VERBS THAT TAKE INFINITIVE OBJECTS

advise desire agree determine appear elect arrange encourage ask endeavor authorize expect fail beg care forbid force cause challenge aet claim give permission guarantee come command happen

consent have permission convince help hesitate decide decline demand hurry deserve incline

instruct intend invite know how learn long manage need oblige offer order permit persuade plan prepare pretend promise refuse remind

request

insist on

require resolve say seem struggle swear teach tell tend threaten train urge volunteer wait want warn wish would like

VERBS THAT TAKE GERUND OBJECTS

acknowledge adapt to adjust to admit to adore agree on anticipate apologize for appreciate approve of argue about ask about avoid believe in blame for can't help can/can't resist care about carry on celebrate complain about complete concentrate on confess consider

consist of

decide on

depend on

defend

delay

deny

contemplate

describe detest disapprove of discontinue discourage from discuss dislike dream about end in endure engage in enjoy escape evade excuse favor fear feel like finish forgive for get accustomed to get through get used to give up have a good time have a bad time have a hard time have fun have problems

have difficulties

help with

imagine

involve justify keep (=continue) lead to look forward to mention mean (=involve) mind (don't mind) miss (don't miss) object to omit postpone practice prevent prohibit put off quit recall recollect recommend regret remain report resent resist result in resume risk spend time

suggest

take turns

talk about think about tolerate understand waste time

VERBS THAT TAKE INFINITIVE OR GERUND OBJECTS

afford	cease	hate	regret
allow	choose	like	remember
attempt	continue	love	start
begin	dread	mean	stop
can/can't bear	forget	neglect	try
can't stand	go	prefer	

COMMON ADJECTIVE PHRASES THAT TAKE INFINITIVE OBJECTS

be able It's polite
be determined It's satisfying
be fortunate It's the place
be happy It's the time
be ready It's usual

be reluctant the first, the second, the last

It's acceptable

Adjectives that are NOT followed by a preposition usually take infinitive objects when complemented by a verbal phrase.

COMMON ADJECTIVE PHRASES THAT TAKE GERUND OBJECTS

be accustomed to be afraid of be angry about be annoyed about be ashamed of be capable of be certain of/about be committed to be concerned with be critical of be discouraged from	be familiar with be famous for be glad about be good at be happy about be incapable of be in favor of be interested in be involved with/in be jealous of	be nervous about be opposed to be perfect for be pleased about be proud of be responsible for be right about be sad about be sick of be successful in	be tired of be tolerant of be uncertain about be uneasy about be upset about be used to be worried about be wrong about
be discouraged from	be known for	be suitable for	
be enthusiastic about	be limited to	be thankful for	

Adjective phrases that include a preposition ALWAYS take gerund objects when complemented by a verbal phrase.