

Introduction and Submission Deadline

In this assignment, you will implement a reliable one-way chat program¹ that sends messages over an unreliable UDP channel that may either corrupt or drop packets randomly (but will always deliver packets in order). This programming assignment is worth 8 points.

The deadline of submission is **30 October 2019 (Wednesday), 11:59pm** sharp. Do not leave your submission to the last minute in case of unforeseeable situation. You may submit many times and only the last submission will be graded.

2 points penalty will be imposed on late submissions (i.e. submissions or re-submissions made after the deadline). **No submission will be accepted after 6 November 2019 and 0 point will be awarded.**

Group Work

This assignment should be solved individually. However, if you struggle, feel free to form a team with another student (max. team size is 2). Group submissions are subject to **2 points penalty** for each student.

Under no circumstances should you solve it in a group and then submit it as an individual solution. This is considered plagiarism. Group work needs special care during submission (see below).

Grading

We will test and grade your program on the sunfire server. Please make sure that your programs run properly on sunfire. Moreover, you are allowed to use libraries installed in public folders of sunfire (e.g. /usr/lib) only.

We accept submission of Python 3, Java, or C/C++ program, and we recommend that you use **Python 3** for your assignments. Programming languages other than Python 3, Java, and C/C++ are not allowed. For Python 3, we use the python3 program installed in folder /usr/local/Python-3.7/bin on sunfire for grading. If you use Java or C/C++, we will compile and run your program using the default compilers on sunfire (java 9.0.4 installed in /usr/local/java/jdk/bin, or gcc 4.8.4 installed in /usr/local/gcc-4.8/bin). For C/C++ users, we will link your program with zlib during compilation. The grading

¹ We implement a one-way chat to keep the assignment simple.

script infers your programming language from the file extension name (.py, .java, .c). Therefore, please ensure your files have the correct extension names. For a Java program, the class name should be consistent with the source file name, and please implement the static main() method so that the program can be executed as a standalone process after compilation.

We will grade your program based on its correctness only. A grading script will be used to test your program and no manual grading will be provided.

Program Submission

For individual submission, please submit a zip file that contains source programs and submit it to the Assignment_2_student_submission folder of LumiNUS Files. Please **name your zip file as <Student number>.zip**, where **<Student number>** refers to your matric number that starts with letter A. Note that the first and last letters of your student number should be capital letters. One example file name would be **A0112345X.zip**. Your **zip file should only contain two source programs, Alice.py and Bob.py**. If you use Java, C, or C++, replace “.py” with “.java”, “.c”, or “.cpp”, respectively. Do not put your programs under any subfolders (or package paths).

For group work, please designate one person to submit the zip file, instead of submitting the same file twice by two different persons. The file name should contain the student numbers of two members and be named as **<Student number 1>-<Student number 2>.zip**. An example would be **A0165432X-A0123456Y.zip**.

We will **deduct 1 mark** for every type of failure to follow instructions (e.g. wrong program name, wrong zip file name, folder structure).

Grading Rubric

We will grade your programs based on their correctness only. A grading script will be used to test your programs and no manual grading will be provided. The grading script infers your programming language from the file extension name (.py, .java, .c). Therefore, please ensure your files have the correct extension names. For a Java program, the class name should be consistent with the source file name, and please implement the **public static main()** method so that the program can be executed as a standalone process after compilation.

- **[2 points]** Programs is free from syntax errors and can be successfully executed (or compiled, for Java/C/C++). Program execution follows the specified commands exactly. Source files are correctly named and there are no additional subfolders inside the zip file.
- **[2 points]** Programs can successfully send chat messages from Alice to Bob in a perfectly reliable channel (i.e. no error at all).
- **[2 points]** Programs can successfully send messages from Alice to Bob in the presence of packet corruptions.

- **[2 points]** Programs can successfully send messages from Alice to Bob in the presence of both packet corruptions and packet losses.

The chat messages received by Bob must be **identical** to the ones sent by Alice, to claim a successful transmission. The total size of input messages to Alice is guaranteed to be no larger than **5,000 bytes (including newline characters)**. During grading, Alice and Bob processes will be forced to terminate **30 seconds** after Alice is started. The grading script will then compare the output of Bob against the input to Alice. Please ensure your programs are efficient enough to meet the above criteria.

CAUTION: The grading script **grades your program according to what Bob prints out on the screen**. Thus, make sure that you **remove all debug output** before you submit your solution. In each test case, no points will be awarded if your output does not conform with the expected output.

Question & Answer

If you have any doubts on this assignment, please post your questions on LumiNUS forum or consult the teaching team. We will not debug programs for you. However, we may help to clarify misconceptions or give necessary directions if required.

Plagiarism Warning

You are free to discuss this assignment with your friends. However, ultimately, you should write your own code. We employ zero-tolerance policy against plagiarism. If a suspicious case is found, we will award zero points and may take further disciplinary action.

A Word of Advice

This assignment can be time-consuming. We suggest that you start writing programs early, incrementally and modularly. For example, deal with error-free transmission first, then data packet corruption, ACK packet corruption, and etc. Test your programs frequently and make backup copies before every major change. Frequent backups will allow you to submit at least a partially working solution that is worth some marks.

Do not post your solution in any public domain on the Internet or share it with friends, even after this semester.

Overall Architecture

There are three programs involved in this assignment, **Alice**, **UnreliNET** and **Bob** (see Figure 1 below). **Alice** will send chat messages to **Bob** over UDP (and Bob may provide feedback as necessary). The **UnreliNET** program is used to simulate the unreliable transmission channel (in both directions) that randomly corrupt or drop packets. For simplicity, you can assume that **UnreliNET** always delivers packets in order.



Figure 1: UnreliNET Simulates Unreliable Network

Instead of sending packets directly to **Bob**, **Alice** will send all packets to **UnreliNET**. **UnreliNET** may introduce bit errors or lose packets randomly. It then forwards packets (if not lost) to **Bob**. When receiving feedback packets from **Bob**, **UnreliNET** may also corrupt them or lose them with certain probability before relaying them to **Alice**.

The **UnreliNET** program is complete and given. Your task is to develop the **Alice** and **Bob** programs so that Bob will receive chat messages successfully in the presence of packet corruption and packet loss.

UnreliNET Program

The **UnreliNET** program simulates an unreliable channel that may corrupt or lose packets with tunable probability. This program is complete and provided as a Java class file. There's no necessity to view and understand the source code of **UnreliNET** to complete this assignment.

To run **UnreliNET** on **sunfire**, type the following command:

```
java      UnreliNET      <P_DATA_CORRUPT>      <P_DATA_LOSS>
<P_ACK_CORRUPT> <P_ACK_LOSS> <unreliNetPort> <rcvPort>
```

For example:

```
java UnreliNET 0.3 0.2 0.1 0.05 9000 9001
```

The above command makes **UnreliNET** listens on port 9000 of localhost and forwards all received data packets to **Bob** running on the same host port 9001, with 30% chance of packet corruption and 20% chance of packet loss. The **UnreliNET** program also forwards ACK/NAK packets back to **Alice**, with a 10% packet corruption rate and a 5% packet loss rate.

Note that **UnreliNET** only accepts packets with a maximum payload of 64 bytes (inclusive of user-defined header/trailer fields). It will drop any packet beyond this size limit and show an error message on the screen.

Packet Error Rate

The **UnreliNET** program randomly corrupts or drops data packets and ACK/NAK packets according to the specified parameters `P_DATA_CORRUPT`, `P_DATA_LOSS`, `P_ACK_CORRUPT`, and `P_ACK_LOSS`. Please choose these values in the range `[0, 0.3]` during testing (setting a too large corruption/loss rate may result in a very slow transmission). The grading script also chooses parameters in the range `[0, 0.3]`.

If you have trouble getting your code to work, better set the parameters to 0 first for debugging purposes.

Alice Program

Alice will read chat messages from standard input and sends them to **UnreliNET** (which will then forward to Bob as appropriate). The chat messages contain **ASCII characters only and there is no empty message (i.e. blank line)**.

To run **Alice** on **sunfire**, type the following command (suppose **python3** alias is set up):

```
python3 Alice.py <unreliNetPort>
```

<unreliNetPort> is the port number **UnreliNET** is listening to. An example command line would be,

```
python3 Alice.py 9000
```

Bob Program

Bob receives chat messages from **Alice** (via **UnreliNET**) and prints them to standard output. It may also send feedback packets to Alice (also via **UnreliNET**) as you deem appropriate. The command to run Python version of Bob is:

```
python3 Bob.py <rcvPort>
```

For example,

```
python3 Bob.py 9001
```

With above command, **Bob listens to port 9001 of localhost** and prints all received messages to the standard output.

Some tips are given below.

1. Bob should only print messages that are correctly received from Alice, no more, no less.
2. Make sure you do not print anything irrelevant to standard output. In particular, remember to **remove all debug output before submission**.
3. You may wish to use standard error (stderr in Python) for debugging/logging purposes.

Running All Three Programs

For this assignment, you will always run **UnreliNET**, **Alice** and **Bob** programs on the same host. You should launch **Bob** first, followed by **UnreliNET** in the second window. Finally, launch **Alice** in a third window to start data transmission.

The **UnreliNET** program simulates an unreliable network and runs infinitely. Once launched, you may reuse it in consecutive tests if you do not want to change its parameters. To manually terminate it, press <Ctrl> + c.

The **Alice** and **Bob** programs should not communicate with each other directly – all traffic has to go through the **UnreliNET** program. **Alice** should terminate once all input is read from user and properly forwarded (i.e. the input stream is closed and everything in the input stream is successfully received by **Bob**).

There is no need for Bob to detect end of transmission and terminate. If you need to manually terminate it, press <Ctrl> + c.

Testing your programs

To test your program, please use your SoC UNIX ID and password to log on to `sunfire` as instructed in Assignment 0 paper. To make the `python3` alias permanent, and thus avoiding typing the `alias` command every time you log in, you can run the following command once to store the shortcut into the configuration file:

```
echo alias python3=/usr/local/Python-3.7/bin/python3 >> ~/.bash_profile
```

If you test your server manually, please select a port number greater than 1024, because the OS usually restricts usage of ports lower than 1024. If you get a `BindException: Address already in use` (or similar errors for other languages), please try a different port number.

For the convenience of testing, you can use the file redirection feature to let **Alice** read from a file (rather than from keyboard input).

For example, you can run **Alice** as follows:

```
python3 Alice.py <unreliNetPort> < input.txt
```

You can replace `input.txt` with another file name if you wish.

In the same way, you can let **Bob** prints to a file (rather than print on screen - just for the convenience of testing):

```
python3 Bob.py <rcvPort> > output.txt
```

Remember to flush output buffer so that data will be written to `output.txt`.

Finally, you can compare `input.txt` to `output.txt` by issuing the following command:

```
cmp input.txt output.txt
```

This line compares two files byte by byte and prints the differences if found. If the two files are binary equivalent, nothing will be printed on the screen. This method is useful to detect

unexpected outputs such as hidden characters.

A sample input.txt is provided for your testing.

We also release a comprehensive set of grading scripts to you. There are no hidden test cases during grading. However, passing all the test cases does not guarantee that you will get full marks. We will detect fraudulent cases such as hard-coding answers.

To use the grading script, please upload your programs along with the test folder given in the package to `sunfire`. Make sure that your programs and the test folder are in the same directory. Then, you can run the following command to test your programs:

```
bash test/RunTest.sh
```

By default, the script runs through all test cases. You can also choose to run a certain test case by specifying the case number in the command:

```
bash test/RunTest.sh 2
```

To stop a test, press ctrl-c. If pressing the key combination once does not work, hold the keys until the script exits.

Self-defined Header/Trailer Fields at Application Layer

UDP transmission is unreliable. To detect packet corruption or packet loss, you need to implement reliability checking and recovery mechanisms by yourself. The following header/trailer fields are recommended though you may choose a different design:

- Sequence number
- Checksum

You are reminded again that each packet **Alice** or **Bob** sends should contain **at most 64 bytes of payload data** (inclusive of user-defined header/trailer fields), or **UnreliNET** will drop it.

Computing Checksum

To detect bit errors, **Alice** should compute checksum for every outgoing packet. Please refer to **Assignment 0 exercise 2** on how to compute checksum.

Timer and Timeout Value

Alice may have to **maintain a timer for unacknowledged packet**. You should **set a timeout value of 50ms**. Socket timeout can be set using Python function **socket.setdefaulttimeout()**. Other languages provide similar feature which can be found online.