Intro to Processor Architecture

Quiz (Spring 2024)

Date: 29/1/2023 Time: 40 mins

Marks: 30

Instructions

For MCQs,

There is a negative marking of -0.25 for each wrong answer given. If more choices than the number of correct choices is marked, then you get -1. Each correct answer will get proportional marks based on number of correct choices.

For descriptive questions, give concise answers highlighting the main points.

- 1 Explain the call and ret instruction execution with the help of an example. (5 marks)
- Write the assembly language program to compute the Fibonacci sequence for first 20 terms. You can assume that the initial 2 numbers are stored in contiguous locations in memory that can be referenced using address value in register %rbx. The subsequent numbers in the series have to be written back to memory. Write a code as compact as possible. (The x86-64 instructions and addressing modes can be used) (5 marks)
- 3) How does the code statement "y = *p;" translate to in assembly language? (1 mark)
 - a) movq (%rbx), %rax
 - b) movq %rbx, %rax
 - c) movq %rax, (%rbx)
 - d) None of the above
- Which of the following instructions can assign the program counter a value from the stack?

(1 mark)

- a) pushq
- b) popq
- c) ret
- d) All of the above

Which of the following instructions can modify the condition code register? (1 mark)

- a) addq
- b) incq
- c) leaq
- d) All of the above

- 6) Please explain with an example (you can use the high-level language and need not write the assembly language code) how the switch case construct is translated into assembly language program. (5 marks)
- It is given that the OS has assigned the address space between 0x2000 and 0x2FFF for some kernel processes. What would happen if an instruction in a user program does the following? (3 marks)

```
%rbp - 0x2010, %rcx - 10
movq %rcx, (%rbp)
```

- Which of the following instructions do not alter the normal increments of the program counter? (1 mark)
 - a) pushq
 - b) call
 - c) jne
 - d) None of the above
- 9) Why is cmov instruction used instead of conditional jumps whenever appropriate? What is the condition in which it will not be feasible to use cmov instruction and a conditional jump is preferred by the compiler? (4 marks)
- W) Which of the following addressing modes works best for array of structs? (1 mark)
 - a) movq (%rbp),%rax
 - b) movq D(%rbp),%rax
 - c) movq D(%rbp,%rdi,S),%rax
 - d) movq %rdx,(%rax)
- 11) Briefly explain how a Y86-64 instruction decoder extracts information from the following instructions? (You need not remember the exact opcode values to answer) (3 marks)
 - i) OPq %rcx, %rax
 - ii) jXX \$0x1030
 - Only highlight the essential components that are extracted with figure of instruction format. 3 (5 marks)