

Introduction to algorithm and analysis  
Assignment 10 solution

① Answer - c

Explanation:— When the total weight of the graph sum up to a (-ve) number then the graph is said to have a negative weight cycle.

② Answer - b.

③ Answer - b.

Explanation - There are 4 edges s-a, a-b, b-t and s-t of weights 1, 1, 1 and 4 respectively. The shortest path s to t is s-a, a-b, b-t. If we increase weight of every edges by 1, the shortest path changes to s-t.

④ Answer - b.

⑤ Answer - c

⑥ Answer - c

Explanation - Time complexity of Bellman Ford algo is  $\Theta(V \cdot E)$  where  $V, E$  are numbers of vertices and edges respectively. For complete graph  $V = n$ ,  $E = \Theta(n^2)$  So, overall time complexity is  $\Theta(n^3)$

⑦ Answer - b.

transitive closure of Graph is

$$t_{ij}^{(k)} = t_{ij}^{(k-1)} \vee \left( t_{ik}^{(k-1)} \wedge t_{kj}^{(k-1)} \right)$$

⑧ Answer - a

By Applying Floyd warshall algo we get following matrix

$$D^{(0)} = \begin{bmatrix} 0 & 8 & \infty & 1 \\ \infty & 0 & 1 & \infty \\ 4 & \infty & 0 & \infty \\ \infty & 2 & 9 & 0 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\text{Now, } D^{(1)} = \begin{bmatrix} 0 & 8 & \infty & 1 \\ \infty & 0 & 1 & \infty \\ 4 & 12 & 0 & 5 \\ \infty & 2 & 9 & 0 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$D^{(2)} = \begin{bmatrix} 0 & 8 & 9 & 1 \\ \infty & 0 & 1 & \infty \\ 4 & 12 & 0 & 5 \\ \infty & 2 & 3 & 0 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$D^{(3)} = \begin{bmatrix} 0 & 8 & 9 & 1 \\ 5 & 0 & 1 & 6 \\ 4 & 12 & 0 & 5 \\ 7 & 2 & 3 & 0 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$D^{(4)} = \begin{bmatrix} 0 & 3 & 4 & 1 \\ 5 & 0 & 1 & 6 \\ 4 & 7 & 0 & 5 \\ 7 & 2 & 3 & 0 \end{bmatrix}$$

which represents the shortest path between every pair of vertices.

⑨ Answer - a

Explanation - Recurrence relation of Floyd-Warshall algo.

is

$$C_{ij}^{(k)} = \min_k \left\{ C_{ij}^{(k-1)}, C_{ik}^{(k-1)} + C_{kj}^{(k-1)} \right\}$$

⑩ Answer - a

Explanation - Worst case time complexity of Johnson's algo. is -  $O(|V|^2 \log |V| + |V||E|)$