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## I. Environment Setup

Language: Python 3 (on jupyter) Library: numpy, PIL, matplotlib

```
import numpy as np
from PIL import Image, ImageDraw
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
```

## **II.** Q1: original image and its histogram

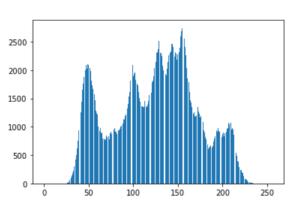
**Step 1: Read image using Image.open** 

Step 2: traverse all the elements and calculate the number of pixels in different intensity.

Step 3: use plt draw the histogram.

output image: original lena.bmp





#### code:

```
# (a) original image and its histogram
 1
 2
   img = Image.open("lena.bmp")
 3
   width, height = img.size
4
5
6
   x = np.arange(256)
7
   y = np.zeros(256)
   for c in range(width):
8
       for r in range(height):
9
           y[img.getpixel((c,r))] +=1
10
11
   plt.bar(x,y)
   plt.show()
12
```

# III. Q2: image with intensity divided by 3 and its histogram

Step 1: read image using Image.open()

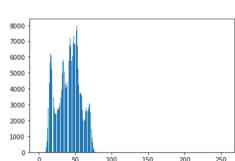
Step 2: traverse all the pixels, get pixel value, divided by 3 and calculate the number of pixels in different intensity.

Step 3: create a new image to store the new value divided by 3 from Step 2.

Step 3: use pyplot to draw histogram

# output image





```
# (b) image with intensity divided by 3 and its histogram

original = Image.open("lena.bmp")
width, height = img.size

x = np.arange(256)
dividedHistogram = np.zeros(256)

for c in range(width):
    index = round(img.getpixel((c,r))/3)
    dividedHistogram[index] +=1

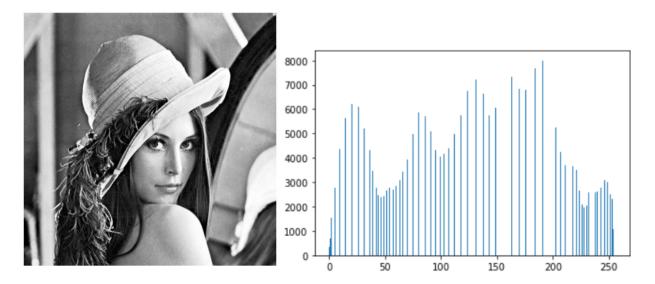
dividedImage = Image.new("L", original.size)
dividedImageArray = dividedImage.load()

for c in range(width):
    for r in range(height):
        dividedImageArray[c,r] = round(img.getpixel((c,r))/3)

dividedImage.save("DividedImage.bmp")
dividedImage.save("DividedImage.bmp")
dividedImage.save("pluidedImage.bmp")
dividedImage.save("pluidedImage.bmp")
plt.bar(x,y)
plt.show()
```

- IV. Q3: image after applying histogram equalization to (b) and its histogram
  - Step 1: read image from (b) using Image.open()
  - Step 2: get divided image histogram count
  - Step 3: calculate the equalization histogram
  - Step 3: make new equalized Image

## output image:



```
1 # (c) image after applying histogram equalization to (b) and its histogram
 3 # load basic parameter
4 dividedImage = Image.open("DividedImage.bmp")
 5 width, height = dividedImage.size
 6 totalNumberOfPixels = width * height
 8
9 s = np.zeros(256)
10 dividedImageHis = np.zeros(256)
11
12 # get divided image histogram count
13 for c in range(width):
14
       for r in range(height):
15
           dividedImageHis[dividedImage.getpixel((c,r))] += 1
16
17 # calculate the equalization histogram
18 for i in range(256):
19
       accumulation[i] = np.sum(dividedImageHis[0:i+1])
20
       s[i] = accumulation[i] * 255 / totalNumberOfPixels
21
22 # make new equalizedImage
23 equalizedImage = Image.new("L", dividedImage.size)
24 for c in range(width):
       for r in range(height):
25
26
           equalizedImage.putpixel((c,r), int(s[dividedImage.getpixel((c,r))]))
27 equalizedImage.save("EqualizeedImage.bmp")
28 equalizedImage.show()
29
30 # make the histogram of equalization image
31 equalizedHis = np.zeros(256)
32 for c in range(width):
33
       for r in range(height):
34
           equalizedHis[equalizedImage.getpixel((c,r))] += 1
35
36 plt.bar(x,equalizedHis)
37 plt.show()
```