

"Question #1"

(a) $\lim_{(x,y) \rightarrow (2,1)} \frac{x^2 - 2xy}{x^2 - 4y^2}$

$\lim_{(x,y) \rightarrow (2,1)} \frac{(2) - 2(2)(1)}{(2)^2 - 4(1)^2}$

$\neq \frac{0}{0}$
 $x = 4y^2 \Rightarrow x = 4y$
 $y = x/4$

$\frac{x^2/16 - 2(x)(x/4)}{x^2 - 4(x^2/16)}$

$\frac{\frac{x^2}{16} - \frac{x^2}{2}}{\frac{x^2}{4}} = \frac{(x^2 - 8x^2)/16}{4x^2 - x^2}$

$= \frac{-7x^2}{4(3x^2)} \Rightarrow -7/12$

(b) $\lim_{(x,y) \rightarrow (0,0)} \frac{x - 4y}{6y + 7x}$

$6y = 7x$

$y = 7x/6$

$$\frac{x - 4(7x/6)}{7x + 7u}$$

$$\frac{x - 28x/6}{14x}$$

$$\frac{6x - 28x}{6(14x)} \Rightarrow \frac{-22x}{84x} \Rightarrow -\frac{11}{42}$$

(c) $\lim_{(x,y) \rightarrow (0,0)} \frac{x^2 - y^6}{xy^3}$

let $y = mx$

$$\frac{x^2 - m^6 x^6}{x m^3 x^3}$$

$$\frac{x^2(1 - m^6 x^4)}{x^4 m^3}$$

$$\frac{1 - m^6 x^4}{m^3 x^2}$$

(d) $\lim_{(x,y,z) \rightarrow (-1,0,4)} \frac{x^3 - 2e^2 y}{6x + 2y - 3z}$

$$\frac{(-1)^3 - 2(0)e^2}{6(-1) + 2(0) - 3(4)}$$

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$$\frac{-1 - 0}{-6 + 2 - 12} \Rightarrow \frac{+1}{+16} \Rightarrow 1/16.$$

Question # 2

(a) $f(x, y) = \cos(x/y)$ in $v = (3, -4)$.

$$\begin{aligned} \nabla f &= \frac{\partial}{\partial x} (\cos(x/y)) \mathbf{i} + \frac{\partial}{\partial y} (\cos(x/y)) \mathbf{j} \\ &= -\frac{1}{y} \sin(x/y) \mathbf{i} + x (-\sin(x/y)) \left(-\frac{1}{y^2}\right) \mathbf{j} \\ &= -\frac{1}{y} \sin\left(\frac{x}{y}\right) \mathbf{i} + \frac{x}{y^2} \sin(x/y) \mathbf{j}. \end{aligned}$$

unit vector :

$$\frac{3\mathbf{i} - 4\mathbf{j}}{\sqrt{9+16}} \Rightarrow \frac{3}{\sqrt{25}} \mathbf{i} - \frac{4}{\sqrt{25}} \mathbf{j}$$

$$D_{\vec{u}} f = -\frac{3}{5y} \sin\left(\frac{x}{y}\right) + \frac{4x}{5y^2} \sin(x/y).$$

$$D_{\vec{u}} f = \frac{1}{5y} \sin(x/y) \left(\frac{4x}{y} - 3 \right).$$

(b) $f(x, y, z) = x^2 y^3 - 4xz$; $\vec{v} = (-1, 1, 0)$

$$\nabla f = (2y^3 x \mathbf{i} + (-4z) \mathbf{i}) + 3y^2 x^2 \mathbf{j} - 4x \mathbf{k}$$

$$\vec{v} = \frac{-1\mathbf{i} + 1\mathbf{j} + 0\mathbf{k}}{\sqrt{1+1}} \Rightarrow \frac{-1}{\sqrt{2}} \mathbf{i} + \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} \mathbf{j} + 0\mathbf{k}$$

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$$D_{xy}f = -\frac{1}{\sqrt{5}}(\partial_y^3 x - 4z) + \frac{2}{\sqrt{5}}(\partial_y^2 x^2) + 0.$$

Question #3

$$f(x, y, z) = 4x - y^2 e^{3xz}$$

$$\nabla f = 4 - y^2 e^{3xz} (3z) i - 2ye^{3xz} j + y^2 e^{3xz} \cdot 3x k$$

$$\begin{aligned} \nabla f|_{(3, -1, 0)} &= 4 - (-1)^2 e^{3(3)(0)} (2(3)) i - 2(-1) e^{3(3)(0)} j - (-1)^2 e^{3(3)(0)} \cdot 3(3) k \\ &= (4 - 0) i - 2j - 9k. \end{aligned}$$

$$N = (-1, 4, 2)$$

$$\hat{N} = \frac{-1i + 4j + 2k}{\sqrt{1+16+4}} \Rightarrow \frac{-1}{\sqrt{21}} i + \frac{4}{\sqrt{21}} j + \frac{2}{\sqrt{21}} k$$

$$\frac{0}{\sqrt{21}} (4) - 2 \left(\frac{4}{\sqrt{21}} \right) - 9 \left(\frac{2}{\sqrt{21}} \right)$$

$$\frac{-4}{21} - \frac{8}{21} - \frac{18}{21} \Rightarrow \frac{-4-8-18}{21} \Rightarrow \frac{-30}{21}$$

Question # 4

(a)

$$f(x, y) = \sqrt{x^2 + y^3} \quad \text{at } (-2, 3)$$

$$\nabla f = \frac{1}{2}(x^2 + y^3)^{-1/2} (2x) i + \frac{1}{2}(x^2 + y^3)^{-1/2} (3y^2) j$$

$$\nabla f(-2, 3) = (4 + 9)^{-1/2} (-2) i + \frac{1}{2}(4 + 9)^{-1/2} (3(9)) j$$

$$= \frac{-2}{\sqrt{13}} i + \frac{27}{2\sqrt{13}} j$$

(b) $f(x, y, z) = e^{2x} \cos(y - 2z) \quad \text{at } (4, -2, 0)$

$$\nabla f = (e^{2x} \cdot 2 \cos(y - 2z)) i + e^{2x} (-\sin(y - 2z)) j + e^{2x} (-\sin(y - 2z)) (-2) k$$

$$\nabla f(4, -2, 0) = e^{4x} \cdot 2 \cos(-2 - 0) i + e^{4x} (-\sin(-2)) j + e^{4x} (-\sin(-2)) (-2) k$$

$$\nabla f(4, -2, 0) = e^{4x} (-2 \cos 2 i - \sin(-2) j + 2 \sin(-2) k)$$

Question #5

$$(a) \quad F = x^2 y \hat{i} - (x^3 - 3x) \hat{j} + 4y^2 \hat{k}$$

$$\nabla = 9xy \hat{i} - 0 \hat{j} + 0$$

$$\text{Div } F = \nabla F \cdot F$$

$$= (9xy \hat{i}) \cdot (x^2 y \hat{i} - (x^3 - 3x) \hat{j} + 4y^2 \hat{k})$$

$$\text{Div } F = 2x^3 y^2 + 9y$$

$$\text{curl } F = \nabla F \times F$$

$$= \begin{vmatrix} \hat{i} & \hat{j} & \hat{k} \\ \frac{\partial}{\partial x} & \frac{\partial}{\partial y} & \frac{\partial}{\partial z} \\ x^2 y & -(x^3 - 3x) & 4y^2 \end{vmatrix}$$

$$= \hat{i} (8y + 3x^2) - \hat{j} (0 - 0) + \hat{k} (43x^2 - x^2)$$

$$= (8y + 3x^2) \hat{i} - 0 \hat{j} + (2x^2) \hat{k}$$

$$(b) \quad F = (8x + 2x^2) \hat{i} + \frac{x^3 y^2}{x} \hat{j} - (x - 7x) \hat{k}$$

$$\text{div} = \nabla \cdot F$$

$$= \left(\frac{\partial}{\partial x} \hat{i} + \frac{\partial}{\partial y} \hat{j} + \frac{\partial}{\partial z} \hat{k} \right) \cdot \left((8x + 2x^2) \hat{i} + \frac{x^3 y^2}{x} \hat{j} - (x - 7x) \hat{k} \right)$$

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$$= 2 + \frac{3x^2}{2}y - (1)$$

$$= 2 + \frac{3x^2}{2}y - 1.$$

$$\text{Curve} = \nabla f \times \vec{b}$$

$$\begin{vmatrix} \vec{i} & \vec{j} & \vec{k} \\ \frac{\partial}{\partial x} & \frac{\partial}{\partial y} & \frac{\partial}{\partial z} \\ 3x + \frac{3x^2}{2} & \frac{3x^2}{2}y & -(7-4x) \end{vmatrix}$$

$$\vec{i} \left(0 + \frac{3x^2}{2}y \right) - \vec{j} (7-4x) + \vec{k} \left(3x^2y - 0 \right)$$

$$\frac{3x^2}{2}y \vec{i} - (7-4x) \vec{j} + \left(3x^2y \right) \vec{k}.$$

QD

$$F = x^2 y i -$$

$$F = \left(4x^2 + \frac{3x^2 y}{z^2} \right) i + \left(8xy + \frac{x^3}{z^2} \right) j + \left(11 - \frac{2x^2 y}{z^3} \right) k$$

$$\frac{\partial M}{\partial y} = \frac{\partial N}{\partial x}, \quad \frac{\partial N}{\partial z} = \frac{\partial P}{\partial y}, \quad \frac{\partial M}{\partial z} = \frac{\partial P}{\partial x}$$

$$F = \left(4y^2 + \frac{3x^2 y}{z^2} \right) i + \left(8xy + \frac{x^3}{z^2} \right) j + \left(11 - \frac{2x^2 y}{z^3} \right) k = P$$

$$\frac{\partial M}{\partial y} = 8y + \frac{3x^2}{z}, \quad \frac{\partial N}{\partial x} = 8y + \frac{3x^2}{z^2}$$

$$\frac{\partial N}{\partial z} = x^3 z^{-2} = x^3 (-2) z^{-3} = -\frac{2x^3}{z^3}$$

$$\frac{\partial P}{\partial y} = \frac{-2x^2}{z^3}$$

$$\frac{\partial M}{\partial z} = 4x^2 + \frac{3x^2 y}{z^2}$$

$$= 3x^2 y (-2) z^{-3} \\ = \frac{-6x^2 y}{z^3}$$

$$\frac{\partial P}{\partial x} = \frac{\partial}{\partial x} \left(11 - \frac{2x^2 y}{z^3} \right) = \frac{-6x^2 y}{z^3}$$

$$1) \vec{F} = 6x\hat{i} + (2x-y^2)\hat{j} + (6z-x^3)\hat{k}$$

$$\frac{\partial M}{\partial y} = \frac{\partial (6x)}{\partial y} = 0$$

$$\frac{\partial N}{\partial x} = \frac{\partial (2x-y^2)}{\partial x} = 2$$

$$\frac{\partial N}{\partial z} = \frac{\partial (2x-y^2)}{\partial z} = 0$$

$$\frac{\partial P}{\partial y} = \frac{\partial (6z-x^3)}{\partial y} = 0$$

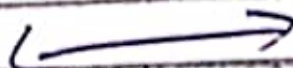
$$\frac{\partial M}{\partial z} = \frac{\partial (6x)}{\partial z} = 0$$

$$\frac{\partial P}{\partial x} = \frac{\partial (6z-x^3)}{\partial x} = -3x^2$$

So;

$$\frac{\partial M}{\partial y} \neq \frac{\partial N}{\partial x}, \frac{\partial N}{\partial z} \neq \frac{\partial P}{\partial y}, \frac{\partial M}{\partial z} \neq \frac{\partial P}{\partial x}$$

It is not conservative



Q7:

a) $z = \frac{x^2 - w}{y^4}$, $\omega = t^3 + 7$

$y = \cos(2t)$, $\omega = 4t$

$$\frac{dz}{dt} = \frac{\partial z}{\partial x} \cdot \frac{dx}{dt} + \frac{\partial z}{\partial y} \cdot \frac{dy}{dt} + \frac{\partial z}{\partial \omega} \cdot \frac{d\omega}{dt}$$

$\frac{dz}{dt} = 3t^2$, $\frac{\partial z}{\partial y} = (x^2 - w) \cdot 4y^5$

$\frac{\partial z}{\partial y} = \frac{-4(x^2 - w)}{y^5}$

$\frac{\partial z}{\partial t} = \frac{2x}{y^4}$, $\frac{\partial z}{\partial y} = (x^2 - w) y^4$

$\frac{dy}{dt} = \frac{d}{dt} \cos 2t = -\sin 2t \cdot 2 = -2 \sin 2t$

$\frac{\partial z}{\partial \omega} = \frac{-1}{y^4} \cdot \frac{d\omega}{dt} = 4$

$$\begin{aligned} \frac{dz}{dt} &= \frac{\partial z}{\partial x} \cdot \frac{dx}{dt} + \frac{\partial z}{\partial y} \cdot \frac{dy}{dt} + \frac{\partial z}{\partial \omega} \cdot \frac{d\omega}{dt} \\ &= \frac{2x^2}{y^4} \cdot 3t^2 + \left(\frac{-4(x^2 - w)}{y^5} \right) \cdot (-2 \sin 2t) \end{aligned}$$

$$+ \left(\frac{-1}{y^4} \right) y$$

$$= \frac{6x^2 y^2}{y^4} + \frac{8(x^2 - y^2) \sin 2t}{y^5} - \frac{y}{y^4}$$

b) $z = x^2 y^4 - 2y$, $y = \sin(x^2)$

$$\frac{dz}{dx} = \frac{dz}{dy} \cdot \frac{dy}{dx}$$

$$\frac{dz}{dy} = \frac{\partial}{\partial y} (x^2 y^4 - 2y)$$

$$= (4x^2 y^3 - 2)$$

$$\frac{dy}{dx} = \frac{d}{dx} \sin(x^2)$$

$$= \cos x^2 \cdot 2x$$

$$\frac{dz}{dx} = \frac{dz}{dy} \cdot \frac{dy}{dx}$$

$$= (4x^2 y^3 - 2) (2x \cos^2 x)$$

$$= 8x^3 y^3 \cos^2 x - 4x \cos^2 x$$

c) $x^2 y^4 - 3 = \sin(xy)$

$$\frac{\partial}{\partial x} (x^2 y^4 - 3) = \frac{\partial}{\partial x} (\sin(xy))$$

$$2xy^4 + x^2 y^3 \frac{dy}{dx} = y \cos(xy)$$

$$2xy^4 + 4x^2 y^3 \frac{dy}{dx} = 4 \cos(xy)$$

$$4x^2 y^3 \frac{dy}{dx} = y \cos(xy) - 2xy^4$$

$$\frac{dy}{dx} = \frac{y \cos(xy) - 2xy^4}{4x^2 y^3}$$