ZOHO INTERVIEW QUESTIONS

I Round

- 1. Father told his son "I was as old as you at present when you were born. If father's present age is 38, what is his son's age 5 years back?
- 2. In a jungle a man was at one end of the jungle. He has to give a 2 pieces of cake to his friend who was at the other end of the jungle. There were 7 bridges on the way with 7 gatekeepers. Each gatekeeper will take half of the cake he has and will give one piece back to him. How many cakes should the man carry initially?
- 3. Gunal is a strange liar. He lies on 6 days of the week but he tells the truth on the 7th day. Consider the following statements
- Day 1: I lie on Monday and Tuesday
- Day 2: Today is Thursday, Saturday or Sunday
- Day 3: I lie on Wednesday and Friday

Which day does he speak the truth?

- 4) I want to select the fastest three horses out of 25 horses. You can test only 5 horses at a time because there are only 5 tracks. You do not have a stopwatch. How many minimum number of races will you conduct to pick them?
- 5) A number when divided by 3 leaves a reminder 1, when by 4 leaves a reminder 2, when by 5 leaves a reminder 3, when by 6 leaves a reminder 4. what is the smallest number that satisfies the condition?

Section II – C aptitude

```
1)
int main()
{
  printf("%s %s",("Zoho" "corp"), ("Campus" "corpp"),("Zoho" "Corporation");
}
2)
int main()
{
  int x=3,y=4,z=4;
  printf("ans=%d\n",(z>=y>=x?100:200));
  return 0;
}
```

```
3)
int main()
 struct num
   int n1:2;
   int n2:3;
   int n3:4;
 } num{3,4,5};
printf("%d%d%d\n",num.n1,num.n2,num.n3);
4)
 unsigned int i=650000;
 while(i++!=0)
  printf("%d",i);
5) int main
   sum=0;
   int I,j;
   for(i=0;i<=1000;i*=2)
    for(j=1;j<1;j++)
      sum++;
   printf("%d",sum);
6.
for(int i=0;i++;prinf("%d",i));
 printf("%d",i);
7.
int a=0,b=0;
if(a++&&b++)
printf("%d%d",a,b);
else
printf("great");
8. enum SWITCH{off,on};
main()
{
enum SWITCH s= on;
printf("size of enumeration %d \n", sizeof(enum SWITCH));
printf("size of object s is %d \n", sizeof(s));
}
```

II ROUND

Given a set of elements as an array find the median of the array.
 Median is the value which separates the higher indexes from the lower indexes.

```
E.g.: input = [1, 2, 3] output = [1, 2, 3, 4] output = [2, 2, 3, 4]
```

- 2. Given a set of strings find the first occurrence of a string
 - E.g.: input = [AL, AL, GH, F, GH, PK] output = F
- 3. Given an array of numbers find a subset from the array such that the average for the whole set of numbers should equal the average of the numbers in the subsets deduced from the main array.

```
E.g.: input = [10, 20, 30, 40] output = [20, 30] [10, 40]
Input = [20, 40, 60] output = [40] [20, 60]
```

- 4. Implement a LRU (Least Recently Used) cache of size 10.
 - There must be a key and value for each element in cache
 - There must be two functions get (key) and put (key, value)
 - When trying to add after 11th element the least recently accessed element should be replaced.

III ROUND

Doctor

Implement a dictionary which can store words in sequential order of occurrence. Implement an efficient data structure so that the search for elements must be fast even if there is a presence of one lakh words.

The input will be a paragraph from which the program has to find misspelled words and provide a near match to the word present in the dictionary.

Sample dictionary: A An Apple Away Ball Cat

Keeps
The
Sample Paragraph:
An Apple A Day Keeps The Dctor Away
Output:
Suggested word for Dctor is Doctor