

Reason for report:

## COMPANY UPDATE

## DERMIRA, INC.

## Buy DERM for Compelling 2016 Catalysts &amp; Attractive M&amp;A Upside Optionality

• **Bottom Line:** We recommend investors buy DERM now for 2016 catalysts and the company's strategic value within a narrowing dermatology M&A target landscape. DERM's unique portfolio of three late-stage assets supports our risk-adjusted \$34/shr DCF-based price target, and we believe that success in the DRM01 Ph IIb acne study and the Ph III DRM04 studies would justify a risk-adjusted \$44/shr DCF price target. Considering the increasing premiums paid for dermatology assets, including the 50% premium for KYTH (MP), we believe DERM could be worth as much as \$60-65/shr – a uniquely compelling risk/reward opportunity for investors with a 12-18 month time horizon.

• **DERM01's Phase 2b readout, expected in 1H16, offers a compelling risk/reward.** Statistically significant and clinically meaningful Ph 2a data for DRM01 suggest the monotherapy can achieve FDA's required co-primary endpoints. While we maintain a 50% probability for the topical sebum inhibitor given its stage of development for a novel topical acne therapy, confirmatory Ph 2b data with ~2x the number of pts per active arm would increase our POS to 70-75%. Read-through to Ph 3 should be clear given: (1) 100 pts in each of three Rx arms, and (2) adherence to the three co-primary endpoints laid out in the FDA's guidance for novel acne therapies. At a 100% probability of success (POS), \$550M in peak sales would contribute \$30/shr to our DCF.

• **DERM04 (hyperhidrosis) an underappreciated value driver based on MEDACorp KOL feedback.** With Ph III studies starting in 2H15, data expected in 2H16, and two compelling Ph II datasets complete, we view DERM04 as particularly low-risk for development success. KOLs are particularly excited about this product's profile vs. Botox injections.

• **Appreciation in derm comps serves as a promising backdrop for DERM's unique portfolio.** Including AGN's (OP) mid-June bid for KYTH at a ~40-50% premium, comparable medical derm companies including ANAC, RVNC, and FOMX have seen significant appreciation (between 80% and 260%) since DERM's IPO. The group now trades at 8-9x 2018E sales compared with ~5x and ~3x, respectively, at DERM's IPO last October. This is a glaring and unwarranted contrast, in our opinion, to DERM's increase of just 12-15% during the same time period.

• **Broadening number of pot'l strategics in medical derm enhances appeal, in our view.** Brisk deal activity & attractive premiums paid in dermatology were recently punctuated by the 40-50% premium paid for KYTH by AGN post-Kybella's approval. Maturing medical dermatology portfolios at AGN & Galderma together with a broadening group of strategics in medical dermatology (AMGN, JNJ, ABBV, Almirall, LEO, Sun, & NVS, and new entrants LLY & SNY/REGN) highlight what is likely to be increased demand for medical dermatology assets over the next several years.

Dec Yr	1Q	2Q	3Q	4Q	FY Rev	1Q	2Q	3Q	4Q	FY EPS	P/E
2014A	0.0	0.0	0.0	\$7.3	\$7.3	(\$9.56)	(\$9.72)	(\$8.66)	(\$0.29)	(\$4.96)	NM
2015E	0.0A	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	(\$0.57)A	(\$0.81)	(\$0.92)	(\$1.11)	(\$3.42)	NM
2016E	--	--	--	--	\$10.0	--	--	--	--	(\$3.27)	NM

Source: Company Information and Leerink Partners LLC Research  
Revenues in \$MM.

GAAP EPS. Quarterly EPS may not sum to annual total due to change in shares outstanding.

## Key Stats:

(NASDAQ:DERM)

<b>Sector:</b>	<b>Biotechnology</b>
<b>S&amp;P 600 Health Care Index:</b>	<b>1,736.16</b>
<b>Price:</b>	<b>\$18.22</b>
Price Target:	\$34.00
Methodology:	DCF with 12% discount rate & 2% terminal growth rate
52 Week High:	\$22.94
52 Week Low:	\$12.68
Shares Outstanding (mil):	24.7
Market Capitalization (mil):	\$450.0
Book Value/Share:	\$6.77
Cash Per Share:	\$7.08
Net Debt to Total Capital:	0%
Dividend (ann):	\$0.00
Dividend Yield:	0.0%
Est LT EPS Growth:	NM

*Book Value/Share: Pro Forma including proceeds from recent stock offering.*

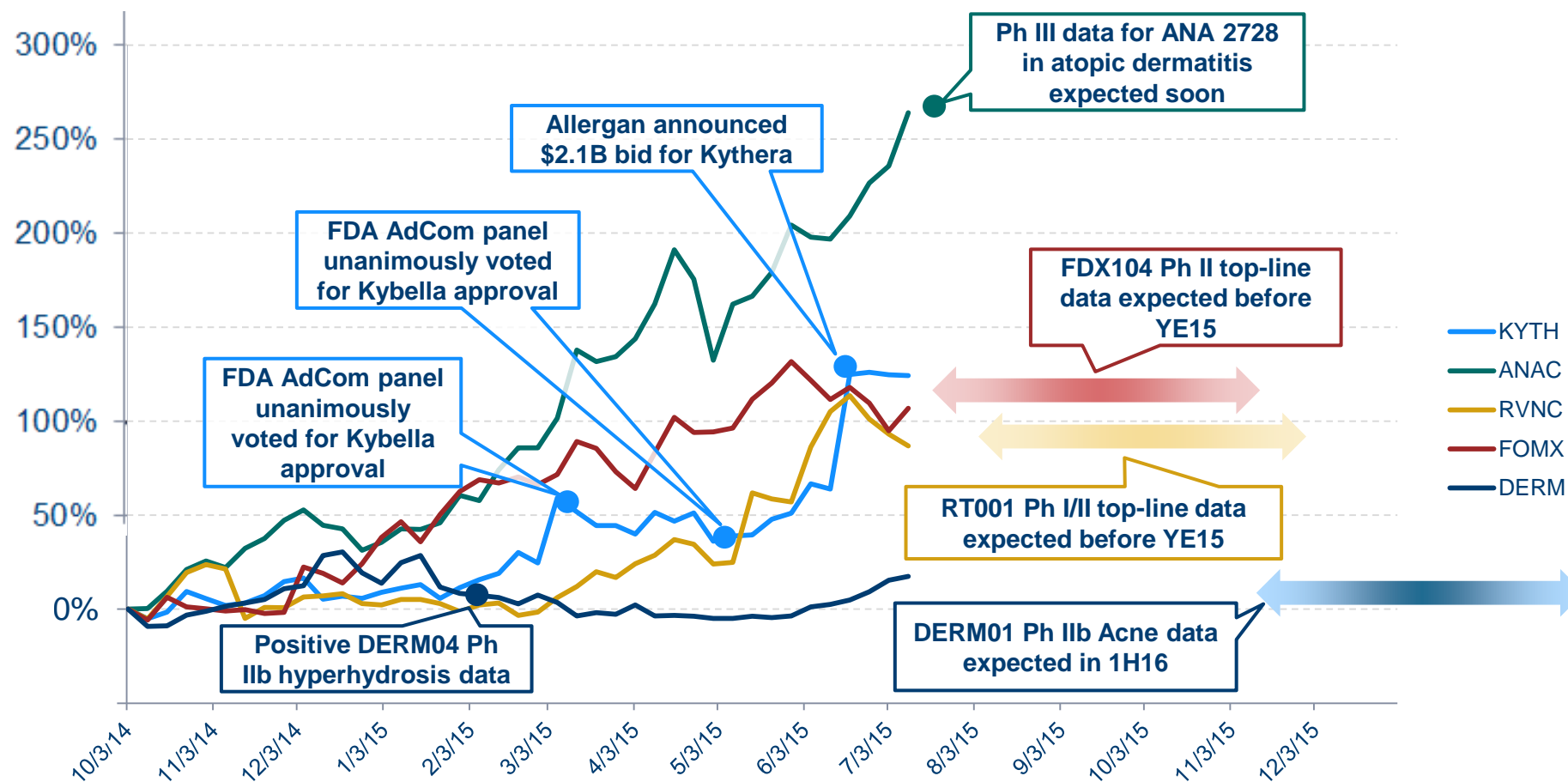
*Cash Per Share: Pro Forma including proceeds from recent stock offering.*



# Contrast Between DERM and Comps in the Dermatology Space

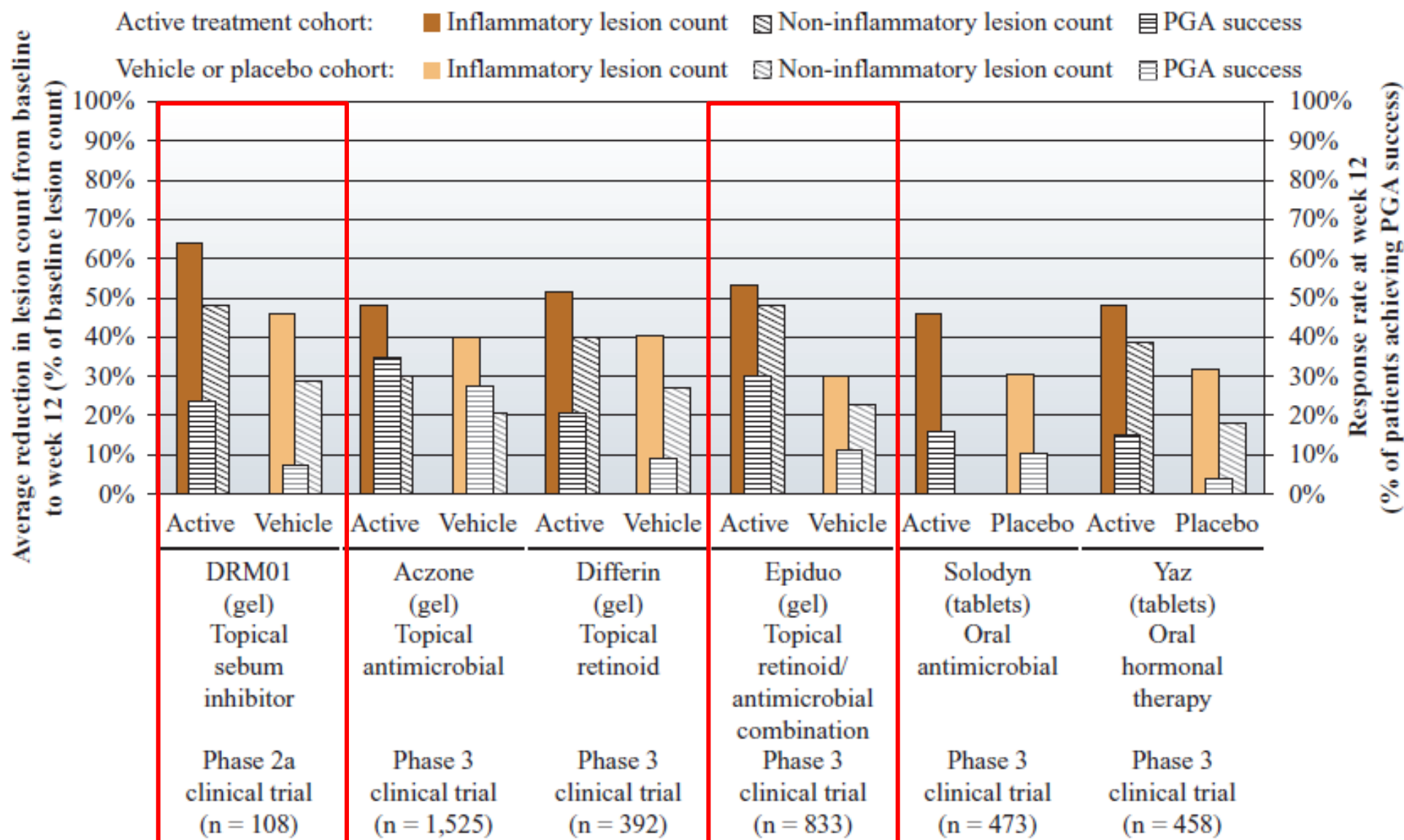
## Unwarranted; Appreciation Visible Months Before Key Catalysts

Percent Change in Stock Price from 10/3/2014



## Cross Agent Comparison of DRM01 to Acne Agents Highlights Promise Heading into Ph 2b Data

### Cross-study comparison of DRM01 and leading acne products in the U.S. market



Source: Dermira Company Information and Leerink Partners

## Broadening Number of Strategics in Medical Derm Enhances DERM's Appeal

Strategics	Involvement in Medical Dermatology
<b>AGN</b>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>40-50% premium paid for KYTH by AGN post-Kybella's approval</li> <li>Aczone going off patent in Sept '16</li> </ul>
<b>Galderma</b>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>EpiDuo franchise in acne</li> </ul>
<b>AMGN</b>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Enbrel historic driver of dermatology franchise, with expected biosimilar competition</li> </ul>
<b>JNJ</b>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Stelara &amp; Remicade in addition to broad OTC skin care franchise</li> </ul>
<b>ABBV</b>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Humira historic driver of dermatology franchise, with expected biosimilar competition</li> </ul>
<b>Almirall</b>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Actikerall, Balneum, Decoderm, Solaraze all strategic brands for skin conditions including actinic keratoses, eczema</li> </ul>
<b>Sun Pharma</b>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Through DUSA portfolio includes products for actinic keratoses and acne</li> </ul>
<b>Leo Pharma</b>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Dermatology focus including Taclonex for plaque psoriasis, Picato for actinic keratosis.</li> </ul>
<b>GSK/ Stiefel</b>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Over-the-counter dermatological products that help treat many different skin conditions</li> </ul>
<b>VRX</b>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>A number of 2014 medical dermatology approvals including Jublia (fungal infection of nails)</li> <li>Products include Luzu (athlete's foot), Solodyn, Onexton and Acanya Gel (acne), Zyclara (actinic keratoses) and Elidel (dermatitis).</li> <li>2014 acquisition of Precision Dermatology for \$475M including products for acne and atopic dermatitis</li> </ul>
<b>CELG</b>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Otezla for psoriasis</li> </ul>
<b>NVS/ Sandoz</b>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Recently categorized dermatology/ immunology vertical within Pharma group</li> <li>Cosentyx (IL-17, secukinumab) launched in psoriasis</li> <li>Derm continues to be a growth driver for Sandoz following Fougere acquisition</li> </ul>
<b>LLY</b>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>IL-17 ixikizumab expected to explore dermatology indications beyond RA</li> </ul>
<b>SNY/ REGN</b>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Dupilumab to launch in atopic dermatitis</li> </ul>

# BACKGROUND

---

## DERMIRA (NASDAQ: DERM)

## Dermira (DERM): Investment Summary

### Dermira

<b>Investment Thesis</b>	<p><b>We rate DERM Outperform.</b> DERM represents an unique investment opportunity, with a highly experienced and proven management team developing three late-stage dermatology assets, each with robust, positive Phase II data and multi-hundred million dollar commercial potential.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Cimzia is an extremely high probability psoriasis biologic partnered with UCB and likely to provide profits and milestones sufficient to fund Dermira's standalone operations.</li> <li>• DRM04 represents the first topical pharmaceutical wipe for hyperhidrosis with a high probability of success given a well-characterized mechanism, positive Phase II data, in an area of high unmet need.</li> <li>• DRM01 is a first-in-class topical sebum inhibitor with an on-target mechanism that acne KOLs have called the "holy grail" of topical acne treatment.</li> </ul>
<b>Valuation</b>	<p>We value DERM at \$34/share. Our price target is based on a DCF valuation that assumes a 12% discount rate on probability-adjusted sales and profits through 2026E and applies a 2% terminal growth rate. Our valuation assumes late-stage assets Cimzia, DRM04, and DRM01 have 90%, 75%, and 50% probabilities of success, respectively, and each contributes \$10-13 per share. This price target equates to 19x 2021E EPS of \$3.53 discounted back 6 years at 12%. Fully valued, with 100% probability for all three programs, we arrive at a DCF-based price target of \$52/share with Cimzia and DRM04 contributing \$10/share and \$12/share, respectively, and DRM01 contributing \$30/share.</p>
<b>Risk to Valuation</b>	<p>An investment in DERM involves a pooling of different risks including technical, regulatory, and commercial risk for three fundamentally different pipeline products. Most significant to DERM's overall valuation, in our opinion, is clinical success of DRM01 in acne. Important for Cimzia and DRM04 is commercial execution associated with launches into the highly competitive psoriasis and the underdeveloped hyperhidrosis markets, respectively. There are also competitive risks from other pipeline therapies. Finally, DERM may face financing risk beyond mid-2017.</p>

## Management: Experienced Leadership Behind Multiple Successful Dermatology Companies

---

### Tom Wiggans *Chairman & CEO*

- Chairman & CEO, Connetics, Peplin
- Chairman, Excaliard; director, Abgenix, Onyx
- 25 years in specialty pharma, 18 years in dermatology

### Gene Bauer, MD *CMO*

- Co-Founder, Connetics; CMO, Peplin
- Chairman, Dermatology, and Dean, Stanford Medical School
- Internationally recognized leader in dermatology

- **Chairman & CEO Tom Wiggans and CMO Gene Bauer have been the key mgmt behind multiple successful dermatology companies.** Wiggans was Chairman and CEO of Peplin through its ~\$300M acquisition by LEO Pharma A/S in 2009 as well as of Connetics until its ~\$650M acquisition by Stiefel Laboratories, Inc. in 2006. Bauer was President and CMO at Connetics as well as CEO of Neosil, and a co-founder of Peplin. The unique combination of their expertise and years of collaboration give us confidence in their ability to execute and bring value to shareholders.
- **KOLs highlight mgmt team as solid scientists who are “uniquely good listeners.”** KOL commentary not only confirmed the scientific leadership and executional prowess of DERM’s management team, but highlighted Wiggans and Bauer’s genuinely aligned interests and unique attentiveness to their scientific advisory board. KOLs across multiple areas of dermatologic medicine site that Bauer’s scientific leadership in dermatology and previous role as the Dean of Stanford Medical School bring him undeniable credibility in the field. Wiggans is equally recognized, even among dermatologists, for his track record of executing from early stage assets through to their sales, particularly with “grass roots” dermatology therapeutics.



## Dermira (DERM): DRM01 (Acne) Is the Primary Long-Term Value Driver, in Our View

- **Our analysis highlights DERM's acne program as the primary valuation catalyst.** Our sum of the parts DCF valuation, is based on probability of success, expected launch timing, and peak net sales contribution of each of DERM's three programs to the company's overall valuation. While we view each of the programs as relatively equal contributors in the near-term, at "full value" we view the DRM01 acne program as the most critical valuation driver based on high gross margins and peak sales to DERM expected to be ~2x that of the other two programs.

Product	Launch (LOE)	Peak Net Sales (\$M)	\$/Share Contribution at 100% POS	Assigned POS	\$/shr contribution at Assigned POS
Cimzia (psoriasis)	2018 (2024)	\$330M, (\$250M to Derms)	\$10/shr	90%	\$10/shr
DRM04 (hyperhidrosis)	2018 (2029)	\$300M	\$12/shr	75%	\$11/shr
DRM01 (acne)	2019(2030)	\$540M	\$30/shr	50%	\$13/shr
DERM			\$ 52/shr		\$ 34/shr



## DRM01: First-in-Class Topical Sebum Inhibitor Could Be the “Holy Grail” of Topical Acne Treatment LEERINK

---

- **Topical, on-target sebum inhibition has been described as the “holy grail” of acne treatment.** Inhibiting sebum is akin to turning off one of the major drivers of acne. Two oral drugs, Accutane (isotretinoin) and spironolactone, have the best efficacy against the worst forms of acne, yet are severely limited by safety risks. Topical agents offer the opportunity for significantly better tolerability and lower risk of systemic side effects. DRM01’s inhibition of acetyl coenzyme-A carboxylase (ACC) is a novel approach to turn off the synthesis of lipids as opposed to blocking the male hormone. DRM01 also appears to penetrate the skin sufficiently to directly inhibit sebum production at the sebaceous gland. Others have failed to accomplish this with topical Accutane, and only one other pipeline agent, Novan’s nitrous oxide releasing gel, has shown promising early results, to our knowledge.
- **KOL’s highlight “strikingly good” Ph 2 data which suggests DRM01 monotherapy can potentially rival combination therapy with EpiDuo.** Noting that acne drugs rarely reach significance on any endpoint in Phase 2 studies, KOL’s argue DRM01’s highly significant and clinically meaningful reductions on both lesion counts and Investigator’s Global Assessment (IGA) in a 108-patient, placebo-controlled study make it extremely likely that the drug will advance to Phase 3. With Phase 2 endpoints that are directly aligned with the FDA’s guidance for the approval of acne agents, we echo specialists’ confidence that DRM01 results will be corroborated in larger studies. Though cautioning against cross-trial comparisons, KOLs highlight that DRM01 as a single agent looks even better than EpiDuo – Galderma’s combination of adapalene and benzoyl peroxide – which has the most branded scripts on the market and took a much larger study to demonstrate significance.
- **We view DRM01’s Ph 2b readout, estimated for 1H16, as a critical valuation inflection point for DERM.** Given the novel mechanism of action and limited number of successful new single agents launched in acne, we apply a 50% probability of success to DRM01. The company initiated a Ph 2b 400-patient dose selection study in 1H15. Confirmatory Ph 2b results, which we estimate will be available in 1H16, would significantly bolster our confidence in the compound’s probability of success. Following Ph 3 and an assumed 2019 launch, we model un-risk-adjusted revenues at ~\$540 million by 2026E based on 7% penetration of overall scripts and EpiDuo-like pricing. Success in acne trials would, in our opinion, make DERM a highly attractive takeout target for one of the large strategics in this promotion-sensitive market, where innovation has been severely lacking.

## **DRM04: First Topical Pharmaceutical Wipe for Axillary Hyperhidrosis (Excessive Underarm Sweating) with a Well-Characterized Mechanism & Strong Phase II Data**

---

- **Our KOL checks confirm a vast hyperhidrosis market where treatment options are limited to ineffective antiperspirants or burdensome Botox injections.** Hyperhidrosis (HH) is an area of severe unmet need where patients' excessive sweating can carry significant psychosocial burden and most noninvasive treatments provide little relief. We estimate that of the nearly 9 million Americans estimated to have hyperhidrosis (HH), only one in five are on treatment. Though we expect inexpensive industrial strength deodorants and anticholinergic orals to remain first-line treatments, KOLs note significant need for noninvasive second-line treatment options to challenge the effective but burdensome use of every-6-month Botox injections.
- **Well-characterized glycopyrrolate mechanism, clear dose-response curve, and clean validation in Ph 2b bridging study give us confidence in DRM04's clinical effect setting up Ph 3 start.** DRM04 – a convenient, easy to use glycopyrrolate wipe – is initially intended to inhibit axillary sweat production by blocking acetylcholine neurotransmission. The consistency of Phase 2b data from DERM's 200 patient HH01 and HH02 dose-finding studies demonstrated a dose-dependent, statistically significant impact on sweat production measured via gravimetry as well as the widely used patient-reported outcome (PRO) score (HDSS) with both the reference agent and new salt formulation. The demonstrated -80% change in sweat production and 50% improvement in HDSS response rate (a patient reported outcome measure) with the 3% dose are: (a) impressively consistent with the statistically significant -76% change and 53% response rate in the larger HH01 study with the reference agent; (b) clinically meaningful; and (c) comparable to data for standard-of-care Botox injections. Mgmt confirmed that the HH02 study even achieved statistical significance in some arms despite the small numbers in this bridging study to a new salt formulation.
- **Potential competition from topical botulin toxins are factored into our assumptions, although there are significantly more questions and fewer patients exposed via this approach.** Commercial risk is expected to be much greater in the hyperhidrosis market where we note that underreporting by patients and under-diagnosis by providers underlies the challenges of market growth. In fact, the potential introduction of topical Botox options from Anterios (ANT-1207) and RVNC (RT001) in a similar 2018-19 timeframe could be positive for increasing overall HH awareness and investment. We forecast peak sales estimates of ~\$300M based on relatively modest mid-to-high teens percent penetration of the overall market and similar monthly pricing to Botox. We apply a 75% probability of technical success as we look forward to confirmatory data with the wipes in the Phase 2b dataset.

## Cimzia: High Probability of Success With Partner UCB Should Provide Resources to Fund Dermira's Operations Over Time

---

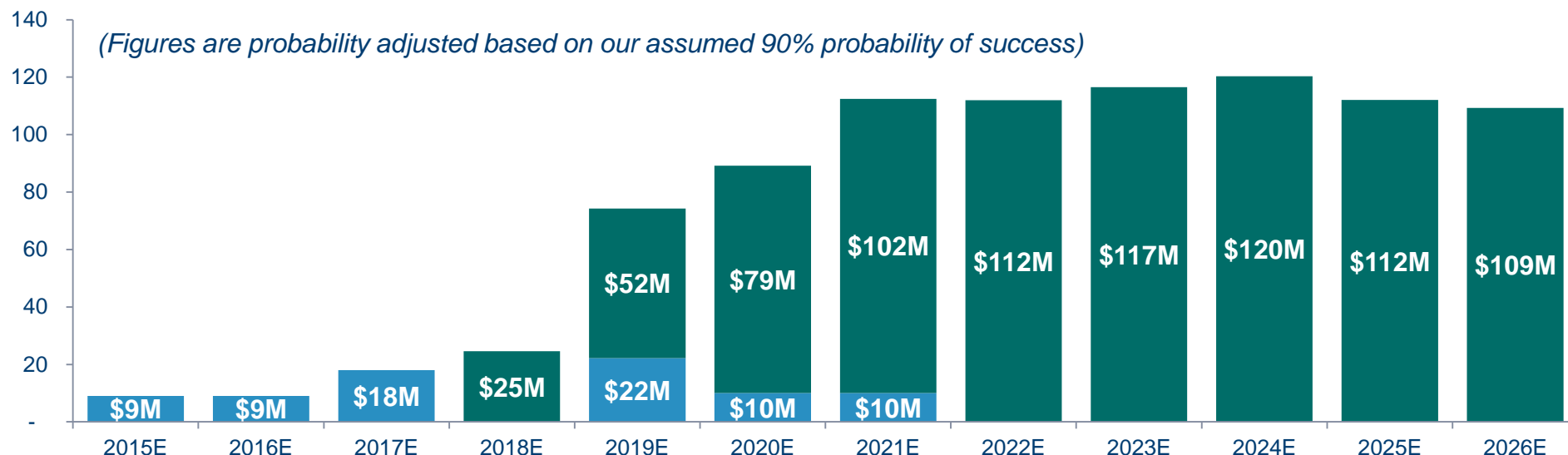
- **We expect branded TNF inhibitors to remain a pillar of psoriasis treatment as increasing biologic penetration expands the US market.** Despite expected competitive pressure from the 2015 launch of IL-17 antibodies, our checks with MEDACorp KOLs validate the favorable long-term prospects for TNFs to remain the first-line agent for the majority of patients based on: (a) years of safety experience, (b) preferential effects in the third of psoriasis (PsO) patients with joint pain. We further assume the introduction of biosimilar Humira ~2018 yet believe, as corroborated by payer discussions, that that branded contracting and discounts will likely keep biosimilar penetration in check for these broadly-indicated agents.
- **Cimzia has the potential to demonstrate Humira-like or better efficacy, with a potentially better safety profile.** In a class where ABBV's Humira is rapidly becoming the first-line agent of choice, Cimzia's Phase 2 data suggest skin clearance at least as good as Humira at standard doses and possibly better at higher doses. KOLs familiar with the data suggest Cimzia could become the preferred 2<sup>nd</sup> line TNF in Humira failures over AMGN's Enbrel, where they continue to look for another anti-TNF option with 70%+ skin clearance and Q2W dosing, as opposed to <50% clearance on QW dosing with Enbrel. DERM initiated its Phase 3 in 1H15. The program includes two placebo-controlled and one active comparator (vs. Enbrel) study which, together, we expect to: (a) satisfy US and EU regulatory requirements, (b) confirm and expand skin clearance data at 12 & 16 weeks while demonstrating superiority to Enbrel, and (c) support lower maintenance dosing from 12 & 16 through 52 weeks of treatment.
- **<10% penetration into the anti-TNF market and ~5% of all psoriasis biologics for Cimzia assume only modest differentiation vs. existing agents.** We expect Cimzia to launch in PsO in 2018, following completion of Phase 3 trials in mid-2017. While we believe 1-2% penetration of the anti-TNF market is achievable based on off-label dermatologist prescribing prior to the PsO indication, we expect dermatologist-focused promotion and improved reimbursement/formulary access to increase uptake from 2019 to 22, with LOE currently expected in 2024. We apply a 90% probability of success on peak potential US sales of ~\$250M among dermatologists.

## Cimzia Cont'd: UCB Partnership Provides >\$89M in Pot'l Milestones as Well as US Managed Care Infrastructure

- **UCB's strategic support and an attractive collaboration agreement solidify our conviction that these high-probability revenues can help fund DERM's early operating expenses.** UCB's efforts to further Cimzia's benefits in joint pain, contracting position and expertise, and equity investment bolster DERM's strategic interests while allowing the company to retain promotional control to dermatologists. Financially, we view the collaboration structure as favorable given DERM's disproportionate share of early gross margins and oppt'y for a "running start."

### Psoriasis Program Milestones

### Psoriasis-Indication Royalties



Up to...

- \$36M development milestone payments
- \$13.5M EU approval milestone payment
- \$40M commercial milestone payments

- Dermira receives share of gross margin from Cimzia sales attributed to dermatologists for all indications in US, Canada
- Share tiered based upon increasing levels of annual net sales attributed to dermatologists in a given year, retaining a higher share of gross margin initial sales dollars
- Dermira is likely to have a "running start" in 2018 as current IMS scripts among derms show some adoption likely to occur prior to PsO indication

Source: Company Information; Leerink Partners Estimates

## Catalysts: Estimated Timing of Key Catalysts

Timing	Event / Description
--------	---------------------

### 2015 Events

2H15	Initiate Phase 3 program for DRM04 (hyperhidrosis)
2015	Preclinical data for DRM02 (inflammatory diseases)
2015	Preclinical data for DRM05 (acne)

### 2016-2018 Events

1H16	Phase 2b data for DRM01 (acne)
2H16	Phase 3 data for DRM04 (hyperhidrosis)
mid-2017	Phase 3 data for Cimzia (psoriasis)
2018	Phase 3 data for DRM01 (acne)

*Source: Leerink Partners LLC estimates & company information*

- **Value inflection keyed to Phase 2b acne data expected in 1H16.** Given the novel mechanism of action and limited number of successful new topical monotherapy treatments launched in acne during the last two decades, we conservatively apply a 50% probability of success to DRM01. Confirmatory Ph 2b results, which we estimate will be available in 1H16 would significantly bolster our confidence in the compound's probability of success. The delta between the probability weighted \$12/shr contribution of DRM01 vs. a peak contribution of \$30/shr, we expect the confirmatory Ph IIb data to be the major valuation driver for DERM in the next 18 months. On its own, we believe that success in later-stage acne trials would make DERM a compelling acquisition target.

# Revenues: We Forecast Probability-Weighted Total Revenues of ~\$430M in Revenues by 2022

## Dermira – Income Statement Analysis 2013-2022E

(\$ in Millions, Except EPS)											
(Year Ended December 31)			2014A	2015E	2016E	2017E	2018E	2019E	2020E	2021E	2022E
	POS	LOE									
<b>Product Revenue (POS adj.)</b>			-	-	-	-	<b>9</b>	<b>61</b>	<b>147</b>	<b>232</b>	<b>319</b>
DRM04	75%	2029	-	-	-	-	9	23	61	102	148
DRM01	50%	2030	-	-	-	-	-	38	86	131	171
Other DRM Pipeline	0%		-	-							
<b>Royalty Revenue (POS adj.)</b>			-	-	-	-	<b>25</b>	<b>52</b>	<b>79</b>	<b>102</b>	<b>112</b>
Cimzia End User Sales	90%	2024	-	-	-	-	42	85	133	185	206
Cimzia Royalty (from UCB)	90%		-	-	-	-	25	52	79	102	112
<b>Other Revenue (POS adj.)</b>			<b>7</b>	-	<b>10</b>	<b>19</b>	-	<b>22</b>	<b>10</b>	<b>10</b>	-
Cimzia Development Milestones			7	-	10	19					
Cimzia Regulatory Milestones	90%							12			
Cimzia Commercialization Milestones					-	-	-	10	10	10	-
<b>Total Revenue Incl 1x Milestones</b>			<b>7</b>	-	<b>10</b>	<b>19</b>	<b>34</b>	<b>135</b>	<b>236</b>	<b>345</b>	<b>431</b>
<b>Total Revenue</b>			-	-	-	-	<b>34</b>	<b>113</b>	<b>226</b>	<b>335</b>	<b>431</b>
<b>Growth (% y/y)</b>								100%		48%	29%

	Launch (LOE)	Peak Net Sales (\$M)	Assigned POS	Pot'l Probability of Success Inflection Milestones
<b>Cimzia</b>	2018 (2024)	\$330M, (\$250M to Derms)	90%	Phase III Data, Mid-2017
<b>DRM04</b>	2018 (2029)	\$300M	75%	Phase IIb Data, 1H15 Phase III Data, 2H16
<b>DRM01</b>	2019(2030)	\$540M	50%	Phase IIb Data, 1H16 Ph III Data, 2018

Source: Leerink Partners and Company Reports

# P&L: We Expect Dermira to Become Profitable in 2020

## Dermira – Income Statement Analysis 2013-2022E

(\$ in Millions, Except EPS)									
(Year Ended December 31)	2014A	2015E	2016E	2017E	2018E	2019E	2020E	2021E	2022E
<b>Total Revenue</b>	-	-	-	-	34	113	226	335	431
Growth (% y/y)							100%	48%	29%
COGS	-	-	-	-	2	9	24	38	54
COGS (% of sales)			nm	nm	7%	8%	11%	11%	13%
<b>Gross Profit</b>	7	-	10	19	32	125	212	306	377
Gross Profit (% of sales)	nm	nm	nm	nm	nm	nm	94%	91%	87%
SG&A	8	20	22	34	73	91	91	134	151
SG&A (% of sales)	nm	nm	nm	nm	216%	81%	40%	40%	35%
R&D	31	65	69	54	40	35	50	67	86
R&D (% of sales)	nm	nm	nm	nm	118%	31%	22%	20%	20%
<b>Operating Income</b>	(32)	(85)	(81)	(68)	(82)	(1)	71	105	140
Operating Margin (% of sales)					(2)	(0)	0	0	0
Interest and Other Income/ (Expense)	0	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Interest Expense	(0)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Total Interest and Other Income/ (Expense)	(0)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Pre-tax Income	(31.844)	(85)	(81)	(68)	(82)	(1)	71	105	140
Change in Unrealized Gain / loss									
Taxes	0					-	-	-	-
Rate (% of pre-tax income)						-	-	-	-
<b>Net Income</b>	<b>(31.9)</b>	<b>(85.0)</b>	<b>(81.4)</b>	<b>(68.5)</b>	<b>(81.7)</b>	<b>(0.8)</b>	<b>71.1</b>	<b>105.4</b>	<b>139.8</b>
<b>EPS (pro forma)</b>	<b>(\$4.96)</b>	<b>(\$3.42)</b>	<b>(\$3.27)</b>	<b>(\$2.29)</b>	<b>(\$2.74)</b>	<b>(\$0.03)</b>	<b>\$2.38</b>	<b>\$3.53</b>	<b>\$4.68</b>
Average Shares Outstanding	6.4	24.9	24.9	29.9	29.9	29.9	29.9	29.9	29.9

Development  
Focus

Commercialization  
Focus

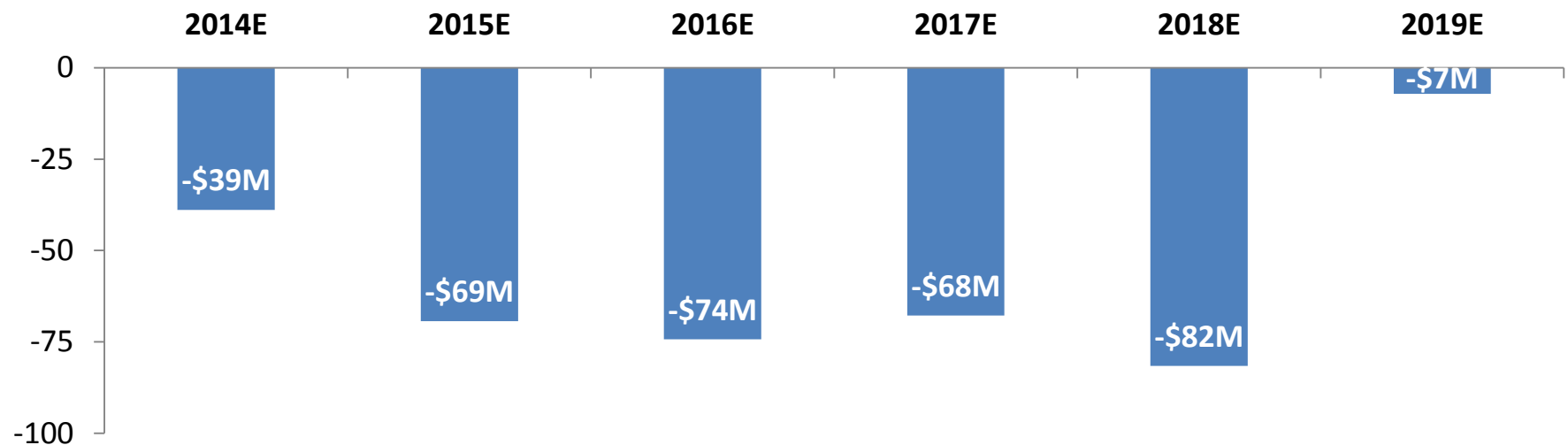
Profitability  
2020+



## Cash Burn: We Expect One Additional Raise Prior to Profitability in 2020

- We expect cash burn of ~\$70M per year through 2017E, with increased spend beginning to be offset by revenues in 2018E and reaching profitability in 2020E.
- We assume DERM will need to raise ~\$150M in additional financing in 2017E, assumed to be executed through offering of 5M additional shares

### DERM Operating Cash Flow, 2014E-2020E



Est. YE Cash	2014E	2015E	2016E	2017E	2018E	2019E
	\$160M	\$90M	\$14M	\$99M	\$17M	\$10M

## Valuation: We Arrive at a \$34 Price Target Based on Our DCF Analysis to 2026E

### Dermira – Discounted Cash Flow Analysis 2014-2022E

Dermira DCF Valuation Assumptions	
Growth Rate	2.0%
WACC used	12.0%
Cash 1Q15	\$161
Debt 4Q14	\$1.9
% of Enterprise Value from Terminal Value	85%

Dermira DCF Valuation Analysis						
Terminal Value	Discount rate					
		10.0%	11.0%	12.0%	13.0%	14.0%
	-1.0%	\$38	\$33	\$28	\$24	\$21
	0.0%	\$41	\$35	\$30	\$26	\$22
	1.0%	\$44	\$37	\$31	\$27	\$23
	2.0%	\$48	\$40	<b>\$34</b>	\$29	\$24
	3.0%	\$53	\$43	\$36	\$30	\$26
	4.0%	\$60	\$48	\$39	\$33	\$28

(\$ in Millions, Except EPS)	Year Ended December 31st,													
	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023	2024	2025	2026	
Free Cash Flow (Net Income)	(\$32)	(\$85)	(\$81)	(\$68)	(\$82)	(\$1)	\$71	\$105	\$140	\$165	\$186	\$194	\$211	
Discounted Free Cash Flow	(\$32)	(\$85)	(\$73)	(\$55)	(\$58)	(\$0)	\$40	\$53	\$63	\$67	\$67	\$62	\$61	
Terminal Value	\$2,106													
Discounted Terminal Value	\$605													
Enterprise Value	\$717													
Less Debt	(\$2)													
Plus Cash	\$161													
Implied Cash From Options Exercise	\$5													
Equity Value	\$881													
Shares Outstanding	23													
Shares Outstanding Incl. Options	26													
Price/Share	\$33.60													

Source: Leerink Partners and Company Reports

### Dermira - Implied P/E Analysis

2021 EPS	\$3.53
Implied P/E Multiple of DCF	19x
Discount rate	12%
Price target	\$34
2021 Sales	\$335
Implied P/S Multiple for DCF	5.2x
Discount rate	12%
Price target	\$34

Source: Leerink Partners

**\$34 Price Target implies a P/E of 19x on 2021E EPS, assuming a 12% discount rate.**

Source: Leerink Partners and Company Reports

## Valuation: We Believe Dermira's Portfolio Warrants a Valuation in Line with Biotech Assuming Success, Particularly of DRM01

- As DERM develops a portfolio of unique dermatology products, we believe there are a number of comparable companies that demonstrate strong market and takeout values.
  - RVNC trades at a ~\$725M market cap driven by its Phase 2/3 development of non-injectable Botox in multiple indications
  - KYTH trades received a \$2.1B takeout bid from AGN driven by its FDA-filled submental fat injection, a high unmet need indication
  - Medicis's \$2.6B sale to VRX in 2012 occurred at 3.5-4x sales despite the impending launch of Solodyn generics.

Stock	Price as of 7/9/2015	Shs. (M)	Market Cap (M)	Calendar Year P/E			Price / Sales		
				2017E	2018E	2019E	2017E	2018E	2019E
Lg Cap Biotech									
Large Cap			Average	18.1x	27.5x	14.9x	6.7x	5.9x	5.4x
Biotech Index			Median	16.7x	16.6x	15.0x	7.0x	6.0x	5.4x
Mid Cap Biotech									
Mid Cap			Average	35.6x	33.1x	19.7x	7.5x	6.0x	4.8x
Biotech Index			Median	17.6x	17.0x	17.7x	6.8x	5.5x	4.5x
Speculative Biotech									
Speculative			Average	na	17.5x	33.4x	26.7x	13.3x	7.2x
Biotech Index			Median	na	19.6x	7.3x	16.4x	8.5x	5.6x
Dermatology									
KYTH	\$74.7	\$25.8	\$1,929.0	39.62	22.18	14.71	8.21	5.68	4.24
ANAC	\$81.5	\$43.8	\$3,566.3	62.06	27.67	24.72	17.59	10.22	8.01
RVNC	\$30.2	\$23.9	\$723.7	na	na	11.72	na	8.21	2.50
FOMX	\$11.0	\$30.1	\$330.6	na	na	na	24.06	9.58	2.59
Dermatology			Average	50.8x	24.9x	17.1x	16.6x	8.4x	4.3x
Index			Median	50.8x	24.9x	14.7x	17.6x	8.9x	3.4x

Source: FactSet Consensus

Source: FactSet Consensus; Leerink Partners

## Company Overview

---

# DERMIRA

## **Growth Investment Opportunity: Development Stage Dermatology Company**

- **Strong Management with a history of creating value for shareholders**
  - Experienced leaders behind multiple successful dermatology companies
  - Development, regulatory, and commercial expertise
- **Significant Market Opportunity addressing unmet dermatologic needs**
  - Dermatology long overlooked by Pharma Industry
  - Industry Consolidation (VRX, GSK acq of Stiefel) creating opportunity given few active players supporting the specialty
  - Large, growing specialty market supported by strong patient and prescriber demand
  - Ripe for innovation with significant commercial opportunities
- **Established regulatory pathway and low-cost development;** addressing 11K dermatologists in US
- **Promising Pipeline**
  - Three late-stage assets addressing psoriasis, hyperhidrosis, acne
  - Near-term catalysts as value creation opportunities

## Experienced Leadership Behind Multiple Successful Dermatology Companies

### **Tom Wiggins** *Chairman & CEO*

- Chairman & CEO, Connetics, Peplin
- Chairman, Excaliard; director, Abgenix, Onyx
- 25 years in specialty pharma, 18 years in dermatology

### **Gene Bauer, MD** *CMO*

- Co-Founder, Connetics; CMO, Peplin
- Chairman, Dermatology, and Dean, Stanford Medical School
- Internationally recognized leader in dermatology

### **Andrew Guggenheimer** *COO and CFO*

- CFO, Calistoga, Facet, PDL, CardioDx, Neoforma
- Banking, Merrill Lynch, Wells Fargo
- 24 years in finance and corporate development

### **Luis Peña** *EVP, Product Development*

- VP & Head, Global Prescription Product Development, Stiefel/GSK
- VP, Portfolio Planning & Management, Connetics
- 25 years in development (Genentech, Theravance, Nuvelo)

### **Chris Griffith** *VP, Corp. Dev. & Strategy*

- Corporate dev., strategy at Gilead, Genentech, Bay City Capital
- 13 years in business dev., strategy, investment management

Key management behind multiple successful dermatology companies  
(7 NDA approvals, \$200M annual sales, >\$1B market value)

## Dermira Product Portfolio

Program	Preclinical	Phase 1	Phase 2a	Phase 2b	Phase 3	Market
<b>CIMZIA</b> <i>Injectable TNF inhibitor (psoriasis)</i>						
<b>DRM04</b> <i>Topical anticholinergic (hyperhidrosis)</i>						
<b>DRM01</b> <i>Topical sebum inhibitor (acne)</i>						
<b>DRM02</b> <i>Topical PDE4 inhibitor (Infl. skin disease)</i>						
<b>DRM05</b> <i>Topical photodynamic therapy (acne)</i>						



**DRM01:** Topical Sebum Inhibitor  
for Acne

---

**DERMIRA**

## DRM01 Summary: Product Overview & KOL Commentary

### MARKET OPPORTUNITY & UNMET NEED

- Two oral drugs, Accutane (isotretinoin) and spironolactone, have the best efficacy against the worst forms of acne, yet are severely limited by safety risks
- Need for novel MOA targeting key aspect of acne pathogenesis not addressed by current topicals

### SAFETY & TOLERABILITY

- KOLs highlight the advantage of sebum inhibition with the potential of avoiding systemic side effects of oral Accutane.
- No treatment-related serious adverse events were reported, with more slightly more treatment related events in the DRM01 arm (23% vs. 15%).

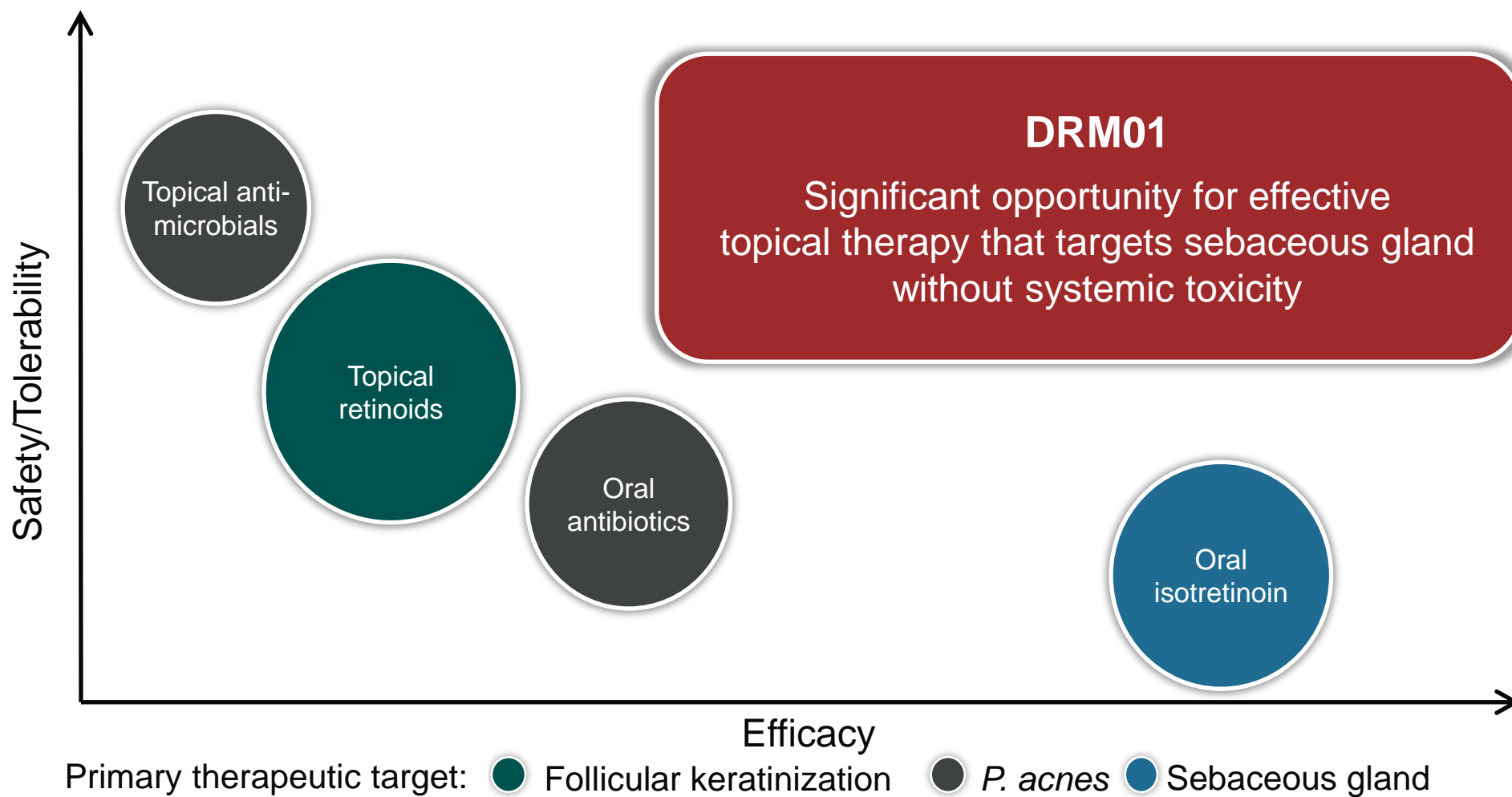
### EFFICACY DATA

- KOL's highlight "strikingly good" Ph 2 data which suggest **DRM01 monotherapy can potentially rival combination therapy with EpiDuo**. EpiDuo is Galderma's combination of adapalene and benzoyl peroxide which has the most branded scripts on the market and took a much larger study to demonstrate significance.
- KOL's believe it is extremely likely that the drug will advance to Phase 3 based on DRM01's highly significant and clinically meaningful reductions on both lesion counts and **Investigator's Global Assessment (IGA) in a 108 patient, placebo-controlled study**. KOLs note that acne drugs rarely reach significance on any endpoint in Phase 2 studies.

### DEVELOPMENT & COMMERCIAL POTENTIAL

- **Well-defined and consistent endpoints.** For the Ph2b dose finding study, the co-primary endpoints of the absolute reduction in lesion counts and 2-point drop in IGA. These are the same as the Phase2a study and will be the same going forward into Ph3.
- KOLs highlight that cont'd success in trials DRM01 would have meaningful impact, even as monotherapy.
- KOLs emphasize the novel MOA and thus complementary nature... which likely will allow specialists to mix and match for likely additive effect and pot'l for lifecycle extension
- **Competitive agent from Novan may be a near-term headline risk.** Despite its different mechanism of action, Novan's SB204 is backed by an experienced team, has solid early data from a Latin American study, and recently posted its Ph 2b on clinicaltrials.gov,

## Background: Attractive Oppt'y to Cope with Limitations of Decade-Old Acne Therapies



Therapy	Limitations
Oral Isotretinoin	Significant efficacy, but safety risks
Retinoids	Skin Irritation and moderate efficacy
Antimicrobials	Concerns of bacterial resistance, waning efficacy

## Competition: Examples of Acne Treatment Options

### Oral Isotretinoin

Agent		Company
Accutane	isotretinoin	Multiple Branded Generics: Ranbaxy, Teva, Dr. Reddys

Targets excess sebum production with dramatic efficacy but significant systemic toxicity

### Antimicrobials

Agent		Company
Aczone	dapsone	Allergan

Target bacteria that drive acne production

### Topical Retinoids

Agent		Company
Differin	adapelene	Galderma
Tazorac	tazorotene	Allergan
Fabior	tazorotene	Stiefel, GSK

Target alteration of skin cells that contribute to clogged pores; Skin irritation and moderate efficacy

### Topical Fixed-dose Combinations

Agent		Company
Epiduo	adapelene + BPO	Galderma
Duac	clindamycin + BPO	Stiefel, GSK

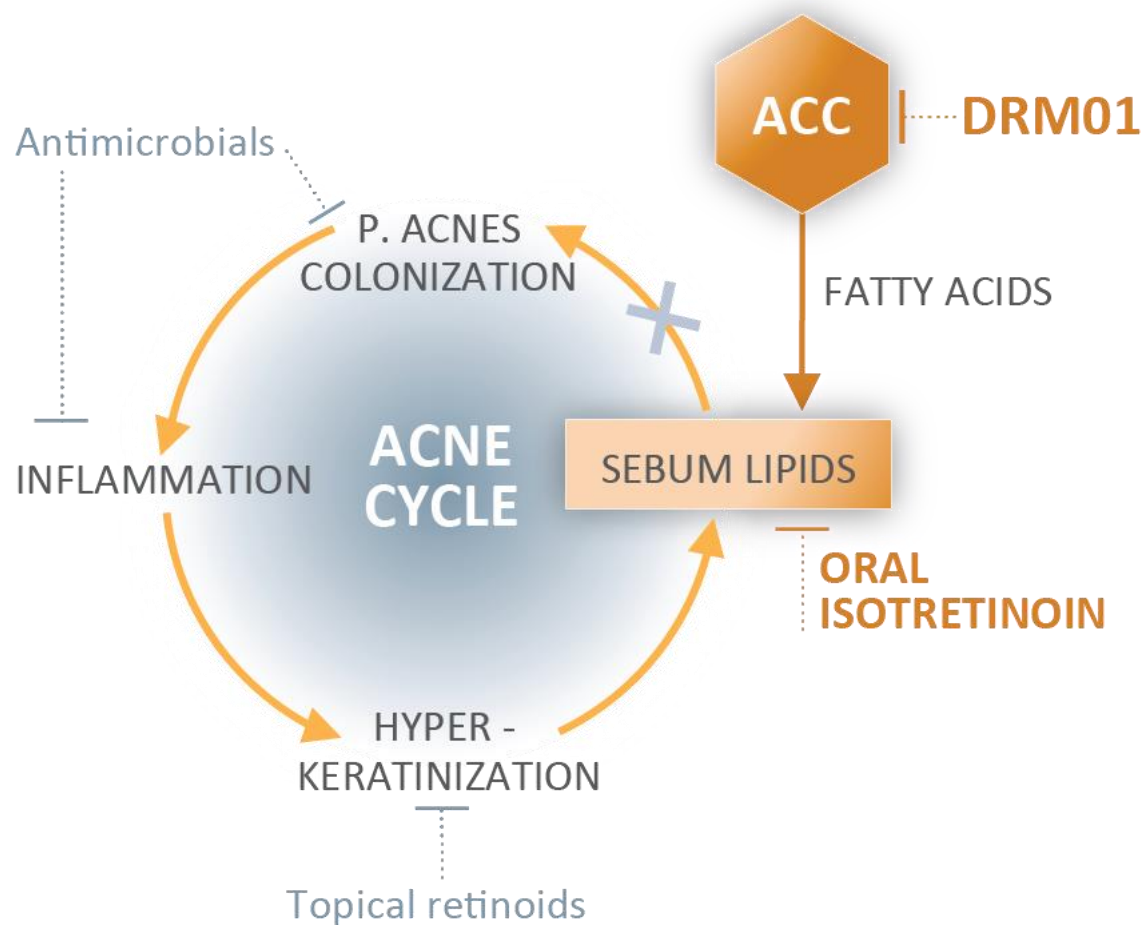
Aim to increase compliance beyond single agent topicals

### Novel Topical Agents

Agent		Company	Phase
DRM01	Sebum inhibitor	Dermira	2b initiating 1H15
SB204	Nitrous-oxide releasing gel	Novan Therapeutics	2b initiated 2H14

Novel mechanisms aimed at more direct sebum targeting and efficacious lesion reduction, without systemic side effects

## DRM01 MOA: Inhibiting Sebum Production to Break Acne Cycle



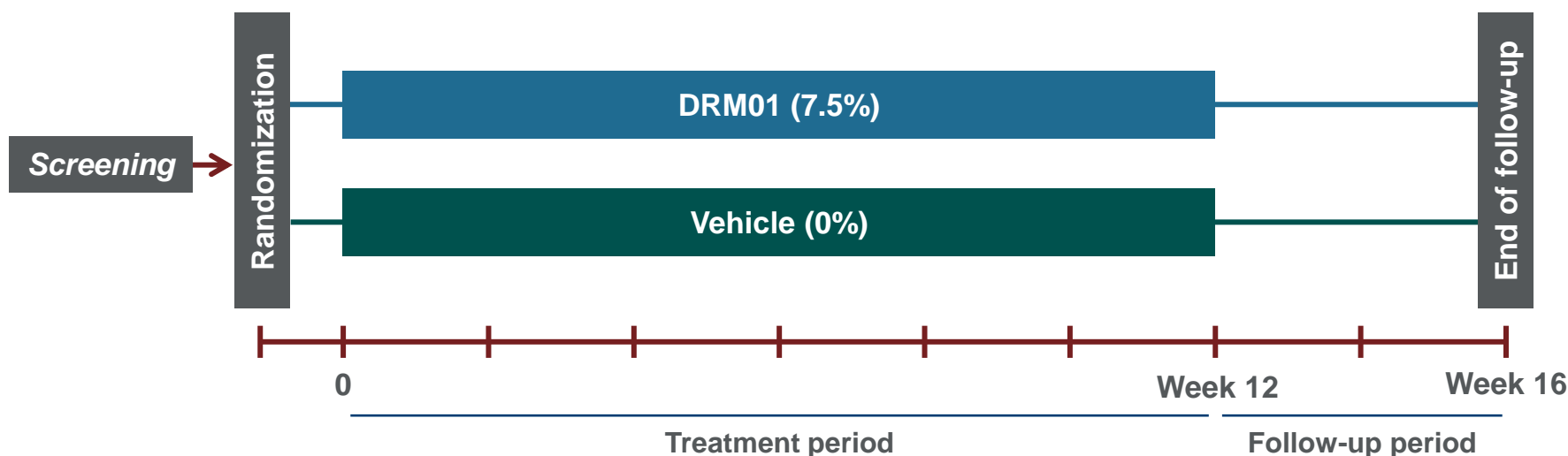
- Acetyl coenzyme-A carboxylase (ACC) drives first, rate-limiting step in fatty acid synthesis, required to build vast majority of sebum lipids
- ACC inhibition via topical DRM01 reduces sebum production in primary human sebocytes, animal models
- Opportunity for isotretinoin-like effects without systemic toxicity
- DRM01 targets key aspect of acne pathophysiology not addressed by available topical therapies

Specifically targeting ACC, key regulator of sebum production

## Phase 2a: 108-patient Randomized, Double-Blind, Vehicle-Controlled Trial Completed

### STANDARD DESIGN BASED ON PUBLISHED FDA DRAFT GUIDANCE

<b>Population</b>	108 moderate-to-severe acne adult patients <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• <math>\geq 20</math> inflammatory lesions</li> <li>• <math>\geq 20</math> non-inflammatory lesions</li> <li>• Investigator's Global Assessment (IGA) score of <math>\geq 3</math></li> </ul>
<b>Duration</b>	DRM01 7.5% gel applied BID for 12 weeks
<b>Primary Efficacy Endpoints</b>	FDA-recommended primary efficacy endpoints (week 12) <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Inflammatory lesion count: Absolute change from baseline</li> <li>• Non-inflammatory lesion count: Absolute change from baseline</li> <li>• IGA: Proportion of patients achieving <math>\geq 2</math>-point reduction in IGA score</li> </ul>



## Efficacy: Improvement in Lesion Counts Comparable to Epiduo; Significant Impact on 2-FDA Recommended Primary Endpoints

### Primary Endpoints: Absolute Changes in Lesion Counts at Week 12

Avg %  
reduction in  
P-value

Inflammatory Lesion Count		
Vehicle	DRM01	Difference
45.9%	63.9%	18.0%

0.0006

Non-inflammatory Lesion Count		
Vehicle	DRM01	Difference
28.8%	48.1%	19.3%

0.0025

Avg %  
reduction in  
P-value

Inflammatory Lesion Count		
Vehicle	Epiduo	Difference
30.2%	53.4%	23.2%

< 0.001

Non-inflammatory Lesion Count		
Vehicle	Epiduo	Difference
23.2%	48.1%	24.9%

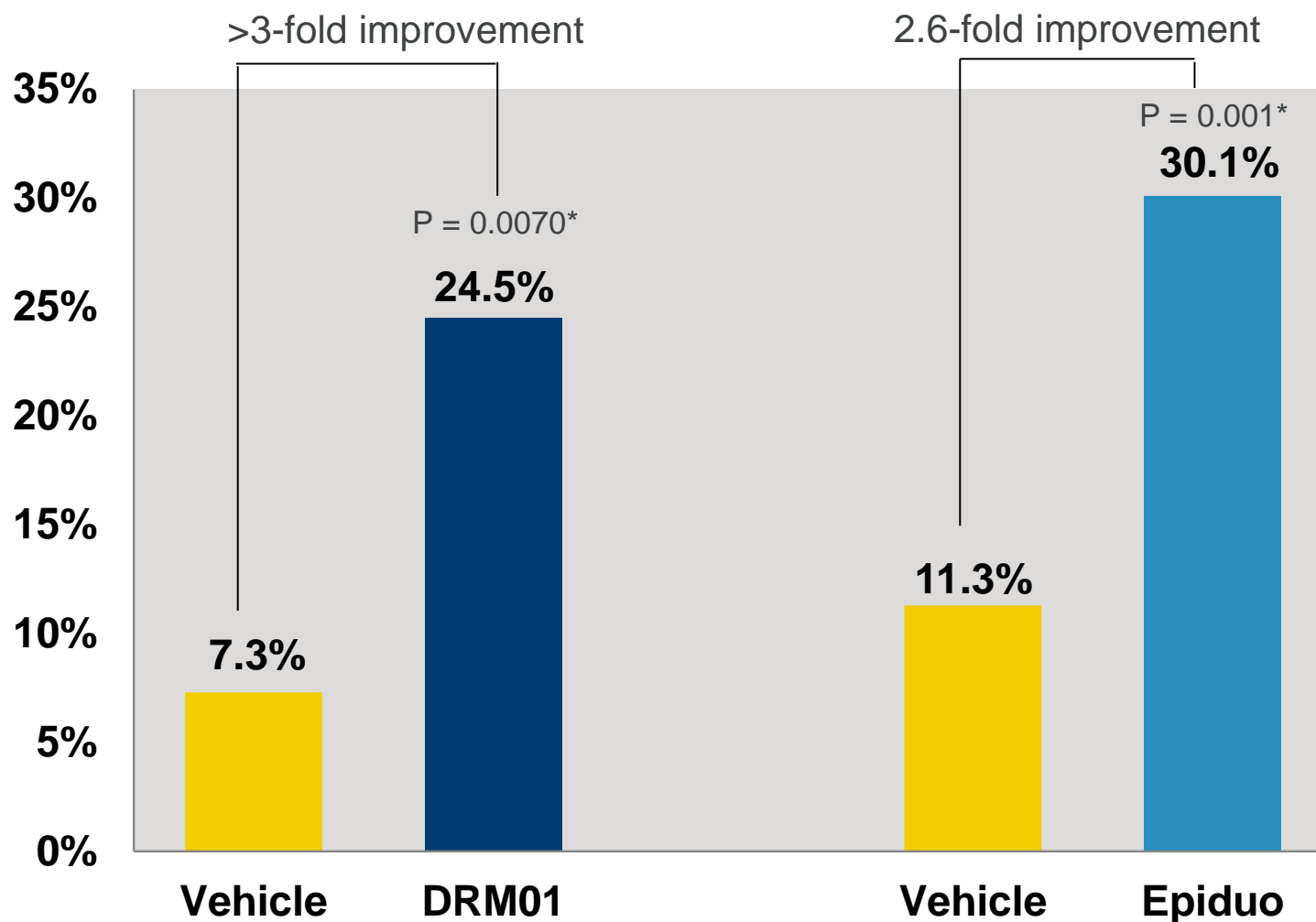
< 0.001

- DRM01 demonstrates superiority in a Phase 2a relative to vehicle following 12 weeks of treatment duration in investigating inflammatory and non-inflammatory lesion count, measured as absolute change from baseline in the number of acne lesions
- Efficacy was assessed at the end of the 12-week treatment period
- DRM01 appears comparable to approved Epiduo
- Two clinical endpoints are in accordance with FDA draft guidance regarding the development of acne products and supporting a marketing approval application.



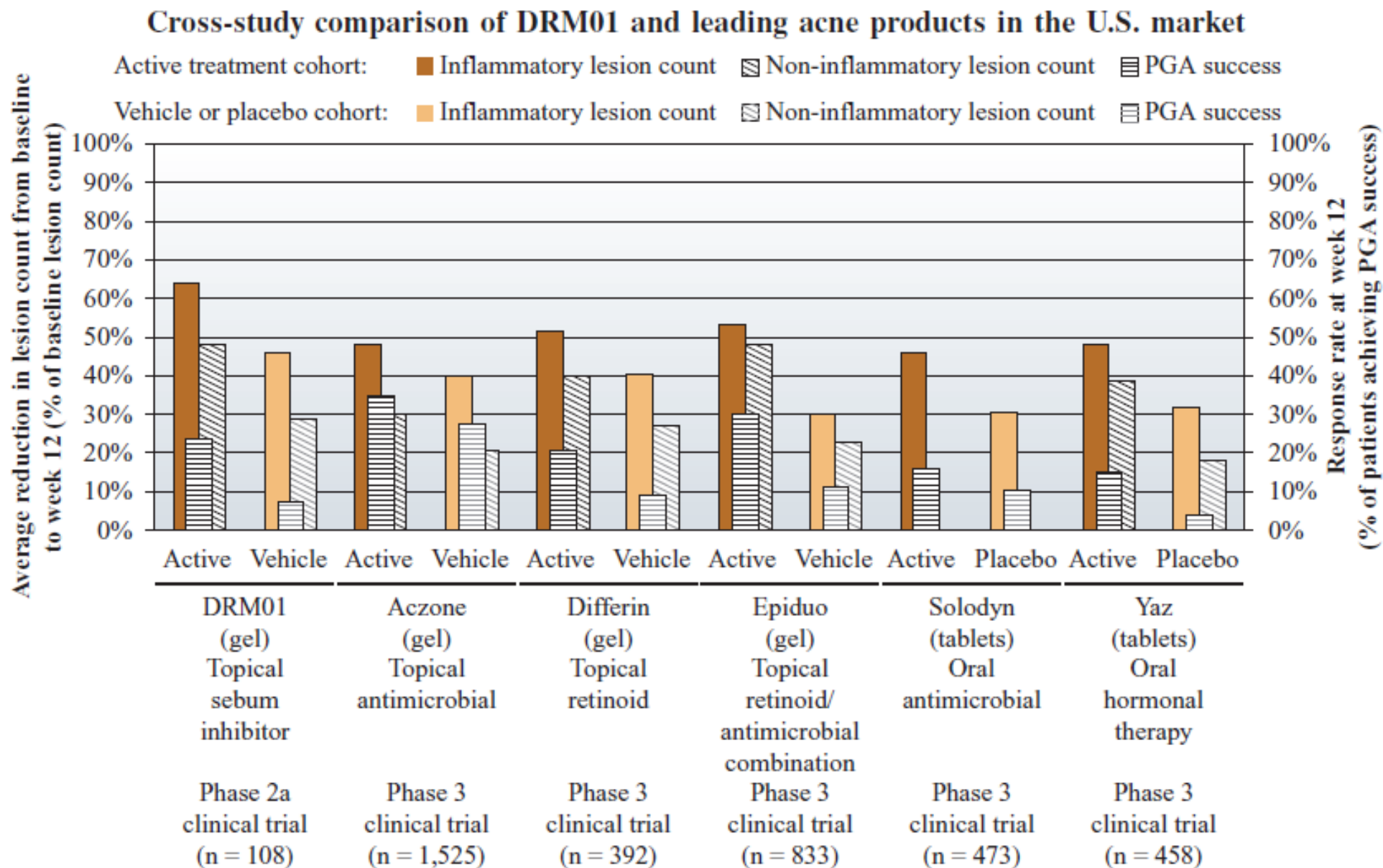
## Efficacy: Improvement in IGA Response Comparable to Epiduo (3<sup>rd</sup> FDA-Recommended Co-Primary Endpoint)

Primary Endpoint: Investigator's Global Assessment (IGA) Response Rate at Week 12



DRM01 patients were >3x more likely to respond than vehicle-only patients

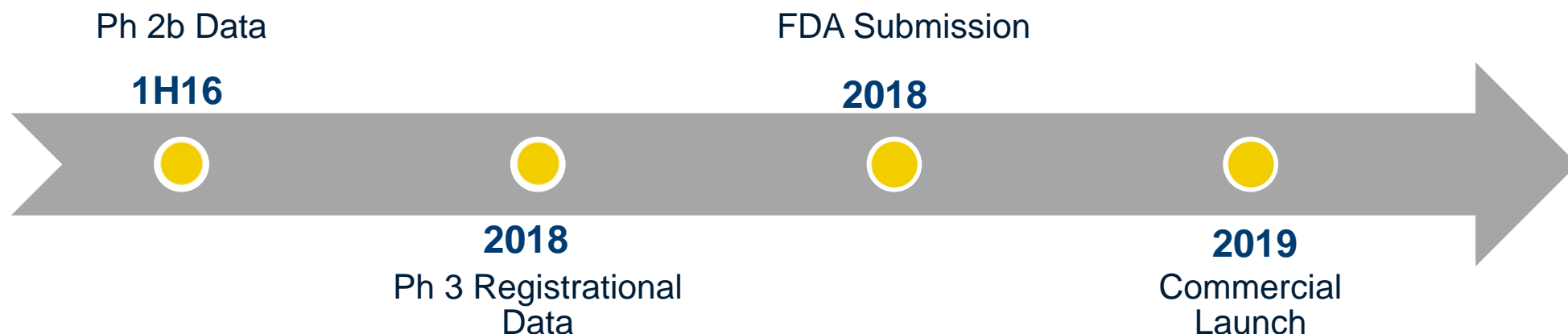
## Efficacy: Cross Agent Comparison of DRM01 to Acne Agents



**Development:** Initiating Ph 2b Dose-Finding Program in 1H15, Readout Expected 1H16

	Ph 2a: Clinical POC	Ph 2b: Dose-finding	Ph 3 Registration
Objective	Safety and preliminary efficacy	Dose-selection	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Confirmatory</li> <li>Safety &amp; Efficacy</li> </ul>
Pop	Adults with Acne Vulgaris N= 100	Adults with Acne Vulgaris N= 300	≥ 9 years Acne Vulgaris N= 600
Dosing	7.5% Topical 12 Weeks BID	Multiple Topical Doses 12 Weeks	Dose/ Frequency TBD 12 Weeks
Key Efficacy / Results	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Acne lesion count</li> <li>Acne IGA</li> <li>Sebum excretion profile</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Acne lesion count</li> <li>Acne IGA</li> <li>1H15 Start Ph 2b</li> <li>1H16 data readout</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Acne lesion count</li> <li>Acne IGA</li> <li>2018 data readout</li> </ul>

• IGA = Investigator Global Assessment



## Script-Based US Acne (DRM01) Market Model & Assumptions

	2019E	2020E	2021E	2022E	2023E	2024E	2025E	2026E
<b>US Topical Acne Market</b>								
Total Prescriptions (Rx)	13,246,137	14,042,750	14,820,994	15,585,255	16,261,386	17,026,479	17,742,102	18,489,332
Growth Rate	6%	6%	6%	5%	4%	5%	4%	4%
<b>Retinoid (Isotretinoin / Tretinoin) Market</b>								
Growth Rate	3.8%	3.8%	3.8%	3.8%	3.8%	3.8%	3.8%	3.8%
% of Overall Rx	42%	41%	40%	40%	39%	39%	39%	39%
<b>Antimicrobials</b>								
Growth Rate	3.7%	3.7%	3.7%	3.7%	3.7%	3.7%	3.7%	3.7%
% of Overall Rx	43%	42%	41%	40%	40%	40%	39%	39%
<b>Fixed Dose Combinations</b>								
Growth Rate	5.9%	5.9%	5.9%	5.9%	5.9%	5.9%	5.9%	5.9%
% of Overall Rx	14%	14%	14%	14%	14%	14%	15%	15%
<b>Novel Therapies</b>								
Growth Rate		127%	48%	27%	9%	15%	6%	6%
% of Overall Rx	2%	3%	5%	6%	6%	7%	7%	7%
(Dermira) DRM01 Topical	214,812	486,778	718,469	913,315	996,166	1,143,068	1,214,493	1,290,369
Price per Rx (\$)	\$471	\$471	\$485	\$500	\$515	\$530	\$546	\$562
Price Growth			3%	3%	3%	3%	3%	3%
<b>DRM01 Gross to Net Adjusted (\$ MM)</b>	<b>\$76</b>	<b>\$172</b>	<b>\$261</b>	<b>\$342</b>	<b>\$384</b>	<b>\$454</b>	<b>\$497</b>	<b>\$544</b>

<b>Commercial Launch</b>	2019E
<b>Peak Sales Year</b>	2023E – 2025E
<b>Gross to Net Adjusted</b>	25%
<b>Pricing</b>	In-line with isotretinoin agent, Galderma Epiduo
<b>Launch</b>	Epiduo based launch trajectory with initial uptake dampened to potential launch with less sales resources

**DRM04:** Topical Anticholinergic  
for Hyperhidrosis (HH) Treatment

---

**DERMIRA**

## DRM04 Summary: Product Overview & KOL Commentary

### MARKET OPPORTUNITY & UNMET NEED

- Our KOL checks confirm a vast hyperhidrosis market where treatment options are limited to ineffective antiperspirants or burdensome Botox injections.
  - 9M Americans suffer from excessive sweating, 1M from severe hyperhidrosis (HH)
  - Significant psychosocial burden
  - Most noninvasive treatments provide little relief
- KOLs note significant need for noninvasive second-line treatment options to challenge the effective but burdensome use of every-6-month Botox injections. DRM04 – a convenient, easy to use glycopyrrolate wipe – is initially intended to inhibit axillary sweat production.

### EFFICACY DATA

- In KOLs' opinions, Ph 2 demonstration of statistically significant reduction in sweat production and 40-50% improvement in HH score (HDSS) removes much of the technical risk for DRM04 program.
- Sweat production, though reported differently, seems to demonstrate Botox-like results. Botox trials show 80-85% of subjects demonstrating at least 50% reduction from baseline in axillary sweating at 4 weeks, while **DRM04 achieving greater than 50% reduction in sweat production** in various doses 1%, 2%, 3%, and 4% providing 53%, 61%, 76%, and 77% change from baseline, respectively.

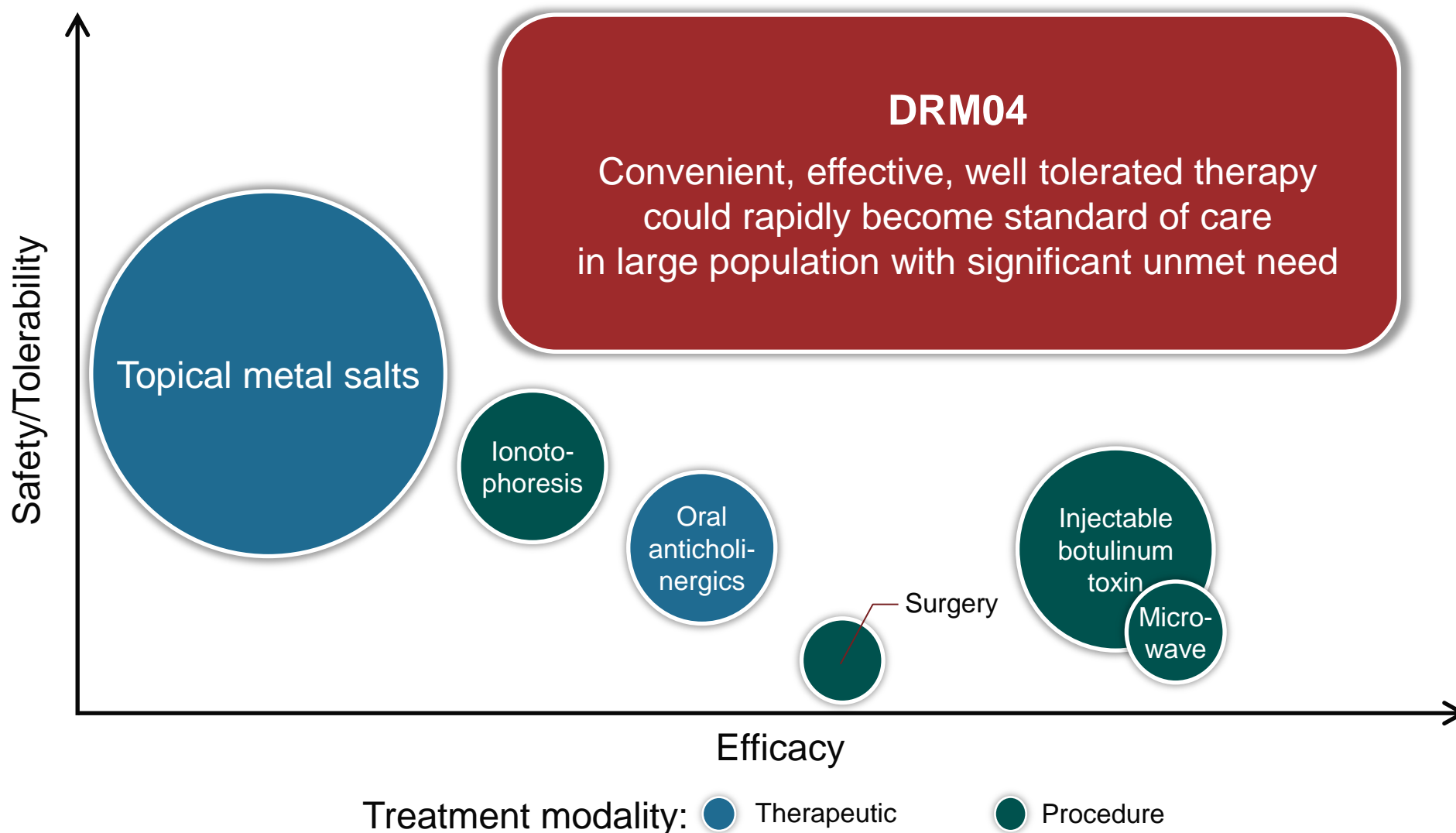
### SAFETY & TOLERABILITY

- The 2% dose, while highly active, appears to have a low incidence of dry mouth and blurred vision.
- KOLs do not believe low-grade dry mouth is worrisome at MTD. Oral administration glycopyrrolate shows therapeutic effect with tolerable degree of dry mouth and dry eye. KOLs highlight that in practice they are convinced the locally applied wipe will result in noticeably less side effect concerns.
- Ph 2 data give the boundaries and show a sweet spot of 2-3% dose range; DERM could theoretically even go to 2.5% for pivotals; data from HH01 together with the bridging study data will determine the likely go-forward dose(s).

### DEVELOPMENT & COMMERCIAL POTENTIAL

- Ph 3 endpoints TBD – gravimetric test will definitely be used,  $\geq 2$  point reduction in HDSS also possible.
- KOLs believe that if successful and priced correctly, DRM04 could be the next step after antiperspirants followed by Botox or device use. Insurance coverage ought to follow given Botox's current coverage for HH.
- "RT-001 hasn't been as great as we might have expected," according to specialists, who also expect a high price. Price sensitivity for topical Botox agents is expected to be geared toward aesthetic / cosmetic uses.

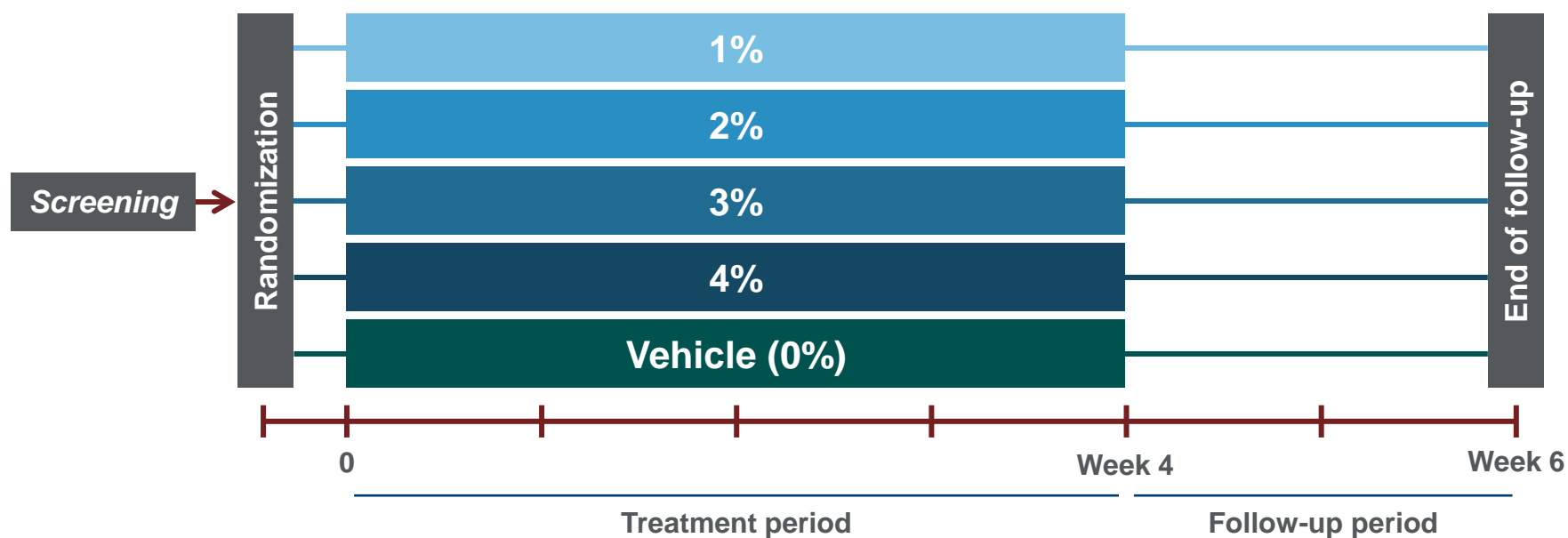
## Background: Current Therapies Largely Ineffective/Inconvenient/Poorly Tolerated





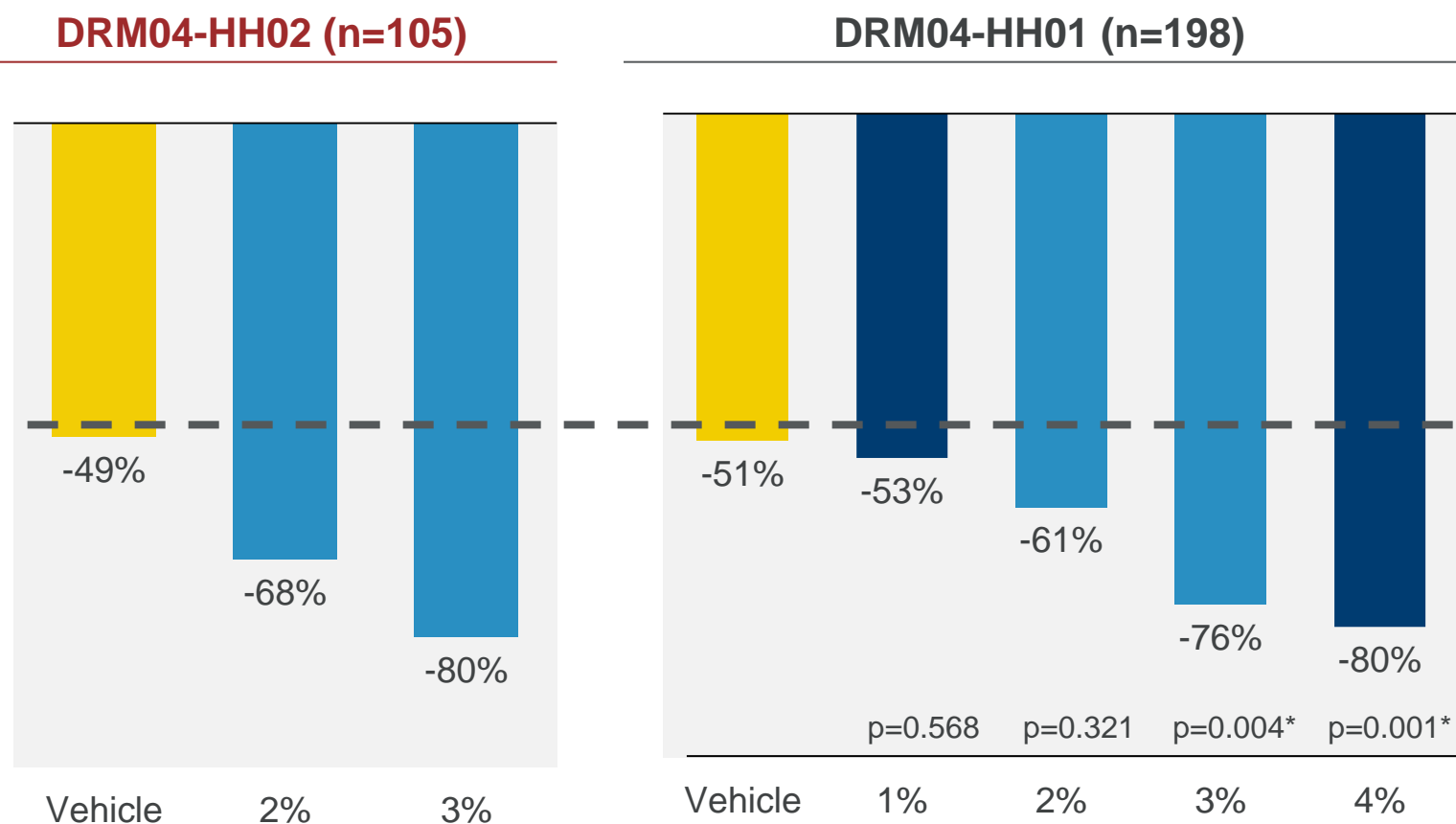
## Phase 2b: HH01 Dose-Ranging Completed for Reference Agent

- Well-characterized glycopyrrolate mechanism with clear dose-response curve
- Randomized double blinded vehicle controlled trial
  - 198 severe, primary axillary hyperhidrosis patients
  - Principal inclusion criteria: Adults with sweat production of  $\geq 50$  mg/5 min in each axilla (gravimetry), HDSS (Hyperhidrosis Disease Severity Score) score of 3-4
  - Topical formulation of reference agent applied via wipe QD for 4 weeks
  - 2 Key Efficacy Measures (Week 4)
    - ♦ Axillary Sweat Production: Absolute change from baseline (gravimetric sweat test)
    - ♦ PRO: Proportion of patients achieved  $\geq 2$ -point reduction in HDSS score



## Efficacy: DRM04 Demonstrates Consistency and Powerful Comparison to Botox on Hard Endpoint of Change in Sweat Production

### Mean Percent Change in Sweat Production at Week 4 (gravimetry)

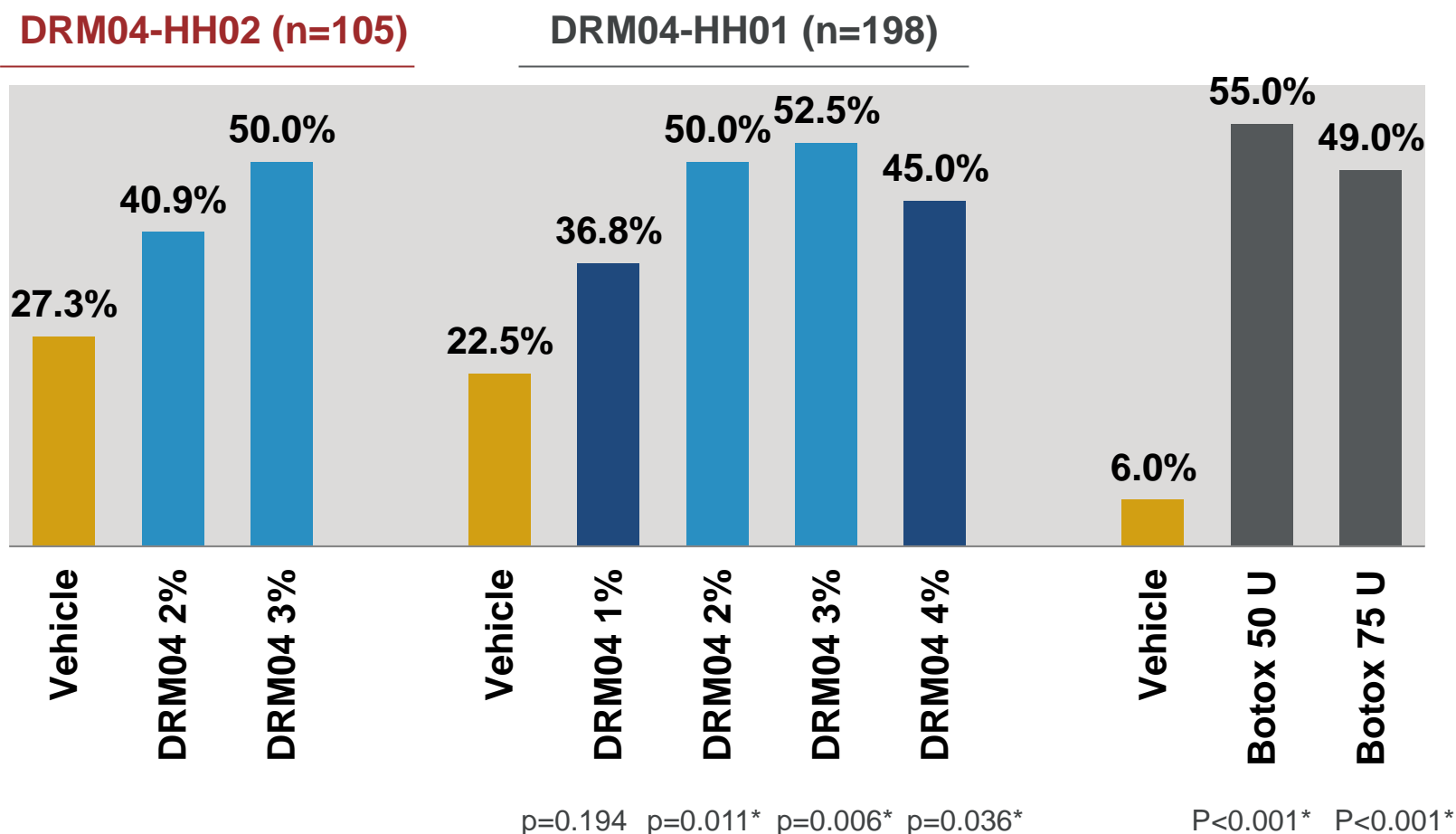


With Botox, 80.8-85.5% of patients were able to achieve a >50% decrease in sweat production at Week 4

The average reduction in sweat production from baseline to week four ranged from 67.7% to 79.8% (72.7 to 105.3 mg per five minutes) in patients in the two arms treated with DRM04, compared to 48.7% (53.9 mg per five minutes) in patients who received the vehicle only. .

## Efficacy: DRM04 Demonstrates Consistency and Comparability to Botox on Validated Patient Reported Outcome Scale (HDSS)

*HDSS Response Rate at Week 4 (% of patients achieving  $\geq 2$  point improvement)*

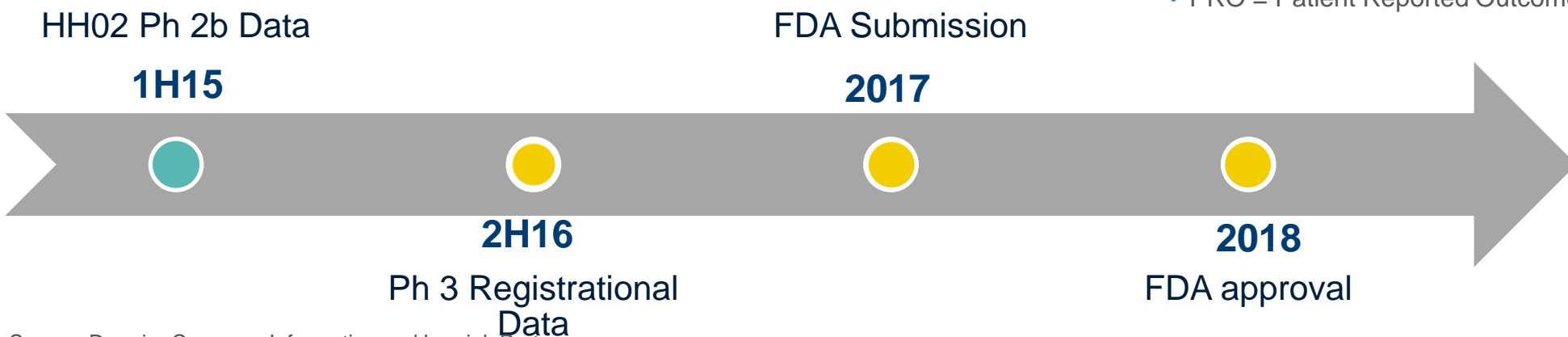


The proportion of patients who achieved at least a two-grade improvement in HDSS score from baseline to week four ranged from 40.9% to 50.0% in patients in the two arms treated with DRM04, compared to 27.3% in patients who received the vehicle only.

## Development: DRM04 Clinical Development Plan

	Ph 2a Clinical POC	Ph 2b: Dose-finding		Ph 3 Registration
	Phase 2a Clinical POC	Ph 2b: HH01 Dose-finding	Ph 2b: HH02 Dose-finding	Phase 3 Registration
Objective	Established POC	Dose-selection	Support switch / PRO development	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Confirmatory</li> <li>Safety &amp; Efficacy</li> </ul>
Pop	N= 36	N= 200	N=100	N= 600
Dosing	QD (4 Weeks)	QD (4 Weeks)	QD (4 Weeks)	QD (4 Weeks)
Key Efficacy / Results	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Attractive efficacy (HDSS, sweat production)</li> <li>Well tolerated</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>HDSS score</li> <li>Sweat production</li> <li>Preliminary Pharmacokinetics</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>HDSS score</li> <li>PRO score</li> <li>Sweat production</li> <li>Pharmacokinetics</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>PRO score</li> <li>Sweat production</li> <li>2H16 readout</li> </ul>

• PRO = Patient Reported Outcome



## Patient-Based US Hyperhidrosis (DRM04) Market Model (p1)

	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023	2024	2025	2026
<b>US Axillary Hyperhidrosis (HH) Market</b>														
Prevalence Rate (2.8%)	8,851,607	8,940,124	9,029,525	9,119,820	9,211,018	9,303,128	9,442,675	9,584,315	9,728,080	9,874,001	10,041,859	10,212,571	10,386,185	10,562,750
Growth Rate		1.0%	1.0%	1.0%	1.0%	1.0%	1.5%	1.5%	1.5%	1.5%	1.7%	1.7%	1.7%	1.7%
<b>Penetration Rate</b>														
Seek Treatment	3,540,643	3,576,049	3,611,810	3,647,928	3,776,517	3,814,283	3,871,497	4,121,256	4,183,074	4,245,821	4,418,418	4,493,531	4,569,921	4,753,237
www.sweathelp.org	40%	40%	40%	40%	41%	41%	41%	43%	43%	43%	44%	44%	44%	45%
Recommended Treatment (% Receiving Rx)	2,301,418	2,324,432	2,347,676	2,371,153	2,454,736	2,479,284	2,516,473	2,720,029	2,760,829	2,802,242	2,982,432	3,033,134	3,084,697	3,255,968
	65%	65%	65%	65%	65%	65%	65%	66%	66%	66%	68%	68%	68%	69%
Fill Prescriptions	1,726,063	1,743,324	1,760,757	1,778,365	1,841,052	1,859,463	1,887,355	2,067,222	2,098,230	2,129,704	2,311,385	2,350,679	2,390,640	2,555,935
	75%	75%	75%	75%	75%	75%	75%	76%	76%	76%	78%	78%	78%	79%

### Large Market underpenetrated by branded pharmaceuticals

- Nearly nine million Americans (2.8 % of US population) with hyperhidrosis (HH)
- 40% (2 in 5) seek help for treatment
- Two-thirds receive prescription
- 75% of patients fill the script

### DRM04 Target Profile

- DRM04 represents the first topical wipe for hyperhidrosis with a well-characterized mechanism, positive Phase II data, and a well designed clinical program
- Topically targets local sweat gland activation
- Reduces sweat production and improves disease severity in hyperhidrosis patients
- Efficacy as comparable to systemic treatments
- Established pharmacology and well-tolerated 4-week Ph 2a clinical data

## Patient-Based US Hyperhidrosis (DRM04) Market Model (p2)

	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023	2024	2025	2026
<b>(1st Line) HH Market Share</b>														
Clinical Strength Antiperspirant Topical Treated with Certain Dri OTC (AICI3)	70%	70%	70%	70%	69%	67%	62%	57%	53%	51%	50%	49%	48%	77%
Cost / Bottle (WAC \$4.30)	1,208,244	1,220,327	1,232,530	1,244,855	1,261,121	1,236,543	1,170,160	1,178,316	1,101,571	1,075,500	1,144,136	1,140,079	1,147,507	1,968,070
Treatment (Tx) Frequency Annualized	\$5.81	\$5.81	\$5.81	\$5.81	\$5.81	\$5.81	\$5.81	\$5.81	\$5.81	\$5.81	\$5.81	\$5.81	\$5.81	\$5.81
Antiperspirant (Topical) Sales (\$ MM)	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4
	\$28.1	\$28.3	\$28.6	\$28.9	\$29.3	\$28.7	\$27.2	\$27.4	\$25.6	\$25.0	\$26.6	\$26.5	\$26.6	\$45.7
Anticholinergic Orals	25%	25%	25%	25%	24%	23%	21%	18%	16%	14%	12%	11%	11%	10%
Treated with Glycopyrrolate Oral	431,516	435,831	440,189	444,591	441,853	418,379	386,908	372,100	335,717	287,510	277,366	258,575	262,970	255,593
Cost / Bottle / 100 pills (WAC \$88.49)	\$88.49	\$88.49	\$88.49	\$88.49	\$88.49	\$88.49	\$99.11	\$99.11	\$99.11	\$99.11	\$99.11	\$111.00	\$111.00	\$111.00
Tx Frequency Annualized	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2
Anticholinergic Orals Sales (\$ MM)	\$76.4	\$77.1	\$77.9	\$78.7	\$78.2	\$74.0	\$76.7	\$73.8	\$66.5	\$57.0	\$55.0	\$57.4	\$58.4	\$56.7
<b>(2nd Line) HH Market Share</b>														
AGN Botox Market Share	5%	5%	5%	5%	5%	5%	5%	5%	5%	4%	4%	4%	3%	3%
Treated with Botox	86,303	87,166	88,038	88,918	92,053	92,973	94,368	103,361	94,420	85,188	80,898	82,274	71,719	76,678
Cost 100U (4 mL) per axilla	\$525	\$541	\$557	\$574	\$591	\$609	\$627	\$646	\$665	\$685	\$706	\$727	\$749	\$771
Tx Frequency Annualized	1.5	1.5	1.5	1.5	1.5	1.5	1.5	1.5	1.5	1.5	1.5	1.5	1.5	1.5
Botox Injectable Sales (\$ MM)	\$68.0	\$70.7	\$73.6	\$76.5	\$81.6	\$84.9	\$88.7	\$100.1	\$94.2	\$87.5	\$85.6	\$89.7	\$80.5	\$88.7
<b>Needle-free Topicals to replace 2nd Line Botox</b>														
Dermira DRM04 topical glycopyrrolate (Ph 2b)						1%	3%	7%	11%	15%	16%	17%	17%	17%
Treated with DRM04						23,243	56,621	144,706	230,805	319,456	369,822	399,615	406,409	434,509
Cost						\$101	\$101	\$107	\$112	\$117	\$123	\$127	\$131	\$135
Tx Frequency Annualized						7	7	7	7	7	7	7	7	7
Gross to Net Adjusted (\$ MM)						\$12.4	\$30.2	\$80.9	\$135.5	\$196.9	\$239.4	\$266.4	\$279.1	\$307.3
Anterios ANT-1207 topical Botox (Ph 2b)						1%	3%	5%	7%	9%	11%	11%	12%	12%
Treated with ANT-1207						23,243	55,784	84,931	144,706	178,350	223,619	242,695	270,328	274,924
Cost						\$609	\$609	\$682	\$682	\$682	\$682	\$682	\$763	\$763
Tx Frequency Annualized						1.5	1.5	1.5	1.5	1.5	1.5	1.5	1.5	1.5
Gross to Net Adjusted (\$ MM)						\$15.9	\$38.2	\$65.1	\$111.0	\$136.8	\$171.5	\$186.1	\$232.2	\$236.1
Revance (RVNC) RT001 topical Botox							1%	2%	4%	6%	8%	9%	10%	10%
Treated with RT001							18,874	41,344	73,438	117,134	173,354	199,808	227,111	255,593
Cost							\$627	\$627	\$627	\$627	\$627	\$702	\$702	\$702
Tx Frequency Annualized							1.5	1.5	1.5	1.5	1.5	1.5	1.5	1.5
Gross to Net Adjusted (\$ MM)							\$17.7	\$38.9	\$69.1	\$110.1	\$163.0	\$210.4	\$239.2	\$269.2
<b>Total Sales (\$ MM)</b>	<b>\$172.4</b>	<b>\$176.2</b>	<b>\$180.1</b>	<b>\$184.1</b>	<b>\$189.1</b>	<b>\$215.9</b>	<b>\$278.7</b>	<b>\$386.1</b>	<b>\$501.9</b>	<b>\$613.3</b>	<b>\$741.0</b>	<b>\$836.5</b>	<b>\$916.0</b>	<b>\$1,003.8</b>

## Patient-Based US Hyperhidrosis (DRM04) Market Model Assumptions

- Patient-based hyperhidrosis growth model that breaks down market share by 1<sup>st</sup> line, 2<sup>nd</sup> line, and alternative needle-free topical treatments to replace 2<sup>nd</sup> line Botox.
  - 1<sup>st</sup> Line – industrial strength deodorant or anticholinergic orals
  - 2<sup>nd</sup> Line – Botox providing excellent temporary relief, but insurance pushback given pricing
  - DRM04 will target 2<sup>nd</sup> line setting in replacing Botox as an injection-free topical alternative
  - Market Share analysis depicts competitive landscape including Anterios ANT-1207 and Revance (RVNC) RT001, achieving commercialization by 2018E and 2019E, respectively.
- Key Financial Assumptions

<b>Commercial Launch</b>	2018E
<b>Peak Sales Year</b>	2022E – 2024E
<b>Gross to Net Adjusted</b>	25%
<b>Pricing / Duration</b>	In-line with Botox 7-month duration

**Cimzia:** anti-TNF $\alpha$  for Psoriasis  
(PsO)

---

**DERMIRA**



## Cimzia Summary: Product Overview & KOL Commentary

### MARKET OPPORTUNITY & UNMET NEED

- KOLs validate the favorable long-term prospects for TNFs to remain the first-line agent for the majority of psoriasis patients based on: (a) years of safety experience, (b) preferential effects in the third of psoriasis (PsO) patients with joint pain.
  - “Anti-TNF favored right out of gate” for patients with co-morbid joint pain/ psoriatic arthritis
- KOLs state they “absolutely need another TNF antagonist” given the 50%+ of patients who are non-responders and therapeutic limitations of Enbrel, Stelara, and Remicade.

### SAFETY & TOLERABILITY

- Early discontinuation rate (3-4% vs. 5% for placebo) competitive with Humira’s 7% ( vs. 4% for placebo) discontinuation rate
- KOLs skeptical of safety advantage over Humira, until seen in larger studies. Construct of molecule doesn’t have a potentially immunogenic hinge region that may affect Humira and Remicade. KOLs recognize that “this may suggest a decrease in anti-drug antibody against Cimzia, yet that’s a scientific wild guess.”
- Maintenance dosing may be key to commercial success. DERM is studying lower maintenance dosing of Cimzia post 12 & 16 weeks of induction dosing. This may be important for pricing.

### EFFICACY DATA

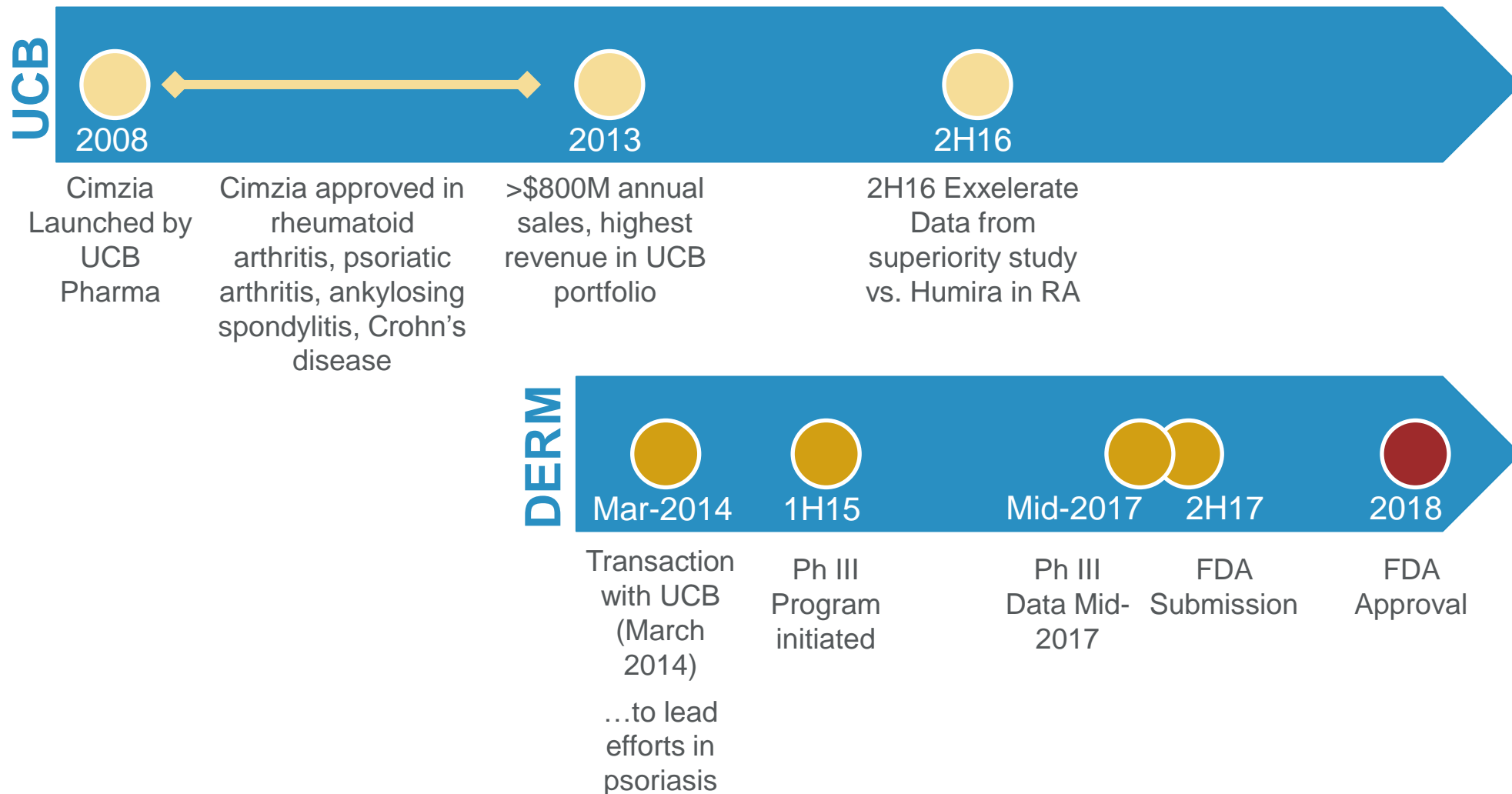
- KOLs believe Cimzia could “leap frog” other anti-TNF agents used upon Humira failure, where they continue to look for an another anti-TNF option with “high performance” 70%+ skin clearance.
- Based on replication of Ph2 data, Cimzia ought to be preferred to:
  - Anti-TNF Enbrel which demonstrates <50% skin clearance
  - IL-12/23 Stelara given its lack of demonstrated relief for joint pain
  - Anti-TNF Remicade which is only used in last line setting due to need for infusion

### DEVELOPMENT & COMMERCIAL POTENTIAL

- Will still fall behind Humira in series of options, particularly once the biosimilar is introduced
- KOLs are acutely aware of threats from IL-17s and biosimilar Humira, yet continue to believe in commercial potential of Cimzia
- DERM initiated it’s Phase 3 studies in 1H15. The program will include two placebo-controlled and one active comparator (vs. Enbrel) study which, together, we expect to (a) satisfy US and EU regulatory requirements, (b) confirm skin clearance data and show superiority to Enbrel, and (c) support lower maintenance dosing from 12 & 16 through 52 weeks of treatment.

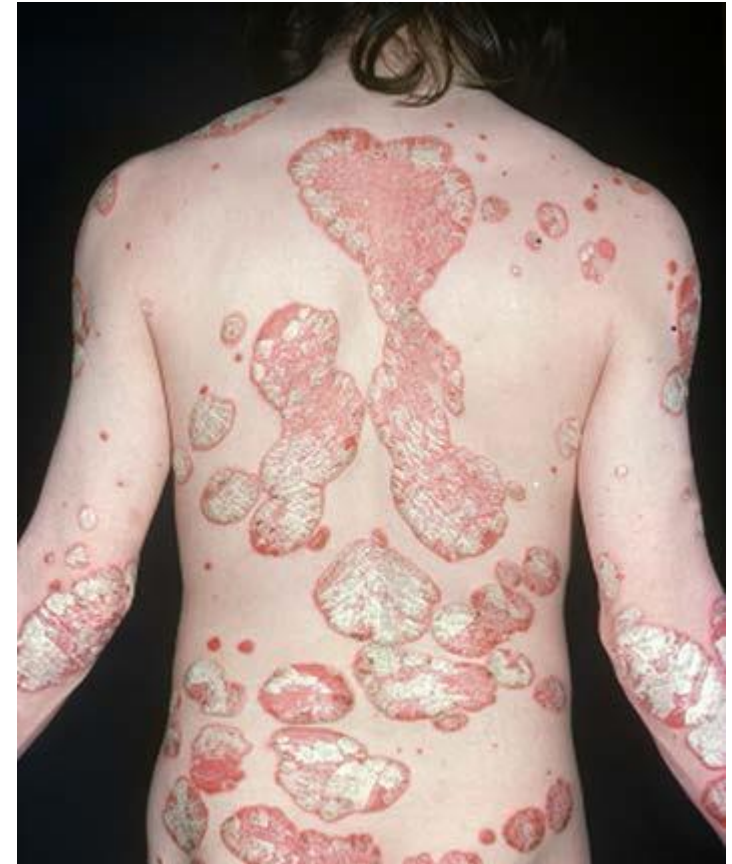
## Development: Opportunity to Steer Valuable Indication for a Marketed TNF-Inhibitor While UCB's Focus on Its Success Continues

### Cimzia Development Milestone Assumptions

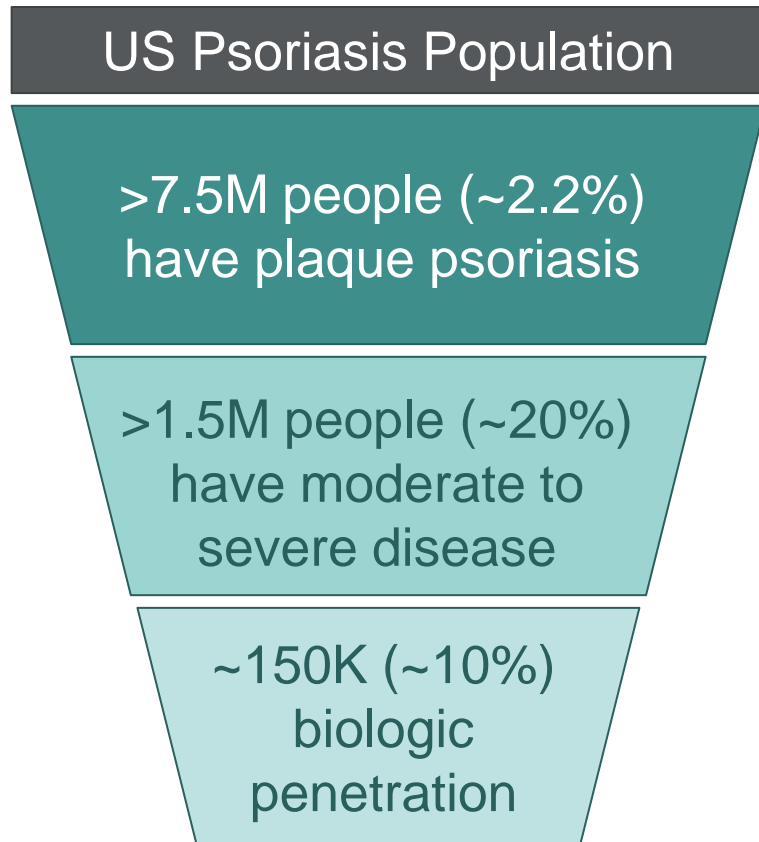


## Background: Psoriasis Is a Complex, Debilitating Disease Requiring Long-Term Treatment

- Prevalent, chronic autoimmune skin disease
  - Hallmark is excessive epidermal proliferation (scaly plaques)
  - Plaque psoriasis is most common form
  - Increasing evidence suggests skin symptoms represent dermal manifestation of systemic inflammatory disorder
- Severity measured by a combination of factors
  - Includes consideration of lesion location, impact on quality of life, and body surface area ( $\geq 3\%$  moderate to severe)
- Significant morbidity, co-morbidity
  - Physical, social function
  - Psoriatic arthritis occurs in 33-40% of psoriasis patients
  - Cardiovascular disease



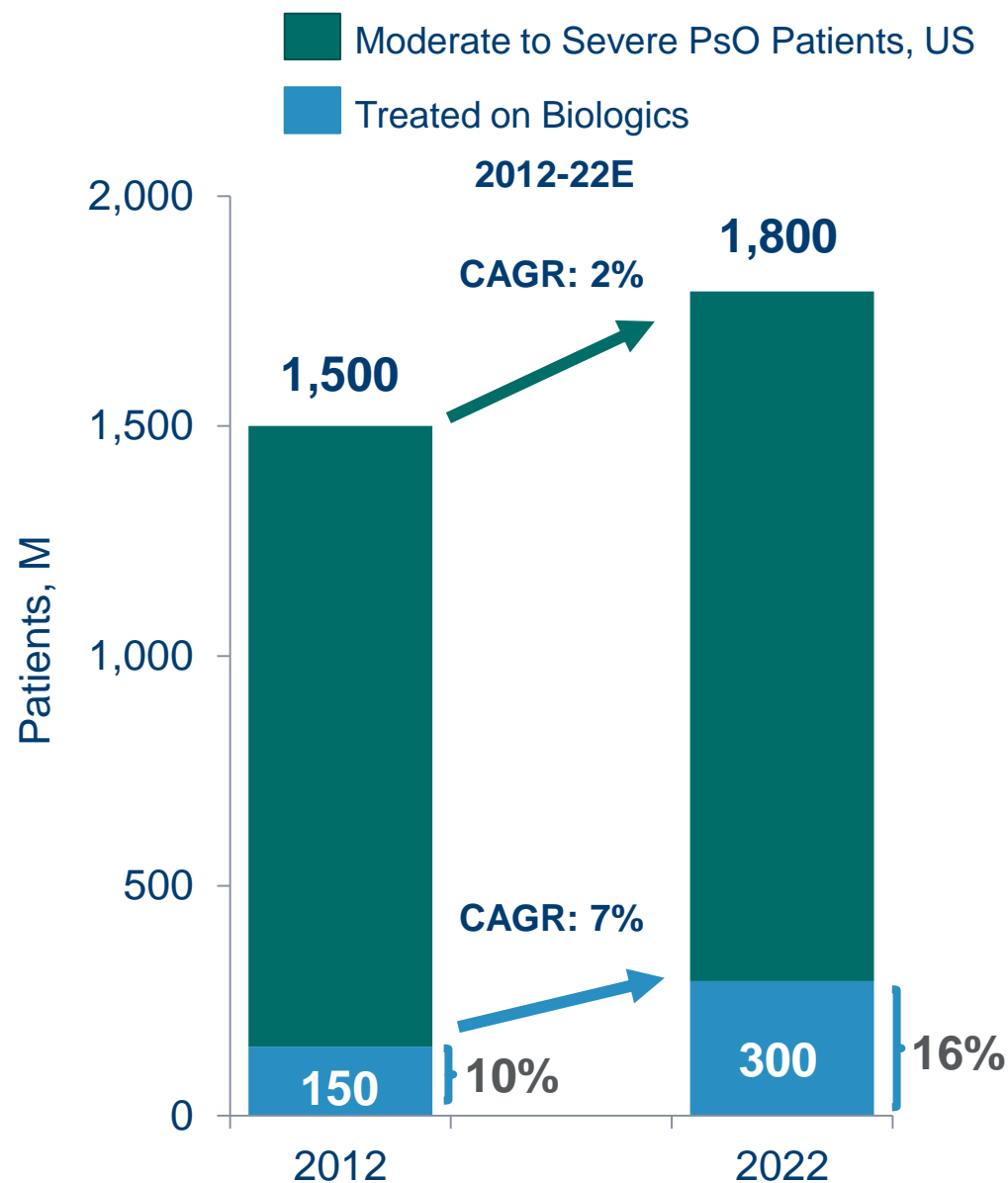
## Background: Psoriasis Represents a Large, Underpenetrated Market with Biologic Treatment Gaining Momentum Among Dermatologists



- Large patient population
  - Substantial proportion develop systemic, inflammatory co-morbidities
- Market need persists
  - ~50% of patients dissatisfied with current treatment
  - ≤30% of severe patients not receiving treatment in accordance with guidelines
- Underpenetrated US market
  - Biologic penetration in dermatology remains low relative to other large biologic markets

## Background: Patients Treated on Biologics Are Expected to Double in the Next Ten Years

- Growth from underpenetrated US market
  - We forecast biologics penetration grows from historical use in ~10% of moderate to severe patients to >16% in 2022E
- Dermatologists increasingly likely to prescribe biologics
  - IMS scripts for TNFs as well as overall biologics have grown at 12% and 15% CAGR 2008 to 2013
- Big players will drive growth with new products, large marketing budgets
  - Since 2009 introduction of Stelara (JNJ; IL-12/23), market growth has accelerated for all injectable biologics
- \$3.4B US market for injectable biologics forecasted to grow to >\$6B in 2022



## Competition: Evolving Psoriasis Market Landscape

### TNF $\alpha$

Agent	Company	Status
Enbrel (etanercept)	AMGN	Approved
Humira (adalimumab)	ABBV	Approved
Remicade (infliximab)	JNJ	Approved
Cimzia (certolizumab)	Dermira (from UCB)	Ph III (initiated 1H15)
Biosimilar Humira	AMGN, NVS (Sandoz), Boehringer, Samsung	Initial Ph III Studies Complete

### IL-23/12

Agent	Company	Status
Stelara (ustekinumab)	JNJ	Approved
Tildrakizumab	Sun Pharma (from MRK)	Ph III
Guselkumab	JNJ (Janssen)	Ph III

### IL-17

Agent	Company	Status
Cosentyx (secukinumab; IL17 cytokine)	NVS	Approved
Brodalumab (IL17 receptor)	AZN	Filing Decision Pending
Ixekizumab (IL17 cytokine)	LLY	Submitted to FDA

### Orals

Agent	Company	Status
Otezla (apremilast; PDE4)	CELG	Approved
Xeljanz (tofacitanib; JAK)	PFE	Submitted to FDA

## Phase 2: Large, 176 Patient Ph 2 Trial Serves as a Solid Foundation for Soon-to-Start Ph 3 Program

---

### Objective

- To evaluate the efficacy and safety of Cimzia in patients with moderate to severe plaque psoriasis

### Trial Overview

- 176 patients, randomized, double-blind, Phase 2 placebo-controlled
- 15 centers in France and Germany (Oct 2005 to Nov 2006)
- Study consisted of two periods:
  - Initial 12-week treatment period, primary endpoints:  $\geq 75\%$  improvement from baseline in PASI 75 and Physician Global Assessment (PGA) of clear-almost clear
  - Follow-up observation period without treatment – 12-week duration for non-responders, and until relapse for responders (up to 24 weeks)
- A 12-week re-treatment extension study was offered to Cimzia responders who relapsed during the observation period; patients received the same treatment as they did in the first study (conducted from May 2006 to May 2007)

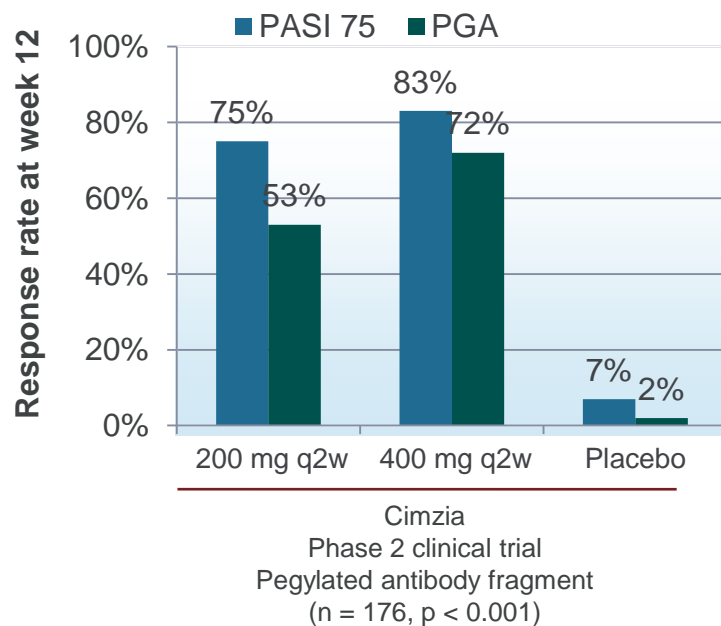
## Phase 2: Skin Clearance Data

### DERM Objectives

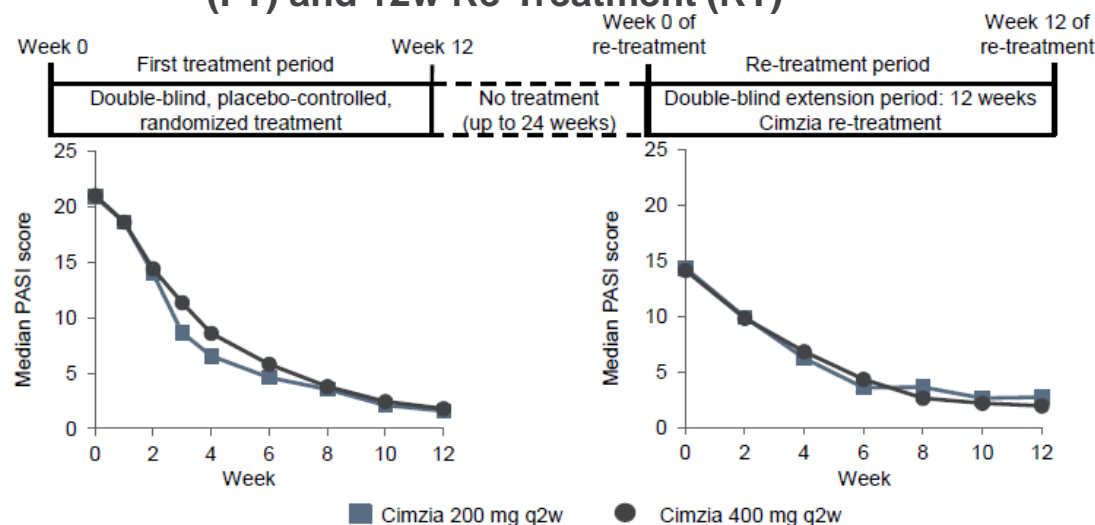
Launch differentiated TNF inhibitor to derms with leading product profile

Efficacy comparable to Humira (mAb) with potential safety advantages of Enbrel (non-mAb)

#### PASI 75 12w RR at Two Doses



#### Median PASI Scores through 12w First Treatment (FT) and 12w Re-Treatment (RT)



Note: PASI 75 = proportion of treated patients who achieved a 75% improvement in the clinical grading scale called the Psoriasis Area and Severity Index. PGA (Physician's Global Assessment) = proportion of patients who achieved clearing or near clearing of psoriasis as rated by the investigator.

Note: Intention to Treat (ITT) population shown = all randomized patients (n=176) vs. Per protocol (PP) population = subset of ITT population comprising patients who had no major protocol deviations (n=150). Results from PP population were consistent with ITT population

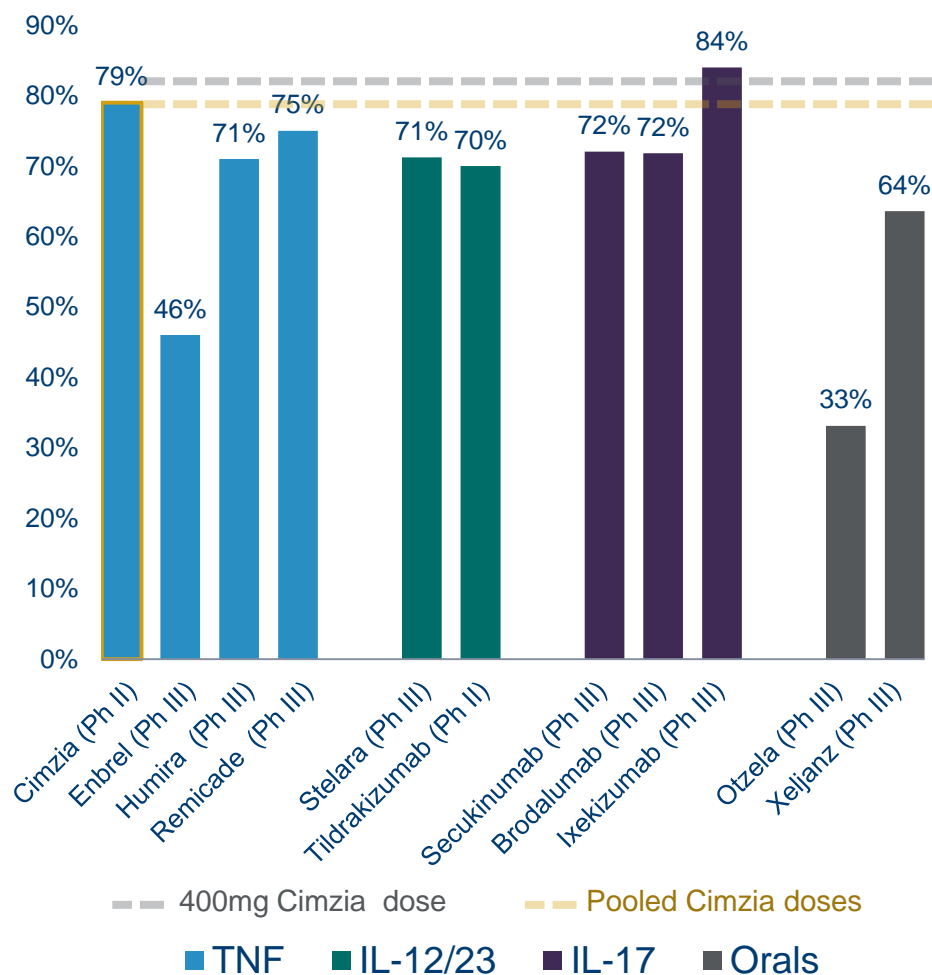
Source: Adapted from Reich K, 2012, Br J Dermatol; Dermira Company Information; Leerink Partners



# Efficacy: Competitive Position vs. Other Marketed & Development Stage Psoriasis Therapies

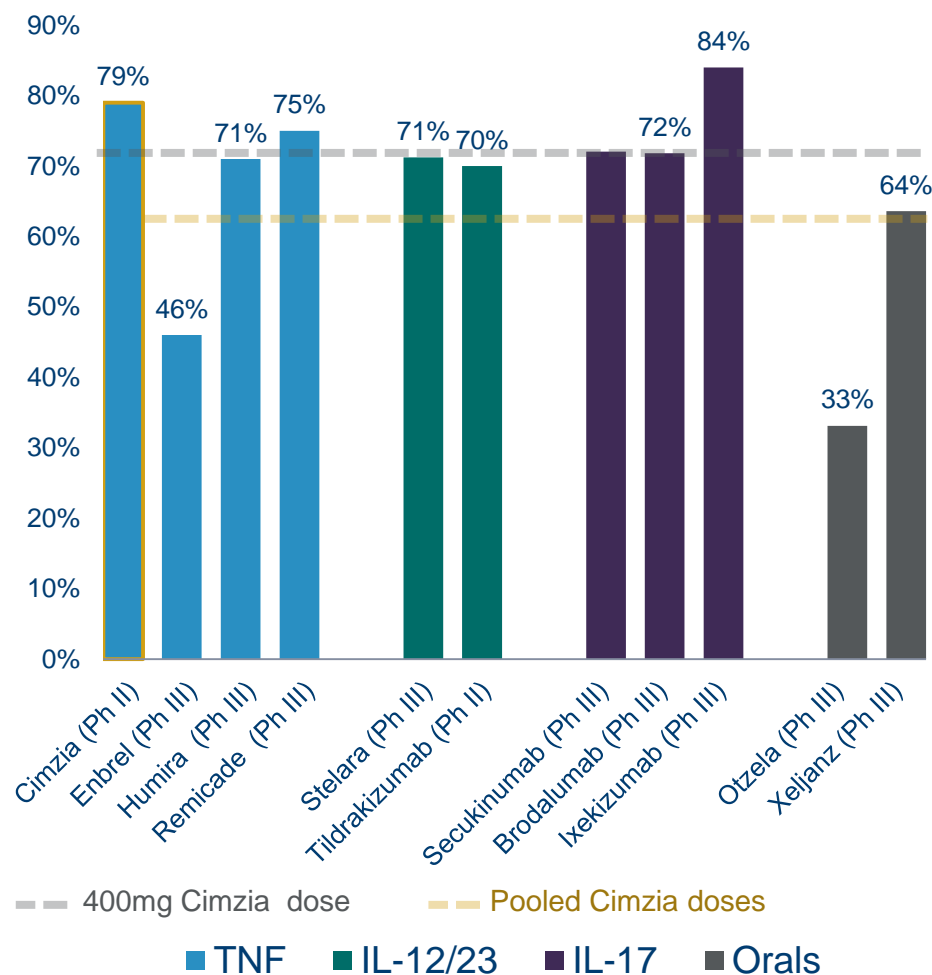
## PASI 75 Response Rate at Week 12\*

- Tends to be Favored the EMA
- US Dermatologists almost exclusively talk about PASI



## PGA Response Rate at Week 12\*

- Tends to be Favored by FDA

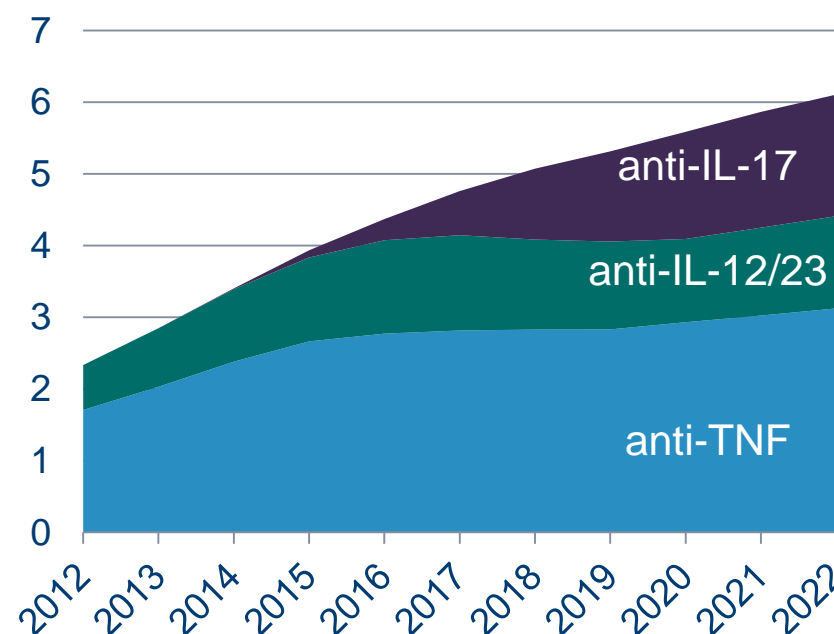


Note: Data from latest phase study with highest patient enrollment used; go-forward doses averaged, if two  
 Source: ClinicalTrials.gov; Cimzia Company Information; Leerink Partners

## KOL Commentary on Psoriasis Tx Classes & Forecasted Evolution of US Market

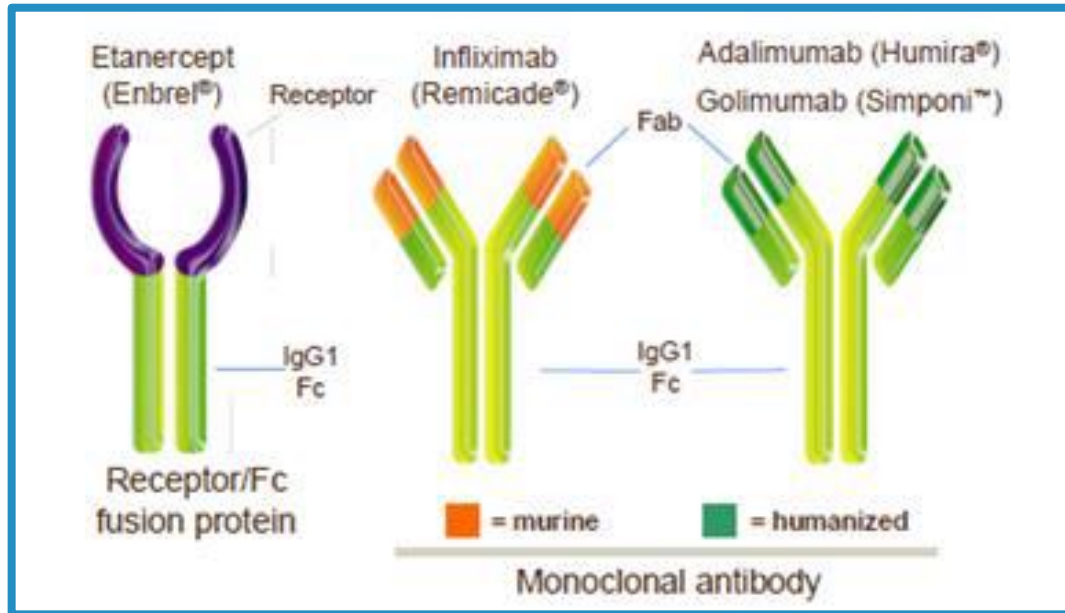
Target	Clinical Benefits	Therapeutic Limitations	Commercial Implications
TNF $\alpha$	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• “High performance” skin clearance</li> <li>• “Favored out of gate” in pts who also display signs of joint pain</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Expense (true for all injectables)</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• “Maintain critical place in market”</li> <li>• “Still first line because years of experience”</li> </ul>
IL-12/23	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• “Good” skin clearance</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• “Less established safety profile”</li> <li>• Viewed as “less effective than IL-17s”</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Continued growth until introduction of IL-7 agents</li> </ul>
IL-17	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• “Expect high performance skin clearance scores and clearance even at PASI-90 and -100 levels”</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• “Know from RA trials, that IL-17s are not the same as TNF antagonist in addressing joint pain”</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Rapid uptake expected with heavy promotional spend from number of competitors</li> </ul>

US Injectable Psoriasis Market, 2012-22E (\$B)

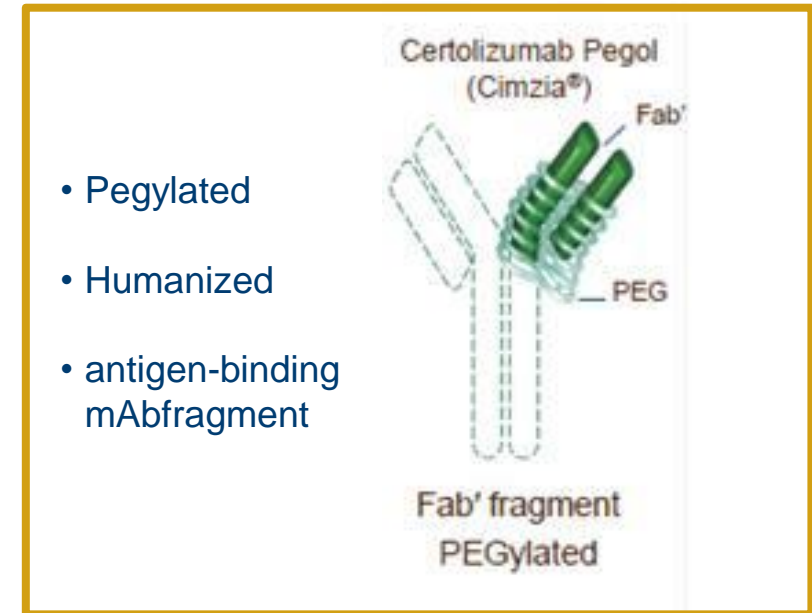


Source: ClinicalTrials.gov; Cimzia Company Information; Leerink Partners

## Safety: Cimzia's Mechanism: Differentiated from the anti-TNF Class



**All 4 reagents are bivalent,  
have an active isotype Fc**



**PEGylated, univalent, and  
does not have an Fc**

**Site-specific pegylation, to improve stability in systemic circulation**

- PEG (polyethylene glycol); hydrophilic, non-toxic, non-antigenic
- Increases Fab' half-life to ~14 days
- Enhanced penetration into inflamed tissue demonstrated in animal models

**Fab' (no Fc region):**

- May avoid potential Fc-mediated effects, i.e., complement-dependent cytotoxicity or antibody-dependent cell-mediated cytotoxicity
- Fc mediates active placental transfer of IgGs

## Safety: Phase 2 Safety Suggests Cimzia May Be Able to Differentiate From Humira on Discontinuation Rate

	Cimzia			
	PBO (n=58)	CZP 200 mg Q2W (n=60)	CZP 400 mg Q2W (n=57)	All (N=175)
Total AEs, n	133	156	125	414
Any AE, n (%)	41 (71%)	43 (72%)	40 (70%)	124 (71%)
Led to discontinuation, n (%)	3 (5%)	2 (3%)	2 (4%) <sup>b</sup>	7 (4%) <sup>b</sup>
Serious AEs, n (%)	1 (2%)	2 (3%)	3 (5%) <sup>c</sup>	6 (3%) <sup>c</sup>
Infections, n (%)	0	1 (2%)	2 (4%)	3 (2%)

Humira	Enbrel
~7%	~4%

Note: CZP= Cimzia. The re-treatment period included patients who relapsed after a positive response with CZP during the observation period without treatment. No patients who received PBO met the criteria for relapse or were eligible for enrolment in the re-treatment period. <sup>b</sup>Does not include one patient who discontinued due to pregnancy. <sup>c</sup>Does not include two patients who reported a pregnancy as a serious AE. Treatment-emergent AEs were defined as having an onset date between first study drug administration and up to 12 weeks after last study drug administration. Safety analysis was performed on all patients who received at least one dose of CZP

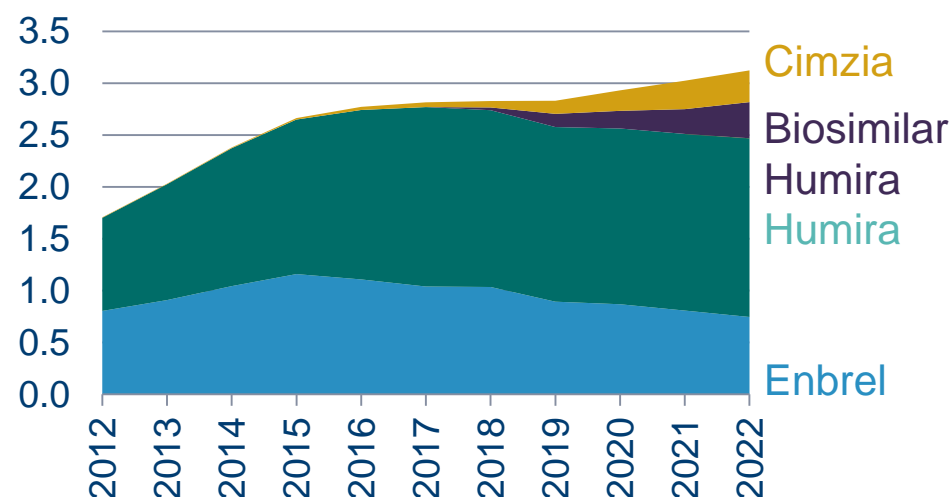
## Differentiation: Combining the Attributes of Strong TNF Agents

Agent	Efficacy	Safety	Dosing & Admin
Enbrel	+	++	+
	40-50% PASI 75 @ w12	Types and severity of infection were similar between Enbrel and the respective control group	2x weekly for 3 months, 1x weekly
Humira	++	+	++
	70-80% PASI 75 @ w12	Rx discontinuation 7% vs. 4% Pbo; Serious infections slightly more common than in Pbo	Loading dose week 1, Every other week starting week 2
Cimzia	++(+)	+(+)	++
	75-85% PASI 75 @ w12	Lower discontinuation than Pbo group; Infections slightly more common than in Pbo	Loading dose at week 1, 2 and 4, Every other week

## KOL Commentary on anti-TNFs & Forecasted Evolution of US anti-TNF Market

Agent	Clinical Benefits	Therapeutic Limitations	Commercial Implications
Enbrel	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>“Long safety track record”</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>“Humira edges out Enbrel in pts with PsA because of improved efficacy and dosing profile”</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>“Humira favored”</li> <li>Market share (of TNFs) has dropped from 56% to 43% from 2010-14</li> </ul>
Humira	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>“High performance skin clearing drug”</li> <li>Helpful for psoriatic arthritis</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Tolerability somewhat less favorable than Enbrel (non-mAb)</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Dermatologists’ top choice</li> <li>Market share (of TNFs) has risen from 44% to 57% from 2010-14</li> </ul>
Biosimilar Humira	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Expense</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>“Physician’s trust”</li> <li>“If anything will reduce price by a third”</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Will be driven by payers and price sensitivity</li> </ul>
Remicade	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Good skin clearance</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Outlier due need for infusion</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>“Rarely used by dermatologists”</li> <li>“Only in last-line setting”</li> </ul>
Cimzia	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>“Ph 2 suggests pot’l for class-leading skin clearance”</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Later-to-market</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>“Patients who do not respond on Humira”</li> </ul>

### US anti-TNF Market, 2012-22E



## Anti-TNF Class: Competitive Profiles

### TNF $\alpha$

Agent	Company	Status	Label	Dosing	Gross Price per Year (2010-14 YoY Price Increase)
Enbrel (etanercept)	AMGN	Approved	treatment of adult patients (18 years or older) with chronic moderate to severe plaque psoriasis (PsO) who are candidates for systemic therapy or phototherapy	50 mg twice weekly for 3 months, followed by 50 mg once weekly	\$34K (13%)
Humira (adalimumab)	ABBV	Approved	treatment of adult patients with moderate to severe chronic plaque psoriasis who are candidates for systemic therapy or phototherapy, and when other systemic therapies are medically less appropriate	80 mg initial dose, followed by 40 mg every other week starting one week after initial dose.	\$33K (13%)
Remicade (infliximab)	JNJ	Approved	treatment of adult patients with chronic severe (i.e., extensive and/or disabling) plaque psoriasis who are candidates for systemic therapy and when other systemic therapies are medically less appropriate	5 mg/kg at 0, 2 and 6 weeks, then every 8 weeks	\$23K (8%)
Cimzia (certolizumab)	Dermira (from UCB)	Ph III (to be initiated 1H15)	n/a	400 mg initially and at week 2 and 4, followed by 200 mg or 400 mg every other week; for maintenance dosing	\$36K (16%)
Biosimilar Humira	Multiple	Ph III	(see Humira)	(see Humira)	Expected to be ~1/3 lower

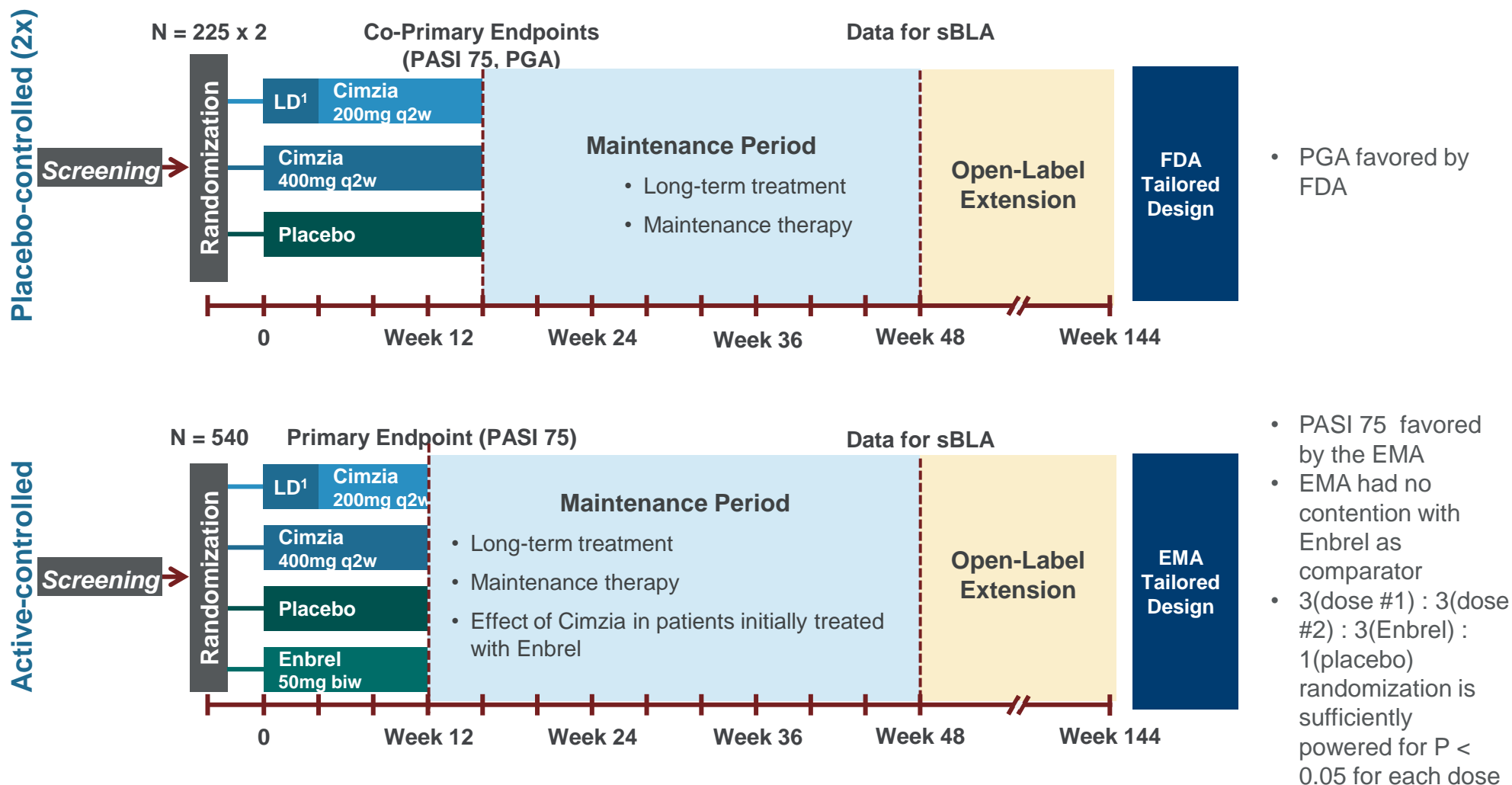
Source: PriceRx; Product Labels; Leerink Partners

## Anti-TNF Class: Cross Trial Efficacy

Drug	Trial	Phase	Arm	n	PASI 75	PASI 90	PASI 100	PGA (0 or 1)	Endpoint (weeks)	Prior systemic threapy	Prior biologic	Dosing frequency
<b>TNF-alpha</b>												
Enbrel (etanercept; AMGN)	Study I	III	25 mg	169	14%			21%	12	61-65%		1x wkly, SC
			25 mg	167	32%			32%	12			2x wkly, SC
			50 mg	168	47%			47%	12			2x wkly, SC
			Placebo	168	4%			5%	12			2x wkly, SC
	Study II	III	25 mg	204	32%			37%	12	71-75%		2x wkly, SC
			50 mg	203	46%			54%	12			2x wkly, SC
			Placebo	204	3%			3%	12			2x wkly, SC
	Humira (adalimumab; ABBV)	Ps-I	40 mg	814	71%			62%	16			every 2 wks
			Placebo	398	7%			4%	16			every 2 wks
		Ps-II	40 mg	99	78%			71%	16			every 2 wks
			Placebo	48	19%			10%	16			every 2 wks
Remicade (infliximab; JNJ)	Study I	III	5 mg/kg	310	80%			80%	10	71%		wks 0, 2, 6, then every 8
			Placebo	77	3%			4%	10			wks 0, 2, 6, then every 8
	Study II	III	3 mg/kg	313	70%			69%	10	55%		wks 0, 2, 6, then every 8
			5 mg/kg	314	75%			75%	10			wks 0, 2, 6, then every 8
			Placebo	208	2%			1%	10			wks 0, 2, 6, then every 8
	Study III	III	3 mg/kg	99	72%			72%	10	100%		wks 0, 2, 6, then every 8
			5 mg/kg	99	88%			90%	10			wks 0, 2, 6, then every 8
			Placebo	51	6%			10%	10			wks 0, 2, 6, then every 8
Cimzia (certolizumab pegol; DERM)		II	200 mg	59	75%	39%		53%	12			every 2 wks, up to wk 10
			400 mg	58	83%	47%		72%	12			every 2 wks, up to wk 10
			Placebo	59	7%	2%		2%	12			every 2 wks, up to wk 10



## Phase 3 Design: Reflective of FDA, EMA Feedback After End of Phase 2



LD = loading dose of Cimzia: 400 mg at start of treatment (week 0), week 2 and week 4.

Source: Dermira Company Information; Leerink Partners

## Triangulated Patient/ Script-Based Psoriasis (Cimzia) Market Model (p1)

	Assumptions	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023	2024	2025	2026
<b>US Psoriasis (PsO) Market</b>										
<b>PsO patients (1000s)</b>		8,446	8,615	8,744	8,876	8,964	9,054	9,054	9,054	9,054
<i>Growth Rate</i>	2%	2%	2%	1.5%	1.5%	1%	1%	0%	0%	0%
<b>Moderate to Severe</b>	20%	1689	1723	1749	1775	1793	1811	1811	1811	1811
<b>% Diagnosed</b>	70%	1182	1206	1224	1243	1255	1268	1268	1268	1268
<b>% Treated with Injectables</b>		227	243	259	276	293	311	326	343	360
<i>Growth Rate</i>	5%	19%	20%	21%	22%	23%	25%	26%	27%	28%
<b>TNF Market</b>										
Total PsO pts treated with anti-TNF		125	129	135	142	151	160	168	176	185
% Total PsO pts		55%	53%	52%	52%	52%	52%	52%	52%	52%
<b>Total anti-TNF sales</b>		<b>2,828</b>	<b>2,831</b>	<b>2,931</b>	<b>3,024</b>	<b>3,124</b>	<b>3,258</b>	<b>3,366</b>	<b>3,475</b>	<b>3,610</b>
<b>IL-12/23 Market</b>										
Total PsO pts treated with anti-IL-12/23		57	56	54	57	61	64	68	71	75
% Total PsO pts		25%	23%	21%	21%	21%	21%	21%	21%	21%
<b>Stelara market share</b>		100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%
<b>Stelara sales in PsO (compliance adj.)</b>	75%	<b>1,256</b>	<b>1,225</b>	<b>1,161</b>	<b>1,225</b>	<b>1,286</b>	<b>1,350</b>	<b>1,403</b>	<b>1,459</b>	<b>1,516</b>
<b>IL-17 Market</b>										
Total PsO pts treated with anti-IL-17		46	59	70	77	81	86	91	95	100
% Total PsO pts		20%	24%	27%	28%	28%	28%	28%	28%	28%
<b>IL-17 sales in PsO (compliance adj.)</b>	75%	<b>989</b>	<b>1,258</b>	<b>1,494</b>	<b>1,615</b>	<b>1,696</b>	<b>1,780</b>	<b>1,851</b>	<b>1,924</b>	<b>2,000</b>

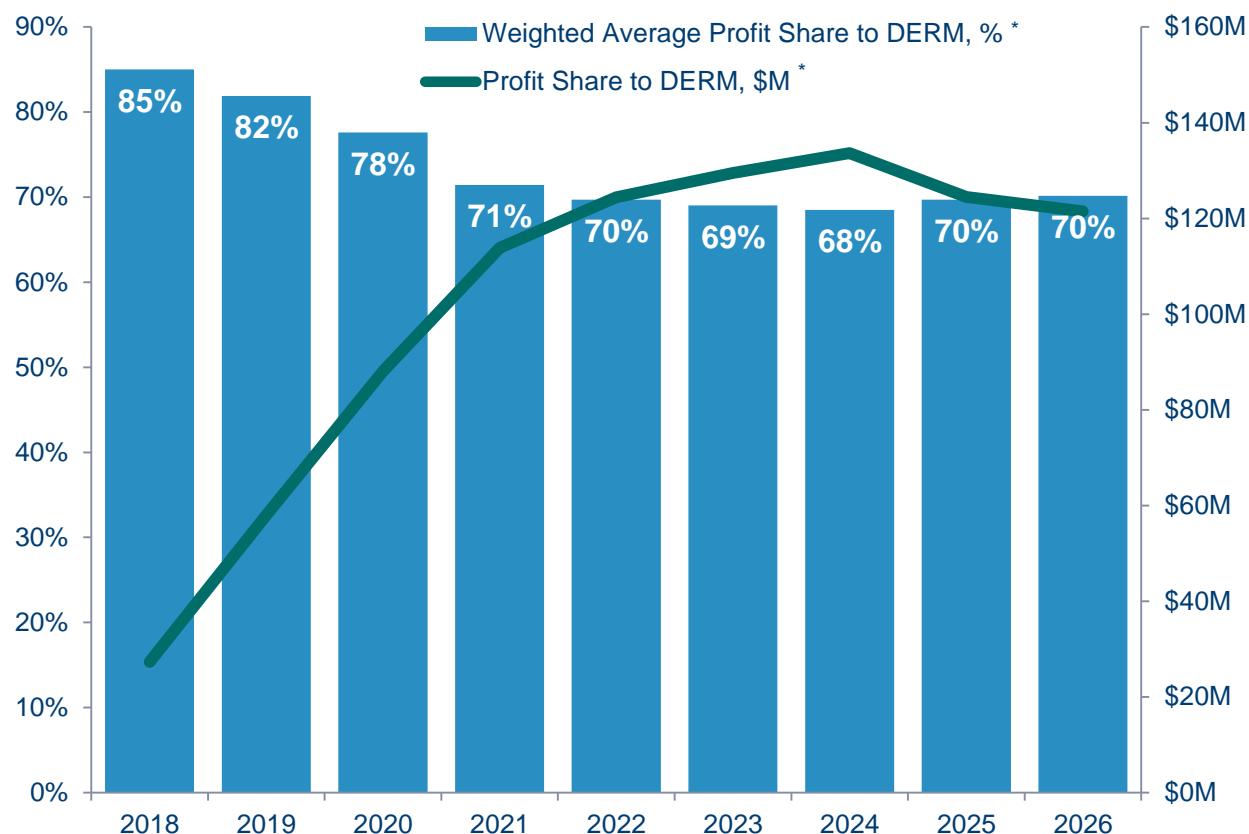
## Triangulated Patient/ Script-Based Psoriasis (Cimzia) Market Model (p2)

TNF Market										
Total PsO pts treated with anti-TNF		125	129	135	142	151	160	168	176	185
% Total PsO pts		55%	53%	52%	52%	52%	52%	52%	52%	52%
Enbrel market share		36%	30%	28%	25%	22%	21%	20%	20%	20%
Enbrel sales in PsO (\$M) (compliance adj.)		75%	1,036	894	869	808	747	748	741	801
Humira market share		61%	59%	57%	55%	53%	52%	51%	50%	50%
Humira sales in PsO (compliance adj.)		75%	1,704	1,684	1,694	1,703	1,723	1,775	1,809	1,917
ABBV										
Cimzia market share		2%	4%	6%	8%	9%	9%	9%	8%	7%
Treated with Cimzia			2	5	8	11	13	14	14	13
Cost per year (gross to net adj.)		80%	33,085	32,754	32,426	32,102	31,781	31,463	31,149	30,837
Growth Rate			0%	-1%	-1%	-1%	-1%	-1%	-1%	-1%
Cimzia sales in PsO (compliance adj.)		75%	62	126	197	274	306	321	334	306
Cimzia sales to Dermatologists		75%	46	95	148	206	229	241	250	230
Biosimilar Humira market share		2%	7%	9%	12%	17%	19%	21%	23%	23%
Biosimilar Humira sales in PsO (compliance adj.)		75%	27	127	170	239	348	414	482	555
Total anti-TNF sales			2,828	2,831	2,931	3,024	3,124	3,258	3,366	3,475
										3,610

Commercial Launch	2018E
Peak Sales Year	2024E
Gross to Net Adjusted	20%
Pricing	Estimated in Line with other TNF inhibitors

## UCB Partnership: Attractive Collaboration Structure Gives Dermira Disproportionate Share of Early Revenue

- Dermira receives share of gross margin from Cimzia sales attributed to dermatologists for all indications in US, Canada
- Share of gross margin tiered based upon increasing levels of annual net sales attributed to dermatologists in a given year
- Dermira retains **higher share of gross margin initial sales dollars**
- Though Dermira does not get credit for Cimzia PsO use if not prescribed by a dermatologists, **once the PsO indication is established, the company will benefit from any dermatologist prescriptions whether for PsA or not**
- Dermira is likely to have a “running start” in 2018 as current IMS scripts among derms show some adoption likely to occur prior to PsO indication



Sales to Derms in Given Year\*

Share of Gross Margin\*

>\$150M			55%	55%	55%	55%	55%	55%
≤\$150M	70%	70%	70%	70%	70%	70%	70%	70%
≤\$75M	85%	85%	85%	85%	85%	85%	85%	85%

Share of Gross Margin

Note: \*Specific tier cutoffs and share of gross margins reflect Leerink assumptions/ estimates

Source: Leerink Partners and Dermira SEC Filings

## UCB Partnership: Strategically, UCB Involvement Allows Dermira to Leverage Presence in the Broader TNF Market

Partnership Specifics		Strategic Value
<b>Structure</b>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• International co-development partnership</li> <li>• Following approval in psoriasis, Dermira promotes to dermatologists in US, Canada</li> <li>• UCB retains all other commercial rights</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• UCB's Investment in <b>Further Supporting Clinical Benefits</b> in Joint Pain (RA superiority study vs. Humira)</li> </ul>
<b>Development</b>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Development milestones offset a substantial portion of the costs of Ph 3 development program</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Pricing, Contracting, and Market Access <b>Expertise</b></li> </ul>
<b>Infrastructure</b>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Work side by side for market access, coverage</li> <li>• Factored into gross profit calculation yet expected to be low-mid single digit \$M</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• <b>Contracting Position</b>, Given Cimzia Approval in 4+ Indications</li> </ul>
<b>UCB contribution</b>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• \$109.5M in cash and equity investment               <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Investing \$7.5M in IPO, in addition to prior \$12.5M equity investment</li> <li>• Up to \$36M development milestone payments</li> <li>• Up to \$40M commercial + \$13.5M EU approval milestone payments</li> </ul> </li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• <b>Equity Investment</b> Ensures Further Incentive Alignment</li> <li>• Nonetheless, <b>Dermira Retains Promotional Control to Derms</b> in Market Expect to Respond to Derm-Oriented Promotion</li> </ul>

Source: Dermira Company Information; Leerink Partners

(\$ in Millions, Except EPS) (Year Ended December 31)	2014A	2015E	2016E	2017E	2018E	2019E	2020E	2021E	2022E	2023E	2024E	2025E	2026E	CAGR '18E-22E
<b>Product Revenue (POS adj.)</b>	-	-	-	-	9	61	147	232	319	372	427	458	503	
DRM04	-	-	-	-	9	23	61	102	148	180	200	209	231	100%
DRM01	-	-	-	-	-	38	86	131	171	192	227	249	272	NM
Other DRM Pipeline	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NM
<b>Royalty Revenue (POS adj.)</b>	-	-	-	-	25	52	79	102	112	117	120	112	109	
Cimzia Royalty (from UCB)	-	-	-	-	25	52	79	102	112	117	120	112	109	
<b>Other Revenue (POS adj.)</b>	7	-	10	19	-	22	10	10	-	-	-	-	-	
Cimzia Development Milestones	7	-	10	19	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Cimzia Regulatory Milestones	-	-	-	-	-	12	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Cimzia Commercialization Milestones	-	-	-	-	-	10	10	10	-	-	-	-	-	
<b>Total Revenue Incl 1x Milestones</b>	7	-	10	19	34	135	236	345	431	488	547	570	612	
<b>Total Revenue</b>	-	-	-	-	34	113	226	335	431	488	547	570	612	89%
Growth (% y/y)	-	-	-	-	-	-	100%	48%	29%	13%	12%	4%	7%	
COGS	-	-	-	-	2	9	24	38	54	64	73	77	85	120%
COGS (% of sales)	-	-	nm	nm	7%	8%	11%	11%	13%	13%	13%	14%	14%	
<b>Gross Profit</b>	7	-	10	19	32	125	212	306	377	424	475	493	527	86%
Gross Profit (% of sales)	nm	nm	nm	nm	nm	nm	94%	91%	87%	87%	87%	86%	86%	
SG&A	8	20	22	34	73	91	91	134	151	161	170	171	171	20%
SG&A (% of sales)	nm	nm	nm	nm	216%	81%	40%	40%	35%	0	0	0	0	
R&D	31	65	69	54	40	35	50	67	86	98	109	114	122	21%
R&D (% of sales)	nm	nm	nm	nm	118%	31%	22%	20%	20%	20%	20%	20%	20%	
<b>Operating Income</b>	(32)	(85)	(81)	(68)	(82)	(1)	71	105	140	165	196	208	233	NM
Operating Margin (% of sales)	-	-	-	-	(2)	(0)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
Interest and Other Income/ (Expense)	0	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Interest Expense	(0)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Total Interest and Other Income/ (Expense)	(0)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Pre-tax Income	(31.844)	(85)	(81)	(68)	(82)	(1)	71	105	140	165	196	208	233	
Change in Unrealized Gain / loss	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Taxes	0	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	10	14	23	NM
Rate (% of pre-tax income)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	0	0	0	
<b>Net Income</b>	(31.9)	(85.0)	(81.4)	(68.5)	(81.7)	(0.8)	71.1	105.4	139.8	165	186	194	211	
<b>EPS (pro forma)</b>	(\$4.96)	(\$3.42)	(\$3.27)	(\$2.29)	(\$2.74)	(\$0.03)	\$2.38	\$3.53	\$4.68	\$5.54	\$6.23	\$6.49	\$7.05	
Average Shares Outstanding	6.4	24.9	24.9	29.9	29.9	29.9	29.9	29.9	29.9	29.9	29.9	29.9	29.9	

Source: Leerink Partners and Company Reports

## **Disclosures Appendix**

### **Analyst Certification**

I, Seamus Fernandez, certify that the views expressed in this report accurately reflect my views and that no part of my compensation was, is, or will be directly related to the specific recommendation or views contained in this report.

Distribution of Ratings/Investment Banking Services (IB) as of 06/30/15				
Rating	Count	Percent	IB Serv./Past 12 Mos.	
			Count	Percent
BUY [OP]	165	73.66	66	40.00
HOLD [MP]	59	26.34	1	1.69
SELL [UP]	0	0.00	0	0.00

## Explanation of Ratings

**Outperform (Buy):** We expect this stock to outperform its benchmark over the next 12 months.

**Market Perform (Hold/Neutral):** We expect this stock to perform in line with its benchmark over the next 12 months.

**Underperform (Sell):** We expect this stock to underperform its benchmark over the next 12 months. The degree of outperformance or underperformance required to warrant an Outperform or an Underperform rating should be commensurate with the risk profile of the company.

For the purposes of these definitions the relevant benchmark will be the S&P 600® Health Care Index for issuers with a market capitalization of less than \$2 billion and the S&P 500® Health Care Index for issuers with a market capitalization over \$2 billion.



## Important Disclosures

This information (including, but not limited to, prices, quotes and statistics) has been obtained from sources that we believe reliable, but we do not represent that it is accurate or complete and it should not be relied upon as such. All information is subject to change without notice. This is provided for information purposes only and should not be regarded as an offer to sell or as a solicitation of an offer to buy any product to which this information relates. The Firm, its officers, directors, employees, proprietary accounts and affiliates may have a position, long or short, in the securities referred to in this report, and/or other related securities, and from time to time may increase or decrease the position or express a view that is contrary to that contained in this report. The Firm's salespeople, traders and other professionals may provide oral or written market commentary or trading strategies that are contrary to opinions expressed in this report. The Firm's proprietary accounts may make investment decisions that are inconsistent with the opinions expressed in this report. The past performance of securities does not guarantee or predict future performance. Transaction strategies described herein may not be suitable for all investors. Additional information is available upon request by contacting the Editorial Department at One Federal Street, 37th Floor, Boston, MA 02110.

Like all Firm employees, analysts receive compensation that is impacted by, among other factors, overall firm profitability, which includes revenues from, among other business units, Institutional Equities, and Investment Banking. Analysts, however, are not compensated for a specific investment banking services transaction.

MEDACorp is a network of healthcare professionals, attorneys, physicians, key opinion leaders and other specialists accessed by Leerink and it provides information used by its analysts in preparing research.

For price charts, statements of valuation and risk, as well as the specific disclosures for covered companies, client should refer to <https://leerink2.bluematrix.com/bluematrix/Disclosure2> or send a request to Leerink Partners Editorial Department, One Federal Street, 37th Floor, Boston, MA 02110.

While IMS Health has been used as a source, the analysis contained herein has been arrived at independently by the firm and IMS is not responsible for the analysis or use of the data.

©2015 Leerink Partners LLC. All rights reserved. This document may not be reproduced or circulated without our written authority.

## Leerink Partners LLC Equity Research

<b>Director of Equity Research</b>	<b>John L. Sullivan, CFA</b>	(617) 918-4875	john.sullivan@leerink.com
<b>Associate Director of Research</b>	<b>Alice C. Avanian, CFA</b>	(617) 918-4544	alice.avanian@leerink.com
<b>Healthcare Strategy</b>	<b>John L. Sullivan, CFA</b>	(617) 918-4875	john.sullivan@leerink.com
	<b>Alice C. Avanian, CFA</b>	(617) 918-4544	alice.avanian@leerink.com
<b>Biotechnology</b>	<b>Howard Liang, Ph.D.</b>	(617) 918-4857	howard.liang@leerink.com
	<b>Joseph P. Schwartz</b>	(617) 918-4575	joseph.schwartz@leerink.com
	<b>Michael Schmidt, Ph.D.</b>	(617) 918-4588	michael.schmidt@leerink.com
	<b>Paul Matteis</b>	(617) 918-4585	paul.matteis@leerink.com
	Jonathan Chang, Ph.D.	(617) 918-4015	jonathan.chang@leerink.com
	Richard Goss	(617) 918-4059	richard.goss@leerink.com
<b>Life Science Tools &amp; Diagnostics</b>	<b>Dan Leonard</b>	(212) 277-6116	dan.leonard@leerink.com
	Kevin C. Chen	(212) 277-6045	kevin.chen@leerink.com
	Michael A. Sarcone, CFA	(212) 277-6013	michael.sarcone@leerink.com
<b>Pharmaceuticals/Major</b>	<b>Seamus Fernandez</b>	(617) 918-4011	seamus.fernandez@leerink.com
<b>Specialty Pharmaceuticals</b>	<b>Jason M. Gerberry, JD</b>	(617) 918-4549	jason.gerberry@leerink.com
	Derek C. Archila	(617) 918-4851	derek.archila@leerink.com
<b>Medical Devices, Cardiology &amp; Orthopedics</b>	<b>Danielle Antalffy</b>	(212) 277-6044	danielle.antalffy@leerink.com
	Puneet Souda	(212) 277-6091	puneet.souda@leerink.com
	<b>Richard Newitter</b>	(212) 277-6088	richard.newitter@leerink.com
	Ravi Misra	(212) 277-6049	ravi.misra@leerink.com
<b>Healthcare Services</b>	<b>Ana Gupte, Ph.D.</b>	(212) 277-6040	ana.gupte@leerink.com
<b>Healthcare Technology &amp; Distribution</b>	<b>David Larsen, CFA</b>	(617) 918-4502	david.larsen@leerink.com
	Christopher Abbott	(617) 918-4010	chris.abbott@leerink.com
<b>Digital Health</b>	<b>Steven Wardell</b>	(617) 918-4097	steven.wardell@leerink.com
<b>Sr. Editor/Supervisory Analyst</b>	<b>Mary Ellen Eagan, CFA</b>	(617) 918-4837	maryellen.eagan@leerink.com
<b>Supervisory Analysts</b>	Randy Brougher		randy.brougher@leerink.com
	Robert Egan		bob.egan@leerink.com
	Amy N. Sonne		amy.sonne@leerink.com

**New York**  
299 Park Avenue, 21<sup>st</sup> floor  
New York, NY 10171  
(888) 778-1653

**Boston**  
**One Federal Street, 37<sup>th</sup> Floor**  
**Boston, MA 02110**  
**(800) 808-7525**

**San Francisco**  
255 California Street, 12th Floor  
San Francisco, CA 94111  
(415) 905-7200