ising

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1 Source:

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https://rajeshrinet.github.io/
https://rajeshrinet.github.io/blog/2014/ising-model/
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[56]: %matplotlib inline
# Simulating the Ising model
from __future__ import division
import numpy as np
from numpy.random import rand
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
import matplotlib.image as mpimg
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[60]: def read_image(path):
          return mpimg.imread('img.jpg')
      def rgb_to_grey_image(img):
          return np.dot(img[...,:3], [0.2989, 0.5870, 0.1140])
      def reshape_image(grey_img, square_length):
          return grey_img[0:square_length, 0:square_length]
      def normalize_image(reshaped_img):
          normalized_img = np.empty(reshaped_img.shape)
          for i in range (reshaped_img.shape[0]):
              for j in range (reshaped_img.shape[1]):
                  normalized_img[i,j] = reshaped_img[i,j]/255
          return normalized_img
      def default_preprocess_img(path):
          temp1 = read_image(path)
          temp2 = rgb_to_grey_image(temp1)
          temp3 = reshape_image(temp2, 300)
          return normalize_image(temp3)
```

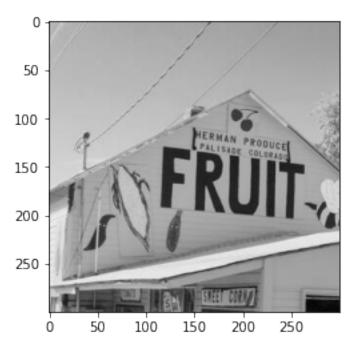
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[65]: def mcmove(config, N, beta):

''' This is to execute the monte carlo moves using
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Metropolis algorithm such that detailed
    balance condition is satisfied'''
    for i in range(N):
        for j in range(N):
                a = np.random.randint(0, N)
                b = np.random.randint(0, N)
                s = config[a, b]
                nb = config[(a+1)\%N,b] + config[a,(b+1)\%N] + config[(a-1)\%N,b]_{\sqcup}
 \rightarrow+ config[a,(b-1)%N]
                cost = 2*s*nb
                if cost < 0:</pre>
                     s *= -1
                elif rand() < np.exp(-cost*beta):</pre>
                     s *= -1
                config[a, b] = s
    return config
def configPlot(f, config, i, N, n_):
    ^{\prime\prime\prime} This modules plts the configuration once passed to it along with time _{\! \sqcup}
 ⇔etc '''
    X, Y = np.meshgrid(range(N), range(N))
    sp = f.add_subplot(3, 3, n_ )
    plt.setp(sp.get_yticklabels(), visible=False)
    plt.setp(sp.get_xticklabels(), visible=False)
    plt.pcolormesh(X, Y, config, cmap=plt.cm.RdBu);
    plt.title('Time=%d'%i); plt.axis('tight')
def simulate():
    ''' This module simulates the Ising model'''
    config = default_preprocess_img('img.jpg')
    N, temp = config.shape[0], .4
                                          # Initialse the lattice
    f = plt.figure(figsize=(15, 15), dpi=80);
    configPlot(f, config, 0, N, 1);
    msrmnt = 1001
    plt.imshow(config)
    for i in range(msrmnt):
        mcmove(config, N, 1.0/temp)
        if i == 1:
                        configPlot(f, config, i, N, 2);
                        configPlot(f, config, i, N, 3);
        if i == 4:
        if i == 32:
                        configPlot(f, config, i, N, 4);
        if i == 100:
                        configPlot(f, config, i, N, 5);
        if i == 300: configPlot(f, config, i, N, 6);
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[66]: config = default_preprocess_img('img.jpg')
plt.imshow(config, cmap=plt.get_cmap('gray'))
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[66]: <matplotlib.image.AxesImage at 0x7f9696fd1b20>



[67]: simulate()

