

Latex Template

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1 Code

1.1 Python

Listing 1: Python code to create an incidence matrix

```

1 import numpy as np
2 def incmatrix(genl1,genl2):
3     m = len(genl1)
4     n = len(genl2)
5     M = None #to become the incidence matrix
6     VT = np.zeros((n*m,1), int) #dummy variable
7     x = 0
8     #compute the bitwise xor matrix
9     M1 = bitxormatrix(genl1)
10    M2 = np.triu(bitxormatrix(genl2),1)
11
12    for i in range(m-1):
13        for j in range(i+1, m):
14            [r,c] = np.where(M2 == M1[i,j])
15            for k in range(len(r)):
16                VT[(i)*n + r[k]] = 1;
17                VT[(i)*n + c[k]] = 1;
18                VT[(j)*n + r[k]] = 1;
19                VT[(j)*n + c[k]] = 1;
20
21            if M is None:
22                M = np.copy(VT)
23            else:
24                M = np.concatenate((M, VT), 1)
25
26            VT = np.zeros((n*m,1), int)
27
28    return M

```

1.2 Matlab

Listing 2: MATLAB Code that tests Solar System Function

```

1 function test_advanced_level(unit_under_test)
2     % TEST_ADVANCED_LEVEL Test the simulator against the advanced level of
    achievement.
3     %
4     % TEST_ADVANCED_LEVEL(@unit) tests a function called "unit" instead of the
    % default, "solarsystem".
5     %
6     %
7     % This is provided as a means for your to test your program's accuracy. We
    % supply here high precision answers that can use as a benchmark against
8     % which to compare your code.
9     %
10    %
11    % A program similar to this one will be used during marking to test your
    % program's accuracy and speed. We'll use different initial conditions, so
12    % don't try simply hard-coding these answers! :)
13    %
14    %
15
16    % Default to a function named "solarsystem"
17    if nargin < 1
18        unit_under_test = @solarsystem;
19    end
20
21    % Data
22    % Data source: NASA JPL Development Ephemeris DE405, imported into Matlab
23    % using https://au.mathworks.com/matlabcentral/fileexchange/46074-jpl-ephemeris-manager
24    mass = [1.98879724324801e+30; 3.30167548185139e+23; 4.86825414184162e
    +24; 5.97333182929537e+24; 6.41814989746695e+23; 1.89888757501372e
    +27; 5.68569250232054e+26; 8.68357411676561e+25; 1.02450682828011e
    +26; 1.47100387814202e+22];
25    p = [-410978934.937975 -52564098.573049
    -11647539.5911275; -20263704896.5463 37298969437.5484
    21998926177.1807; 107457059203.846 12751258164.7855
    -1081247256.91775; -104473131433.549 95807463843.1787
    41554965796.5625; -47532402438.2755 -197479402904.819
    -89286739068.5338; 740812325977.265 -29623952257.2314
    -30753799138.017; -391719672964.493 1189107854643.27
    507856891148.711; -2396814857836.84 -1270773906334.37
    -522608874439.045; -1545201887440.28 -3957617757444.78
    -1581427940931.15; -4371341308972.33 -1084064015240.84 978703610774.062];
26    v = [1.94673233456669 -10.8814016462929 -4.7775329435922; -54017.2779417951
    -18415.0969798133 -4228.50548119061; -3793.57777814318 31524.0648690534
    14419.9306824639; -21597.9402281813 -19392.9951239518
    -8410.50277824797; 24596.1594690375 -2563.11636886769
    -1841.7251251432; 538.777252737696 12558.0983493514
    5370.16231719295; -9767.15104601119 -2764.87492216388
    -721.832483731844; 3335.76872430951 -5686.29309895411
    -2537.72389267233; 5074.99185394443 -1640.69964089467
    -797.853610190395; 1586.81468930053 -5301.34210829372 -2132.29213550457];
27
28    % Use inner planets only; supply them in the order Sun, Earth, Mercury,
29    % Venus, Mars (so that colours used for the Sun and Earth in the other

```

```

30     % tests apply here too)
31     i = [1 4 2 3 5];
32     mass = mass(i);
33     p = p(i,:);
34     v = v(i,:);
35
36     % Test 1
37     Test_3D_Solar_System(false);
38
39     % Test 2
40     Test_3D_Solar_System(true);
41
42     function test_result(parameter, value, units, comparator, benchmark)
43         if strcmp(units, '%')
44             fprintf(' %28s : %-15.6f', [parameter ' (' units ')'], value
45 );
46         else
47             fprintf(' %28s : %-15.6g', [parameter ' (' units ')'], value
48 );
49         end
50         if nargin == 5
51             if comparator(value, benchmark)
52                 fprintf(' ** PASS. Meets or exceeds the expectation of %
53 g%s', benchmark, units);
54             else
55                 fprintf(' ** FAIL. Does not meet the expectation of %g%s
56 ', benchmark, units);
57             end
58         end
59         fprintf('\n');
60     end
61
62     function Test_3D_Solar_System(speed_test)
63         if speed_test
64             fprintf('<strong>*** [Advanced level] Inner planets in 3D (
65 execution speed test)</strong>\n');
66         else
67             fprintf('<strong>*** [Advanced level] Inner planets in 3D</
68 strong>\n');
69         end
70
71         % Run the program
72         tic();
73         [final_p, final_v] = unit_under_test(p, v, mass, 400*24*60*60,
74 speed_test);
75         t = toc();
76         test_result('Execution time', t, 's');
77
78         % Check the dimensions of the return values
79         assert(all(size(final_p) == size(p)), 'Expected size of return
80 value "p" to be %ix%i, received %ix%i instead.', size(p,1), size(p,2),
81 size(final_p, 1), size(final_p, 2));

```

```

75     assert(all(size(final_v) == size(v)), 'Expected size of return
value "v" to be %ix%i, received %ix%i instead.', size(v,1), size(v,2),
size(final_p, 1), size(final_p, 2));

76
77     % Check the answers
78     correct_p = [-345966512.946938 -427734515.389726
-176305011.39972;-146624134718.92 23657267681.4718
10263838966.7501;18103318019.8 -57037628697.2036
-32327489902.5598;32774480992.525 -94215943100.9452
-44459425421.2662;-136512481872.172 183605819453.111 87921613716.9978];
79     correct_v = [1.80779317569275 -10.8097599943337
-4.73922210995349;-5754.8524496641 -27006.432527836
-11711.495344779;37086.6176187111 15367.1705312566
4360.22910247245;33125.9176644671 10361.9441289187
2564.05625302394;-19228.3713286498 -10562.8647670158 -4323.54314113474];

80
81     % mercury is harder to simulate because it moves the fastest
82     % the objects are in this order: Sun, Earth, Mercury, Venus, Mars
83     expectations = [0.1 1 5 1 1];
84     for i = 1:size(p,1)
85         test_result(sprintf('Object %i position error', i), norm(
final_p(i,:) - correct_p(i,:))/norm(correct_p(i,:))*100, '%', @le,
expectations(i));
86         test_result(sprintf('Object %i velocity error', i), norm(
final_v(i,:) - correct_v(i,:))/norm(correct_v(i,:))*100, '%', @le,
expectations(i));
87     end
88 end
89
90 end

```

It can clearly be seen from listings 1 to 2 that code chunks are cool and sick.

2 Figure Rendering

2.1 3D Plots

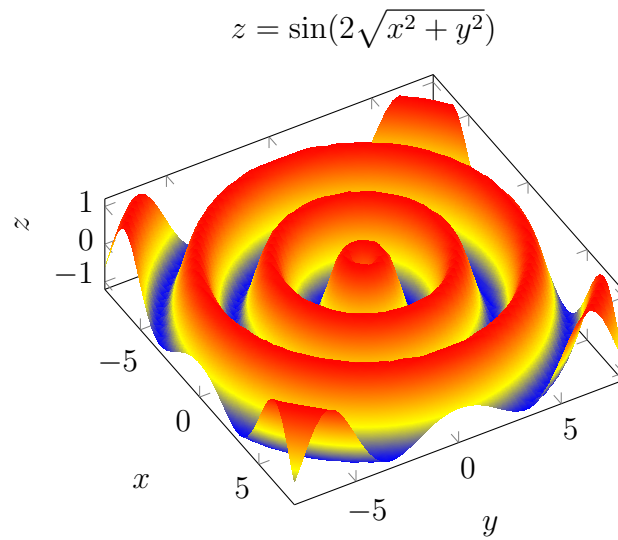


Fig. 1. 3D plot of $z = \sin(2\sqrt{x^2 + y^2})$

3 Table input from csv

Country	Population	Area	Oil Prod.	GDP	Education	Roadways	Net Users
Australia	23232413	7741220	289700	50300	5.6	0.106342024	60%
Canada	35623680	9984670	3679000	48300	5.4	0.10439003	60%
France	67106161	643801	16420	43800	5.9	1.597459463	60%
Germany	80594017	357022	46590	50400	5.1	1.806611357	60%
Italy	62137802	301340	70670	38100	4.5	1.618437645	60%
Japan	126451398	377915	3918	42800	3.8	3.224989746	60%
Russia	142257519	17098242	10550000	27800	4.1	0.075059588	60%
United Kingdom	65648100	243610	933000	44100	6.2	1.619096096	60%
United States	326625791	9833517	8853000	59500	5.4	0.669812235	60%

Table 1: Your Table Caption