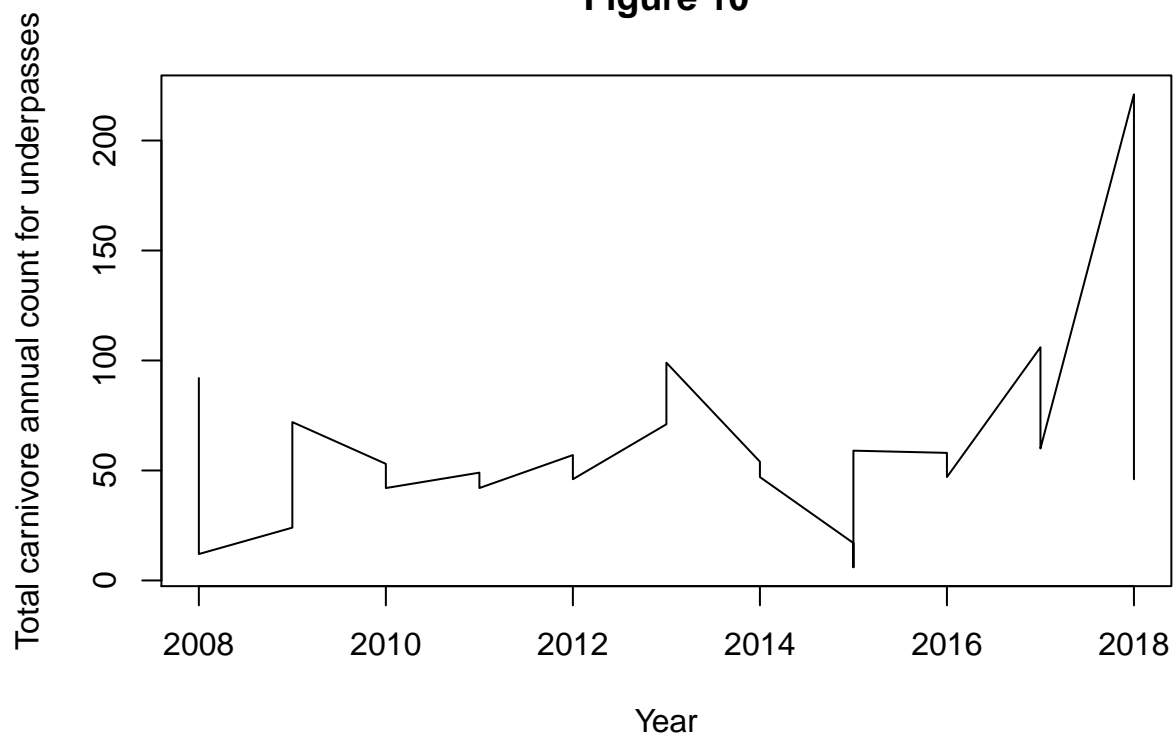


Figure 10



```
## [1] 1855
```

```
## [1] 60
```

```
#Monthly carnivore count for jumpouts
```

```
##  
## Durbin-Watson test  
##  
## data: car.mon.count.jump.mod  
## DW = 2.2132, p-value = 0.7623  
## alternative hypothesis: true autocorrelation is greater than 0
```

```
##  
## Box-Pierce test  
##  
## data: car.mon.count.jump  
## X-squared = 0.58647, df = 1, p-value = 0.4438
```

```
##  
## Box-Ljung test  
##  
## data: car.mon.count.jump  
## X-squared = 0.62739, df = 1, p-value = 0.4283
```

Figure 11

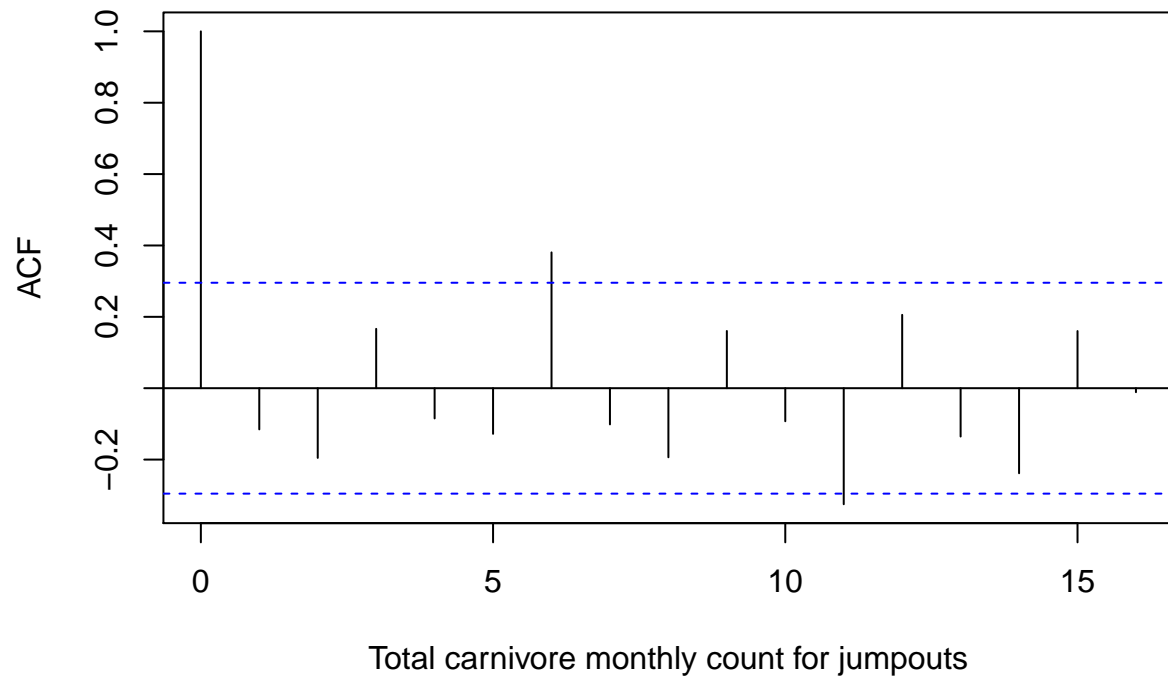
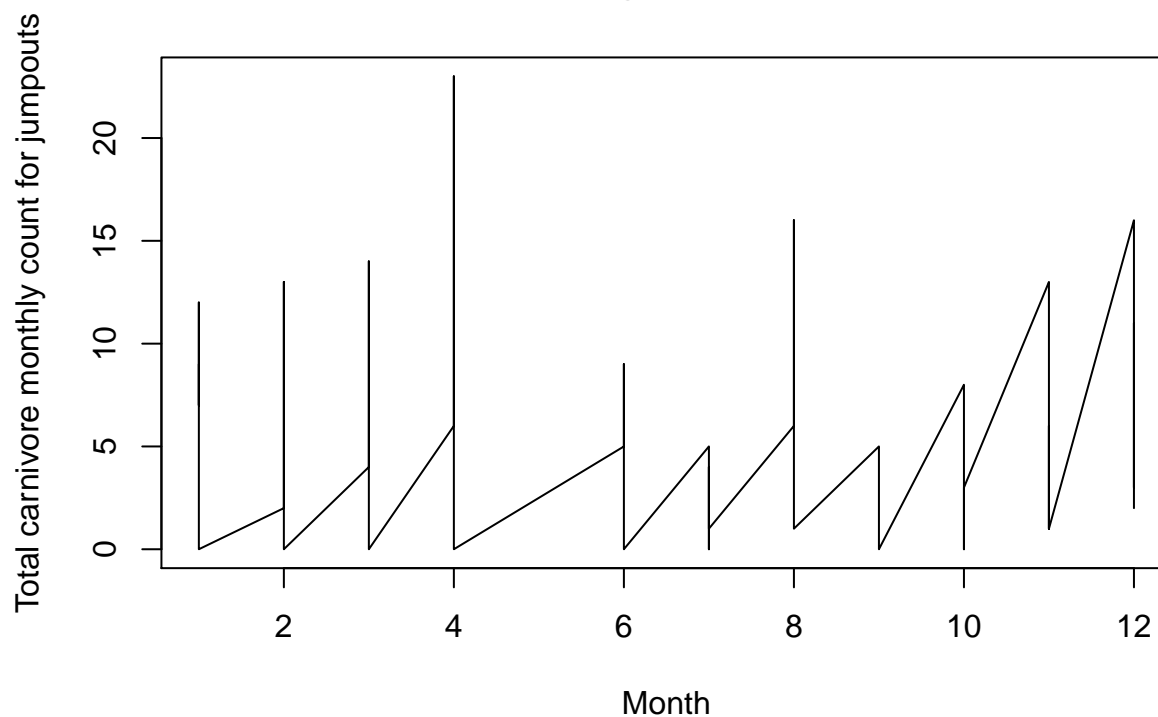


Figure 12



```
## [1] 29.33827
```

```
## [1] 5.681818
```

```
#Monthly carnivore count for underpasses
```

```
##  
## Durbin-Watson test  
##  
## data: car.mon.count.under.mod  
## DW = 1.9082, p-value = 0.4135  
## alternative hypothesis: true autocorrelation is greater than 0
```

```
##  
## Box-Pierce test  
##  
## data: car.mon.count.under  
## X-squared = 0.012315, df = 1, p-value = 0.9116
```

```
##  
## Box-Ljung test  
##  
## data: car.mon.count.under  
## X-squared = 0.014074, df = 1, p-value = 0.9056
```

Figure 13

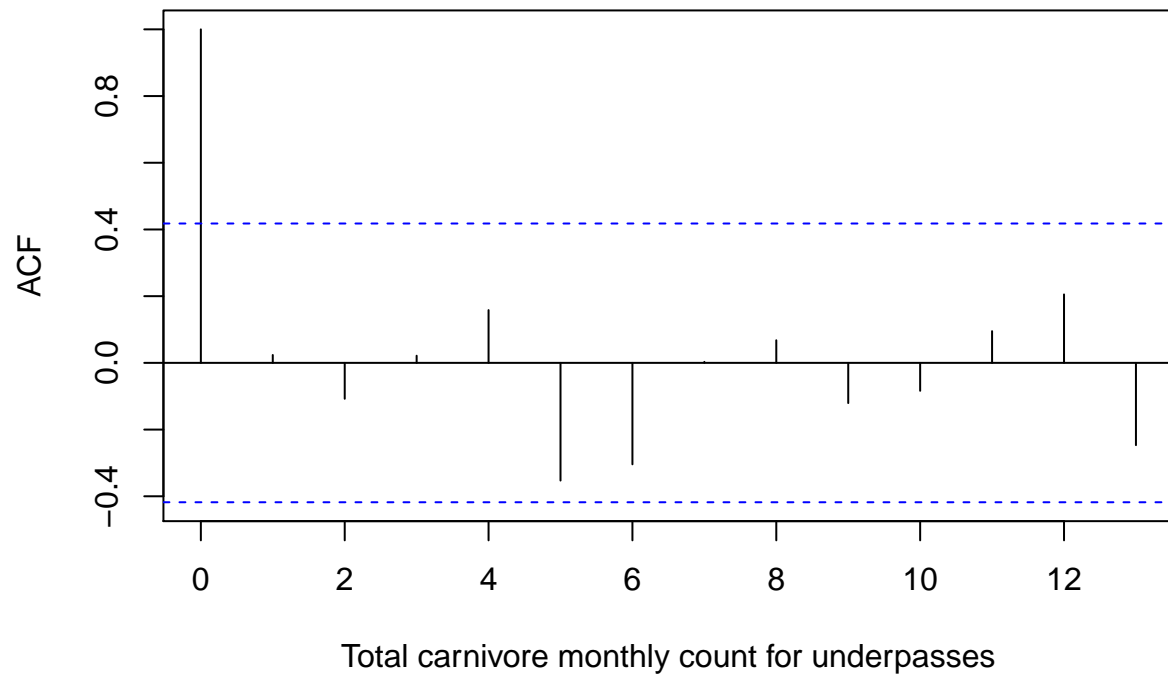
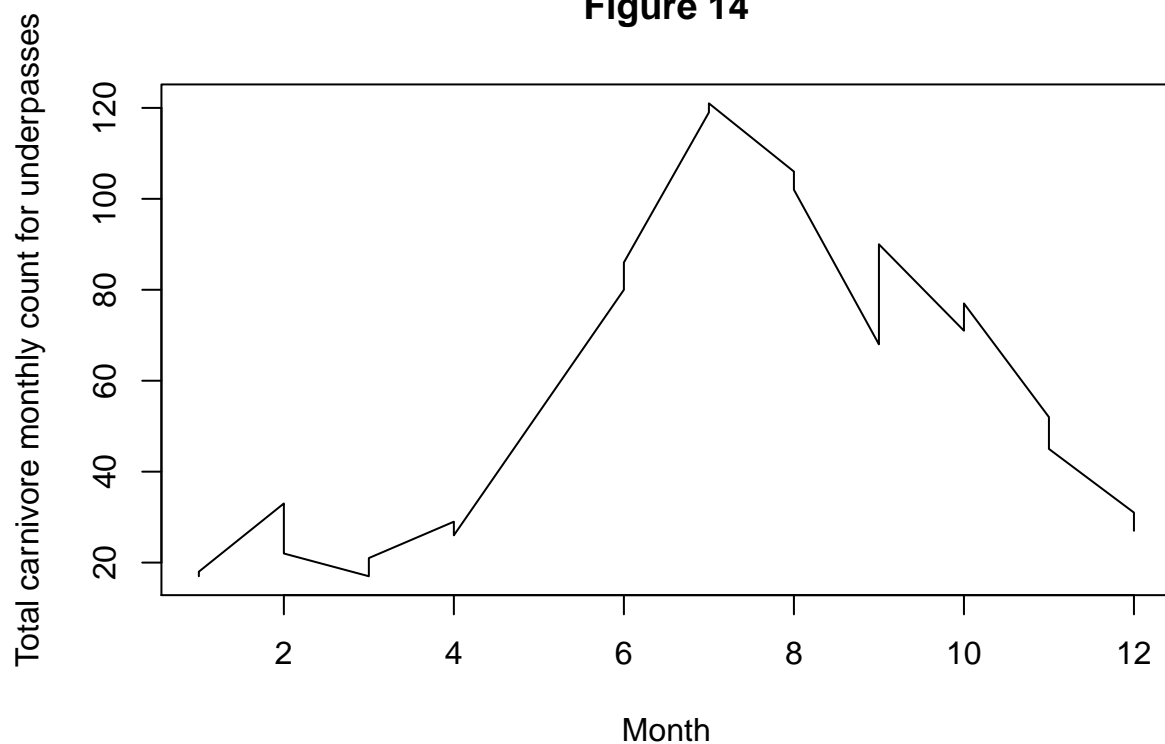


Figure 14



```
## [1] 1278.537
```

```
## [1] 57.18182
```

```
#Hourly carnivore count for jumpouts
```

```
##  
## Durbin-Watson test  
##  
## data: car.hou.count.jump.mod  
## DW = 2.0209, p-value = 0.5402  
## alternative hypothesis: true autocorrelation is greater than 0
```

```
##  
## Box-Pierce test  
##  
## data: car.hou.count.jump  
## X-squared = 0.032739, df = 1, p-value = 0.8564
```

```
##  
## Box-Ljung test  
##  
## data: car.hou.count.jump  
## X-squared = 0.033818, df = 1, p-value = 0.8541
```

Figure 15

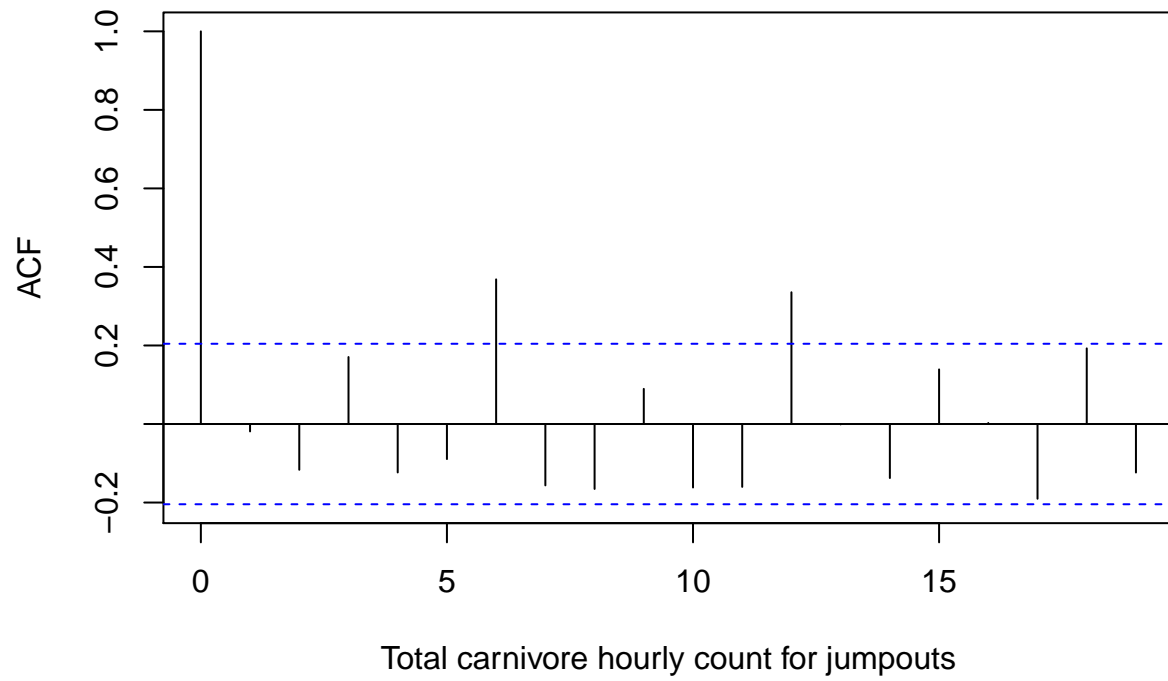
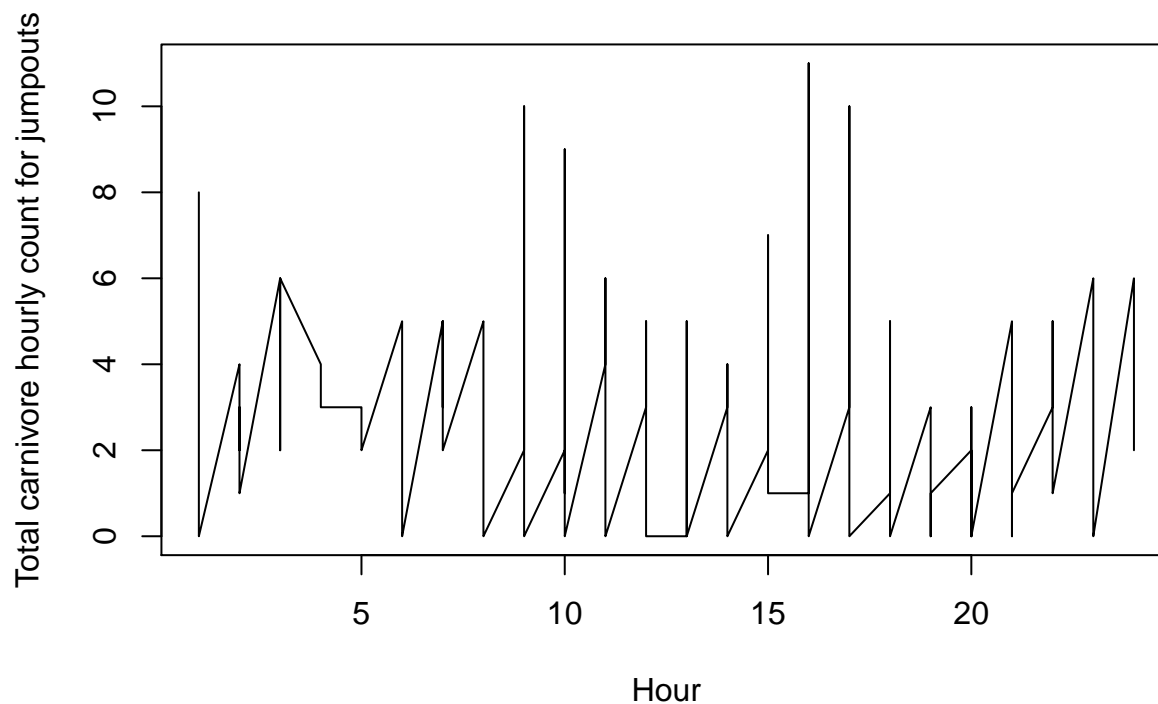


Figure 16



```
## [1] 6.427496
```

```
## [1] 2.967391
```

```
#Hourly carnivore count for underpasses
```

```
##
```

```
## Durbin-Watson test
```

```
##
```

```
## data: car.hou.count.under.mod
```

```
## DW = 1.7711, p-value = 0.2118
```

```
## alternative hypothesis: true autocorrelation is greater than 0
```

```
##
```

```
## Box-Pierce test
```

```
##
```

```
## data: car.hou.count.under
```

```
## X-squared = 0.29256, df = 1, p-value = 0.5886
```

```
##
```

```
## Box-Ljung test
```

```
##
```

```
## data: car.hou.count.under
```

```
## X-squared = 0.31124, df = 1, p-value = 0.5769
```


Figure 17

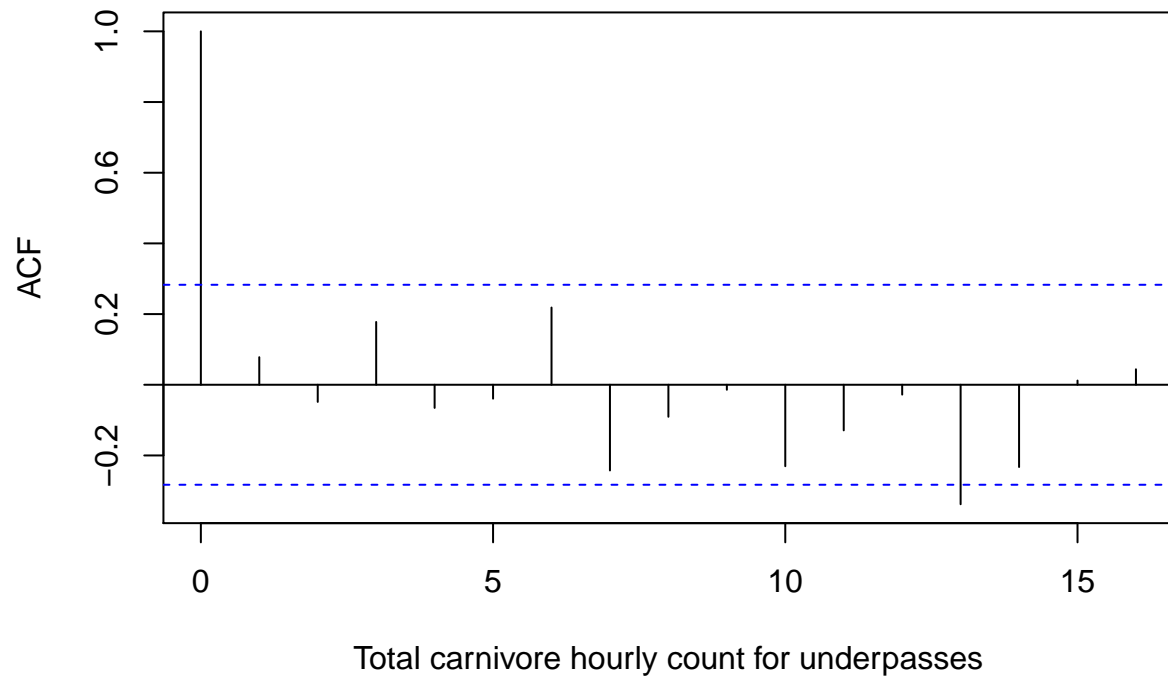
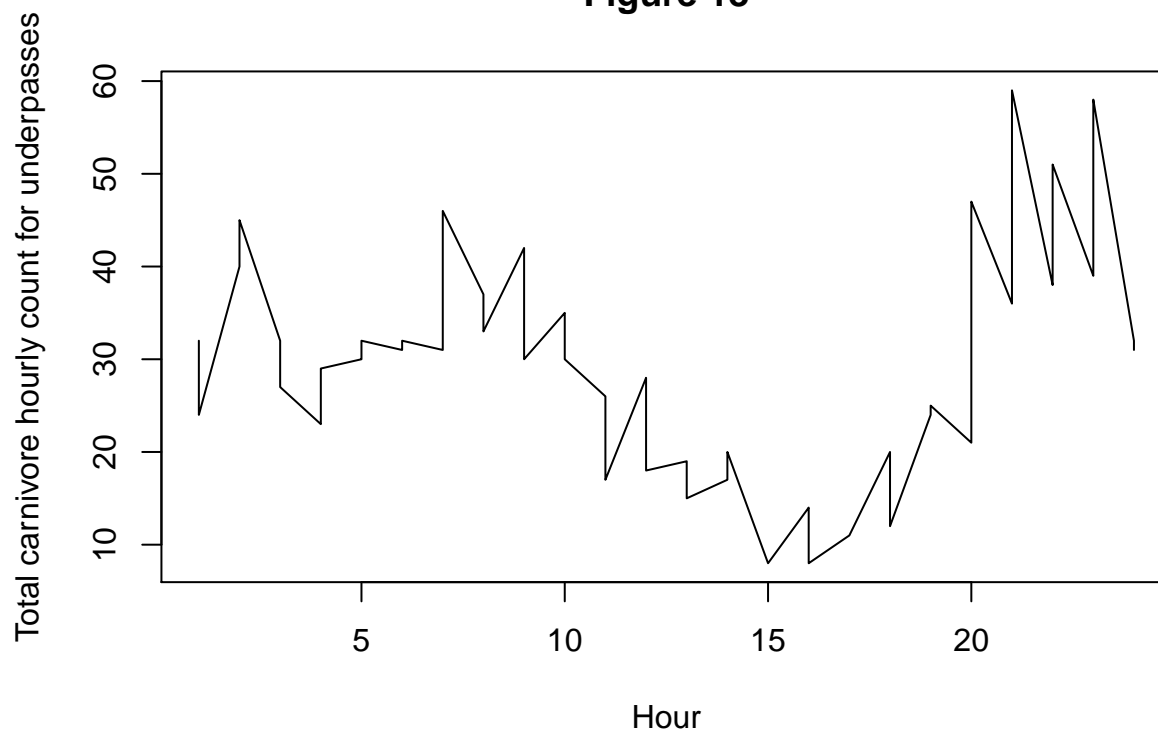


Figure 18



```
## [1] 155.6436
```

```
## [1] 28.625
```

```
#Annual ungulate count for jumpouts
```

```
##  
## Durbin-Watson test  
##  
## data: ung.ann.count.jump.mod  
## DW = 2.0059, p-value = 0.5076  
## alternative hypothesis: true autocorrelation is greater than 0
```

```
##  
## Box-Pierce test  
##  
## data: ung.ann.count.jump  
## X-squared = 0.026127, df = 1, p-value = 0.8716
```

```
##  
## Box-Ljung test  
##  
## data: ung.ann.count.jump  
## X-squared = 0.028039, df = 1, p-value = 0.867
```

Figure 19

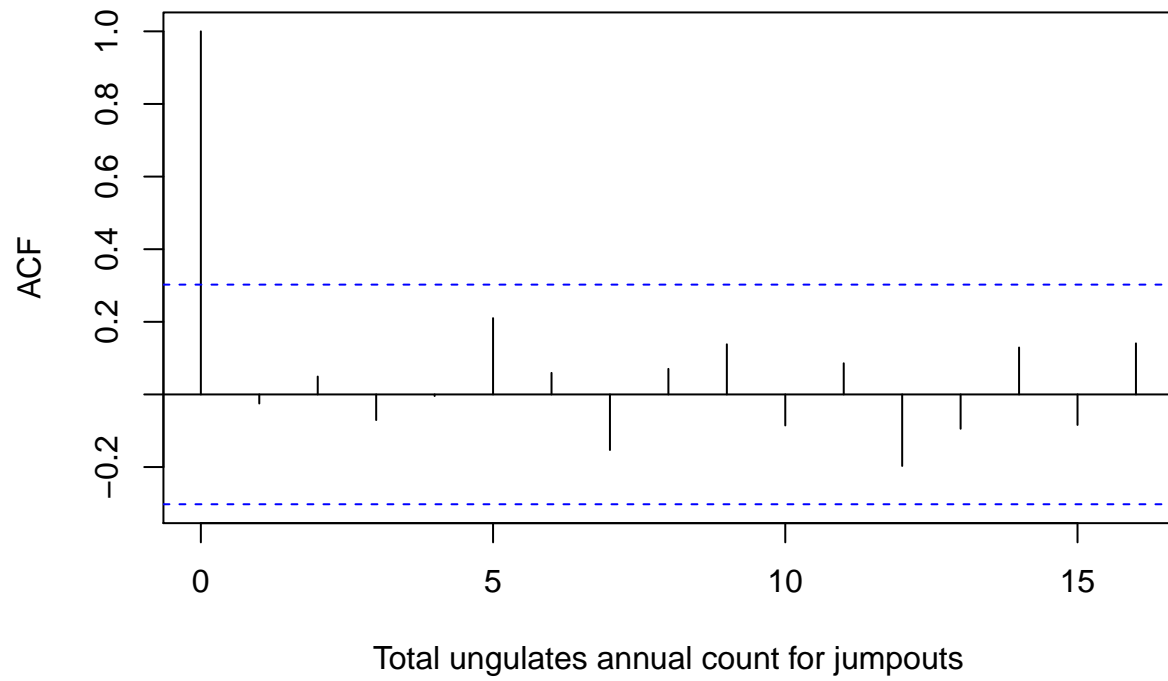
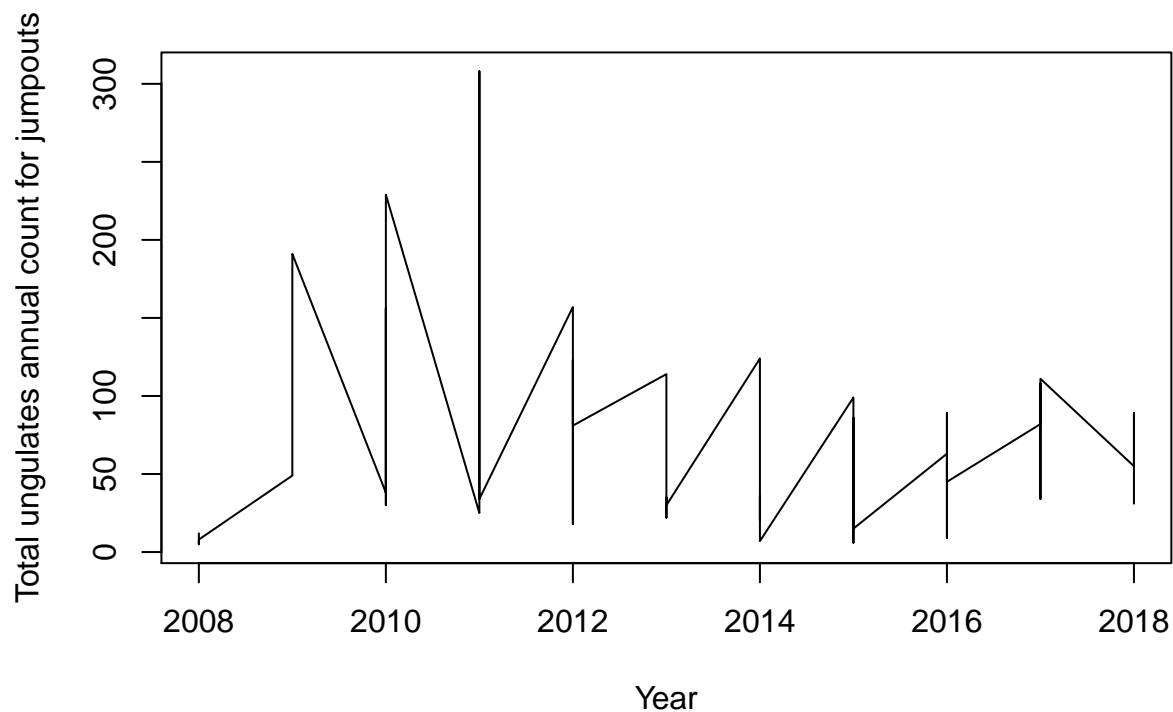


Figure 20



```
## [1] 4612.707
```

```
## [1] 73.97619
```

```
#Annual ungulate count for underpasses
```

```
##  
## Durbin-Watson test  
##  
## data: ung.ann.count.under.mod  
## DW = 2.0356, p-value = 0.5345  
## alternative hypothesis: true autocorrelation is greater than 0
```

```
##  
## Box-Pierce test  
##  
## data: ung.ann.count.under  
## X-squared = 0.17021, df = 1, p-value = 0.6799
```

```
##  
## Box-Ljung test  
##  
## data: ung.ann.count.under  
## X-squared = 0.19342, df = 1, p-value = 0.6601
```

Figure 21

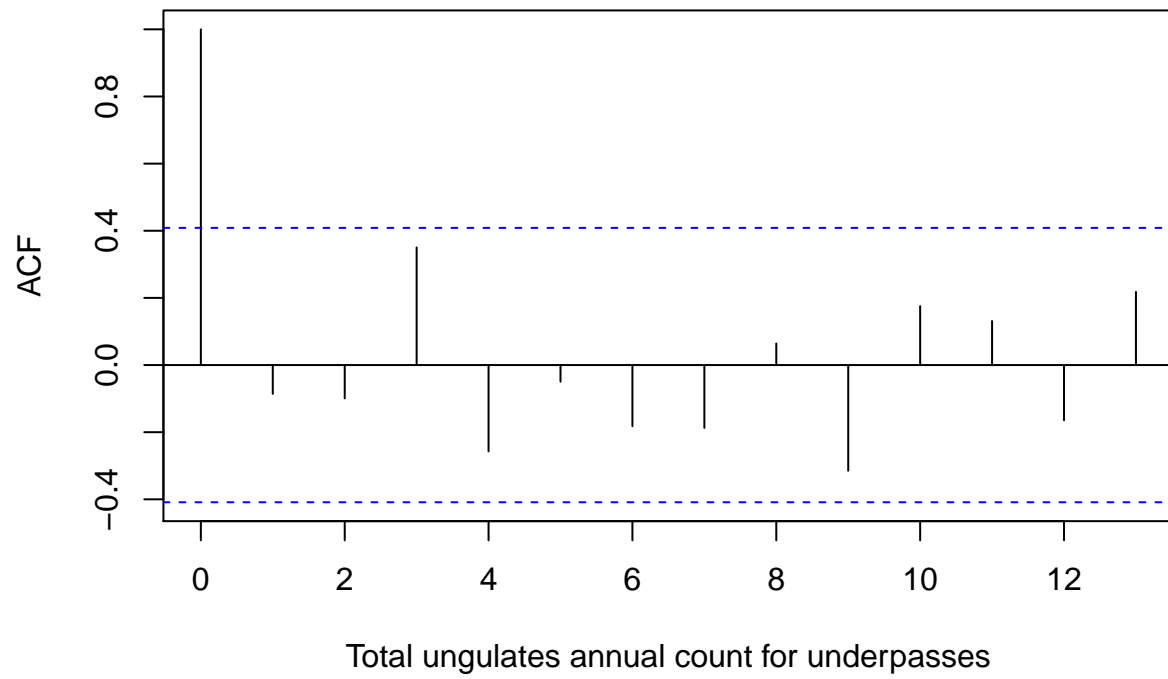
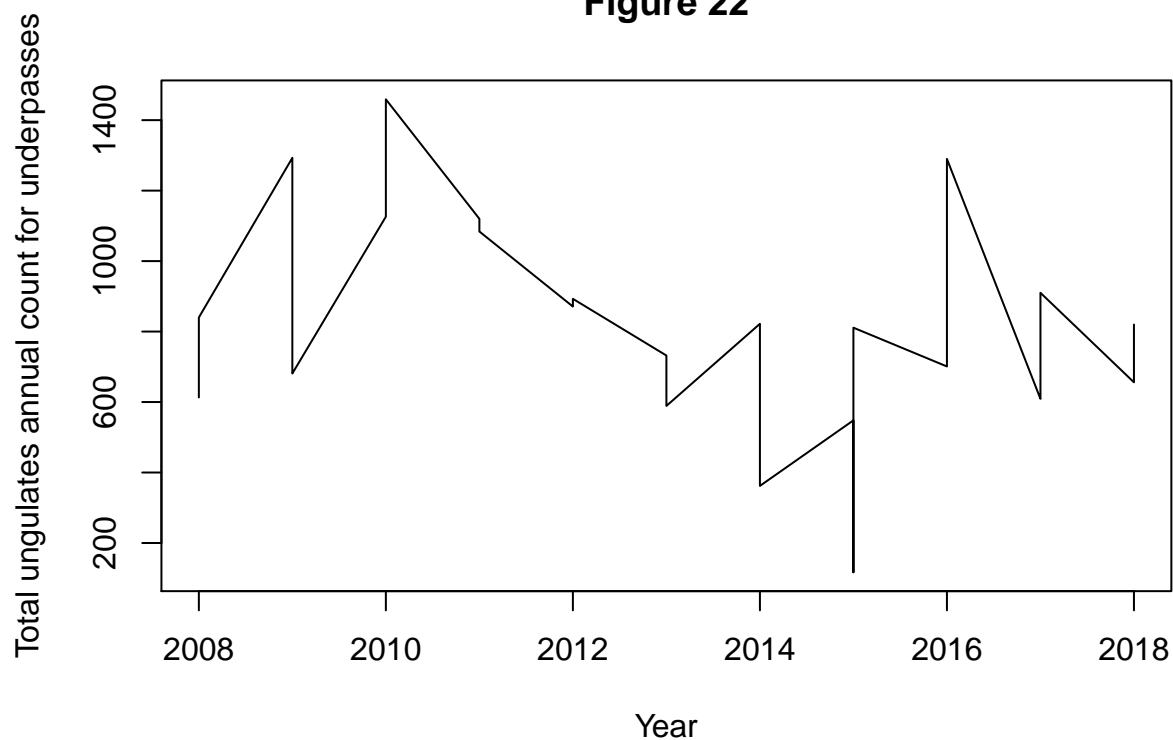


Figure 22



```
## [1] 95876.27
```

```
## [1] 823.7826
```

```
#Monthly ungulate count for jumpouts
```

```
##
## Durbin-Watson test
##
## data: ung.mon.count.jump.mod
## DW = 1.7697, p-value = 0.2202
## alternative hypothesis: true autocorrelation is greater than 0
```

```
##
## Box-Pierce test
##
## data: ung.mon.count.jump
## X-squared = 0.45702, df = 1, p-value = 0.499
```

```
##
## Box-Ljung test
##
## data: ung.mon.count.jump
## X-squared = 0.4889, df = 1, p-value = 0.4844
```

Figure 23

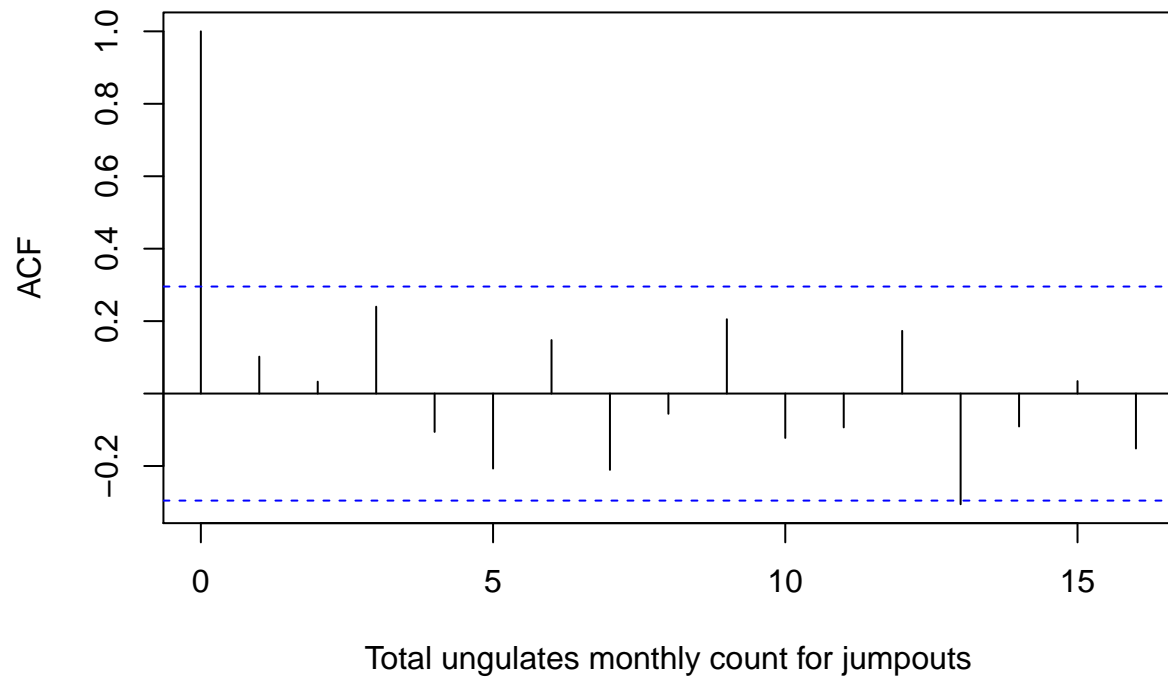
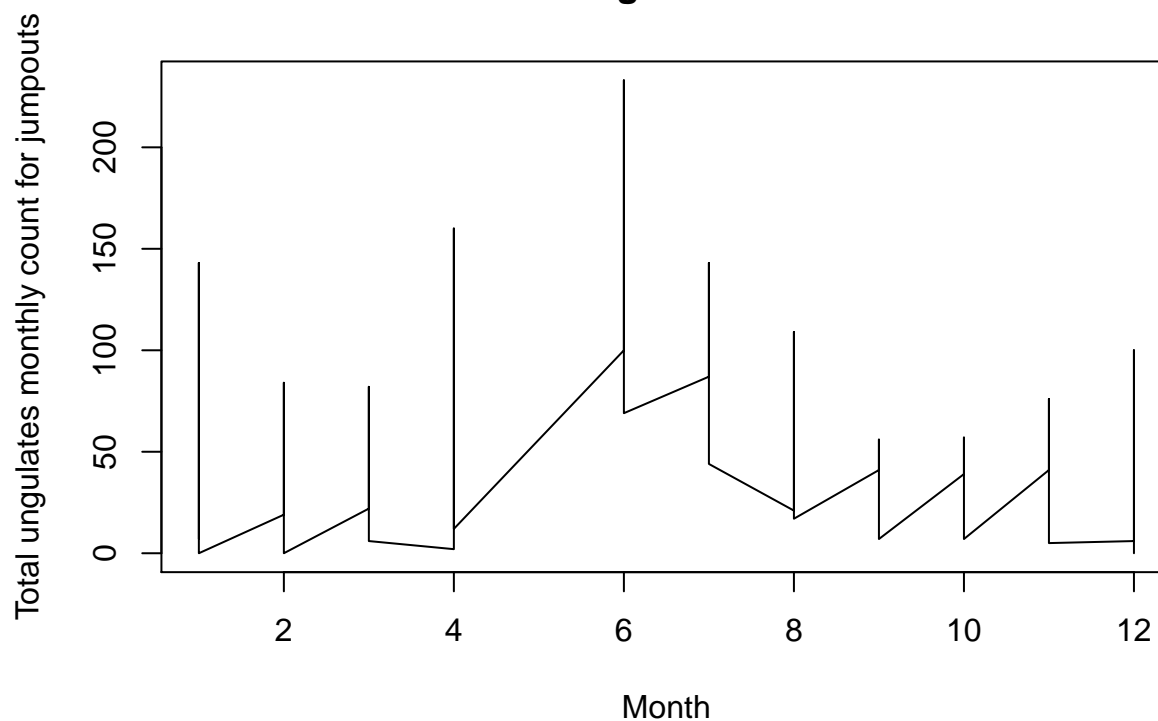


Figure 24



```
## [1] 3076.809
```

```
## [1] 54.43182
```

```
#Monthly ungulate count for underpasses
```

```
##
```

```
## Durbin-Watson test
```

```
##
```

```
## data: ung.mon.count.under.mod
```

```
## DW = 2.2158, p-value = 0.6968
```

```
## alternative hypothesis: true autocorrelation is greater than 0
```

```
##
```

```
## Box-Pierce test
```

```
##
```

```
## data: ung.mon.count.under
```

```
## X-squared = 0.42195, df = 1, p-value = 0.516
```

```
##
```

```
## Box-Ljung test
```

```
##
```

```
## data: ung.mon.count.under
```

```
## X-squared = 0.48223, df = 1, p-value = 0.4874
```


Figure 25

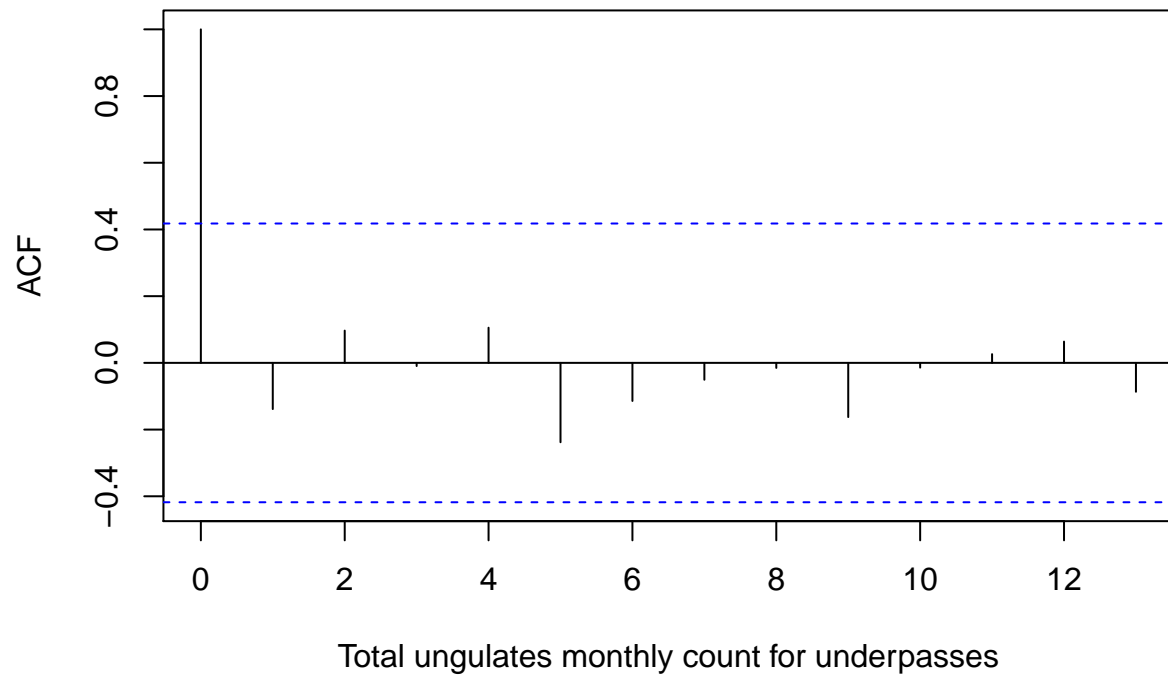
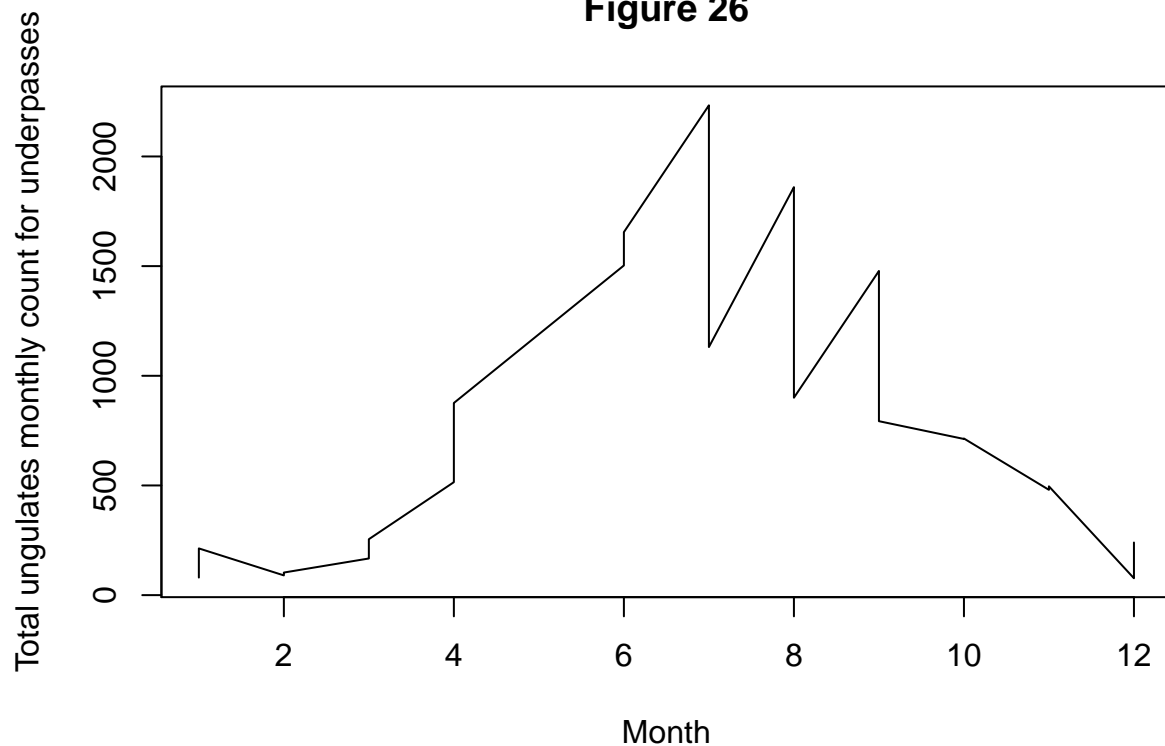


Figure 26



```
## [1] 410350.8
```

```
## [1] 753.2273
```

```
#Hourly ungulate count for jumpouts
```

```
##  
## Durbin-Watson test  
##  
## data: ung.hou.count.jump.mod  
## DW = 1.7999, p-value = 0.1622  
## alternative hypothesis: true autocorrelation is greater than 0
```

```
##  
## Box-Pierce test  
##  
## data: ung.hou.count.jump  
## X-squared = 0.86991, df = 1, p-value = 0.351
```

```
##  
## Box-Ljung test  
##  
## data: ung.hou.count.jump  
## X-squared = 0.89738, df = 1, p-value = 0.3435
```

Figure 27

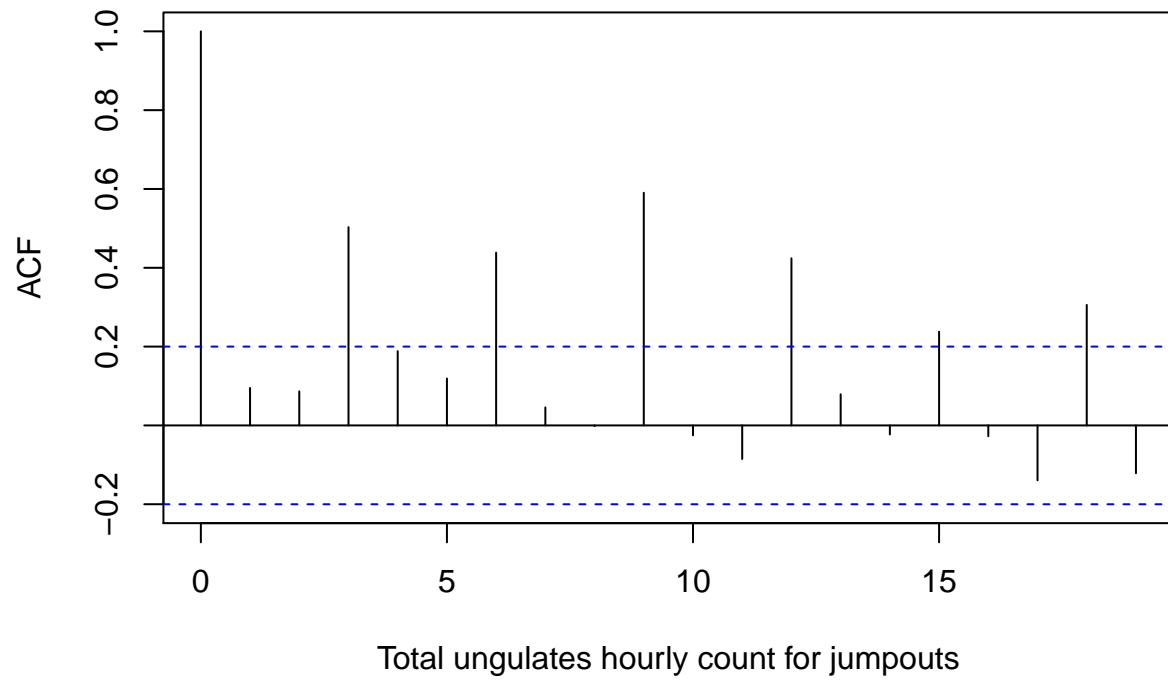
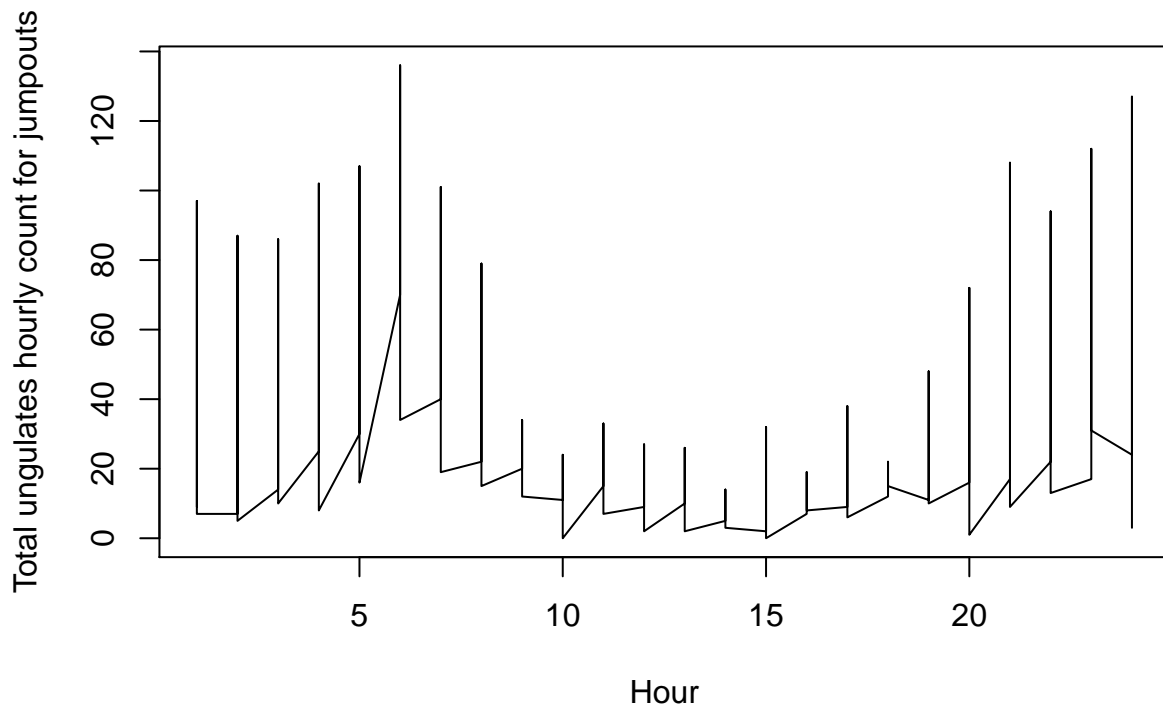


Figure 28



```
## [1] 1061.855
```

```
## [1] 32.36458
```

```
#Hourly ungulate count for underpasses
```

```
##
## Durbin-Watson test
##
## data: ung.hou.count.under.mod
## DW = 1.7076, p-value = 0.1528
## alternative hypothesis: true autocorrelation is greater than 0
```

```
##
## Box-Pierce test
##
## data: ung.hou.count.under
## X-squared = 0.7838, df = 1, p-value = 0.376
```

```
##
## Box-Ljung test
##
## data: ung.hou.count.under
## X-squared = 0.83383, df = 1, p-value = 0.3612
```

Figure 29

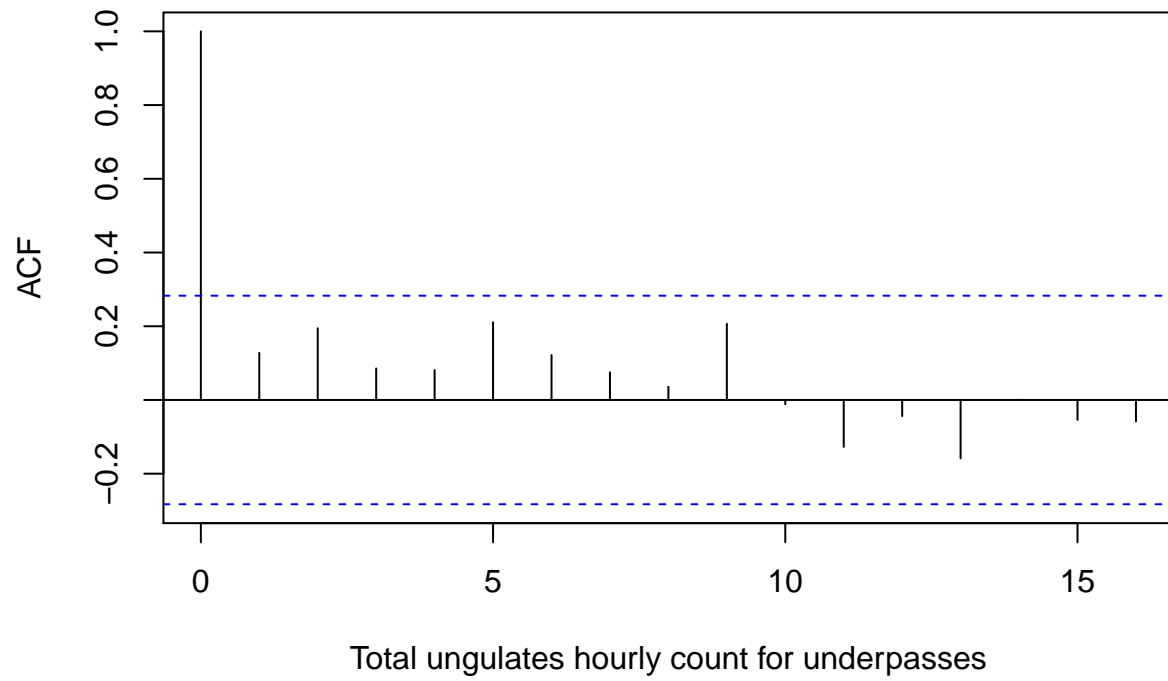
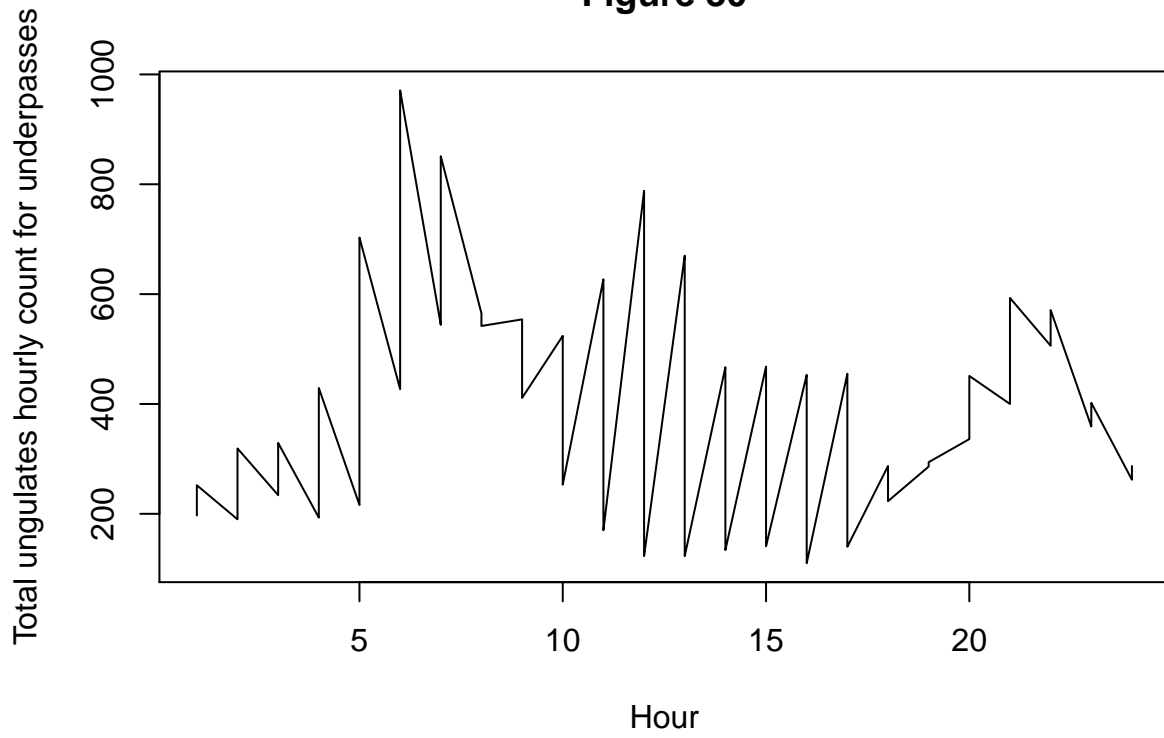


Figure 30



[1] 41362.93

[1] 392.2917

#-----Violin plots-----

Figure 31

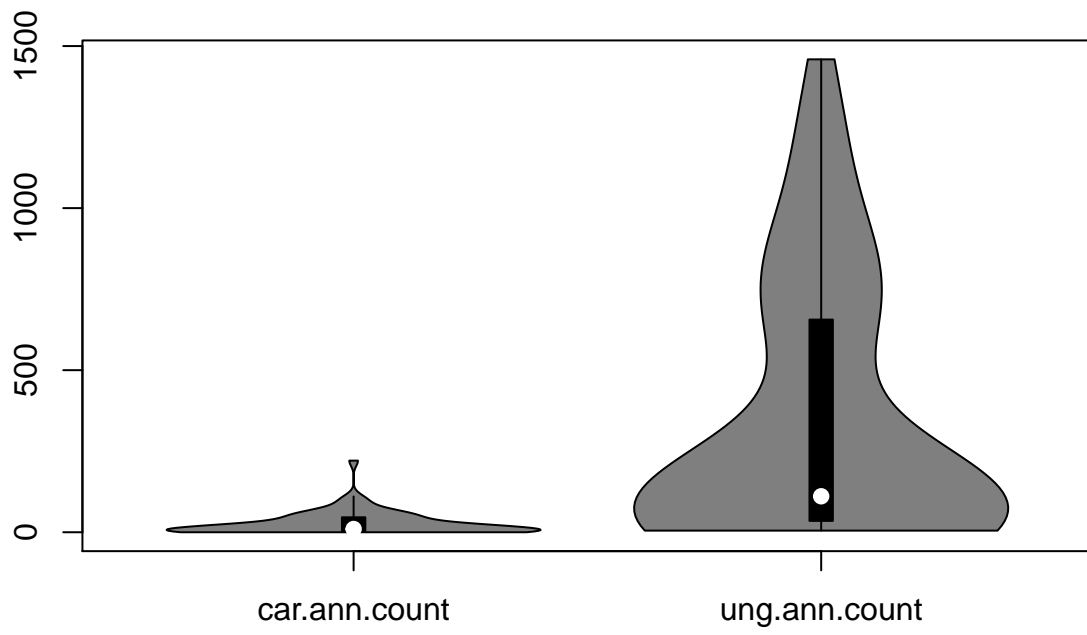


Figure 32

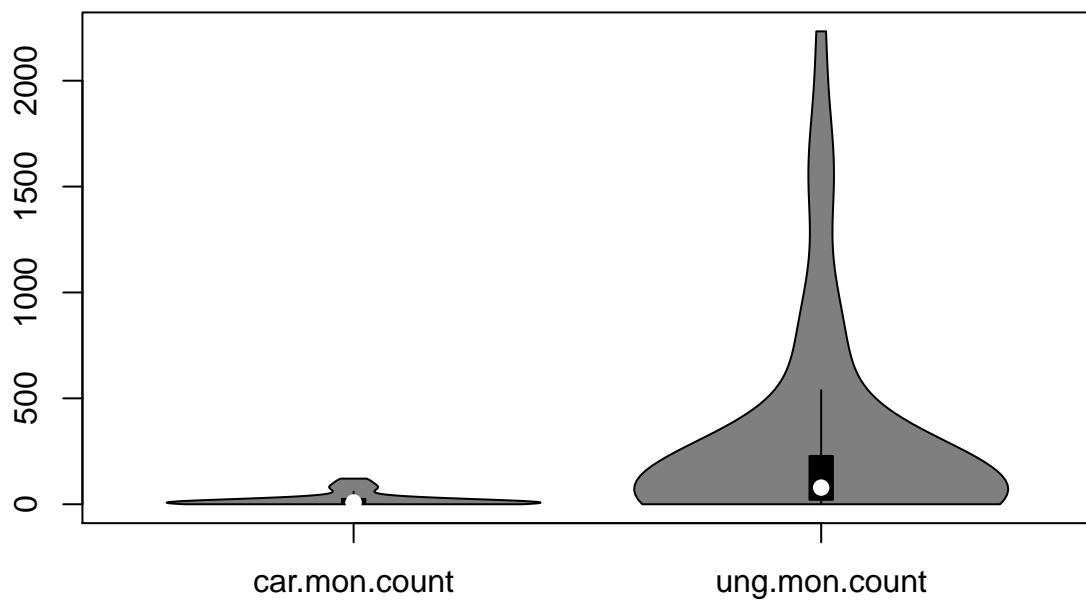
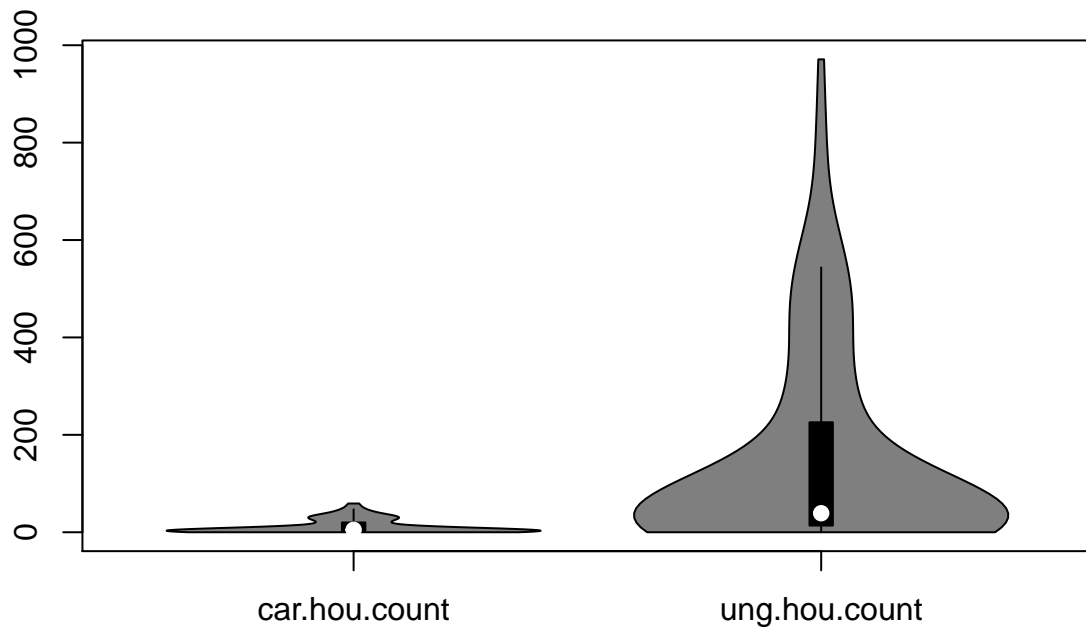
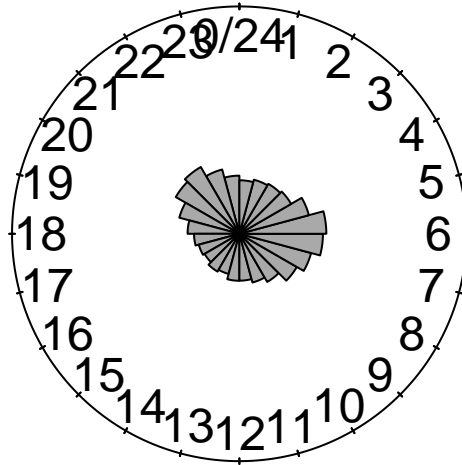


Figure 33



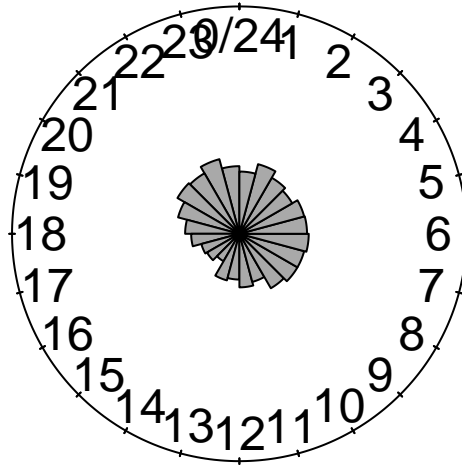
#—————Look at whether there is circularity in the dataset—————
#Ungulate and carnivore hours of activity

Figure 34



Ungulate hour frequency

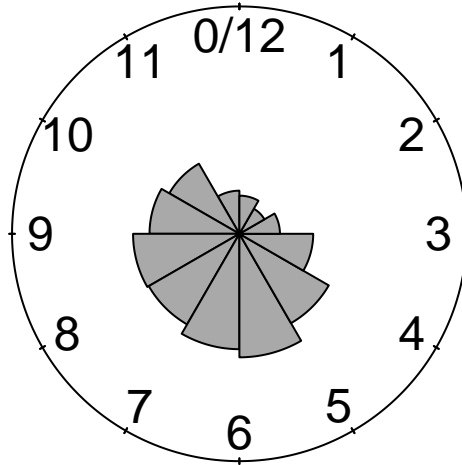
Figure 35



Carnivore hour frequency

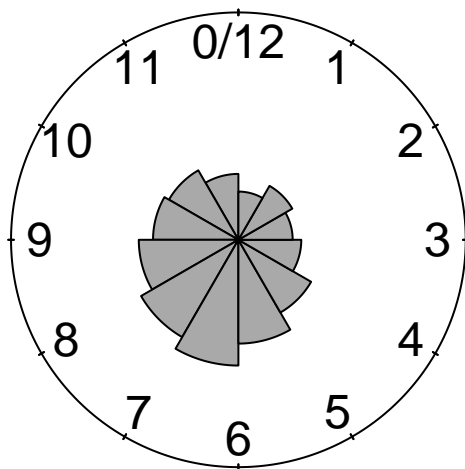
#Ungulate and carnivore months of activity

Figure 36



Ungulate month frequency

Figure 37

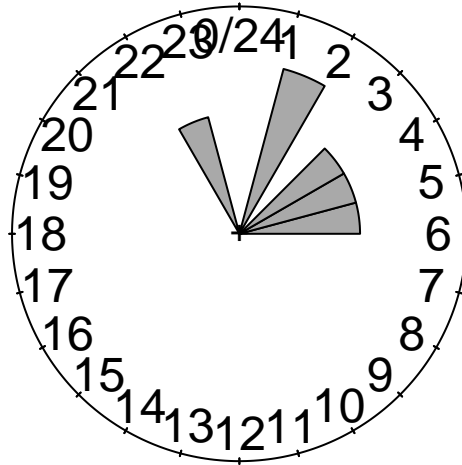


Carnivore month frequency

#Carnivores hours of activity separated by species

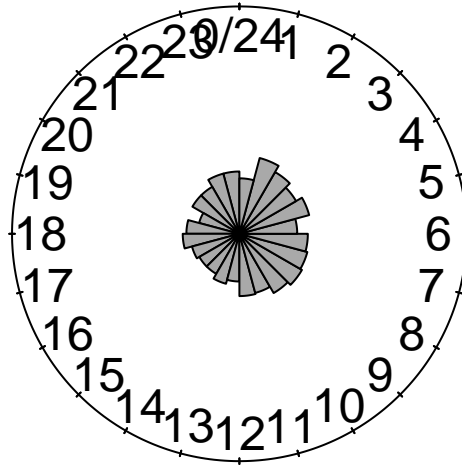
##	Black Bear	Bobcat	Cougar	Coyote	Grizzly Bear
##	320	6	323	653	26
##	Lynx	Marten	Red Fox	Striped Skunk	Unknown Bear
##	1	1	7	1	9
##	Wolf	Wolverine			
##	13	1			

Figure 38



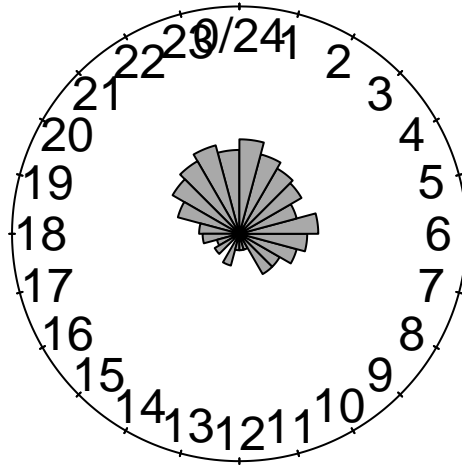
Bobcat hour frequency

Figure 39



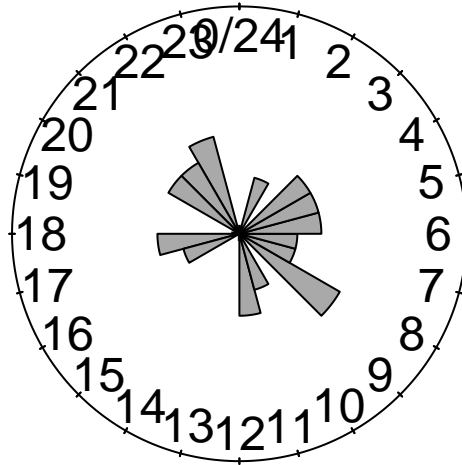
Coyote hour frequency

Figure 40



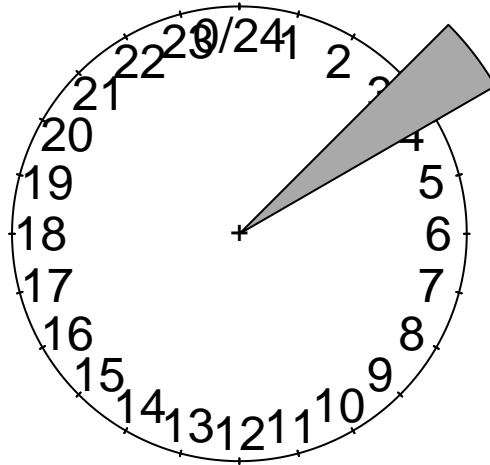
Cougar hour frequency

Figure 41



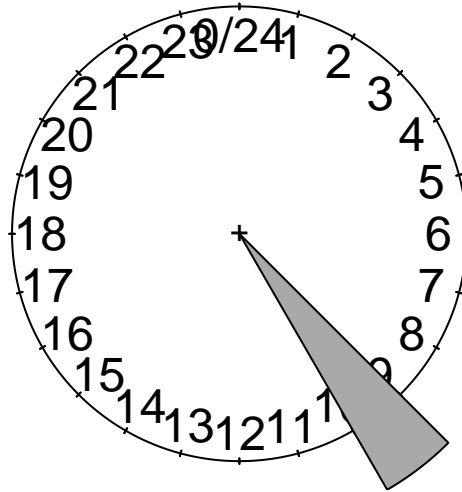
Grizzly Bear hour frequency

Figure 42



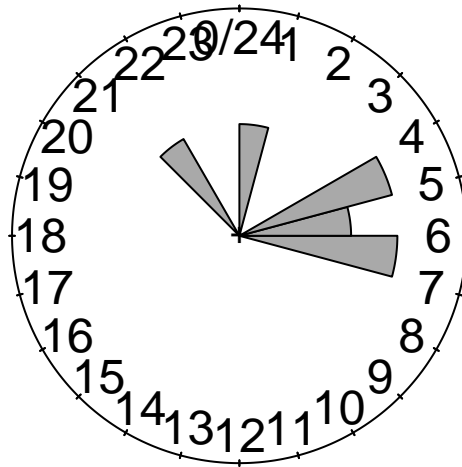
Lynx hour frequency

Figure 43



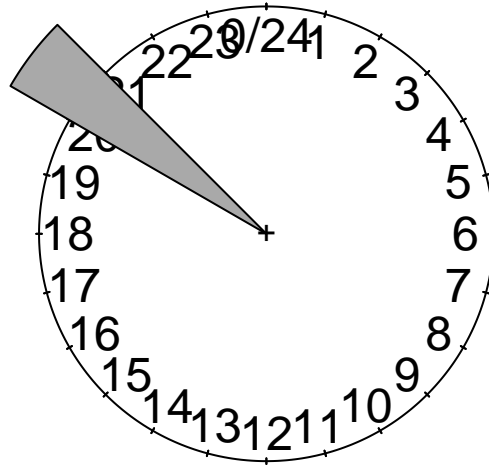
Pine Marten hour frequency

Figure 44



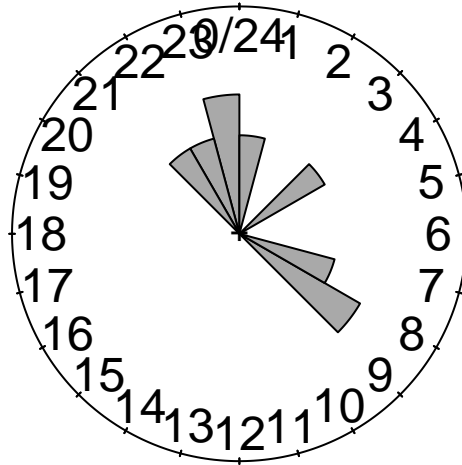
Red Fox hour frequency

Figure 45



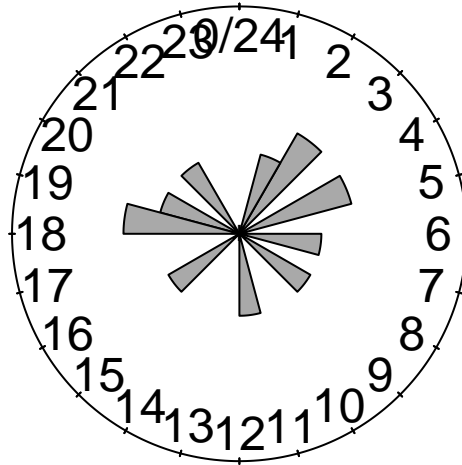
Striped Skunk hour frequency

Figure 46



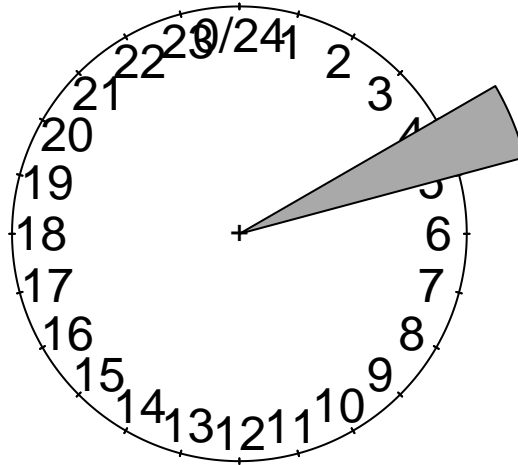
Unknown Bear hour frequency

Figure 47



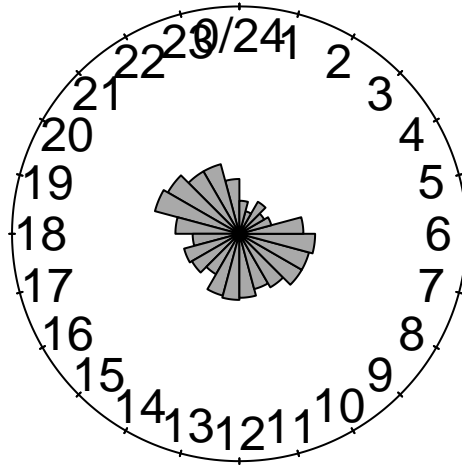
Wolf hour frequency

Figure 48



Wolverine hour frequency

Figure 48



Black Bear hour frequency