# SERVER SIDE SMALL TEST 1

VERSION B

Your name:

### Question 1 [18 points]

Consider these two lines of code.

```
let list = ['hoi', 23, 39.5];
const x = 1;

For each expression below, encircle the answer that the expression produces.

list[1]

Your Answer:

23 | undefined | An Error

list[x]

Your Answer:

23 | undefined | An Error
```

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Your Answer:

23 undefined An Error

list[lis	st['length']]			
Your Ans	wer:			
	39.5	undefined	An Error	
list.ler	ngth			
Your Ans	wer:			
	3	undefined	An Error	
list.0		 	 	
Your Ans	wer:			
	hoi	undefined	An Error	

### Question 2 [10 points]

Encircle the *two* code snippets that would produce an error (if you'd run them).

```
const list = [1, 2, 3];
list[2] = 4;
```

```
const list = [1, 2, 3];
list = 10;
```

```
const list = [1, 2, 3];
list.push('hi');
```

```
const list = [1, 2, 3];
list = [5, 6];
```

```
const list = [1, 2, 3];
console.log(list);
```

### Question 3 [4 points]

Encircle the ONE correct statement:

- A) A pure function can call *unpure* functions
- B) A pure function can read a variable from the global scope
- C) A pure function can modify the elements in the provided array argument
- D) A pure function can return null

### Question 4 [3 points]

Consider this code fragment

```
let animal = {
    sound: 'growl'
};

let otherAnimal = animal;
otherAnimal.sound = 'tjirp';

console.log(animal.sound);
```

What is the output of console.log(animal.sound);?

Your Answer:

tjirp growl An Error

### Question 5 [15 points]

For each code snippet below, encircle the correct output on the console.

```
console.log(x);
var x = 10;
Your Answer:
                                    undefined
           10
                                                          An Error
console.log(x);
let x = 10;
Your Answer:
           10
                                    undefined
                                                                 An Error
const check = true;
if (check) {
   let x = 10;
console.log(x);
Your Answer:
                                    undefined
           10
                                                                 An Error
```

```
for (var i = 0; i < 11; i++) {
   var x = i;
}
console.log(x);</pre>
```

*Your Answer:* 

10 undefined An Error

```
function setX(value) {
    var x = value;
}
setX(10);
console.log(x);
```

*Your Answer:* 

10 undefined An Error

#### Question 6 [40 points]

Given the following code:

```
01
     const execute = (nrTimes, func) => {
02
         var person = {
             name: 'han',
03
04
             number: 21
05
         };
06
         for (var i = 0; i < nrTimes; i++) {
07
             func(person.name);
08
         }
09
     }
10
     const n = 2;
11
12
13
     const sayHiTo = (name) => {
       console.log(`Hi ${name}`);
14
15
16
     execute(n, sayHiTo);
```

Complete the memory model diagram on the next page when the program is executing the function execute on line 17 and inside execute, the function func on line 7 is currently being executed. The value of  $\bf i$  is currently equal to 1.

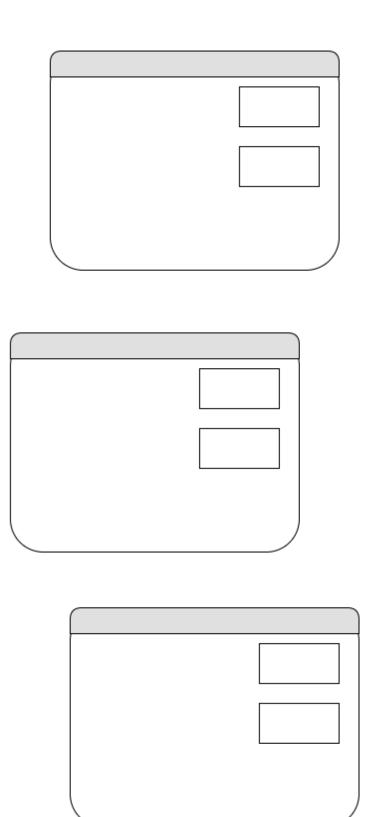
#### Remarks

- You don't have to give the stack frames and heap objects a name. This means that you can leave the gray area of all containers in the diagram empty.
- You can leave boxes you don't need empty.

## STACK

### **HEAP**

program	



### Question 7 [10 points]

Given the following code:

```
const getValidNumber = (number) => {
    if (number === null) {
        throw new Error('Not Valid');
    }

    return number;
}

const printNumbers = (list) => {
    for (let i = 0; i < list.length; i++) {
        console.log(getValidNumber(list[i]));
    }
}

try {
    printNumbers([10, null, 35.5]);
} catch (err) {
    console.log(err.message);
}</pre>
```

Write down the console output when program is run.

Your Answer: