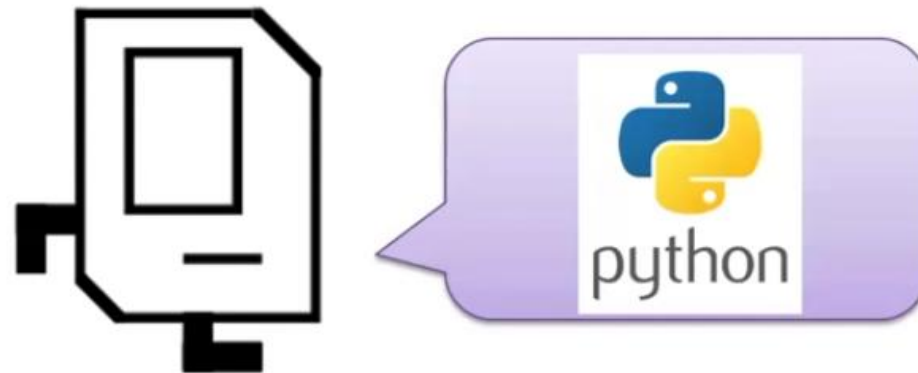


Karel Speaks Python



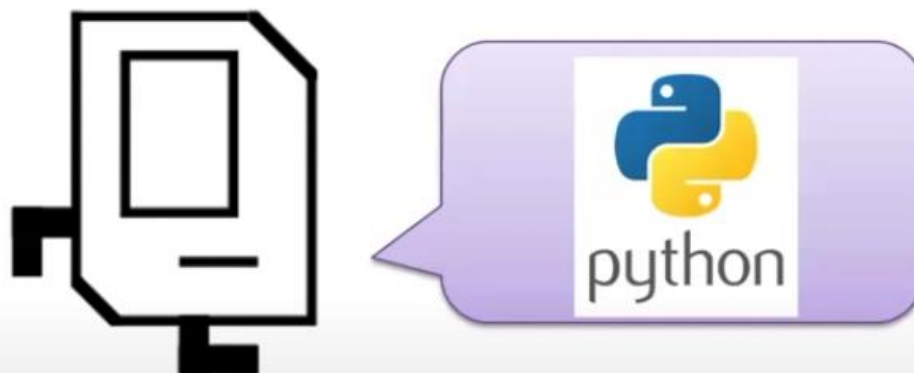
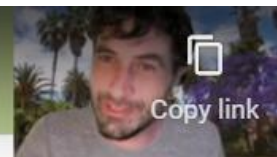
Piech and Sahami, CS106A, Stanford University





Lecture1 - MeetKarel

Karel Speaks Python



2:00 / 21:54

Piech and Sahami, CS106A, Stanford University



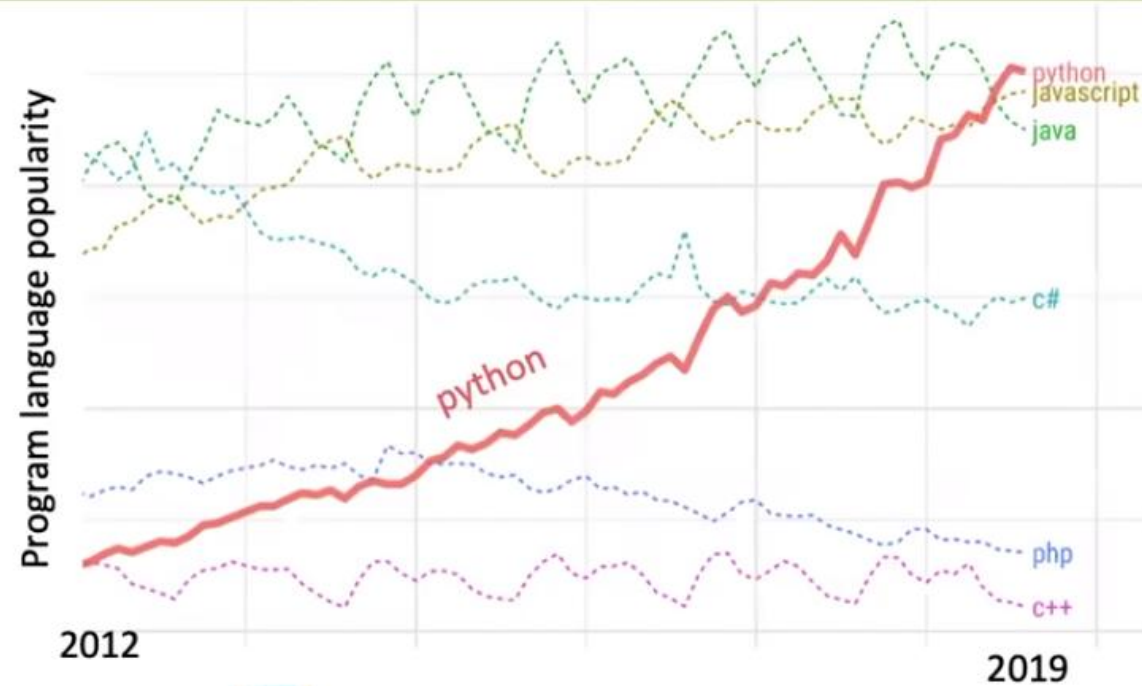
YouTube



Why Python?



1



2



<https://stackoverflow.blog/2017/09/06/incredible-growth-python/>

Guido van Rossum



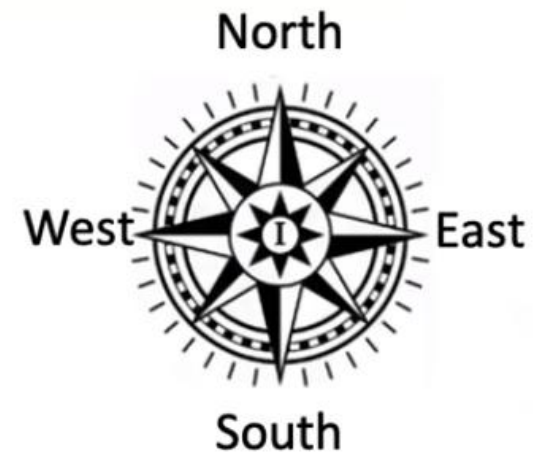
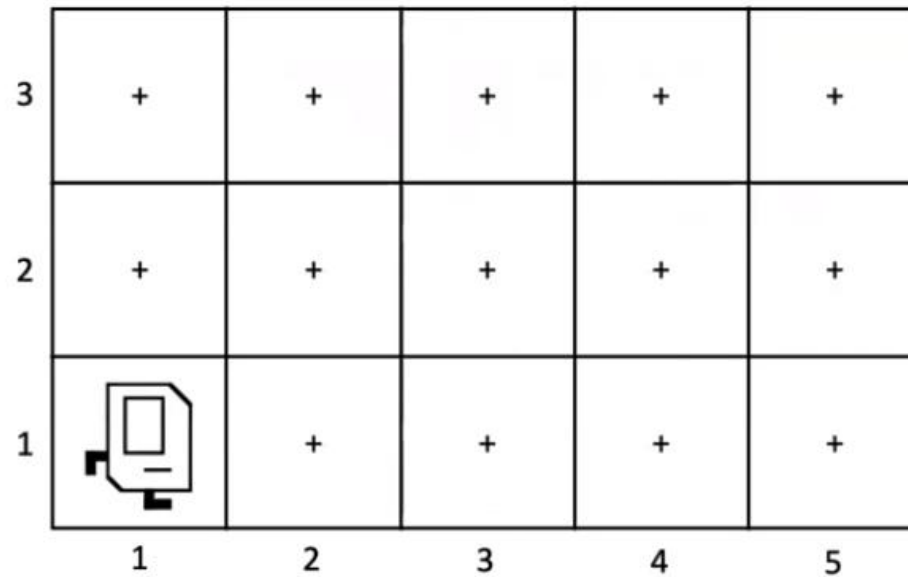
Monty Python's Flying Circus 👍



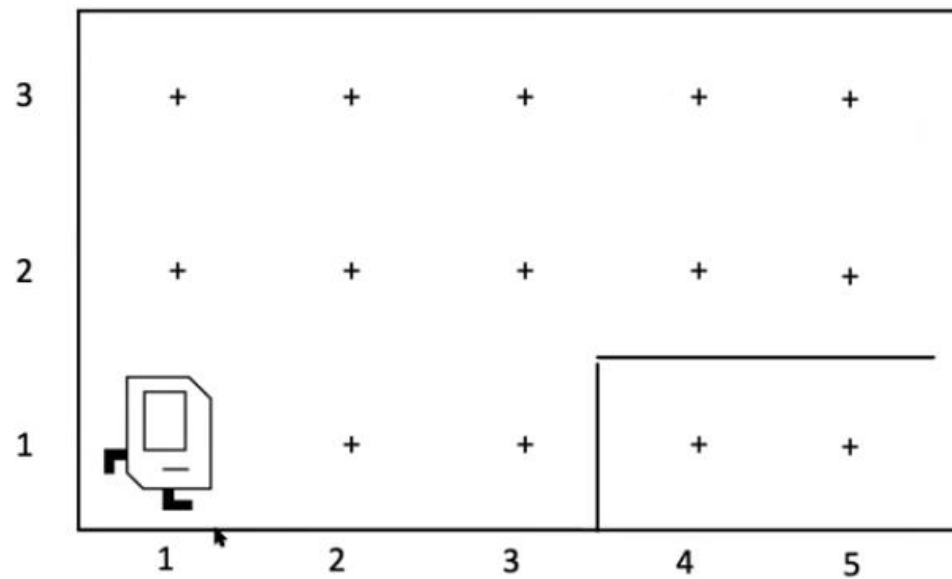
Piech and Sahami, CS106A, Stanford University



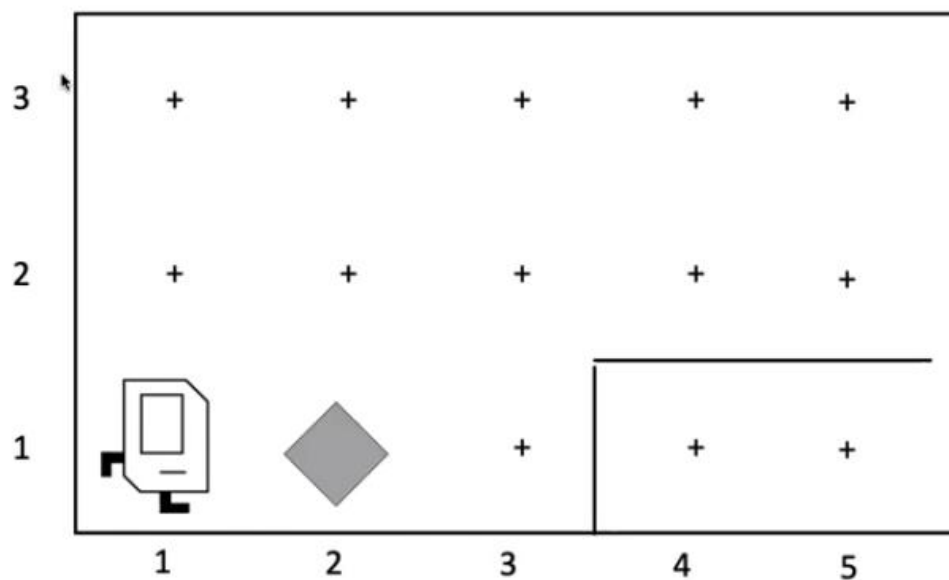
Karel's World



Walls



Beepers



Knows Four Commands



`move ()`

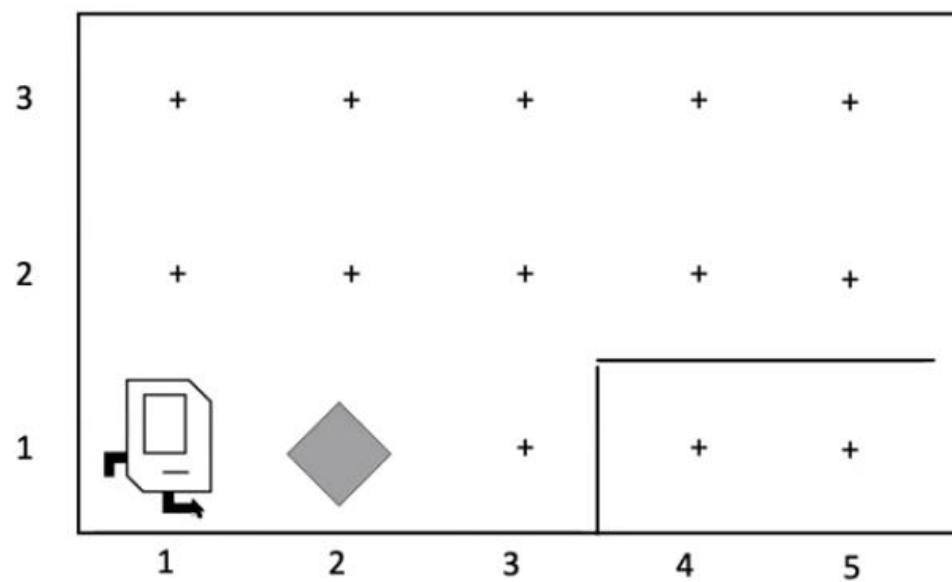
`turn_left ()`

`put_beeper ()`

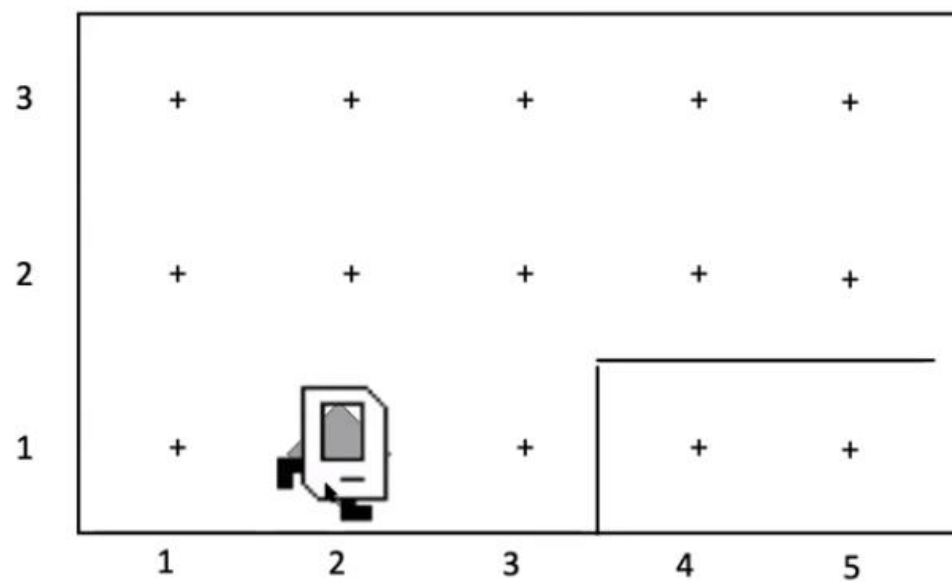
`pick_beeper ()`



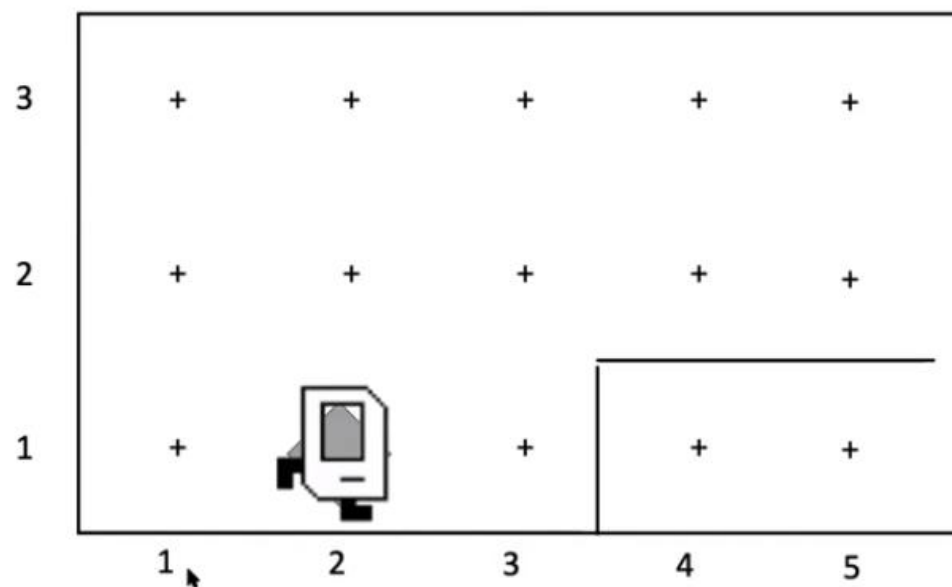
move ()



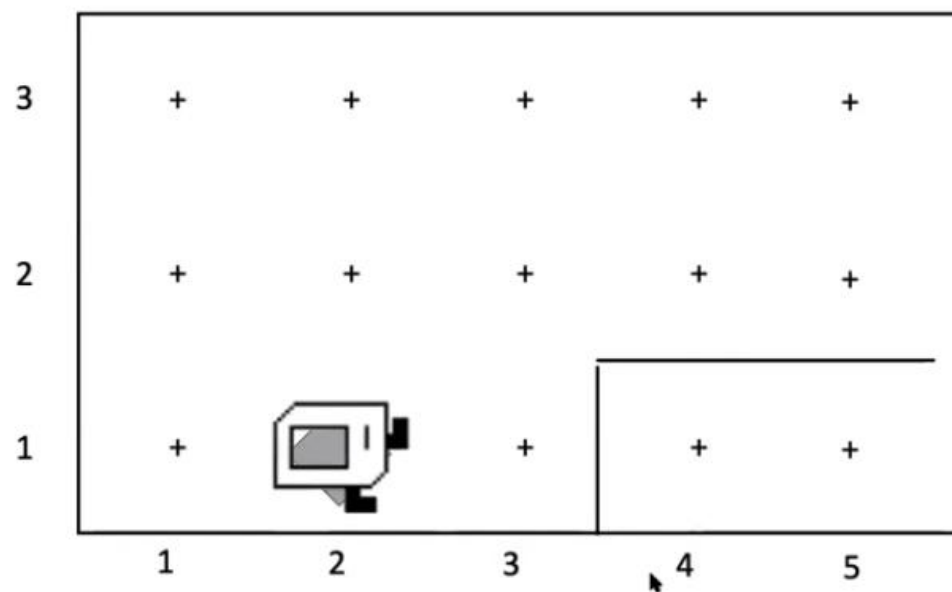
move ()



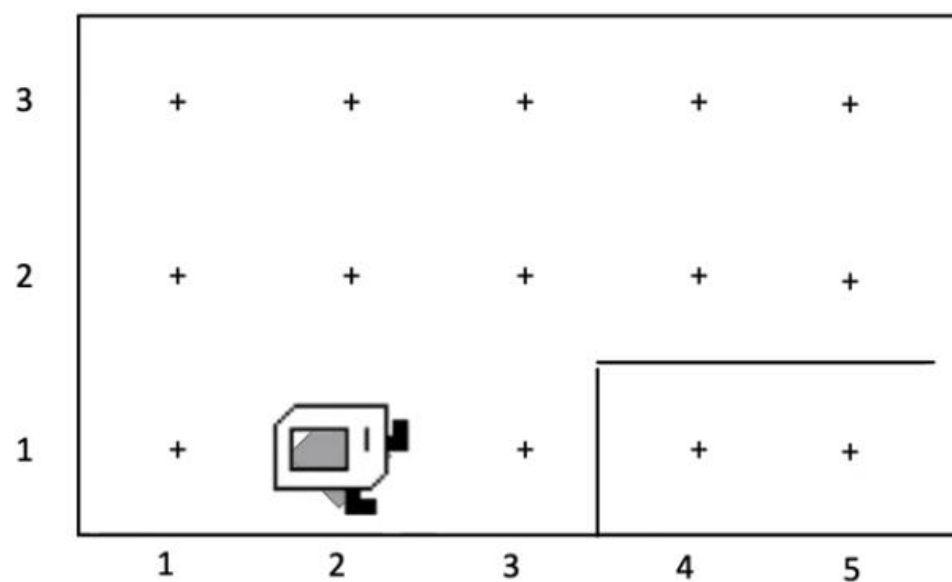
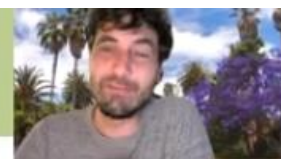
turn_left()



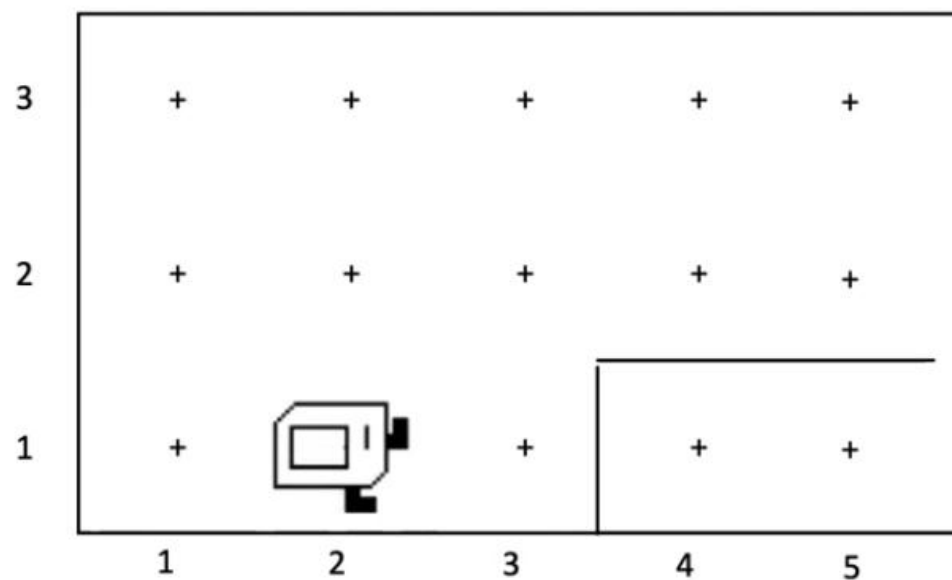
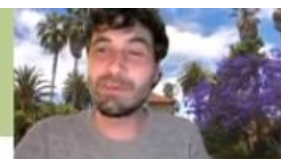
turn_left()



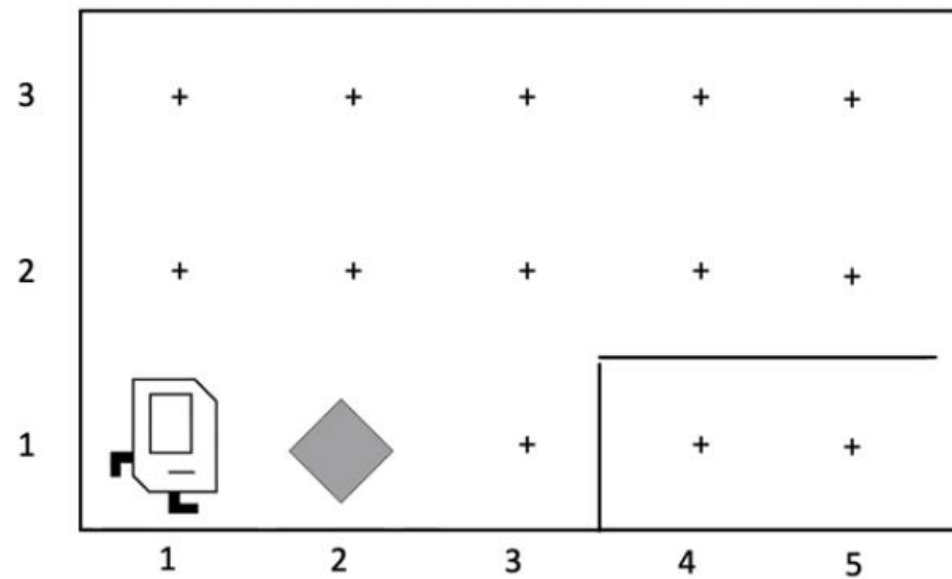
turn_left()



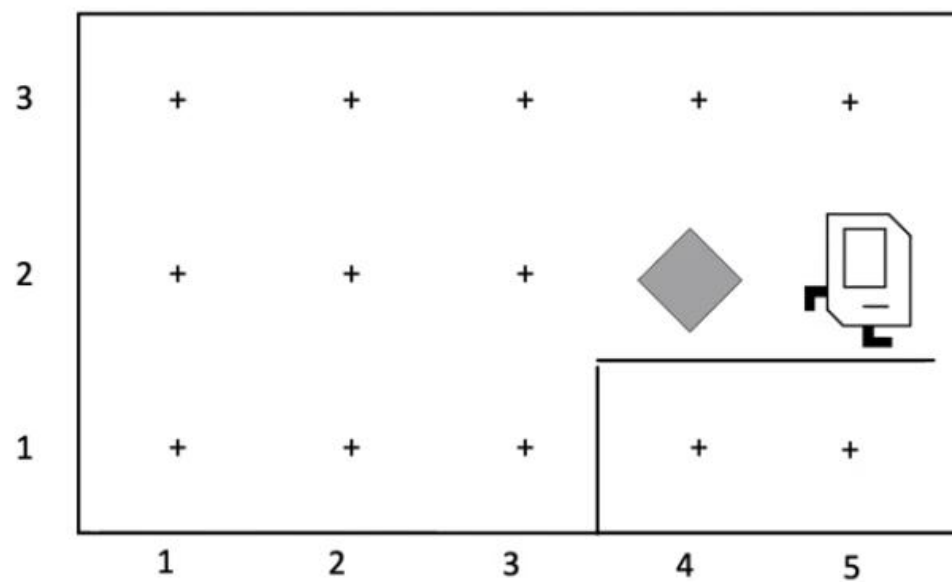
turn_left()



First Challenge



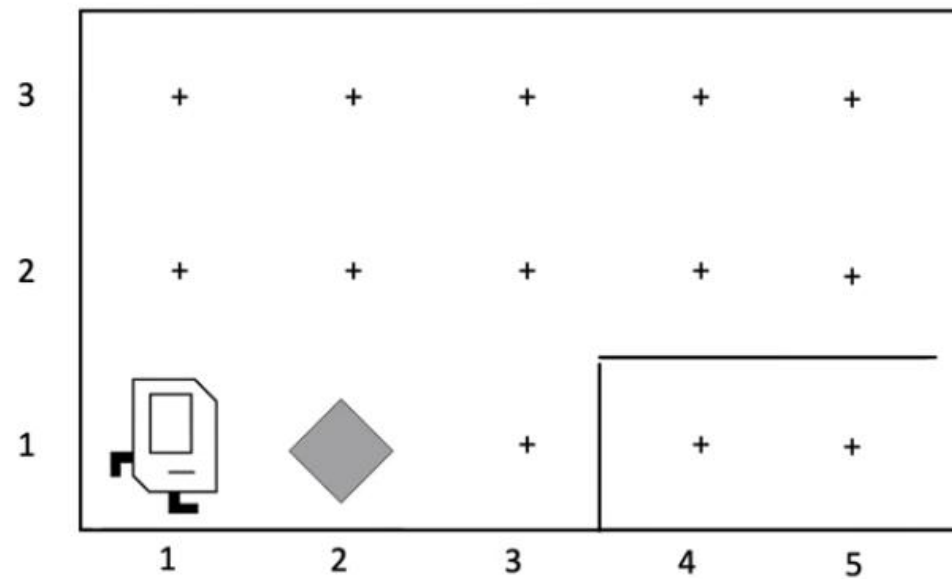
First Challenge



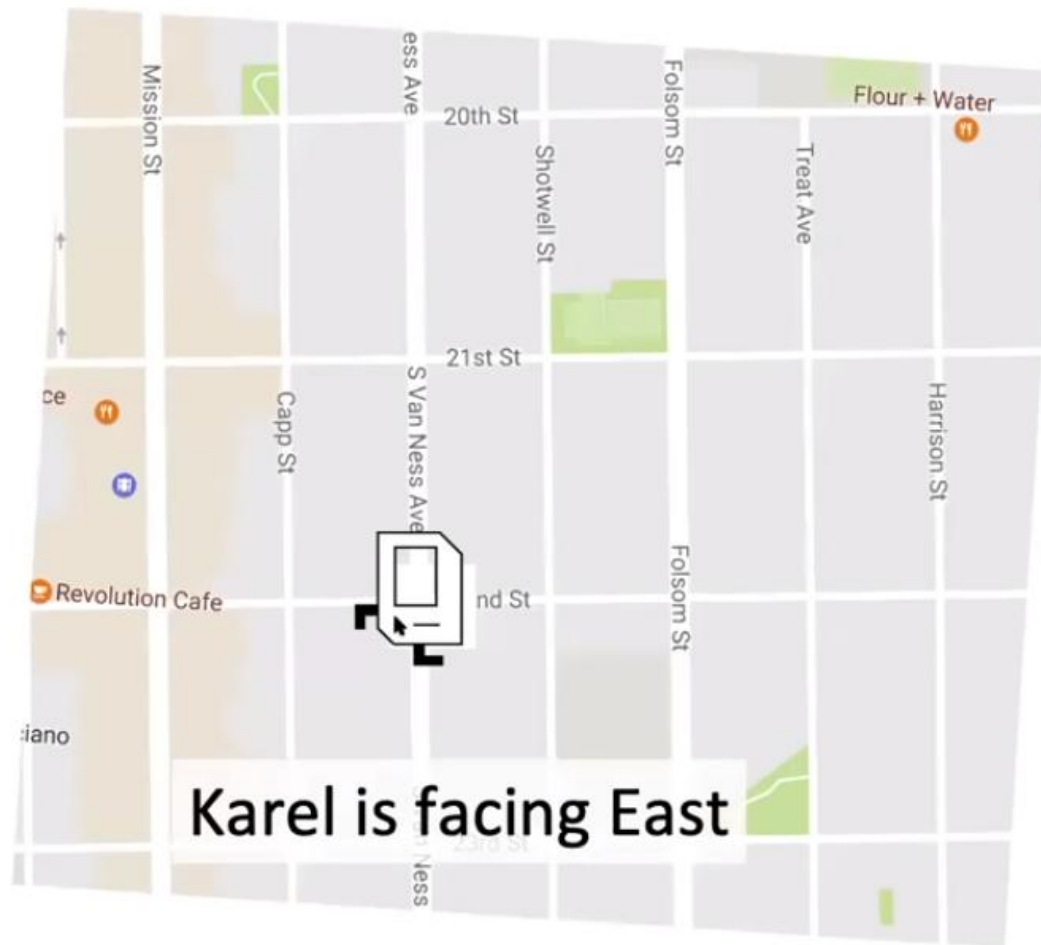
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Bird's Eye View



Bird's Eye View

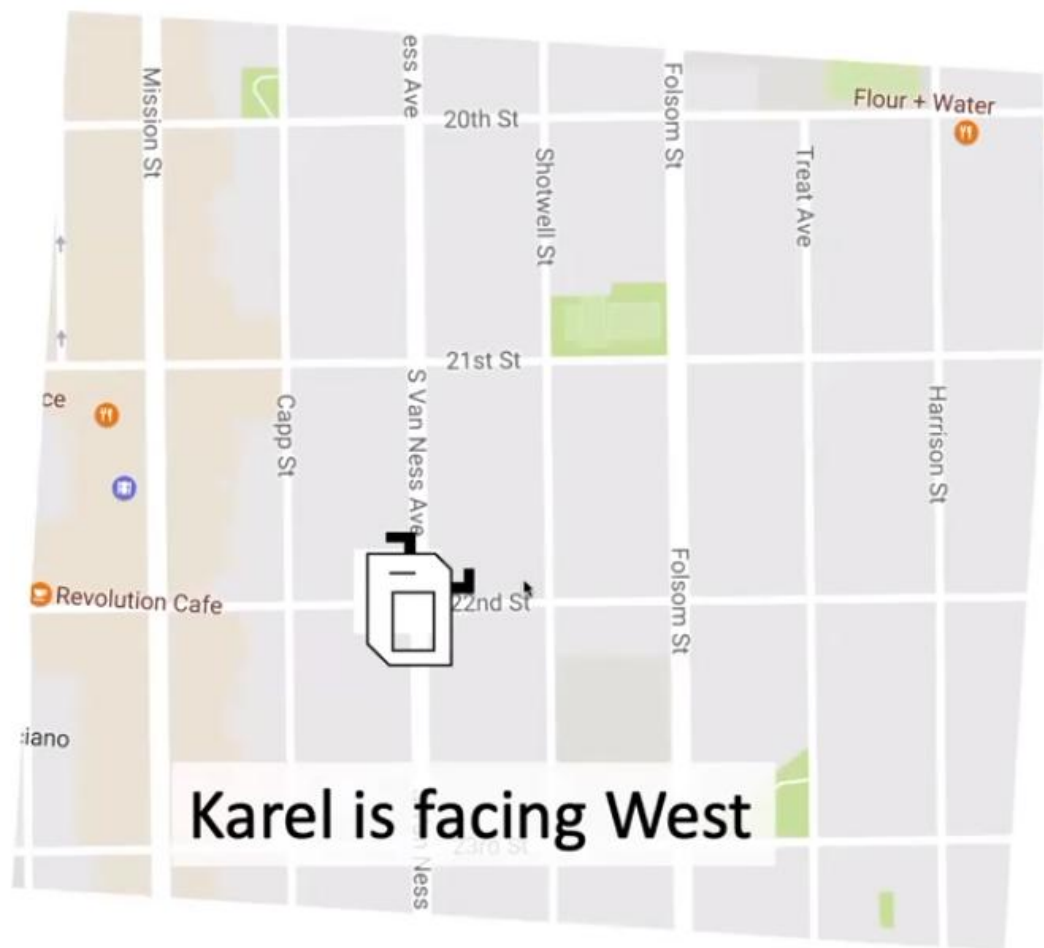


Karel is facing East

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Turn Left

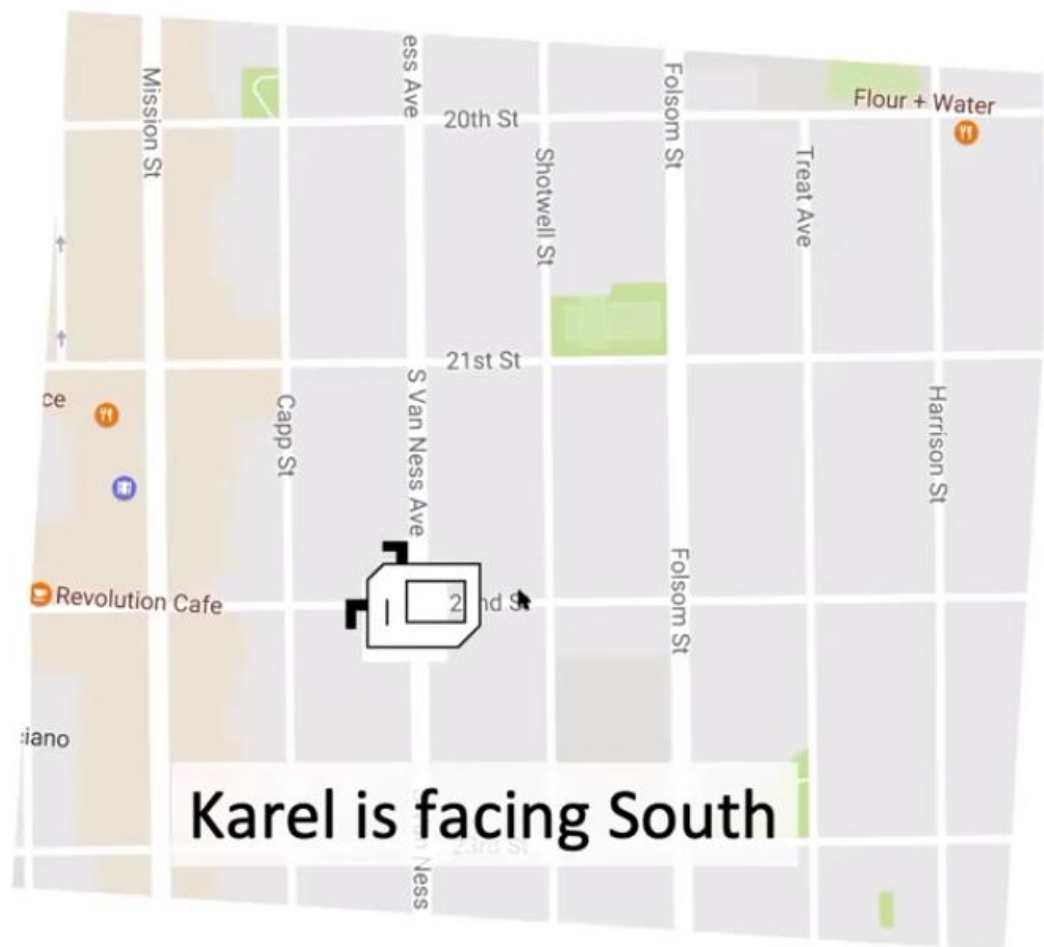


Karel is facing West

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Turn Left

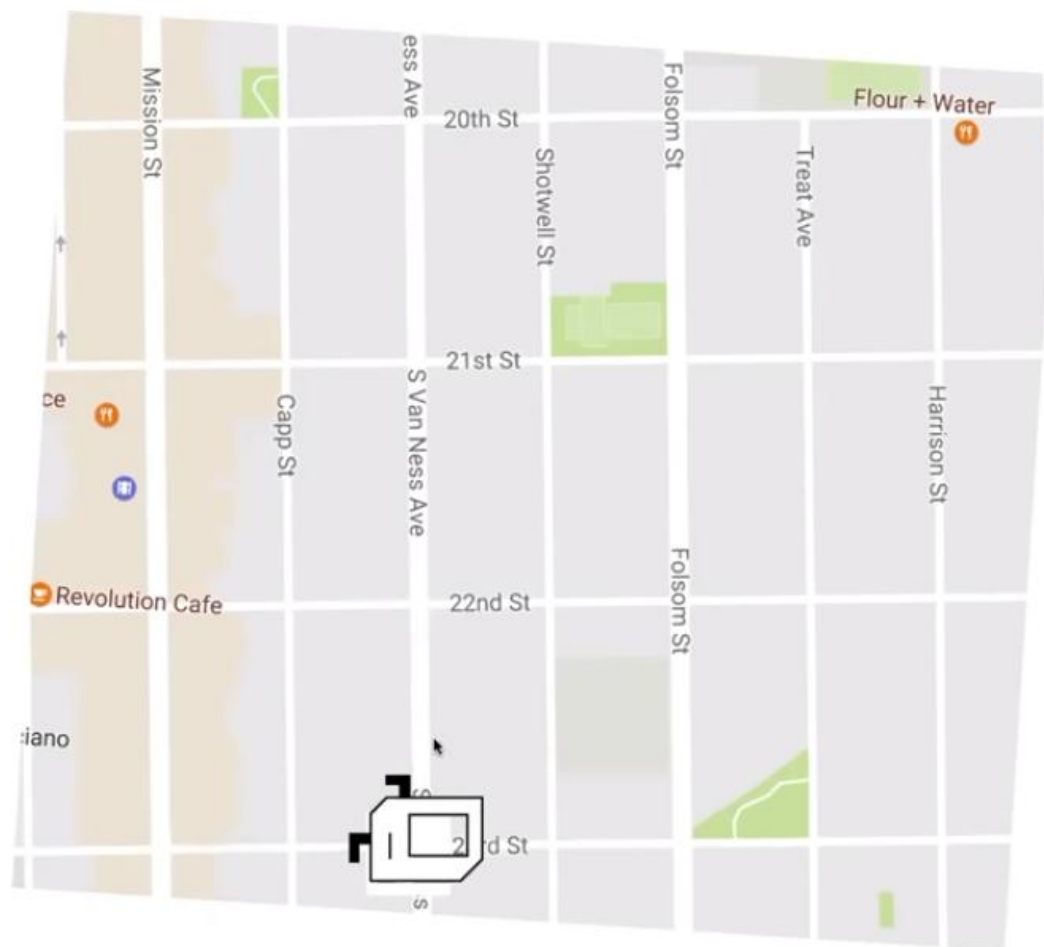


Karel is facing South

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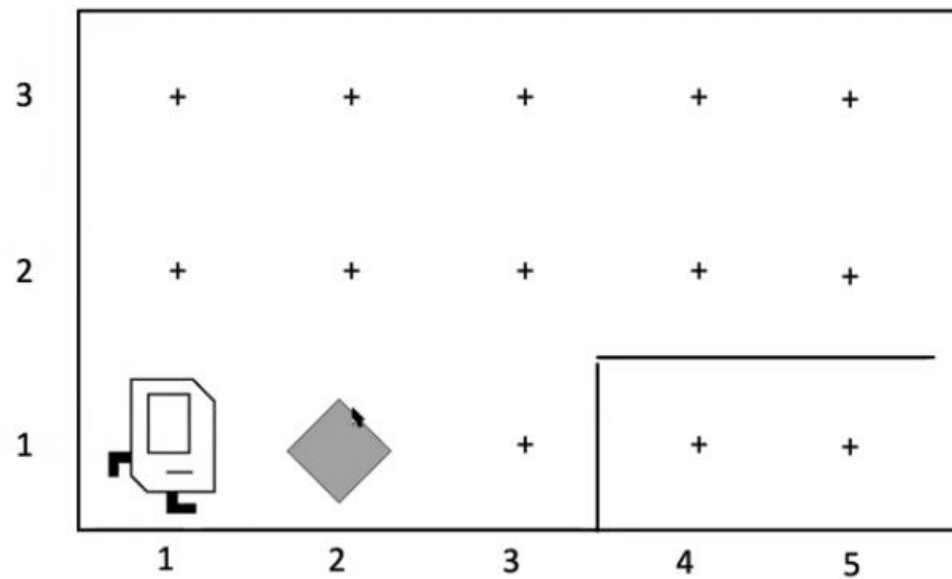
Move



Piech and Sahami, CS106A, Stanford University



First Challenge



Piech and Sahami, CS106A, Stanford University



Function Definition

```
def name():  
    function statements
```

This adds a new
command to Karel's
vocabulary



Anatomy of a Program

Import Packages

Program



Anatomy of a Program

Import Packages

main function

helper functions

start program



Anatomy of a Program

Import Packages

```
def main():  
    move()  
    pick_beeper()  
    move()  
    turn_left()  
    move()  
    turn_right()  
    move()  
    put_beeper()  
    move()
```

helper functions

start program



Anatomy of a Program

Import Packages

```
def main():  
    move()  
    pick_beeper()  
    move()  
    turn_left()  
    move()  
    turn_right()  
    move()  
    put_beeper()  
    move()  
  
def turn_right():  
    turn_left()  
    turn_left()  
    turn_left()  
  
if __name__ == "__main__":  
    run_karel_program()
```



Anatomy of a Program

```
from karel.stanfordkarel import *
```

```
def main():  
    move()  
    pick_beeper()  
    move()  
    turn_left()  
    move()  
    turn_right()  
    move()  
    put_beeper()  
    move()
```

This piece of the program's **source code** is called a **function**.

```
def turn_right():  
    turn_left()  
    turn_left()  
    turn_left()
```

```
if __name__ == "__main__":
```

```
    run_
```

Now, some terminology, this whole thing



Anatomy of a Program

```
from karel.stanfordkarel import *
```

```
def main():  
    move()  
    pick_beeper()  
    move()  
    turn_left()  
    move()  
    turn_right()  
    move()  
    put_beeper()  
    move()
```

This line of code gives the **name** of the function (here, run)

```
def turn_right():  
    turn_left()  
    turn_left()  
    turn_left()
```

```
if __name__ == '__main__':  
    run_karel1()
```

And this one saying that this functions name is main.



Anatomy of a Program

```
from karel.stanfordkarel import *
```

```
def main():  
    move()  
    pick_beeper()  
    move()  
    turn_left()  
    move()  
    turn_right()  
    move()  
    put_beeper()  
    move()
```

This line of code gives the **name** of the function (here, turn_right)

```
def turn_right():  
    turn_left()  
    turn_left()  
    turn_left()
```

```
if __name__ == '__main__':  
    run_karel_program()
```

This line of code gives the name to another function.



Anatomy of a Program

```
from karel.stanfordkarel import *
```

```
def main():
```

```
    move()  
    pick_beeper()  
    move()  
    turn_left()  
    move()  
    turn_right()  
    move()  
    put_beeper()  
    move()
```

This is called a
code block

```
def turn_right():
```

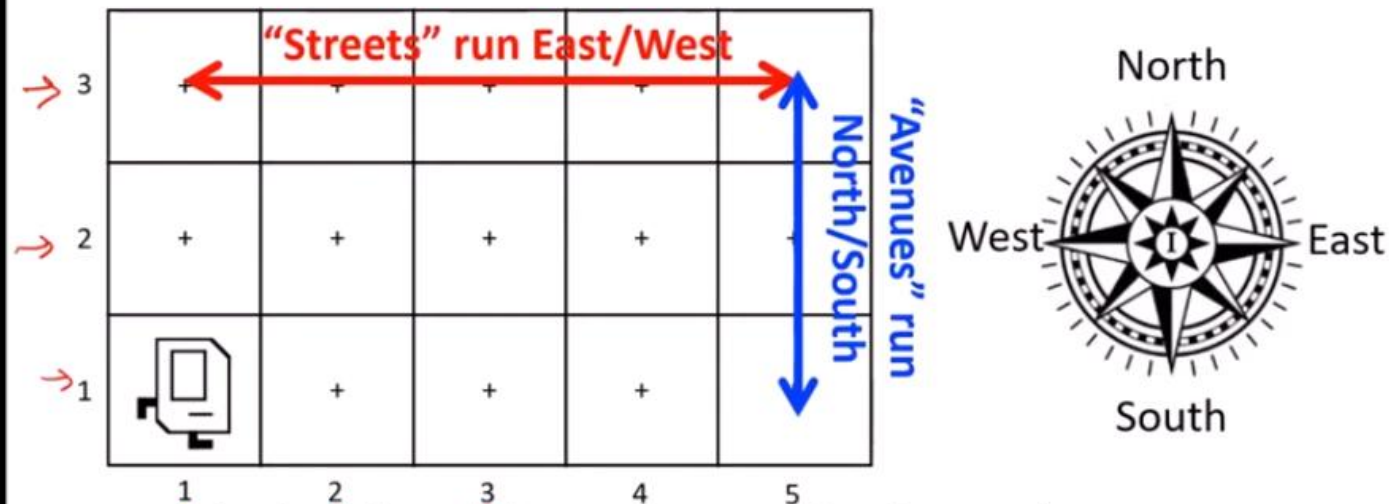
```
    turn_left()  
    turn_left()  
    turn_left()
```

```
if __name__ == "__main__":
```

```
    run_ This whole chunk is called a code block.
```



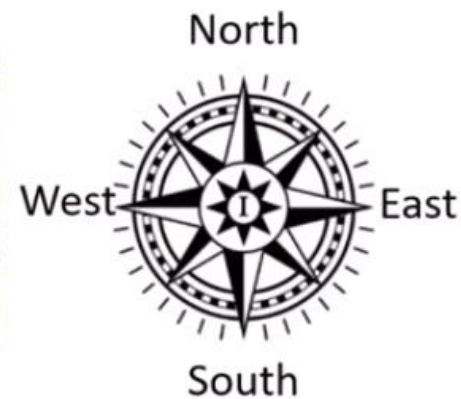
Recall, Karel's World



- Grid, where "corner" is intersection of each street/avenue
- Karel is currently on corner (1, 1)



Recall, Karel's World



- Grid, where “corner” is intersection of each street/avenue
- Karel is currently on corner (1, 1)
- If Karel moved forward, Karel would be on corner (2, 1)
- Karel’s beeper bag can have 0, 1, or more (up to infinite) beepers



First Lesson in Programming Style



```
from karel.stanfordkarel import *

"""
File: StepUpKarel.py
-----
Karel program, where Karel picks up a beeper,
jumps up on a step and drops the beeper off.
"""

def main():
    move()
    pick_beeper()
    move()
    turn_left()
    move()
    turn_right()
    move()
    put_beeper()
    move()

# Karel turns to the right
def turn_right():
    turn_left()
    turn_left()
    turn_left()
```



with you called step
up carol and the idea of step

Focus on One Steeple

```
def ascend_hurdle():  
    turn_left()  
    while right_is_blocked():  
        move()  
    turn_right()  
  
def descend_hurdle():  
    turn_right()  
    move_to_wall()  
    turn_left()  
  
def jump_hurdle():  
    ascend_hurdle()  
    move()  
    descend_hurdle()
```





A Whole Program: SteepChaseKarel.py

