# Exp.No: 6

# Import A JSON File From The Command Line. Apply The Following Actions With The Data Present In The JSON File Where, Projection, Aggregation, Remove, Count, Limit, Skip And Sort

To import a JSON file from the command line and apply the following actions with the data present in the JSON file where, projection, aggregation, remove, count, limit, skip and sort using jq tool.

### **Procedure:**

• Create a json file 'emp.json' and provide data in it.

```
[
     "name" : "Anu",
     "age":12,
     "dept": "Computer",
     "salary":10000
     },
     "name" : "Bob",
     "age" :14,
     "dept" : "HR",
     "salary":15000
     },
     "name": "Jane Smith",
     "age": 25,
     "department": "IT",
     "salary": 60000
     },
     "name": "Alice Johnson",
     "age": 35,
     "department": "Finance",
     "salary": 70000
     },
     "name": "Bob Brown",
     "age": 28,
     "department": "Marketing",
     "salary": 55000
     }
1
```

## **Output:**

Projecting the JSON data using jq:

Python Script to process data:

```
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                                                                                                                                                                     hadoop@fedora:~/Experiment
GNU nano 7.2
from hdfs import InsecureClient
                                                                                                                                                                              process_data.py
    with hdfs_client.read('/emp.json', encoding='utf-8') as reader:
    json_data = reader.read() # Read the raw data as a string
    if not json_data.strip(): # Check if data is empty
           if not json_data.strip(). Solution and the sempty.")

print(f"Raw JSON Data: {json_data[:1800]}") # Print first 1800 characters for debugging
 print(||raaw JSON Data: {json_data|
data = json.loads(json_data) # Lo
xcept json.JSONDecodeError as e:
print(f"JSON Decode Error: {e}")
exit(1)
 xcept Exception as e:
   print(f"Error reading or parsing JSON data: {e}")
     exit(1)
     df = pd.DataFrame(data)
  c<mark>cept</mark> ValueError as e:
     print(f"Error converting JSON data to DataFrame: {e}")
total_salary = df['salary'].sum()
nigh_earners_count = df[df['salary'] > 50000].shape[0]
top_5_earners = df.nlargest(5, 'salary')
skipped_df = df.iloc[2:]
                                                                                                                                                                           Read 77 lines
```

### Script Execution:

```
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                                                                soul@fedora:~/hadoop-3.4.0/input/Experiments/Exp6
                                                                                                                                                                              Q ≡
                                                                                                                                                                                                ×
      l@fedora:~/hadoop-3.4.0/input/Experiments/Exp6$ hdfs dfs -cat /exp6/*
[{"name":"John Doe","age":30,"department":"HR","salary":50000},{"name":"Alice Johnson","age":35,"department":"Finance","salary":7
0000},{"name":"Bob Brown","age":28,"department":"Marketing","salary":55000}]soul@fedora:-/hadoop-3.4.0/input/Experiments/Exp6$ hd
fs dfs -ls /exp6
Found 1 items
 -rw-r--r- 1 root supergroup 205 2024-09-16 20:48 /exp6/filtered_employees.json
soul@fedora:-/hadoop-3.4.0/input/Experiments/Exp6$ python process_data.py
Raw JSON Data: [
     "" "John Doe", "age": 30, "department": "HR", "salary": 50000},
{"name": "Jane Smith", "age": 25, "department": "IT", "salary": 60000},
{"name": "Alice Johnson", "age": 35, "department": "Finance", "salary": 70000},
{"name": "Bob Brown", "age": 28, "department": "Marketing", "salary": 55000},
{"name": "Charlie Black", "age": 45, "department": "IT", "salary": 80000}
Filtered JSON file saved successfully.
Projection: Select only name and salary columns
name salary
0 John Doe 50000
1 Jane Smith 60000
2 Alice Johnson 70000
3 Bob Brown 55000
4 Charlie Black 80000
Aggregation: Calculate total salary
Total Salary: 315000
# Count: Number of employees earning more than 50000
 Number of High Earners (>50000): 4
```

# **RESULT:**

Thus to import a JSON file from the command line and apply the following actions with the data present in the JSON file where, projection, aggregation, remove, count, limit, skip and sort using jq tool is completed successfully