

Pacira Pharmaceuticals, Inc. (PCRX)

2010 Financials a Non-Event. We See a Major Value Driver Mid-Year with the July 28 PDUFA Date for Exparel

March 31, 2011

Price
\$7.23

Rating
OUTPERFORM

Fair Value Estimate
\$19

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- **The 2010 financials were uneventful but we project Pacira's cash runway extends into Q1:12.** For the full year 2010, the company reported \$14.6 million in revenue and an EPS loss of \$(47.29). However, given Pacira's stage of development, we believe the most important financial is cash and its runway. On a pro forma basis (including cash from the IPO), the company ended 2010 with approximately \$64.6 million. Assuming Exparel is approved in Q3:11 and launched in Q4:11, Pacira guided to a cash burn of about \$30 million through Q3:11 and \$25 million in Q4:11 which includes a \$10 million milestone payment to Skye Pharmaceuticals. Furthermore, the company guided to \$14-16 million in revenue for 2011 which does not include any potential sales from Exparel. We have adjusted our model estimates to be in-line with cash burn and revenue guidance.
- **We believe the next major catalyst for Pacira is the PDUFA date of July 28, 2011 for Exparel treatment of postsurgical pain management.** We estimate a 75% chance that Exparel is approved on its PDUFA date and believe the stock could potentially at a minimum double from current levels on approval. Furthermore, we believe Exparel is likely to receive a broad label for use as a single dose local administration into the surgical wound to produce postsurgical analgesia given that other pain drugs, such as OFIRMEV, Caldolor, and Zipsor, were all recently approved with broad labels for pain.
- **We anticipate US launch of Exparel in Q4:11 with gross peak sales of \$576 million worldwide for post-operative analgesia delivered using infiltration.** We believe Exparel's long-acting analgesic effect, which results in decreased opioid consumption, addresses a clinical need in the ~24 million infiltration procedures performed annually in the US. Exparel is also being tested in additional pain indications that could expand the US opportunity to about 39 million procedures.
- **We reiterate our OUTPERFORM rating and fair value of \$19.** Our fair value is calculated based on the sum-of-parts for each drug/indication combination using a 30% annual discount from our peak annual revenues projections and 1-10x multiple, depending on stage of development to reflect risk.

Company Information

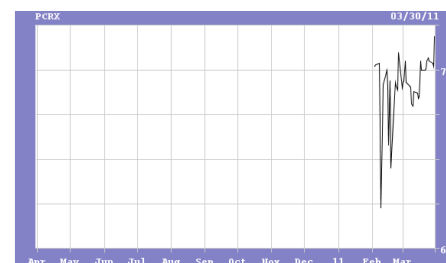
Shares Outst (M)	17.2
Market Cap (M)	\$125
52-Wk Range	\$6.16 - \$7.60
Book Value/sh	\$1.91
Cash/sh	\$3.36
Enterprise Value (M)	\$96
LT Debt/Cap %	47

Company Description

Pacira Pharmaceuticals, Inc. is an emerging specialty pharmaceutical company focused on the development, manufacture, and commercialization of DepoFoam-enhanced extended release drug candidates, such as Exparel, for use in hospital and ambulatory surgery centers.

FYE Dec	2010A	2011E			2012E		
REV (M)	ACTUAL	CURR.	PREV.	CONS.	CURR.	PREV.	CONS.
Q1 Mar	--	\$3.7E	\$4.4E	\$4.2E	--	--	--
Q2 Jun	--	3.8E	4.5E	3.7E	--	--	--
Q3 Sep	--	4.0E	4.6E	4.1E	--	--	--
Q4 Dec	--	6.8E	7.4E	7.1E	--	--	--
Year*	\$14.6A	\$18.3E	\$21.0E	\$19.3E	\$43.4E	\$44.4E	\$56.6E
Change	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
EPS	ACTUAL	CURR.	PREV.	CONS.	CURR.	PREV.	CONS.
Q1 Mar	--	(\$0.52)E	(\$0.15)E	(\$0.41)E	--	--	--
Q2 Jun	--	(0.51)E	(0.14)E	(0.34)E	--	--	--
Q3 Sep	--	(0.82)E	(0.57)E	(0.62)E	--	--	--
Q4 Dec	--	(1.22)E	(1.08)E	(1.36)E	--	--	--
Year*	(\$47.29)A	(\$3.08)E	(\$1.98)E	(\$2.74)E	(\$2.26)E	(\$1.92)E	(\$1.38)E
P/E	NMx	NMx	--	--	NMx	--	--
Change	--	--	--	--	--	--	--

Consensus estimates are from Thomson First Call.
* Numbers may not add up due to rounding.



Source: Thomson Reuters

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MODEL UPDATE

Pacira Pharmaceuticals, Inc. (PCRX:NASDAQ)							
<i>Historical and Projected Income Statement</i>							
<i>(In thousands except per share data)</i>							
	2010A	2011E				2012E	
	FY:10A	Q1	Q2	Q3	Q4	FY:11E	FY:12E
Gross Sales:							
Exparel US - Infiltration					2,709	2,709	23,636
Exparel EU - Infiltration					-	-	-
Exparel ROW (Japan) - Infiltration					-	-	-
Revenues:							
Exparel US Sales - Infiltration		0	0	0	2,709	2,709	23,636
Exparel EU Royalties - Infiltration		0	0	0	0	0	0
Exparel ROW (Japan) Royalties - Infiltration		0	0	0	0	0	0
Exparel Total - Revenues and Royalties		0	0	0	2,709	2,709	23,636
DepoDur/DepoCyt(e) Supply and Royalty Revenue	11,345	2,971	3,090	3,210	3,293	12,564	13,778
Total Net Product Revenues	\$ 11,345	\$2,971	\$3,090	\$3,210	\$6,002	\$ 15,273	\$ 37,414
Collaborative Licensing and Development Revenue	3,217	750	750	750	750	3,000	6,000
Total Revenues	14,562	3,721	3,840	3,960	6,752	18,273	43,414
Total COGS (including royalties and milestones owed)	12,276	2,500	2,600	2,700	12,800	20,600	13,282
Gross Margin	2,286	1,221	1,240	1,260	(6,048)	(2,327)	30,132
Operating Expenses:							
R&D	18,628	7,084	7,226	7,371	5,300	26,981	33,871
SG&A	6,030	3,327	3,360	8,894	10,720	26,301	38,017
Acquired in-process R&D	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Total Operating Expenses	24,658	10,411	10,586	16,264	16,020	53,282	71,888
Operating Income (Loss)	(22,372)	(9,190)	(9,346)	(15,004)	(22,068)	(55,609)	(41,756)
Other income (expense)	(34)	-	-	-	-	-	-
Interest Income	146	367	543	430	229	1,569	-
Interest (Expense)	(3,959)	(763)	(763)	(763)	(763)	(3,050)	(2,496)
Royalty Interest Obligation	(930)	710	710	710	710	2,840	2,230
Income Before Income Taxes	(27,149)	(8,876)	(8,855)	(14,627)	(21,892)	(54,250)	(42,022)
(Provision)/benefit for Income Taxes	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Tax Rate	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Net Income (Loss)	\$ (27,149)	\$ (8,876)	\$ (8,855)	\$ (14,627)	\$ (21,892)	\$ (54,250)	\$ (42,022)
GAAP EPS	(47.29)	(0.52)	(0.51)	(0.82)	(1.22)	(3.08)	(2.26)
Weighted Average Shares Outstanding	574	17,233	17,483	17,733	17,983	17,608	18,608
Cash	\$15,525	\$57,854	\$50,797	\$35,219	\$10,550	\$10,550	(\$54,687)
Cash Per Share	\$27.04	\$3.36	\$2.91	\$1.99	\$0.59	\$0.60	(\$2.94)
Cash Burn (Generation)						\$63,775	\$65,237
Exparel as % Total Revenues				0%	40%	15%	54%

Source: Wedbush Pac Grow Life Sciences

The 2010 financials were uneventful but we project Pacira's cash runway extends into Q1:12. For the full year 2010, the company reported \$14.6 million in revenue and an EPS loss of \$(47.29). However, given Pacira's stage of development, we believe the most important financial is cash and its runway. On a pro forma basis (including cash from the IPO), the company ended 2010 with approximately \$64.6 million. Assuming Exparel is approved in Q3:11 and launched in Q4:11, Pacira guided to a cash burn of about \$30 million through Q3:11 and \$25 million in Q4:11 which includes a \$10 million milestone payment to Skye Pharmaceuticals. Furthermore, the company guided to \$14-16 million in revenue for 2011 which does not include any potential sales from Exparel. We have adjusted our model estimates to be in-line with cash burn and revenue guidance. Specifically, we reduced our full year collaboration revenue to \$3 million from \$5.7 million to be more in-line with the Q4:10 run rate and 2011 revenue guidance. Additionally, we increased our full year R&D and SG&A expenses to \$27 million and \$26 million from \$21 million and \$22 million, respectively. The increase is to account for scale up in manufacturing and the health outcomes program ahead of Exparel launch as well as to be in-line with cash burn guidance.

POTENTIAL UPCOMING MILESTONES (OUR ESTIMATES)

July 28, 2011	Exparel (infiltration) PDUFA date
Q4:11	US launch of Exparel (infiltration)
2011	Potential partnership for ex-US rights of Exparel
2011	Potential additional technology partnerships
2011	Select clinical candidate from DepoNSAID program
H1:12	Initiate pivotal trial of Exparel in nerve block
H2:12	Pivotal trial data for Exparel in nerve block
H1:13	File sNDA for Exparel (nerve block)
H1:13	Initiate pivotal trial of Exparel in epidural
H2:13	Pivotal trial data for Exparel in epidural
Late 2013	Potential sNDA approval/launch of Exparel (nerve block)
2014	File sNDA for Exparel (epidural)
2015	Potential sNDA approval/launch of Exparel (epidural)

We believe the next major catalyst for Pacira is the PDUFA date of July 28, 2011, for Exparel treatment of postsurgical pain management. We estimate a 75% chance that Exparel is approved on its PDUFA date and believe the stock could potentially double or more from current levels on approval. Our confidence for approval is based on several main factors. First, the efficacy evidence for the NDA is based on two positive Phase 3 trials of Exparel which the FDA acknowledged at a pre-NDA meeting in February 2010 to be appropriately designed to evaluate safety and efficacy. Second, the safety profile of Exparel seems adequate for approval and while the FDA typically requires a 500 patient safety database for pain drugs, Pacira submitted data for over 1300 patients. Third, the FDA is already familiar with bupivacaine, the active ingredient in Exparel, as well as Pacira's DepoFoam technology. Furthermore, the hemorrhoidectomy (soft-tissue surgery) and bunionectomy (orthopedic surgery) indications were selected to support a broad label for use as a single dose local administration into the surgical wound to produce postsurgical analgesia. We believe Exparel is likely to receive this broad label given that other pain drugs such as OFIRMEV, Caldolor, and Zipsor were all recently approved with broad labels for pain.

Pacira also plans to have a presence at a number of upcoming medical meetings as it seeks to increase physician awareness of Exparel ahead of potential launch. We believe the company's participation in these conferences is important for ultimately receiving formulary approval and driving initial sales pull-through. Of the following list of medical meetings, we believe the key ones for Pacira will be ASRA on May 5-8, 2011, in Las Vegas, NV, and ASCRS on May 14-18, 2011 in Vancouver, BC.

April 13, 2011	Experimental Biology/American Society for Pharmacology & Experimental Therapeutics (EB/ASPET; Wash. DC)
May 5-8, 2011	36th Annual Meeting of American Society of Regional Anesthesia (ASRA; Las Vegas, NV)
May 5-8, 2011	26th Annual Meeting of the Society for Ambulatory Anesthesia (SAMBA; San Antonio, TX)
May 14-18, 2011	2011 Annual Meeting of American Society of Colon & Rectal Surgeons (ASCRS; Vancouver, BC)
May 17, 2011	American Association of Pharmaceutical Scientists: National Biotechnology Conference (San Francisco, CA)
May 21-24, 2011	2011 Annual Meeting of International Anesthesia Research Society (IARS; Vancouver, BC)

Source: Wedbush Pac Grow Life Sciences

CORPORATE OVERVIEW

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An NDA for Exparel was submitted in September 2010 and accepted for filing in December 2010 and has a July 28, 2011, PDUFA date. We estimate a 75% chance that Exparel is approved on its PDUFA date and believe the stock could potentially double (or more) from current levels on approval. Our confidence for approval is based on several main factors. First, the efficacy evidence for the NDA is based on two positive Phase 3 trials of Exparel which the FDA acknowledged at a pre-NDA meeting in February 2010 to be appropriately designed to evaluate safety and efficacy. Second, the safety profile of Exparel seems adequate for approval and while the FDA typically requires a 500 patient safety database for pain drugs, Pacira submitted data for over 1300 patients. Third, the FDA is already familiar with bupivacaine, the active ingredient in Exparel, as well as Pacira's DepoFoam technology. Furthermore, the hemorrhoidectomy (soft-tissue surgery) and bunionectomy (orthopedic surgery) indications were selected to support a broad label for use as a single dose local administration into the surgical wound to produce postsurgical analgesia. We believe Exparel is likely to receive this broad label given that other pain drugs—such as OFIRMEV, Caldolor, and Zipsor—were all recently approved with broad labels for pain.

Product	Indication/Trial	Preclinical	Phase 1	Phase 2	Phase 3	NDA Filed	Marketed	Partners
EXPAREL	Infiltration							
	Nerve Block							
	Epidural							
DepoCyt(e)®	Lymphomatous Meningitis	Sigma-Tau Mundipharma						
DepoDur®	Postoperative Pain	EKR Flynn						
DepoNSAID	Acute Pain							
DepoMethotrexate	Rheumatoid Arthritis							
	Oncology							

Multiple DepoFoam Partner Programs Provide Milestone and Royalty Revenues

Source: Reprinted with permission from Pacira Pharmaceuticals

Regulatory Risk. Pacira submitted a 505(b)(2) NDA for Exparel treatment of postsurgical pain with the FDA in September 2010 that was accepted for review on December 10, 2010 and has a PDUFA date of July 28, 2011. The basis for the NDA is supported by two pivotal Phase 3 clinical trials with positive results which we believe to be adequate for approval of Exparel. However, unforeseen concerns may arise with the FDA that could result in approval delay or the FDA could determine the NDA to be not approvable. For example, in 2009, two Phase 3 trials of Exparel failed to meet their primary endpoints of showing a 30% better reduction in pain compared to regular bupivacaine. One of these trials was for total knee arthroplasty and the other was for hemorrhoidectomy. The trials were designed to compare Exparel to regular bupivacaine in a multimodal setting where patients also received concomitant analgesics. The trials did not meet their primary endpoints due to unexpectedly good results in the control arm. We believe this may have been partly due to the use of concomitant analgesics as well as poor trial design. Importantly, Exparel performed as expected in terms of both safety and efficacy. Based on the results of these two trials, the two successful pivotal trials were designed with more appropriate inclusion and exclusion criteria and protocol specified measures.

The FDA may require Pacira to conduct a study of Exparel in pediatric patients. Pacira has requested a waiver for patients under two years of age and a deferral for patients under 18 years of age. However, there can be no assurance that the waiver or deferral will be granted. In our opinion, the risk of the FDA requesting a pediatrics study prior to approval is low based on historical decisions by the FDA in which other companies developing pain products were allowed to conduct pediatric studies post-approval.

FDA approval of Exparel is dependent on a pre-approval inspection of Pacira's manufacturing facilities. Additionally, the FDA might not agree that the registration batches submitted in Pacira's NDA are fully representative of the manufacturing process and could request new batches in order to provide additional stability data. While we note these risks, we are not currently aware of any reasons for either of these negative scenarios to play out.

Overall, we believe regulatory risk is below average given that bupivacaine, the active ingredient in Exparel, is an already approved drug as well as that two drugs using the DepoFoam technology have already been approved.

Commercial Risk. Pacira does not currently have a commercial infrastructure for the marketing, sale or distribution of any pharmaceutical products. If Exparel is approved by the FDA, Pacira plans to build a specialty sales force of approximately 100 reps within three years of launch. Furthermore, the company may seek to further penetrate the US market through collaborations with other pharmaceutical companies. Outside the US, we believe Pacira is likely to out-license rights to Exparel without building its own sales force. There can be no assurance that Pacira will be able to successfully build a commercial sales team in a timely and cost-effective manner or obtain commercial partners. Furthermore, market uptake of Exparel will be dependent on acceptance of the product onto hospital formularies which can be a lengthy process that typically takes between six to 12 months. Overall, we believe commercial risk is average given Pacira's current lack of sales and marketing infrastructure. However, we believe this is offset by management's track record of successfully commercializing pharmaceutical products.

Competitive Risk. We expect Exparel will directly compete with Durect's Posidur (Optesia in Europe), if Posidur is eventually approved. However, we believe Exparel offers several advantages over Posidur including more convenient dosing as well as likely being the first to market. We also anticipate Exparel will compete with other non-opioid products such as bupivacaine, Marcaine, ropivacaine, and other anesthetics/analgesics. While many of these products are generic and thus cheaper than Exparel, they also all have a shorter duration of action. Therefore, we believe Exparel will offer a therapeutic advantage that can command premium pricing due to decreased opioid consumption and related opioid side effects. However, there is risk that physicians will still opt to use cheaper generic caine-based products.

Furthermore, we expect Exparel will indirectly compete against several other classes of approved drugs, some of which are generic. Competing products available for the treatment of postsurgical pain include opioids such as morphine, fentanyl, meperidine and hydromorphone. Additionally, Ketorolac (generic) and Caldolor (branded ibuprofen) are two injectable non-steroidal anti-inflammatory drugs (NSAIDs) available for the treatment of postsurgical pain management. OFIRMEV (IV acetaminophen) is a non-NSAID and non-narcotic IV analgesic that was recently approved for pain management and fever.

Overall, we believe competitive risk in the near-term is low given that the only direct competitor we see is Posidur which is at least one year behind Exparel.

Reimbursement Risk. Sales of DepoCyt(e), DepoDur®, Exparel, and/or any future product candidates are partially dependent on the availability of coverage and reimbursement from third-party payers such as Medicare, Medicaid, managed care providers, private health insurers and other organizations. Coverage decisions by third-party payers are generally based upon clinical and economic benefit that can sometimes disfavor new higher priced drugs versus lower cost alternatives. As such, we expect Pacira's commercialization strategy for Exparel to include a health economics and outcomes research (HEOR) program that highlights the economic benefits of Exparel versus lower cost alternatives. Overall, we believe reimbursement risk is average as we have confidence in management's experience with applying health economic outcomes research to support a successful launch of Exparel.

Manufacturing Risk. Pacira currently manufactures all DepoFoam-based products at their two manufacturing facilities in San Diego. The facilities are in compliance with current good manufacturing practices (cGMP), but there can be no guarantee for the future. If Exparel is approved, Pacira plans to install additional specialized processing equipment in order to expand the manufacturing capacity. While we believe Pacira has properly prepared for the expansion of its manufacturing capacity, unforeseen issues could arise. If Pacira is unable to expand their manufacturing capacity, they may not be able to produce sufficient quantities of Exparel to meet patient demand. Furthermore, failure to scale up manufacturing would likely have a negative impact on gross margins.

The company also plans to transition to a new manufacturing process in 2013 in order to further improve gross margins. Given the complex process by which Exparel is manufactured, there can be no assurance that Pacira will be able to switch to the new manufacturing process. We believe this risk is off-set by the company's significant experience in manufacturing Depo-Foam based products for many years. Overall, we see manufacturing risk as average given that Pacira already has a manufacturing process in place with a plan to have adequate supply of Exparel to support initial launch.

Intellectual Property (IP) Risk. Pacira relies on several strategies to protect their intellectual property around DepoFoam-based products. In the US, the issued patent on Exparel composition expires in November 2013 and the issued patents on methods for modifying rate of drug release expires on January 2017. Additionally, pending applications on composition and manufacturing methods, if granted, would expire in September 2018 and November 2018, respectively. In the EU, the issued patents on Exparel composition expire in November 2014 and September 2018. Additionally, pending applications relating to methods for modifying rate of drug release and manufacturing process, if granted, would expire in January 2018 and November 2018, respectively. Pacira has also filed preliminary patents for the new manufacturing process which could provide intellectual property through 2031 if granted. Furthermore, Pacira's DepoFoam technology is protected by 15 patent families.

Aside from patent protection, we believe Pacira's intellectual property is also protected by significant manufacturing know-how. It is our understanding that the manufacturing process for DepoFoam-based products is fairly complex as it requires aseptic manufacturing and filling, and would require a significant amount of capital to replicate. Therefore, we believe the hurdle for another company to develop generic DepoFoam-based products to be higher than for normal pharmaceuticals. Overall, we believe IP risk is average given the patent protection and manufacturing know-how.

Financial Risk. Through their IPO, which priced on February 3, 2011, Pacira raised approximately \$36.8 million in net proceeds based on an offering of 6 million shares at \$7.00 per share. We estimate the company ended 2010 with about \$64.6 million which we project is sufficient to fund operations into Q1:12. This includes Pacira's plan to spend \$30 million through Q3:11 and \$25 million in Q4:11. We note that the timing of the expenses in Q4:11 is largely dependent on potential FDA approval of Exparel on or by July 28, 2011 and would likely be deferred if there is a delay in approval. In the event that Exparel approval and the associated expenses related to a Q4:11 launch are delayed, we estimate that Pacira's current cash balance could fund the company into late 2012.

Analyst Certification

I, Richard Lau, Liana Moussatos, Ph.D., certify that the views expressed in this report accurately reflect my personal opinion and that I have not and will not, directly or indirectly, receive compensation or other payments in connection with my specific recommendations or views contained in this report.

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The Investment Ratings are based on the expected performance of a stock (based on anticipated total return to price target) relative to the other stocks in the analyst's coverage universe (or the analyst's team coverage).*

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Capital Markets Disclosures as of March 31, 2011

Company	Disclosure
Pacira Pharmaceuticals, Inc.	1,3,4,5,7

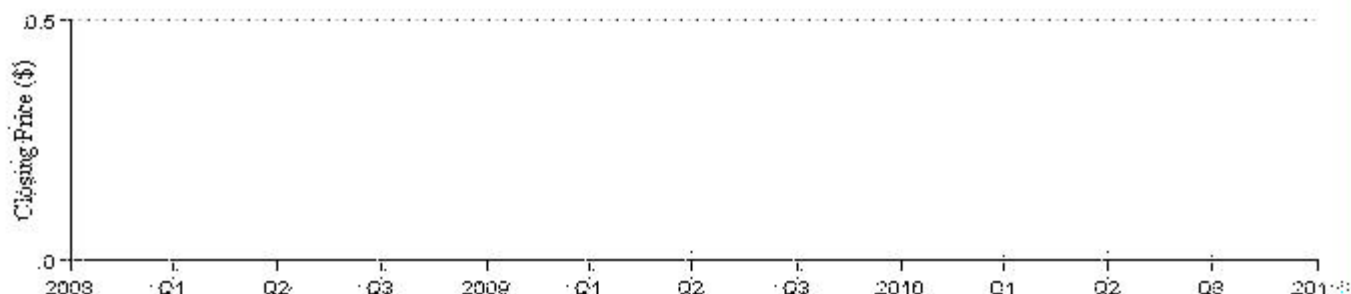
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* WS changed its rating system from (Strong Buy/Buy/Hold/Sell) to (Outperform/ Neutral/Underperform) on July 14, 2009. Please access the attached hyperlink for WS' Coverage Universe: <http://www.wedbush.com/services/cmg/equities-division/research/equity-research> Applicable disclosure information is also available upon request by contacting Ellen Kang in the Research Department at (213) 688-4529, by email to ellen.kang@wedbush.com, or the Business Conduct Department at (213) 688-8090. You may also submit a written request to the following: Business Conduct Department, 1000 Wilshire Blvd., Los Angeles, CA 90017.

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