Ex. No.6a) FIRST COME FIRST SERVE

Program code:

```
#include <stdio.h>
int main() {
    int n, i;
    int bt[20], wt[20], tat[20];
    float avg_wt = 0, avg_tat = 0;

printf("Enter the number of processes: ");
    scanf("%d", %n);

printf("Enter the burst time for each process:\n");

for (i = 0; i < n; i++) {
        printf("P[%d]: ", i + 1);
        scanf("%d", %bt[i]);

}

// Waiting time for first process is 0

wt[0] = 0;

// Calculate waiting time for each process

for (i = 1; i < n; i++) {
        wt[i] = bt[i - 1] + wt[i - 1];
    }

// Calculate turnaround time for each process

for (i = 0; i < n; i++) {
        tat[i] = bt[i] + wt[i];
        avg_wt += wt[i];
        avg_wt += wt[i];
        avg_tat /= n;

// Display result

printf("\nProcess\tburst Time\tWaiting Time\tTurnaround Time\n");

for (i = 0; i < n; i++) {
        printf("\nProcess\tburst Time\tWaiting Time\tTurnaround Time\n");
        for (i = 0; i < n; i++) {
            printf("\nProcess\tburst Time\tWaiting Time\tTurnaround Time\n");
        for (i = 0; i < n; i++) {
            printf("\nProcess\tburst Time\tWaiting Time\tTurnaround Time\n");
        for (i = 0; i < n; i++) {
            printf("\nProcess\tburst Time\tWaiting Time\tTurnaround Time\n");
        for (i = 0; i < n; i++) {
            printf("\nAverage Waiting Time: %.2f", avg_wt);
        printf("\nAverage Waiting Time: %.2f\n", avg_tat);
        return 0;
}</pre>
```

Output:

```
Enter the number of processes: 3
Enter the burst time for each process:
P[1]: 5
P[2]: 3
2[3]: 8
Process Burst Time
                        Waiting Time
                                         Turnaround Time
P[1]
                        0
                                         5
P[2]
                                         8
P[3]
       8
                        8
                                         16
Average Waiting Time: 4.33
Average Turnaround Time: 9.67
```

6b) To implement the Shortest Job First (SJF) scheduling technique

Program code:

```
// Sort burst time and process number using Bubble Sort

for (i = 0; i < n - 1; i++) {
    for (j = 0; j < n - i - 1; j++) {
        if (bt[j] > bt[j + 1]) {
            // Swap burst time
                                temp = bt[j];
bt[j] = bt[j + 1];
bt[j + 1] = temp;
// Swap process number
                                temp = p[j];
p[j] = p[j + 1];
p[j + 1] = temp;
}
wt[0] = 0; // first process has no waiting time
         (i = 1; i < n; i++) {
  wt[i] = 0;
  for (j = 0; j < i; j++)
    wt[i] += bt[j];
  avg_wt += wt[i];</pre>
// Calculate turnaround time
for (i = 0; i < n; i++) {
   tat[i] = bt[i] + wt[i];
   avg_tat += tat[i];</pre>
avg_wt /= n;
avg_tat /= n;
// Display results
printf("\nProcess\tBurst Time\tWaiting Time\tTurnaround Time\n");
for (i = 0; i < n; i++) {
    printf("P[%d]\t%d\t\t%d\n", p[i], bt[i], wt[i], tat[i]);
}</pre>
printf("\nAverage Waiting Time: %.2f", avg_wt);
printf("\nAverage Turnaround Time: %.2f\n", avg_tat);
```

Output:

```
Enter the number of processes: 4

Enter the burst time for each process:
P[1]: 6
P[2]: 8
P[3]: 7
P[4]: 3

Process Burst Time Waiting Time Turnaround Time
P[4] 3 0 3
P[1] 6 3 9
P[3] 7 9 16
P[3] 7 9 16
P[2] 8 16 24

Average Waiting Time: 7.00
Average Turnaround Time: 13.00
```

Ex. No.: 6d)

ROUND ROBIN SCHEDULING

Aim: To implement the Round Robin (RR) scheduling technique

Program code:

Output:

```
Enter total number of processes: 3
Enter burst time for P[1]: 10
Enter burst time for P[2]: 5
Enter burst time for P[3]: 8
Enter time quantum: 3

Process Burst Time Waiting Time Turnaround Time P[1] 10 13 23
P[2] 5 9 14
P[3] 8 14 22

Average Waiting Time: 12.00
Average Turnaround Time: 19.67
```

Progam Code:

```
// Input burst time and priority
for (i = 0; i < n; i++) {
   printf("Enter burst time for</pre>
                                            time for P[%d]: ", i + 1);
       print("ad", &bt[i]);
printf("Enter priority for P[%d] (lower number = higher priority): ", i + 1);
scanf("%d", &priority[i]);
p[i] = i + 1; // store process ID
// Swap burst time
                     temp = bt[j];
bt[j] = bt[j + 1];
bt[j + 1] = temp;
                     // Swap process number
temp = p[j];
p[j] = p[j + 1];
p[j + 1] = temp;
       }
}
// Waiting time for first process is 0
wt[0] = 0;
// Calculate waiting time
for (i = 1; i < n; i++) {
   wt[i] = 0;
   for (j = 0; j < i; j++)
      wt[i] += bt[j];</pre>
       avg_wt += wt[i];
// Calculate turnaround time
for (i = 0; i < n; i++) {
   tat[i] = bt[i] + wt[i];</pre>
       avg_tat += tat[i];
avg_wt /= n;
avg_tat /= n;
// Print output
printf("\nProcess\tBurst Time\tPriority\tWaiting Time\tTurnaround Time\n");
for (i = 0; i < n; i++) {
    printf("P[%d]\t%d\t\t%d\t\t%d\n", p[i], bt[i], priority[i], wt[i], tat[i]);</pre>
printf("\nAverage Waiting Time: %.2f", avg_wt);
printf("\nAverage Turnaround Time: %.2f\n", avg_tat);
return 0;
```

Output (6c Priority Scheduling):

```
Enter the number of processes: 3
Enter burst time for P[1]: 5
Enter priority for P[1] (lower number = higher priority): 2
Enter burst time for P[2]: 3
Enter priority for P[2] (lower number = higher priority): 1
Enter burst time for P[3]: 8
Enter priority for P[3] (lower number = higher priority): 3
Process Burst Time
                        Priority
                                        Waiting Time
                                                         Turnaround Time
P[2]
        3
                        1
P[1]
        5
                        2
                                        3
                                                         8
P[3]
        8
                        3
                                        8
                                                         16
Average Waiting Time: 3.67
Average Turnaround Time: 9.00
```