BB8: SVD

Eric Miller - QEA - April 13, 2016

Definitions

```
In[1]:= SetDirectory[NotebookDirectory[]];
```

Eventually, these functions may want to use the Notation` package to actually make the subscripted letters have downvalues. For now, I'm just being careful.

Eigenvectors of Data

Because we are defining the eigenvectors (including v_M) to be normalized, $||v_M|| = ||w|| = 1$.

$$u = \frac{w}{\mid\mid w\mid\mid} = w$$

Equation 7 in the packet states that

$$\sigma_w^2 = \frac{w^T R w}{w^T w} \tag{1}$$

The fact that w is an eigenvector means $R w = \lambda_M w$.

$$\sigma_w^2 = \frac{w^T \lambda_M w}{w^T w} \tag{2}$$

The commutivity of scalar multiplication implies

$$\sigma_w^2 = \lambda_M \frac{w^T w}{w^T w} = \lambda_M \tag{3}$$

QED

SVD Image Compression

Compression

Without looking at the provided sample code at all, I decided to write my own in Mathematica. It turns out we were supposed to do that. Oops.





```
ln[44]:= compress[n_, image_] := Module[{u, w, v, u2, w2, v2},
       {u, w, v} = SingularValueDecomposition[ImageData@image];
       u2 = u[[All, 1;; n]];
       w2 = w[[1;; n, 1;; n]];
       v2 = v[[All, 1;; n]];
       Image[u2.w2.Transpose@v2]
```

$\label{eq:compress} $$\inf[486]:=$ Grid[Table[\{i, Image[compress[i, mark], ImageSize \rightarrow Tiny]\}, $$$ {i, {1, 3, 5, 10, 20, 50, 100, 200}}]]



Exercises

$$\ln[152] := \mathbf{A} = \begin{pmatrix} 3 & 2 \\ 2 & 3 \\ 2 & -2 \end{pmatrix};$$

Grid@Eigensystem[A.Transpose@A]
Grid@Eigensystem[Transpose[A].A]

Out[154]=
$$\begin{cases} 25 & 9 \\ \{1, 1\} & \{-1, 1\end{cases}$$

In[155]:= MatrixForm[vt = Normalize /@ Eigenvectors[Transpose@A.A]]
 vt[[All, 1]].vt[[All, 2]]

sigma = Sqrt@
$$\begin{pmatrix} 25 & 0 \\ 0 & 9 \end{pmatrix}$$
;

$$Out[155]/MatrixForm= \left(\begin{array}{cc} \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} & \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} \\ -\frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} & \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} \end{array} \right)$$

Out[156]= 0

Out[158]//MatrixForm=
$$\begin{pmatrix} \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} & -\frac{1}{3\sqrt{2}} \\ \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} & \frac{1}{3\sqrt{2}} \\ 0 & -\frac{2\sqrt{2}}{3} \end{pmatrix}$$

Out[159]= 0

In[160]:= MatrixForm /@ {A, u.sigma.vt}

Out[160]=
$$\left\{ \begin{pmatrix} 3 & 2 \\ 2 & 3 \\ 2 & -2 \end{pmatrix}, \begin{pmatrix} 3 & 2 \\ 2 & 3 \\ 2 & -2 \end{pmatrix} \right\}$$

SVD

1.a.

$$\ln[173] := \mathbf{A} = \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 1 \\ 0 & 1 \\ -1 & 1 \end{pmatrix};$$

Grid@Eigensystem[A.Transpose@A]
Grid@Eigensystem[Transpose@A.A]

Out[175]=
$$\begin{cases} 3 & 2 \\ \{0, 1\} & \{1, 0\} \end{cases}$$

Now, find the major components.

Finally, verify that the solution works.

$$\begin{array}{ll} & & & \\ &$$

Out[294]= A ==
$$\begin{pmatrix} 1 & 1 \\ 0 & 1 \\ -1 & 1 \end{pmatrix}$$
 == $\begin{pmatrix} 1 & 1 \\ 0 & 1 \\ -1 & 1 \end{pmatrix}$

Out[295]= True

1.b.

Now, find the major components.

Finally, verify that the solution works.

2.

When I apply SingularValueDecomposition[], the result tends to have an extra zero row floating around. I think it's from the *reduced* thing hinted at earlier.

 $\text{In}[328] = \text{MatrixForm /@ SingularValueDecomposition @} \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 1 \\ 0 & 1 \\ -1 & 1 \end{pmatrix}$ $\text{MatrixForm /@ SingularValueDecomposition @} \begin{pmatrix} \frac{3}{2} & 2 & 2 \\ 2 & 3 & -2 \end{pmatrix}$ $\text{Out}[328] = \begin{cases} \begin{pmatrix} \frac{1}{\sqrt{3}} & \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} & \frac{1}{\sqrt{6}} \\ \frac{1}{\sqrt{3}} & 0 & -\sqrt{\frac{2}{3}} \\ \frac{1}{\sqrt{3}} & -\frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} & \frac{1}{\sqrt{6}} \end{pmatrix}, \begin{pmatrix} \sqrt{3} & 0 \\ 0 & \sqrt{2} \\ 0 & 0 \end{pmatrix}, \begin{pmatrix} 0 & 1 \\ 1 & 0 \end{pmatrix} \}$ $\text{Out}[329] = \begin{cases} \begin{pmatrix} \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} & -\frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} \\ \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} & \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} \end{pmatrix}, \begin{pmatrix} \frac{5}{0} & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 3 & 0 \end{pmatrix}, \begin{pmatrix} \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} & -\frac{1}{3\sqrt{2}} & -\frac{2}{3} \\ \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} & \frac{1}{3\sqrt{2}} & \frac{2}{3} \\ 0 & -\frac{2\sqrt{2}}{2} & \frac{1}{2} \end{pmatrix} \end{cases}$

Applications

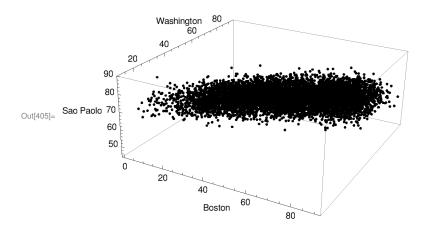
Fibbonacci

Temperature Compression

```
In[392]:= Clear[bTr, wTr, sTr, bNew, sNew, wNew]
In[396]:= {wTr, wNew, bTr, bNew, sNew, sTr, pNew, pTr} =
         Import["avg_temperatures_pt2.mat"][[All, All, 1]];
In[391]:= temps[[All, 1]]
Out[391]= {w_tr, w_new, b_tr, b_new, s_new, s_tr, p_new, p_tr}
```

Analyze the input data

In[405]:= ListPointPlot3D[Transpose@{bTr, wTr, sTr}, AxesLabel → {"Boston", "Washington", "Sao Paolo"}]



Build a covariance matrix

Start working toward compression

```
ln[434] = T = # - Mean@# & /@ {bTr, wTr, sTr};
           T[[All, 1;; 5]] // MatrixForm
                 7-13.2821 -14.5821 -22.0821 -21.1821 -31.1821
                 -17.7643 -18.5643 -29.0643 -25.3643 -37.4643 3.37712 5.07712 4.27712 4.27712 6.87712
Out[435]//MatrixForm=
```

Do the compression

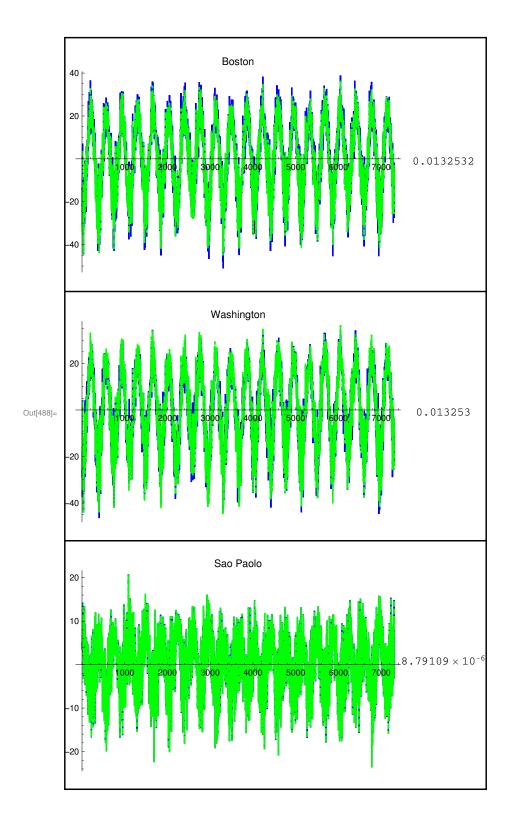
```
In[436]:= compressed = Transpose[Vp].T;
     compressed[[All, 1;; 5]] // MatrixForm
```

Decompress

```
In[438]:= reconstructed = Vp.compressed;
        reconstructed[[All, 1;; 5]] // MatrixForm
             -15.5135 - 16.5559 - 25.5635 - 23.2631 - 34.3055
Out[439]//MatrixForm=
            -15.5308 -16.5886 -25.5795 -23.2813 -34.3378
             3.39876 5.09626 4.31089 4.2973 6.90741
```

Analyze the results

```
_{\ln[487]:=} (* Many apologies for the cluttered appearance of this code. I promise it
       isn't that bad. *)
      cities = {"Boston", "Washington", "Sao Paolo"};
       Table[{ListLinePlot[{T[[i]], reconstructed[[i]]}, PlotStyle → {Blue, Green},
           PlotMarkers \rightarrow None, PlotLabel \rightarrow cities[[i]], ImageSize \rightarrow 350],
          CorrelationDistance[T[[i]], reconstructed[[i]]]\}, \{i, 3\}], Spacings \rightarrow \{0, 3\},
       Frame → {False, All}]
```



Misc