



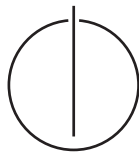
DEPARTMENT OF INFORMATICS

TECHNISCHE UNIVERSITÄT MÜNCHEN

Master's Thesis in Informatics

**Analysis of Android Cracking Tools and
Investigations in Counter Measurements
for Developers**

Johannes Neutze





DEPARTMENT OF INFORMATICS

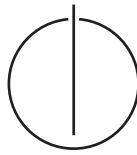
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**Analysis of Android Cracking Tools and
Investigations in Counter Measurements
for Developers**

**Analyse von Android Crackingtools und
Untersuchung geeigneter
Gegenmaßnahmen für Entwickler**

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I confirm that this master's thesis in informatics is my own work and I have documented all sources and material used.

Munich, TODO: Submission date

Johannes Neutze

Acknowledgments

Abstract

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Glossary

API An Application Programming Interface (API) is a particular set of rules and specifications that a software program can follow to access and make use of the services and resources provided by another particular software program that implements that API.

computer is a machine that...

Acronyms

API Application Programming Interface.

TUM Technische Universität München.

1 Introduction

sis is a text

1.1 Licensing

Was ist licensing und warum? allgemein

1.2 Motivation

enthält als Abschluss SCOPE

lose money from sale/IAP

lose ad revenues

others earn the money - ad ID replacement

no control at all when cracked and in other markets -> no fixes/updates (<https://youtu.be/TNnccRimhsI?t=>

for user: when downloading pirated apk, no idea what they changed (malware, stealing data, privacy, permissions)

wont notice any difference since in background

unpredicted traffic for your server, be prepared to block pirated traffic

cracking can lead to bad user experience, e.g. copied apps, mostly for paid apps

awesome algorithms can be stolen

similar problems with inapp billing

best way to counter: license verification libraries

encryption can be dumped from memory

generell piracy!!!

1.3 Related Work

related work

2 Foundation

sis is a text

2.1 Android

sis is text

<https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=Rv8DfXNYnOI>

2.1.1 History

sis is text

2.1.2 Basics of Android

sis is text

2.1.3 Evolution of the Android Compiler

sis is text

Java Virtual Machine

sis is text

Dalvik Virtual Machine

sis is text

Android Runtime

im Moment abwärtskompatibilität dex in oat (tools zum extrahieren nennen)

2.1.4 Root on Android

what is it? how is it achieved? what can i do with it? (good/bad sides)

2.2 License Verification Libraries

What is a lvi? why are they used? connection to store

2.2.1 Amazon

Amazon DRM

Implementation

sis is text

Functional Principle

sis is text

Example

anhand eigener app

2.2.2 Google

License Verification Library

Implementation

sis is text

Functional Principle

sis is text

Example

anhand eigener app

2.2.3 Samsung

Zirconium

Implementation

sis is text

Functional Principle

sis is text

Example

anhand eigener app

2.3 Reengineering Tools

main tools

2.3.1 Dex

mein custom script erklären

2.3.2 baksmali

<https://github.com/JesusFreke/smali>

2.3.3 Java

Androguard

<https://github.com/androguard/androguard>

jadx

<https://github.com/skylot/jadx>

2.3.4 Diff

<https://wiki.ubuntuusers.de/diff>

-N: Treat absent files as empty; Allows the patch create and remove files.

-a: Treat all files as text; Allows the patch update non-text (aka: binary) files.

-u: Set the default 3 lines of unified context; This generates useful time stamps and context.

-r: Recursively compare any subdirectories found; Allows the patch to update subdirectories.

script erklären

can also be used to learn the code -> was nacher das allgemeine problem ist

software piraterie blackmarket, malware schaden für entwickler (ad id klau,)

3 Cracking Android Applications with LuckyPatcher

<http://lucky-patcher.netbew.com/>

3.1 What is LuckyPatcher and what is it used for?

wer hat ihn geschrieben?

auf welcher version basiere ich

su nicht vergessen

was kann er alles

was schauen wir uns an?

install apk from palystore -> have root -> open lucky -> chose mode

similar cracking tools:

or manual: decompile and edit what ever you want

3.2 Operation

wo arbeitet er?

warum dex und nicht odex anschauen?

patterns und patching modes grob erklären (modi von luckypatcher die verschiedene operationen (pattern) auf app anwenden) => vorgehensweise zur

3.3 What patterns are there and what do they do?

was greift jedes pattern an? wie wird der mechanismus ausgeklingt? was ist das result?

3.4 What are Patching Modes are there and what do they do?

kombination von patterns.

welche modes gibt es? welche patterns benutzen sie?

welche apps getestet und welche results?

3.5 Learnings from LuckyPatcher

was fällt damit weg?

erklären warum (2) 5.1.2 Opaque predicates zb nicht geht, da auf dex ebene einfach austauschbar

simple obfuscation for strings? x -> string (damit name egal)

4 Counter Measurements for Developers

am besten mit example

4.1 Environment and Integrity Checks

siehe masterarbeit 2

just as easy to crack as LVL when you know the code

evtl create native versions because harder to crack

should work for amazon/lvl/samsung -> beweis! (amazon die signature den die seite vorgibt?)

4.1.1 Prevent Debuggability

sis is text

4.1.2 Root Detection

<http://stackoverflow.com/questions/10585961/way-to-protect-from-lucky-patcher-play-licens>

4.1.3 LuckyPatcher Detection

<http://stackoverflow.com/questions/13445598/lucky-patcher-how-can-i-protect-from-it>

-> can be also done for black markets

4.1.4 Sideload Detection

<http://stackoverflow.com/questions/10809438/how-to-know-an-application-is-installed-from->

4.1.5 Signature Check

once in code

save to use signature in code?

SECURE NET VON GOOGLE

4.1.6 Remote Verification and Code nachladen

certificate an server, get signature and send to server

content direkt von server laden (e.g. all descriptions, not sure if dex possible)

e.g. account auf seite erstellen, encrypted dex ziehen der von loader stub geladen wird (like packer) kann wiedermal dann gezogen werden und dann als custom patch verteilt werden

4.2 LVL Modifications

siehe masterarbeit 2

4.2.1 Modify the Library

google

4.2.2 Junkbyte Injection

master1

4.2.3 Checken ob ganzer code abläuft und dann nacheinander elemente aktivieren

master1 - testen

damit die ganzen blöcke durchlaufen werden müssen

4.2.4 dynamische Codegeneration

4.3 Prevent Reengineering

sis is text <https://blog.fortinet.com/post/how-android-malware-hides>

<http://www.hotforsecurity.com/blog/mobile-app-development-company-fights-off-android-malware>
html

4.3.1 Basic Breaks for Common Tools

pros and cons sagen?

<https://github.com/strazzere/APKfuscator>

<http://www.strazzere.com/papers/DexEducation-PracticingSafeDex.pdf>

<https://youtu.be/Rv8DfXNYnOI?t=811>

Filesystem

make classname to long

<https://youtu.be/Rv8DfXNYnOI?t=985> works except for the class

breaks only baksmali

Inject bad OPcode

use bad opcode in deadcode

code runs but breaks tools

put it into a class you do not use -> care proguard, it will not use it since it is not included

-> fixed...

<https://youtu.be/Rv8DfXNYnOI?t=1163>

reference not inited strings

<https://youtu.be/Rv8DfXNYnOI?t=1459>

Throw exceptions which are different in dalvik than in java

recursive try/catch? -> valid dalvik code

<https://youtu.be/Rv8DfXNYnOI?t=1650>

Increase headersize

you have to edit every other offset as well

<https://youtu.be/Rv8DfXNYnOI?t=1890>

dexception, dex within a dex by shifting

this is a packer/encrypter

slowdown automatic tools

<https://youtu.be/Rv8DfXNYnOI?t=1950>

Endian Tag?

reverse endian

breaks tools works on device (odex)

lot work for little gain

<https://youtu.be/Rv8DfXNYnOI?t=2149>

4.3.2 Optimizers and Obfuscators

Obfuscators/Optimizers definition

remove dead/debug code

potentially encrypt/obfuscate/hide via reflection

<https://youtu.be/6vFcEJ2jg0w?t=243>

Relfection

<https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=Rv8DfXNYnOI>

irgendwo erklären

Proguard

<https://youtu.be/6vFcEJ2jg0w?t=419>

optimizes, shrinks, (barely) obfuscates -> free, reduces size, faster

gutes bild <https://youtu.be/TNnccRimhsI?t=1360>

removes unnecessary/unused code

merges identical code blocks

performs optimizations

removes debug information

renames objects

restructures code

removes linenumbers -> stacktrace annoying

<https://youtu.be/6vFcEJ2jg0w?t=470>

->hacker factor 0

does not really help

Dexguard

master2

OVERVIEW

son of proguard
the standard protection
optimizer
shrinekr
obfuscator/encrypter, does not stop reverse engineering
<https://youtu.be/6vFcEJ2jg0w?t=643>
WHAT DOES IT DO
everything that proguard does
automatic reflection
string encryption
asset/library encryption
class encryption(packign)
application tamper protection
file->automatic reflection->string encryption->file
<https://youtu.be/6vFcEJ2jg0w?t=745>
class encryption= packer, unpackers do it most of the time in few seconds, aber aufwand
auf handy, nicht so einfach wie pattern in luckypatcher
CONS
may increase dex size, memory size; decrease speed
removes debug information
string, etc encryption
best feature: automatic reflection with string encryption
reversible with moderate effort
hacker protection factor 1

Allatori

WHAT DOES IT
name obfuscation
control flow flattening/obfuscation
debug info obfuscation
string encryption
RESULT
decreases dex size, memory, increases speed
removes debug code
not much obfuscation
Proguard+string encryption
easily reversed

hacker protection factor 0.5
<https://youtu.be/6vFcEJ2jg0w>

Dexprotector

master2

4.3.3 Protectors

stub fixes broken code which is normally not translated by tools, breaks static analysis
<https://youtu.be/6vFcEJ2jg0w?t=347>

APKprotect

<https://youtu.be/6vFcEJ2jg0w>
chinese protector
also known as dexcrypt, appears active but site down, clones might be available
anti-debug, anti-decompile, almost like a packer
string encryption
cost ???
tool mangles code original code
-modifies entrypoint to loader stub
-prevents static analysis
during runtime loader stub is executed
-performs anti-emulation
-performs anti-debugging
-fixes broken code in memory
FUNCTION
dalvik optimizes the dex file into memory ignoring bad parts
upon execution dalvik code initiates, calls the native code
native code fixes odex code in memory
execution continues as normal
RESULT
slight file size increase
prevents easily static analysis
hard once, easy afterwards
easily automated to unprotect
still has string encryption (like DexGuard, Allatori) afterwards
not much iteration in the last time, do not know if still alive

hacker protection factor 3, no public documentation, but every app is the same

4.3.4 Packers

break static analysis tools, you have to do runtime analysis

like UPX, stub application unpacks, decrypts, loads into memory which is normally hidden from static analysis

<http://www.fortiguard.com/uploads/general/Area41Public.pdf>

<https://books.google.de/books?id=ACjUCgAAQBAJ&pg=PA372&lpg=PA372&dq=ijiami+integrity&source=bl&ots=NTf7YaqJiZ&sig=M5GKDCcQB5dcwXR3hjtIv8pM1AA&hl=de&sa=X&ved=0ahUKEwjH3umt1b3JAhXGLA8KHYYhwDGsQ6AEIMDAC#v=onepage&q=ijiami%20integrity&f=false>

<https://www.blackhat.com/docs/asia-15/materials/asia-15-Park-We-Can-Still-Crack-You-Gener.pdf>

https://www.virusbtn.com/pdf/conference_slides/2014/Yu-VB2014.pdf

<https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=6vFcEJ2jg0w>

concept erklären und dann die beispiele nennen, nicht mehr aktiv/gecracked aber prinzip ist gut

hosedex2jar

<https://youtu.be/6vFcEJ2jg0w?t=1776>

PoC packer

not available for real use

appears defunct

near zero ITW samples

mimics dexception attack from dex education 101

FUNCTION

encrypts and injects dexfile into dex header (deception)

very easy to spot

very easy to decrypt, just use dex2jar

static analysis does not work since it sees the encrypted file

on execution loader stub decrypts in memory and dumps to file system

loader stub acts as proxy and passes events to the dex file on system using a dexClassLoader

RESULT

simple PoC
slight file size increase
attempts to prevent static analysis - kind of works
lots of crashing
easily automated to unpack
easy to reverse, good for learning
hacker protection factor 0.5

Pangxie

<https://youtu.be/6vFcEJ2jg0w?t=1982>
anti-debug
anti-tamper
appears to be defunct product
little usage/samples ITW
FUNCTION
<https://youtu.be/6vFcEJ2jg0w?t=2040>
encrypts dex file and bundles as asset in APK
very easy to find, logcat has too much information
dalvik calls JNI layer to verify and decrypt
easy to reverse, both dalvik and native, excellent for beginners to Android and packers
aes used only for digest verification
easily automated, 0x54 always the key
or dynamically grab app_dex folder
slightly increase file size
prevents static analysis - though easy to identify
uses static 1 byte key for encryption
easily automated to unpack
very easy to reverse, good for learning
good example of an unobfuscated packer stub for cloning
hacker protection factor 1.5
only working till <4.4
simple packer, increase encryption with key, do not just dump on filesystem

4.3.5 BANGCLE

anti-debugging
anti-tamper

anti-decompilation
anti-runtime injection
online only service, apk checked for malware
detected by some anti virus due to malware
cost 10k
no one has done it before...
stopped working on 4.4
FUNCTION
dalvik execution talks launched JNI
JNI launches secondary process
chatter over PTRACE between the two processes
newest process decrypts dex into memory
original dalvik code proxies everything to the decrypted dex
RESULT
well written, lots of anti-* tricks
seems to be well supported and active on development
does a decent job on online screening - no tool released for download (though things clearly to slip through)
not impossible to reverse and re-bundle packages
current weakness (for easy runtime unpacking) is having a predictable unpacked memory location
hacker protect faktor 5
probably best tool out there but lag when updating since online approval

4.4 External Improvements

sis is text

4.4.1 Service-managed Accounts

<https://youtu.be/TNnccRimhsI?t=1636>

check on server what content should be returned or logic on server

kann man einen lagorithus haben um rauszufinden was man auslagern kann?

if not possible remote code loading

4.4.2 ART

art hat masschinen coed
wenn reengineerbar dann nicht gut

4.4.3 Secure Elements

new section trusted execution environment trusttronic letzte conference samsung knox
->gelten eher sicher

5 Conclusion

auch wichtig weil wenn crackable dann upload zu stores und dann malware

<http://www.hotforsecurity.com/blog/mobile-app-development-company-fights-off-android-malware-with-obfuscation-tool-3717.html>

5.1 Summary

sis is text

5.2 Discussion

sis is text

5.3 Future Work

art?

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