

Capstone Project Submission Report

E-Commerce Data Engineering Pipeline with Azure and Databricks

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Course/Program: Data Engineering

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Table of Contents

Problem Statement & Overview	3
Workflow Architecture	4-8
Data Collection, Exploratory Data Analysis, and Data Preprocessing	8
Data Storage and Optimization	9-10
Real-Time Processing and Streaming	11-13
Solution Design & Integration	14-15
Implementation and Results	16-12
Working Screenshots	13-34
Conclusion and Future Work	35

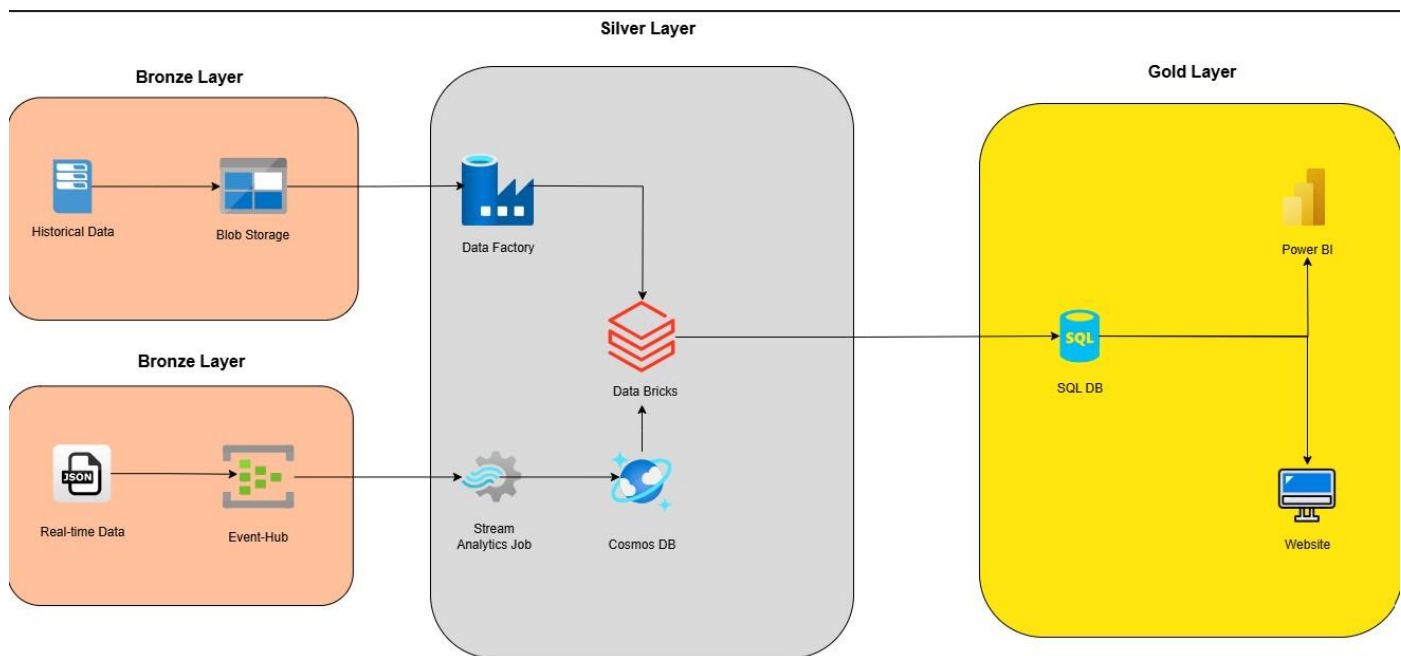
Problem Statement

The task involves developing a comprehensive data processing and analytics solution for a fictional ecommerce company. This company processes millions of transactions daily, necessitating the analysis of this data to extract valuable business insights. The solution must be capable of ingesting raw transactional data from various sources, including APIs, structured databases, and event-driven streams. Subsequently, the data must be transformed and loaded into a database for reporting and analysis. The solution must be highly available, scalable, secure, and optimized for cost efficiency.

Objective

Implement an ETL pipeline using Azure services and Databricks to process, analyze, and visualize large datasets, adhering to production-level requirements. We will design, deploy, and present an end-to-end solution that integrates various Azure services, focusing on real-world data engineering challenges.

Workflow Architecture



Bronze Layer

- **Data Sources:** Historical data is stored in Blob Storage, and real-time data is ingested through Event Hub.
- **Data Processing:** Stream Analytics Job is used to process real-time data as it arrives.
- **Purpose:** This layer captures raw data from various sources and performs initial processing on real-time data. It serves as the landing zone for all incoming data.

Silver Layer

- **Data Processing:** Data Factory is used to further process and transform the data.
- **Data Storage:** The processed data is stored in SQL DB and Cosmos DB.
- **Purpose:** This layer cleanses, validates, and enriches the data. It involves deduplication, transformation, and integration of data from different sources.

Gold Layer

- **Data Consumption:** The refined data is made available for business intelligence and analytics through Power BI and a website.
- **Purpose:** This layer contains highly curated, business-ready data optimized for reporting, dashboards, and advanced analytics.

Data Collection, Exploratory Data Analysis(EDA), and Data Preprocessing

Data Collection:

The provided datasets are:

Historical Data

1. **customer_data.csv**: Contains customer information such as names, contact details, and demographic data.

Table: Data Description

Attribute Name	Data Type	Description	Missing Values (%)
Customer_id	Integer	Id of Customers	0%
First_name	String	Customer's first name	0%
Last_name	String	Customer's last name	0%
Signup_date	Date	Signup date of cust.	0%
Address	String	Customers address	0%
Email	String	Customers email	0%

2. **inventory_data.csv**: Includes details about the products in stock, such as item names, quantities, and prices.

Table: Data Description

Attribute Name	Data Type	Description	Missing Values (%)
Product_id	Integer	Id of product	0%
Current_stock	Integer	Stock Available	0%
Reorder_level	Integer	Items used	0%

3. **Product_data.csv**: Similar to the previous file, contains data of product inventory with price, categories.

Table: Data Description

Attribute Name	Data Type	Description	Missing Values (%)
Product_id	Integer	Id of product	0%
Product_name	String	Name of Product	0%

Stock_Quantity	Integer	Items available	0%
Category	String	Categories of product	0%
Price	Integer	Price of Product	0%

4. **Reviews_data.csv**: Holds customer reviews and ratings for various products or services. **Table: Data Description**

Attribute Name	Data Type	Description	Missing Values (%)
Review_id	String	Review ID	0%
Customer_id	String	Customer ID	0%
Product_id	String	Product ID	0%
Rating	Integer	Product Rating	0%
Review_Text	String	Customer Feedback	0%
Review_date	Date	Date of review	0%

5. **Transaction_data.csv**: Records transaction details, including purchase dates, amounts, and customer IDs.

Attribute Name	Data Type	Description	Missing Values (%)
Transaction_id	String	Review ID	0%
Customer_id	String	Customer ID	0%
Transaction_date	date	Transaction date	0%
Product_id	String	Product ID	0%
Quantity	Integer	Product Quantity	0%
Payment_Type	String	Mode of Payment	0%
Transaction_amount	Float	Transaction amount	0%

Real-Time Data

1. **Realtime transactions.json:** Contains real-time transaction data including transaction IDs, timestamps, amounts, and customer details.

Attribute Name	Data Type	Description	Missing Values (%)
Transaction_id	String	Review ID	0%
Customer_id	String	Customer ID	0%
Transaction_date	date	Transaction date	0%
Product_id	String	Product ID	0%
Quantity	Integer	Product Quantity	0%
Payment_Type	String	Mode of Payment	0%
Transaction_amount	Float	Transaction amount	0%

Data Preprocessing

The data preprocessing phase involved cleaning the raw transactional data using PySpark in Databricks. This process is crucial for ensuring the quality and reliability of the data before it is used for analysis and reporting. Here is a detailed explanation of the steps involved:

1. Data Ingestion:

The raw data, stored in CSV files in Azure Blob Storage, was ingested into Databricks using PySpark. Databricks provides a collaborative environment for data engineering and data science, making it an ideal platform for preprocessing large datasets.

2. Data Cleaning:

Removing Duplicates: Duplicate records were identified and removed to ensure that each transaction is unique. This was achieved using the `dropDuplicates()` function in PySpark.

Handling Missing Values: Missing values were handled by either filling them with appropriate default values or by removing the records with missing critical information. The `dropna()` functions in PySpark was used for this purpose.

Table: Data Preprocessing Summary

Step	Technique	Result
Checked Null Values	Counting each column null	Consistent Data
Checked Duplicates	Using filter and count together	Clean data without duplicates

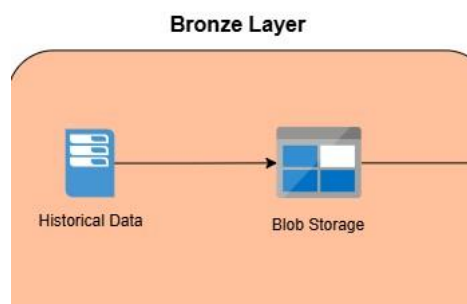
Data Storage and Optimization

For Historical Data

Azure Blob Storage:

Purpose: Used for extracting and storing raw transactional data from CSV files.

Reason for Choice: Azure Blob Storage provides scalable and cost-effective storage for unstructured data. It supports a wide range of data formats and integrates seamlessly with other Azure services. Blob Storage offers high durability and availability, making it an ideal choice for storing large volumes of raw data.



For Real Time Data Storage

Azure Cosmos DB:

Purpose: Used for storing real-time data from Event Hub.

Reason for Choice: Azure Cosmos DB is a globally distributed, multi-model database service that provides low-latency and high-throughput performance. It is designed to handle real-time data streams and supports automatic scaling to accommodate varying workloads. Cosmos DB offers comprehensive security features, including encryption and fine-grained access control, ensuring the protection of real-time data.

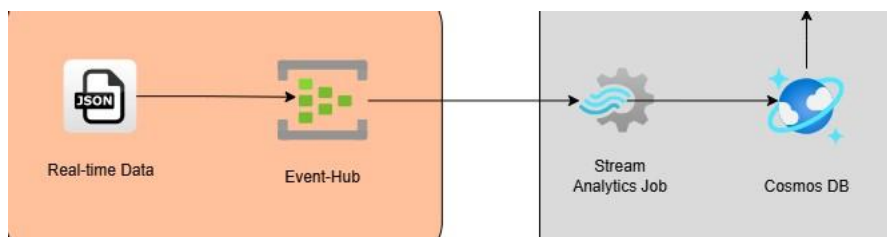


Fig. Real time data storage

Azure SQL Database:

Purpose: Used for storing transformed data for reporting and analysis. Reason for Choice: Azure SQL Database is a fully managed relational database service that offers high performance, scalability, and security. It supports automated backups, patching, and scaling, ensuring high availability and reliability. The service also provides advanced security features, including encryption and threat detection, making it suitable for storing sensitive business data.

Data Storage Architecture:

Partitioning & Indexing Strategies:

Composite Indexing:

- **Technique:** Composite Indexing
- **Description:** Composite indexes were created on multiple columns that are often used together in queries, such as customer ID and transaction date. This technique helps in optimizing complex queries that involve multiple columns.
- **Result:** Improved performance for multi-column queries, as the composite index allows for efficient data retrieval based on multiple criteria.

6. Real-Time Data Processing and Streaming

Real-Time Data Processing:

Azure Event Hubs for Data Ingestion – Real-time transaction data is streamed into Azure Event Hubs, acting as a highly scalable event ingestion service.

Azure Stream Analytics for Data Processing – Incoming transaction data is processed using Azure Stream Analytics (ASA) to perform transformations, aggregations, and anomaly detection in real time.

Apache Spark on Azure Databricks for Advanced Processing – Real-time fraud detection, risk assessment, and customer behavior analysis are performed using Spark Structured Streaming in Azure Databricks.

Delta Lake for Streaming Data Storage – Streamed data is written into Delta Lake tables in ADLS (Bronze Layer), ensuring ACID compliance and real-time updates.

Power BI & Alerts for Instant Insights – Real-time dashboards in Power BI display live transaction trends, and Azure Functions trigger alerts for suspicious activities like potential fraud.

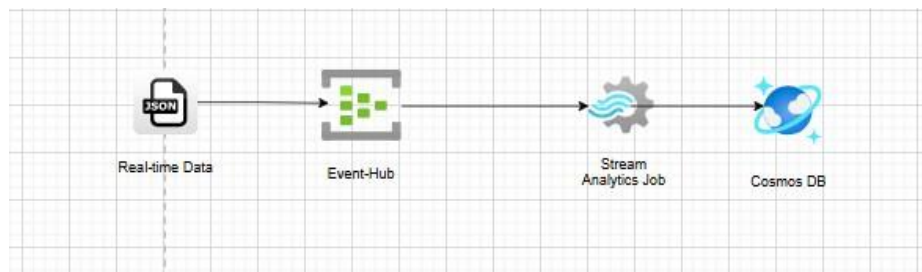


Fig. Real time data entering Cosmos DB

Triggering Events :

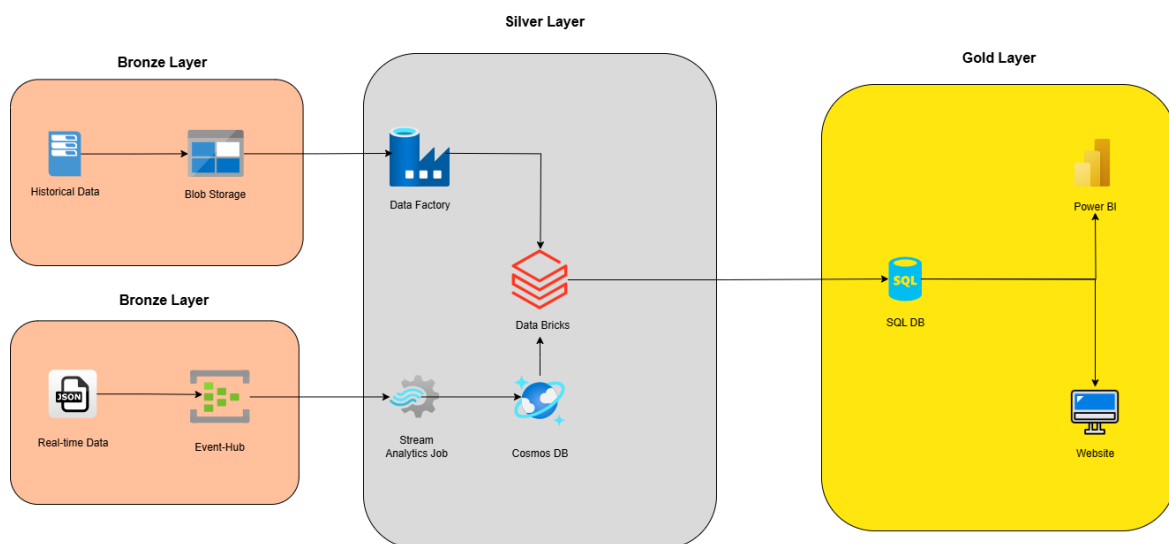
- **Fraud Detection Alerts** : If a transaction amount exceeds a predefined threshold or an unusual pattern is detected, an Azure Function triggers an alert.
- **Service Availability Monitoring** : If a bank service is down or slow, an Event Grid notification is sent to the IT support team for immediate action.
- **Real-Time Risk Assessment** : High-risk transactions (e.g., large withdrawals, rapid transactions in different locations) trigger real-time risk assessment models to flag suspicious activity.

Solution Design & Integration

- **Data Extraction from Multiple Sources** : Historical data is pulled from blobstorage via Azure Data Factory (ADF), and real-time data is ingested using Azure Event Hubs from banking transactions.

- **Transformation & Cleansing in Databricks** : Raw data is processed in Azure Databricks using Apache Spark, including data validation, missing value handling, and feature engineering.
- **Loading into Medallion Architecture** : Processed data is stored in Azure Data Lake Storage (ADLS) following the Bronze (raw), Silver (cleaned), and Gold (aggregated) layers.
- **Batch & Real-Time Processing Integration** : Historical transaction data is processed in batch mode while real-time streaming is handled with Stream Analytics.
- **Orchestration Using Azure Data Factory** : ADF Pipelines automate data movement between layers, trigger transformations, and integrate batch + real-time processing for seamless operations.

System Architecture



Automated Workflows:

- **ADF Pipeline for ETL Automation** : ADF triggers data extraction, transformation, and storage using scheduled pipelines, reducing manual intervention.
- **Event-Driven Processing with Azure Functions** : Fraud detection triggers real-time alerts based on transaction anomalies, ensuring quick action.
- **CI/CD Deployment with Azure DevOps** : Automated deployments using GitHub Actions and Azure DevOps Pipelines, ensuring seamless updates to ETL workflows.

Implementation and Results

Architecture:

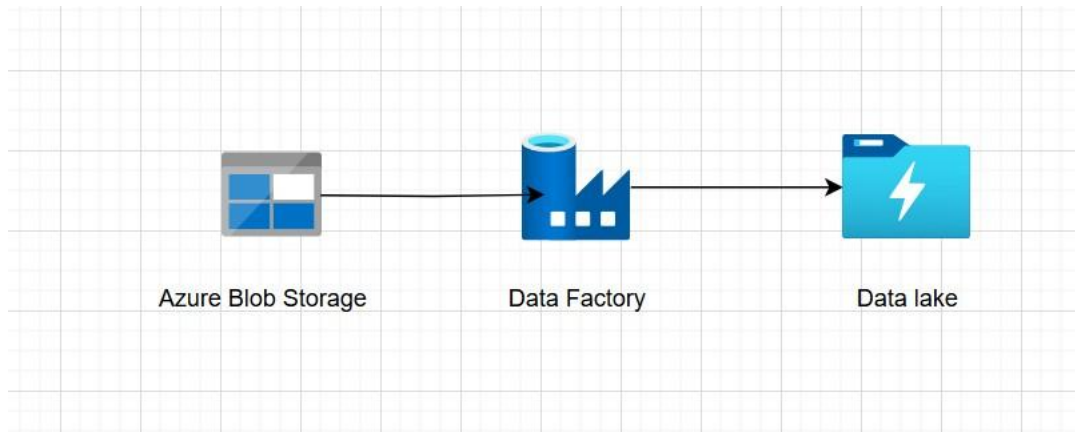


Fig. Historical data flow

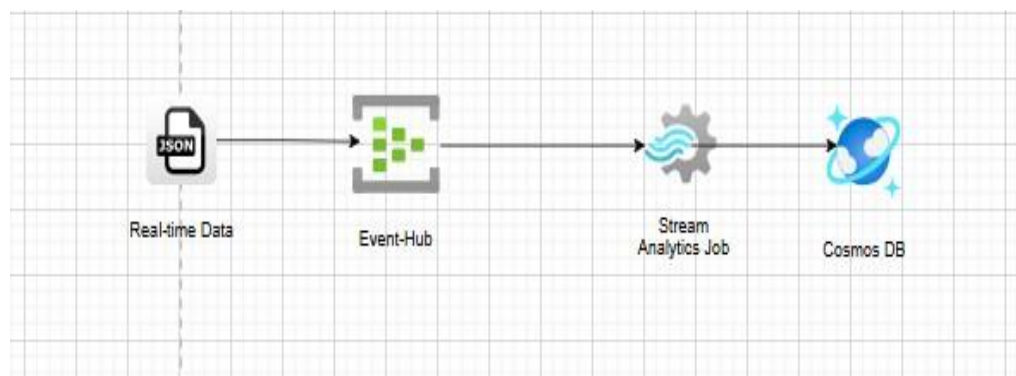


Fig. Real time data flow

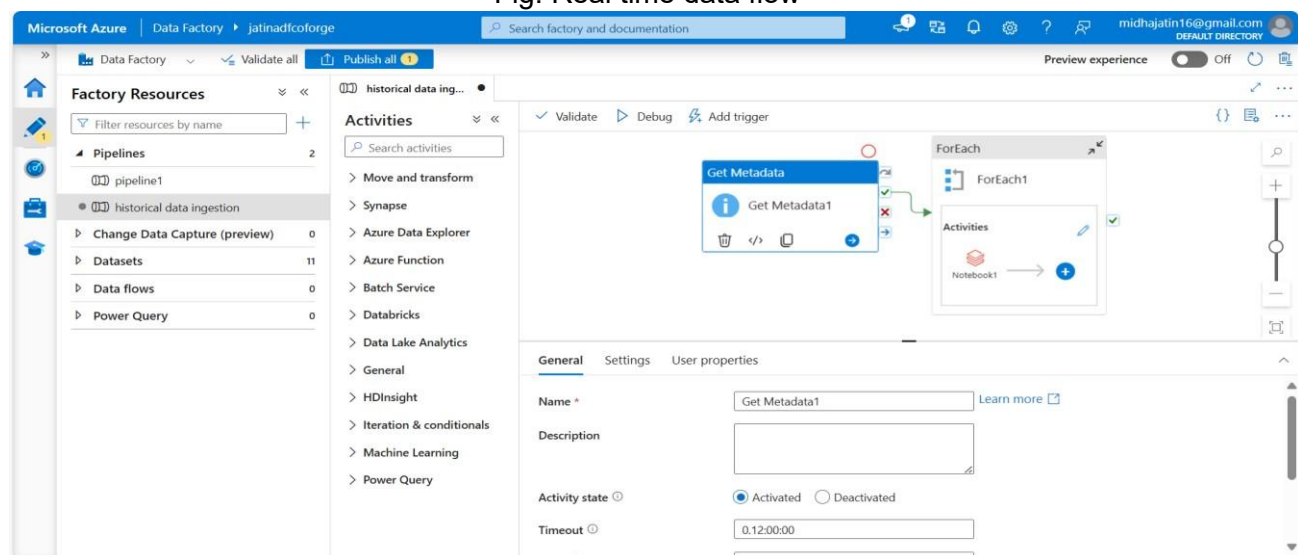


Fig. Ingesting historical data from blob to data bricks towards delta lake

```
# Connection details as variables
```

```
cosmos_endpoint = "https://jatincosmosdb.documents.azure.com:443/"  
cosmos_key =
```

```
"IOvGwpuVgubfdwdSgHknWaUfPFU8BJYKoX9TM0kac5i7Wbv24G5MSv0y8iVt9sE2TXl10rGiI5sBACDbb69zrw=="  
database_name = "jatincosmosdb" container_name = "livedatastorage"
```

```
# Read from Cosmos DB cosmos_df
```

```
= spark.read \  
    .format("cosmos.oltp") \  
    .option("spark.cosmos.accountEndpoint", cosmos_endpoint) \  
    .option("spark.cosmos.accountKey", cosmos_key) \  
    .option("spark.cosmos.database", database_name) \  
    .option("spark.cosmos.container", container_name) \  
    .load()
```

```
# Select only required columns (remove Cosmos DB metadata)
```

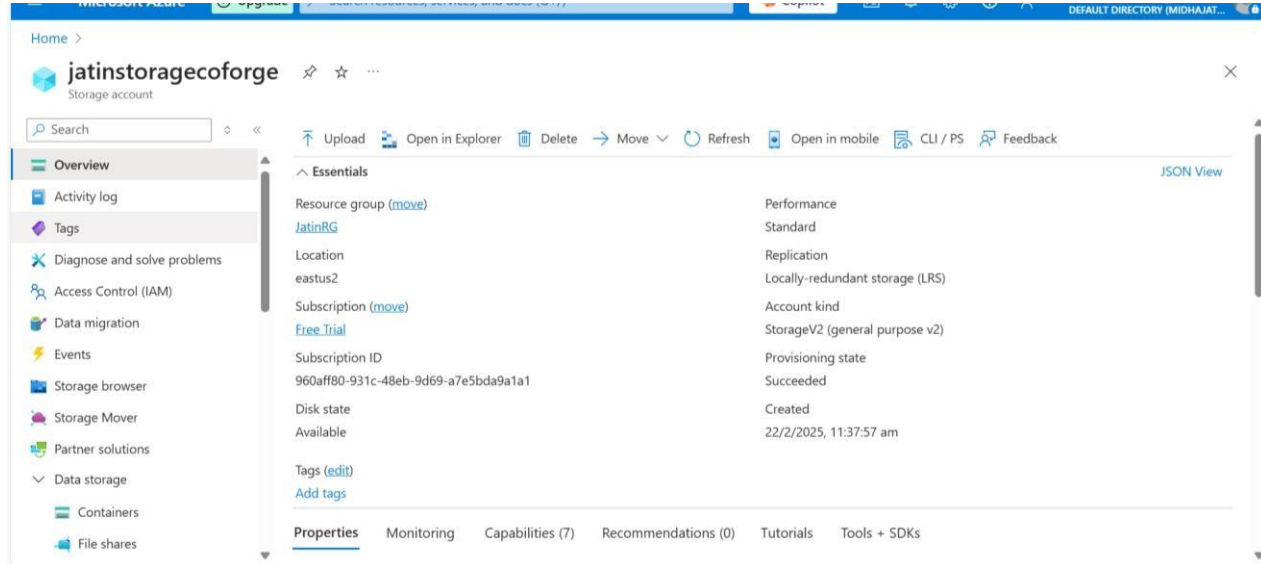
```
cosmos_realtime_df = cosmos_df.select(  
    col("transaction_id"),    col("customer_id"),  
    col("transaction_date"),  col("product_id"),  
    col("quantity"),          col("payment_type"),  
    col("transaction_amount") )
```

Connecting Cosmos to databricks for transformations

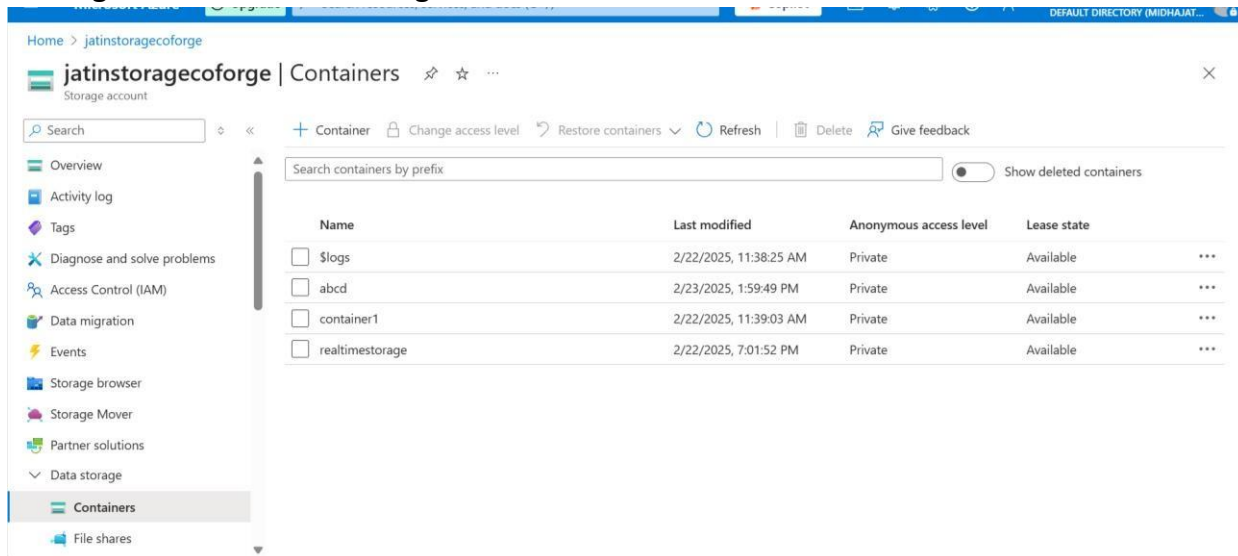
WORKING SCREENSHOTS

For historical data:

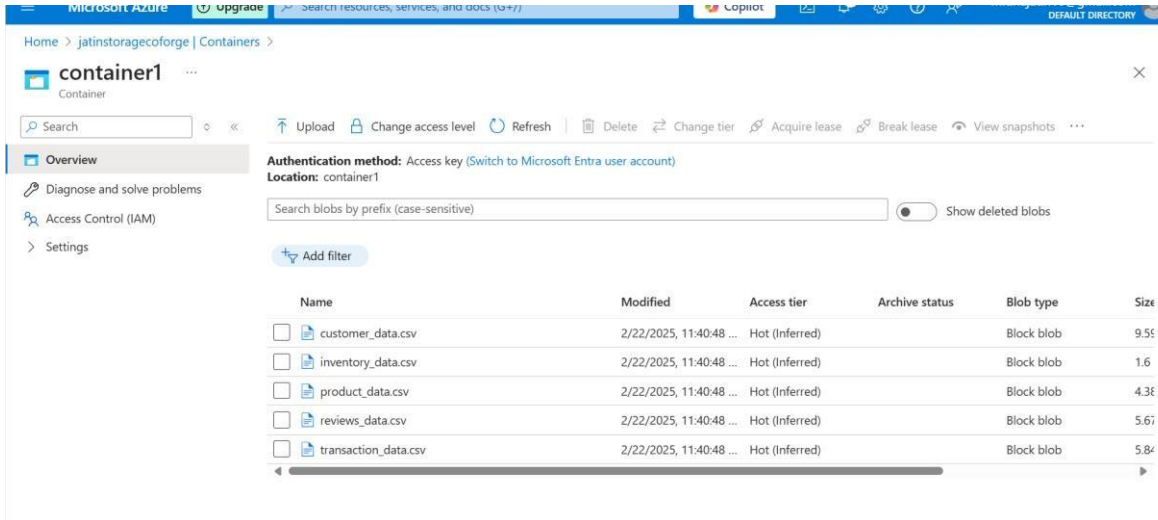
Creating Storage Account



Creating Containers in the storage account



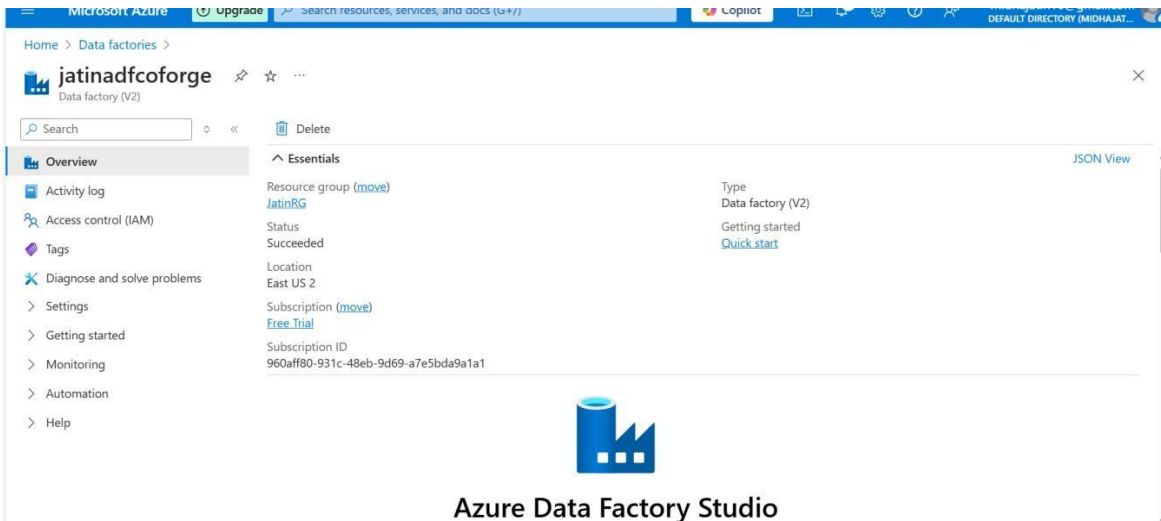
Blob storage where csv's were stored



The screenshot shows the Microsoft Azure portal interface for a container named 'container1'. The left sidebar includes 'Overview', 'Diagnose and solve problems', 'Access Control (IAM)', and 'Settings'. The main area displays the 'Authentication method' as 'Access key' and the 'Location' as 'container1'. A search bar for blobs is present, along with a 'Show deleted blobs' toggle. A table lists the blobs stored in the container:

Name	Modified	Access tier	Archive status	Blob type	Size
customer_data.csv	2/22/2025, 11:40:48 ...	Hot (Inferred)		Block blob	9.55
inventory_data.csv	2/22/2025, 11:40:48 ...	Hot (Inferred)		Block blob	1.6
product_data.csv	2/22/2025, 11:40:48 ...	Hot (Inferred)		Block blob	4.38
reviews_data.csv	2/22/2025, 11:40:48 ...	Hot (Inferred)		Block blob	5.67
transaction_data.csv	2/22/2025, 11:40:48 ...	Hot (Inferred)		Block blob	5.84

Initializing Data Factory



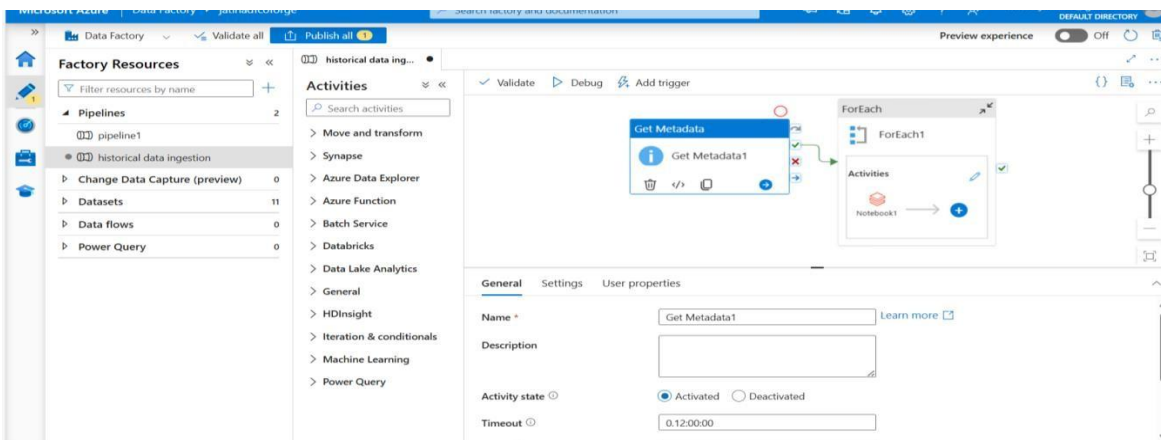
The screenshot shows the Microsoft Azure portal interface for a Data Factory named 'jatinadfcforge'. The left sidebar includes 'Overview', 'Activity log', 'Access control (IAM)', 'Tags', 'Diagnose and solve problems', 'Settings', 'Getting started', 'Monitoring', 'Automation', and 'Help'. The main area displays the 'Essentials' section with the following information:

- Resource group: [JatinRG](#)
- Status: Succeeded
- Location: East US 2
- Subscription: [Free Trial](#)
- Subscription ID: 960aff80-931c-48eb-9d69-a7e5bda9a1a1

The 'Type' is 'Data factory (V2)' and the 'Getting started' link is available. The 'JSON View' link is also present.

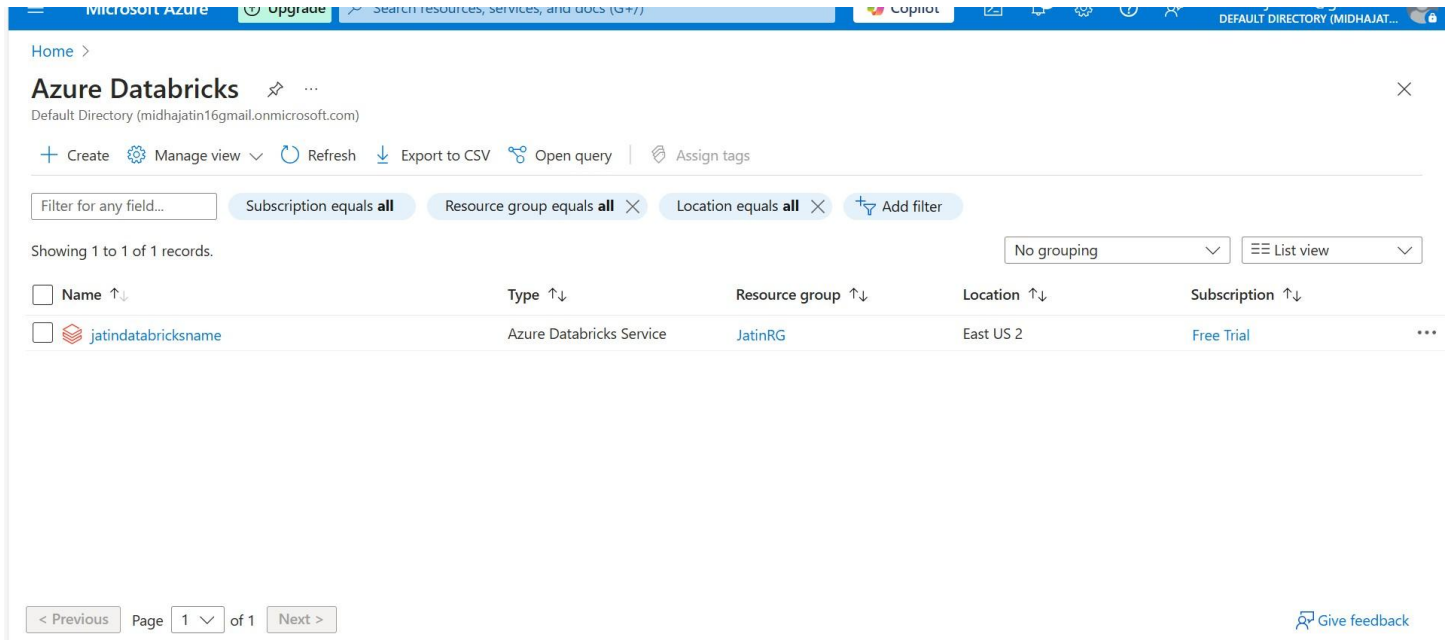
Azure Data Factory Studio

Ingesting data from Blob Storage through Data Factory



The screenshot shows the Microsoft Azure Data Factory Studio interface. The left sidebar includes 'Factory Resources' with a search bar and a list of resources: 'Pipelines' (2), 'historical data ingestion' (selected), 'Change Data Capture (preview)' (0), 'Datasets' (11), 'Data flows' (0), and 'Power Query' (0). The main area displays the 'Activities' section with a search bar and a list of activities: 'Move and transform', 'Synapse', 'Azure Data Explorer', 'Azure Function', 'Batch Service', 'Databricks', 'Data Lake Analytics', 'General', 'HDInsight', 'Iteration & conditionals', 'Machine Learning', and 'Power Query'. The 'Get Metadata' activity is selected, and the 'General' tab is active, showing the activity name 'Get Metadata1', description, activity state (Activated), and timeout (0.12:00:00).

Opening databricks



Home > Azure Databricks

Default Directory (midhajatin16gmail.onmicrosoft.com)

+ Create Manage view Refresh Export to CSV Open query Assign tags

Filter for any field... Subscription equals all Resource group equals all Location equals all Add filter

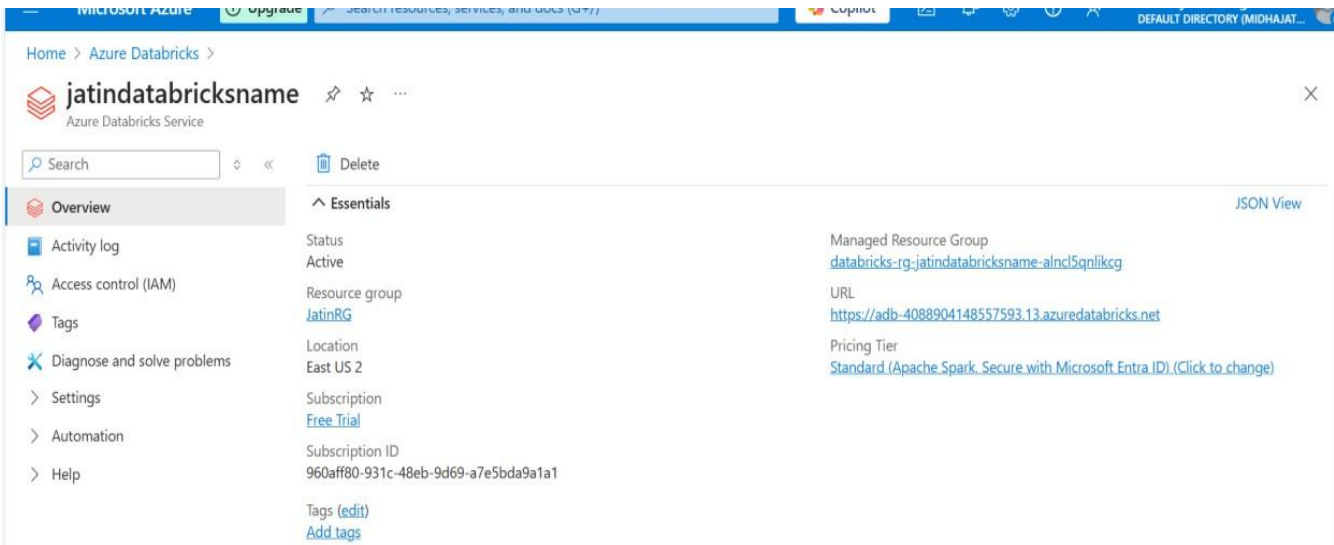
Showing 1 to 1 of 1 records. No grouping List view

Name	Type	Resource group	Location	Subscription
jatindatabricksname	Azure Databricks Service	JatinRG	East US 2	Free Trial

< Previous Page 1 of 1 Next >

Give feedback

Databricks Details



Home > Azure Databricks > jatindatabricksname

Azure Databricks Service

Search Delete

Overview

Activity log Access control (IAM) Tags Diagnose and solve problems Settings Automation Help

Essentials

Status: Active

Resource group: JatinRG

Location: East US 2

Subscription: Free Trial

Subscription ID: 960aff80-931c-48eb-9d69-a7e5bda9a1a1

Tags (edit) Add tags

Managed Resource Group: databricks-rg-jatindatabricksname-almcl5gnlikcg

URL: https://adb-4088904148557593.13.azuredatabricks.net

Pricing Tier: Standard (Apache Spark, Secure with Microsoft Entra ID). (Click to change)

JSON View

Microsoft Azure databricks Search data, notebooks, recents, and more... CTRL + P jatindatabricksname

Catalog Explorer Send feedback

Type to search...

- Delta Shares Received
 - samples
- Legacy
 - hive_metastore
 - default
 - customer_data
 - inventory_data
 - product_data
 - reviews_data
 - transaction_data
 - realtimeDatabase

hive_metastore

Schemas

Filter schemas 2 schemas

Name

- default
- realtimeDatabase

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 - customer_data
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 - realtimeDatabase

customer_data Create

Overview **Sample Data** Details History

Data Preview

	customer_id	first_name	last_name	signup_date	address
1	CUST100	Charvi	Lata	2023-10-22	H.No. 389, Mukherjee
2	CUST101	Vamakhshi	Bhatt	2023-09-22	68/85, Devan Zila, Mc
3	CUST102	Leena	Sidhu	2023-04-01	79/50, Bath Nagar, Ai
4	CUST103	Arin	Rai	2023-01-13	05/67, Kuruvilla Circle
5	CUST104	Anamika	Singhal	2023-05-16	H.No. 43, Gupta Stree
6	CUST105	Advay	Dugar	2023-04-16	H.No. 382, Saran, Me
7	CUST106	Harinakshi	Sarma	2023-02-03	59, Bose Street, Chins
8	CUST107	David	Maharaj	2023-01-25	86/24, Gandhi, Sagar
9	CUST108	Jyoti	Guha	2023-08-14	63, Jani Nagar, Bhavn
10	CUST109	Arjun	Purohit	2023-10-16	58/38, Jhaveri Circle,
11	CUST110	Inaya	Maharaj	2023-07-03	96/997, Kant Ganj, Ne
12					

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New

- Workspace
- Recents
- Catalog**
- Workflows
- Compute
- Data Engineering
- Job Runs
- Machine Learning
- Playground
- Experiments
- Features
- Models
- Serving

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- default
 - customer_data
 - inventory_data**
 - product_data
 - reviews_data
 - transaction_data
 - realtimedatabase

inventory_data Create

Overview Sample Data Details History

Data Preview

	product_id	current_stock	reorder_level
1	PROD1000	445	3
2	PROD1001	889	0
3	PROD1002	518	3
4	PROD1003	796	6
5	PROD1004	444	0
6	PROD1005	564	2
7	PROD1006	597	4
8	PROD1007	755	0
9	PROD1008	380	1
10	PROD1009	728	3
11	PROD1010	586	0
12	PROD1011	381	0

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Catalog Explorer Send feedback

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- default
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 - inventory_data
 - product_data**
 - reviews_data
 - transaction_data
 - realtimedatabase

product_data Create

Overview Sample Data Details History

Data Preview

	product_id	product_name	stock_quantity	category	price
1	PROD1000	Smart Home Device	448	Gadgets	23462.97
2	PROD1001	Camera	889	Electronics	60107.3
3	PROD1002	Camera	521	Electronics	122360.67
4	PROD1003	Headphones	802	Accessories	4468.55
5	PROD1004	Headphones	444	Accessories	9339.76
6	PROD1005	Gaming Console	566	Gadgets	57460.41
7	PROD1006	Headphones	601	Accessories	2324.27
8	PROD1007	Laptop	755	Electronics	45413.19
9	PROD1008	Camera	381	Electronics	276093.29
10	PROD1009	Headphones	731	Accessories	7606.9
11	PROD1010	Smartwatch	586	Gadgets	5353.91
12	PROD1011	Tablet	381	Electronics	26156.61

Microsoft Azure databricks

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New

Workspace

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Catalog

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 - transaction_data
 - realtimedatabase

default >

reviews_data

Overview Sample Data Details History

Data Preview

	review_id	customer_id	product_id	rating	review_text
1	REV5000	CUST150	PROD1037	2	Very frustrating!
2	REV5001	CUST160	PROD1035	3	Meets expectations.
3	REV5002	CUST169	PROD1005	2	Not durable!
4	REV5003	CUST144	PROD1096	1	Not worth the money!
5	REV5004	CUST126	PROD1059	4	Great quality!
6	REV5005	CUST187	PROD1060	3	Decent but expensive.
7	REV5006	CUST180	PROD1050	5	Amazing experience!
8	REV5007	CUST153	PROD1064	5	Very satisfied!
9	REV5008	CUST120	PROD1038	2	Will not buy again!
10	REV5009	CUST107	PROD1052	5	Love this!
11	REV5010	CUST159	PROD1011	4	Super fast delivery!
12					

Microsoft Azure databricks

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New

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 - product_data
 - reviews_data
 - transaction_data
 - realtimedatabase

default >

transaction_data

Overview Sample Data Details History

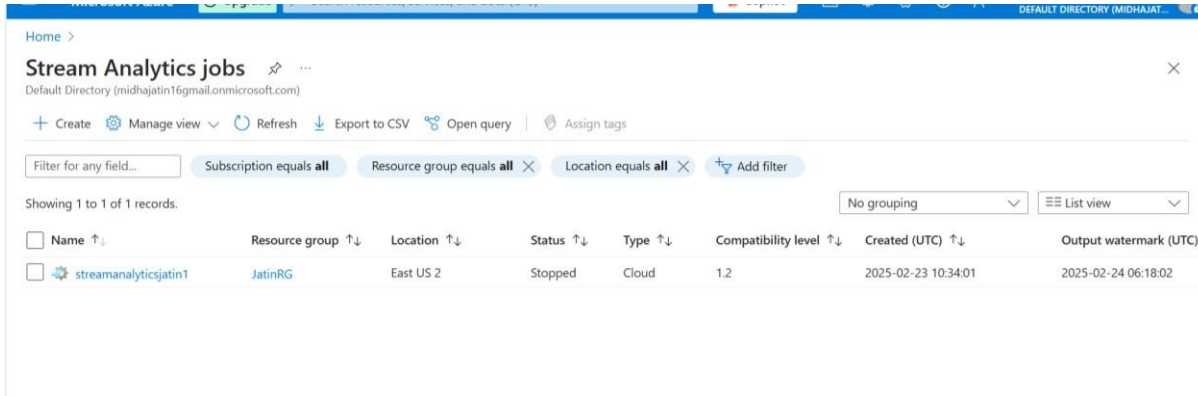
Data Preview

	transaction_id	customer_id	transaction_date	product_id	quantity
1	TXN1000	CUST139	2024-08-14	PROD1037	
2	TXN1001	CUST192	2024-07-23	PROD1075	
3	TXN1002	CUST131	2024-03-04	PROD1018	
4	TXN1003	CUST167	2024-06-09	PROD1098	
5	TXN1004	CUST128	2024-06-26	PROD1079	
6	TXN1005	CUST164	2024-03-15	PROD1021	
7	TXN1006	CUST185	2024-06-05	PROD1070	
8	TXN1007	CUST114	2024-03-14	PROD1041	
9	TXN1008	CUST160	2024-08-29	PROD1078	
10	TXN1009	CUST115	2024-05-17	PROD1032	
11	TXN1010	CUST184	2024-07-30	PROD1074	
12					

<https://adb-4088904148557593.13.azuredatabricks.net/browse?o=4088904...>

For Real-Time Data

Initializing Stream Analytics Job



Home > Stream Analytics jobs

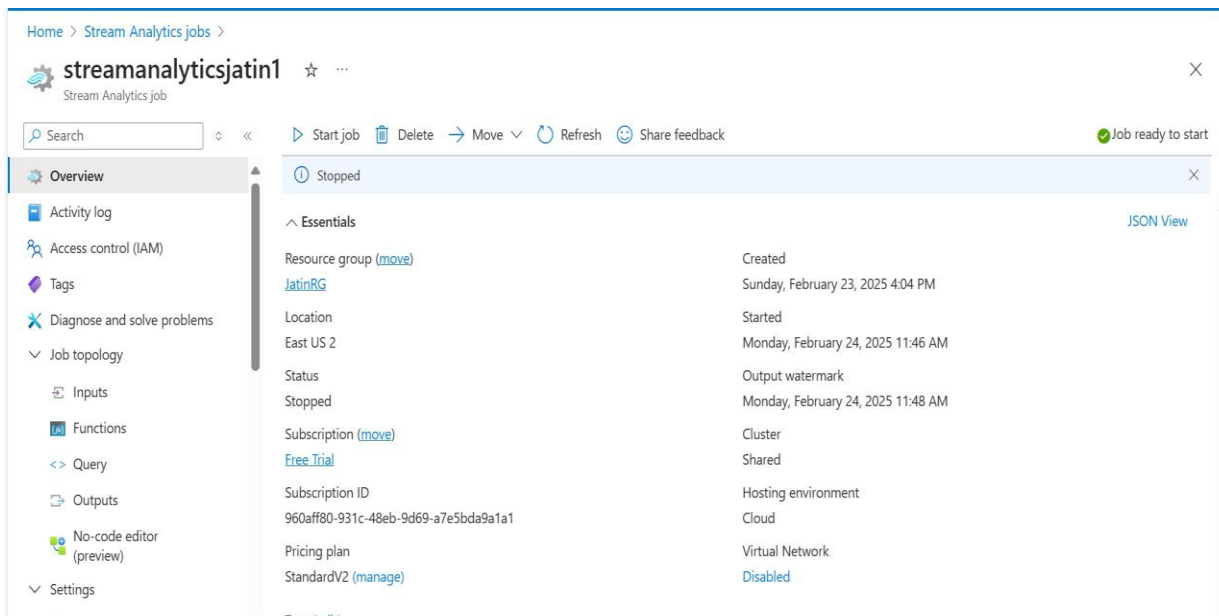
Default Directory (midhajatin16@gmail.onmicrosoft.com)

+ Create Manage view Refresh Export to CSV Open query Assign tags

Filter for any field... Subscription equals all Resource group equals all Location equals all Add filter

Showing 1 to 1 of 1 records. No grouping List view

Name	Resource group	Location	Status	Type	Compatibility level	Created (UTC)	Output watermark (UTC)
streamanalyticsjatin1	JatinRG	East US 2	Stopped	Cloud	1.2	2025-02-23 10:34:01	2025-02-24 06:18:02



Home > Stream Analytics jobs > streamanalyticsjatin1

Stream Analytics job

Search Start job Delete Move Refresh Share feedback Job ready to start

Overview

- Activity log
- Access control (IAM)
- Tags
- Diagnose and solve problems
- Job topology
 - Inputs
 - Functions
 - Query
 - Outputs
 - No-code editor (preview)
 - Settings

Stopped

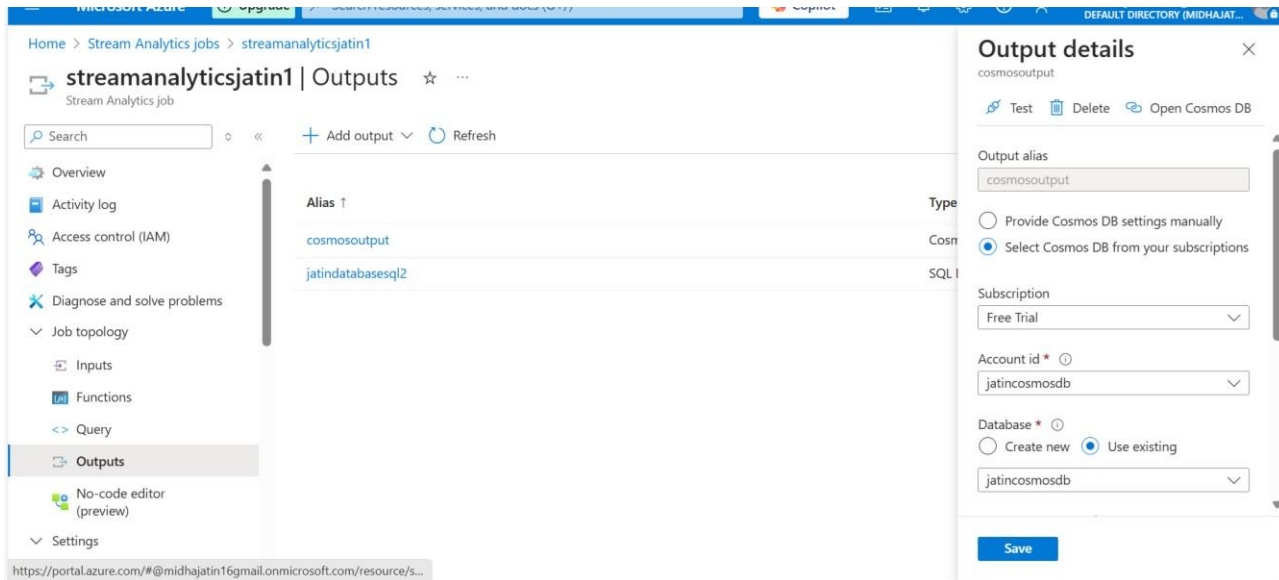
Essentials

Resource group (move)	JatinRG	Created	Sunday, February 23, 2025 4:04 PM
Location	East US 2	Started	Monday, February 24, 2025 11:46 AM
Status	Stopped	Output watermark	Monday, February 24, 2025 11:48 AM
Subscription (move)	Free Trial	Cluster	Shared
Subscription ID	960aff80-931c-48eb-9d69-a7e5bda9a1a1	Hosting environment	Cloud
Pricing plan	StandardV2 (manage)	Virtual Network	Disabled

JSON View

Setting up Input

Setting up Output



Home > Stream Analytics jobs > streamanalyticsjatin1

streamanalyticsjatin1 | Outputs

Stream Analytics job

Search

+ Add output Refresh

Alias ↑

Alias	Type
cosmosoutput	Cosmos DB
jatindatabasesql2	SQL Database

Overview
Activity log
Access control (IAM)
Tags
Diagnose and solve problems
Job topology
Inputs
Functions
Query
Outputs
No-code editor (preview)
Settings

https://portal.azure.com/#@midhajatin16gmail.onmicrosoft.com/resource/s...

Output details

cosmosoutput

Test Delete Open Cosmos DB

Output alias
cosmosoutput

☐ Provide Cosmos DB settings manually
☒ Select Cosmos DB from your subscriptions

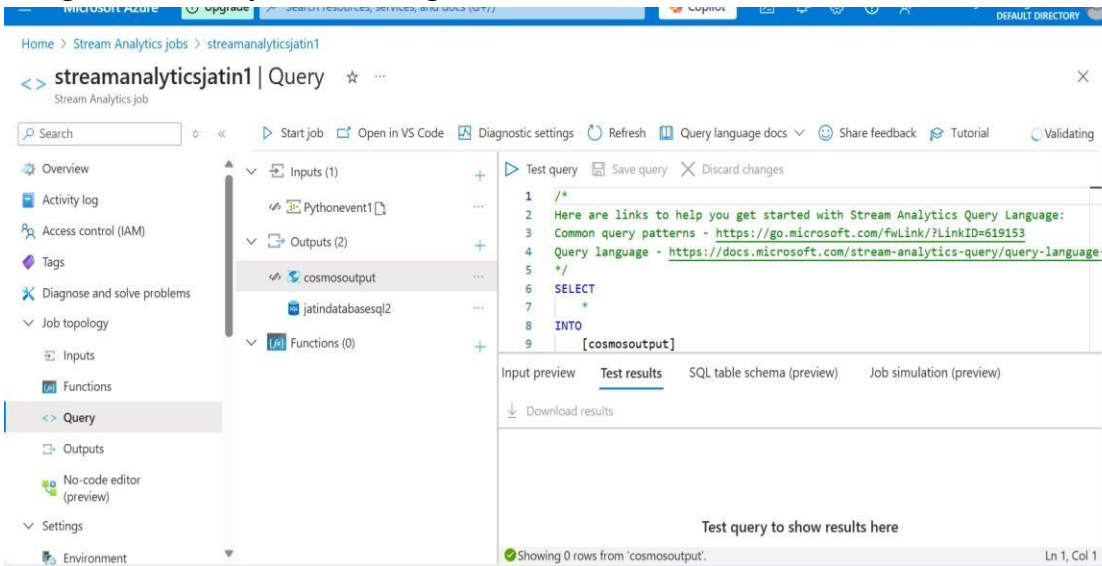
Subscription
Free Trial

Account id *
jatin cosmosdb

Database *
☐ Create new
☒ Use existing
 jatincosmosdb

Save

Using Stream Analytics Job to ingest real time data



Home > Stream Analytics jobs > streamanalyticsjatin1

streamanalyticsjatin1 | Query

Stream Analytics job

Search

Start job Open in VS Code Diagnostic settings Refresh Query language docs Share feedback Tutorial Validating

Test query Save query Discard changes

```

1 /*
2 Here are links to help you get started with Stream Analytics Query Language:
3 Common query patterns - https://go.microsoft.com/fwlink/?LinkID=619153
4 Query language - https://docs.microsoft.com/stream-analytics-query/query-language
5 */
6 SELECT
7 *
8 INTO
9 [cosmosoutput]
  
```

Input preview Test results SQL table schema (preview) Job simulation (preview)

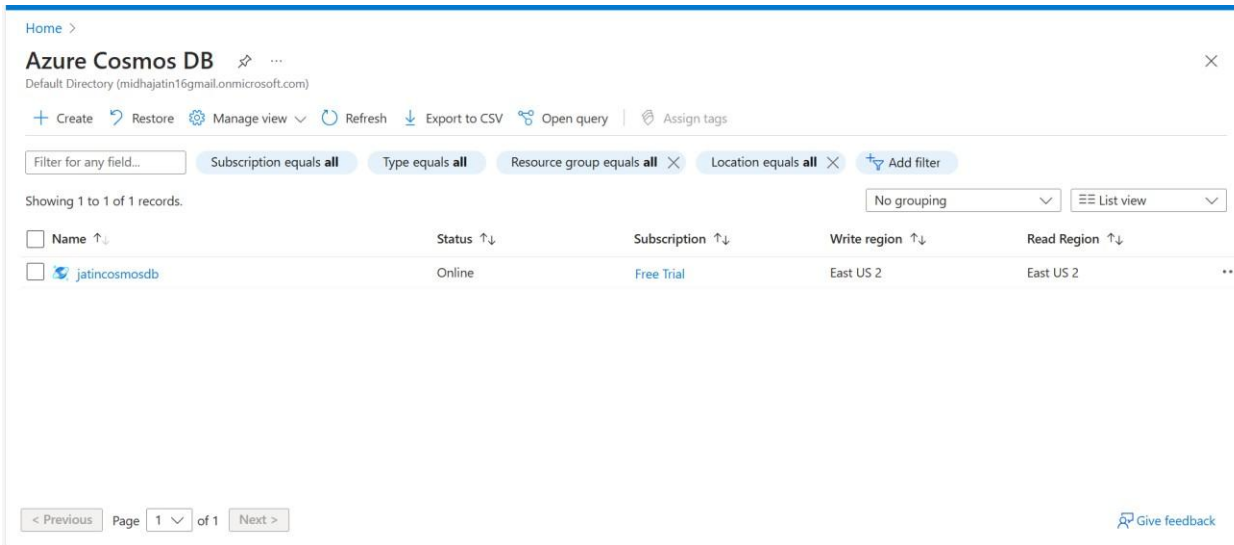
Download results

Test query to show results here

Showing 0 rows from 'cosmosoutput'. Ln 1, Col 1

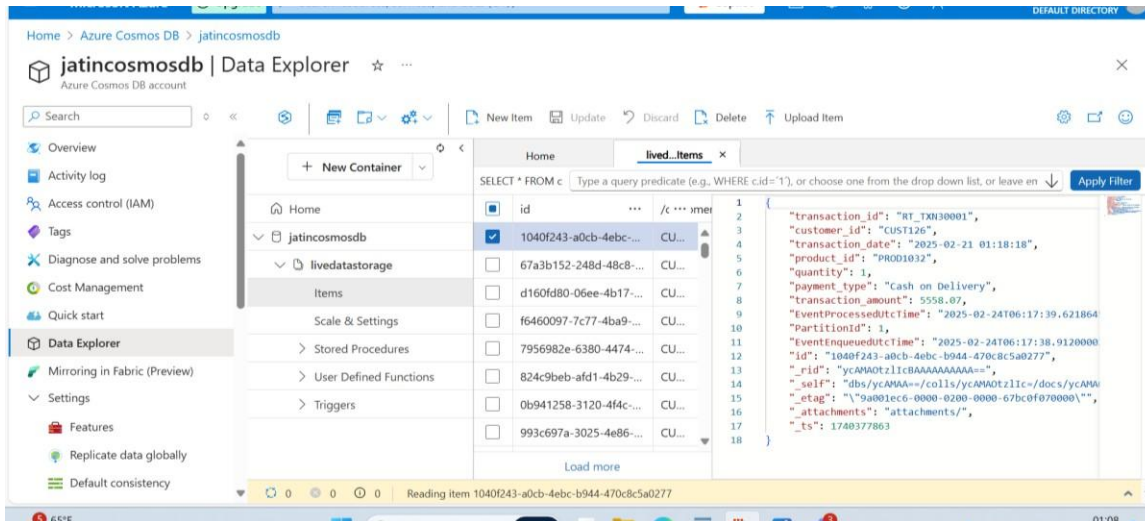
Overview
Activity log
Access control (IAM)
Tags
Diagnose and solve problems
Job topology
Inputs
Functions
Query
Outputs
No-code editor (preview)
Settings
Environment

Setting up Cosmos DB



The screenshot shows the Azure Cosmos DB portal interface. At the top, there's a navigation bar with 'Home' and 'Azure Cosmos DB'. Below this, the 'Default Directory (midhajatin16gmail.onmicrosoft.com)' is displayed. A toolbar contains buttons for 'Create', 'Restore', 'Manage view', 'Refresh', 'Export to CSV', 'Open query', and 'Assign tags'. A filter bar shows 'Subscription equals all', 'Type equals all', 'Resource group equals all', and 'Location equals all'. The main content area displays a table with one record for 'jatincosmosdb'. The table has columns for 'Name', 'Status', 'Subscription', 'Write region', and 'Read Region'. The status is 'Online', subscription is 'Free Trial', and both regions are 'East US 2'. At the bottom, there's a pagination bar showing 'Page 1 of 1' and a 'Give feedback' link.

Data is sent to Cosmos DB



The screenshot shows the Azure Cosmos DB Data Explorer interface. The left sidebar contains a navigation menu with options like 'Overview', 'Activity log', 'Access control (IAM)', 'Tags', 'Diagnose and solve problems', 'Cost Management', 'Quick start', 'Data Explorer', 'Mirroring in Fabric (Preview)', and 'Settings'. The 'Data Explorer' section is selected, showing a tree view of the database 'jatincosmosdb' with containers 'livedatastorage' and 'Items'. The 'Items' container is expanded, showing a list of items. The selected item is a JSON document with fields like 'transaction_id', 'customer_id', 'transaction_date', 'product_id', 'quantity', 'payment_type', 'transaction_amount', 'eventProcessedUtcTime', 'PartitionId', 'EventEnqueuedUtcTime', 'id', '_rid', '_self', '_etag', '_attachments', and '_ts'. The right pane shows the JSON document in a code editor. The bottom status bar indicates 'Reading item 1040f243-a0cb-4ebc-b944-470c8c5a0277'.


```
from pyspark.sql.functions import col
# Connection details as
variables
cosmos_endpoint = "https://jatincosmosdb.documents.azure.com:443/" cosmos_key =
"I0vGwpuVgubfdwdSgHknWaUPPFU8BJYKoX9TM0kac5i7Wbv24G5MSv0y8iVt9sE2TXl10rGiI5sBACDbb69zrw=="
database_name = "jatincosmosdb" container_name = "livedatastorage"

# Read from Cosmos DB cosmos_df
= spark.read \
    .format("cosmos.oltp") \
    .option("spark.cosmos.accountEndpoint", cosmos_endpoint) \
    .option("spark.cosmos.accountKey", cosmos_key) \
    .option("spark.cosmos.database", database_name) \
    .option("spark.cosmos.container", container_name) \
    .load()

# Select only required columns (remove Cosmos DB metadata)
cosmos_realtime_df = cosmos_df.select(
    col("transaction_id"),    col("customer_id"),
    col("transaction_date"),  col("product_id"),
    col("quantity"),         col("payment_type"),
    col("transaction_amount")
)

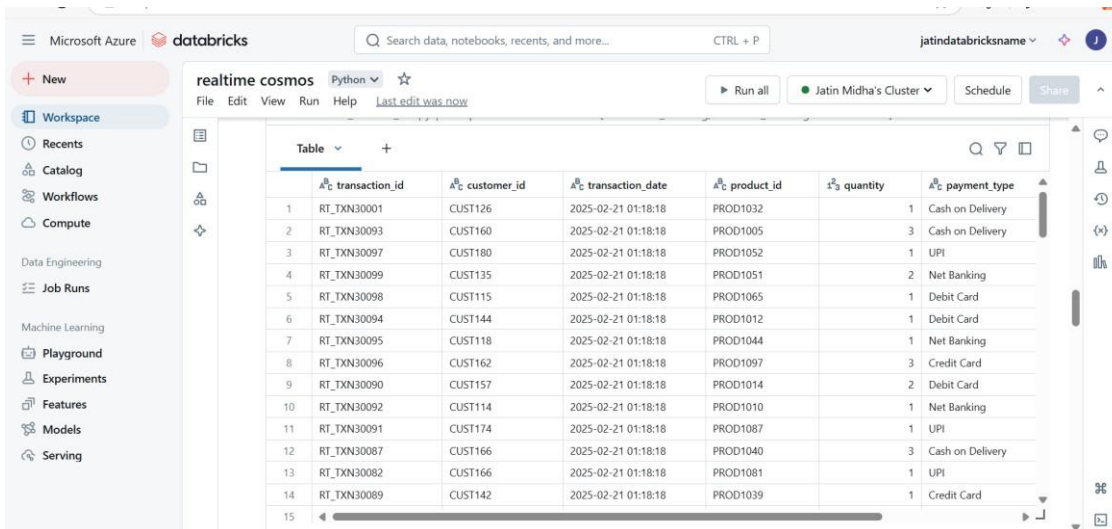
# Show data
display(cosmos_realtime_df)
```

```
%sql
create database if not exists realtimedatabase;
```



```
# Save as a Delta table in Hive Metastore database_name =
"realtimedatabase" table_name = "real_time_data_table" path =
f'dbfs:/user/hive/warehouse/realtimedatabase.db/{table_name}'
cosmos_realtime_df.write.format("delta").mode("overwrite").option("path",
path).saveAsTable(f'{database_name}.{table_name}')
# Print confirmation message print(f" Data successfully saved
as a Delta table: {table_name}")
```

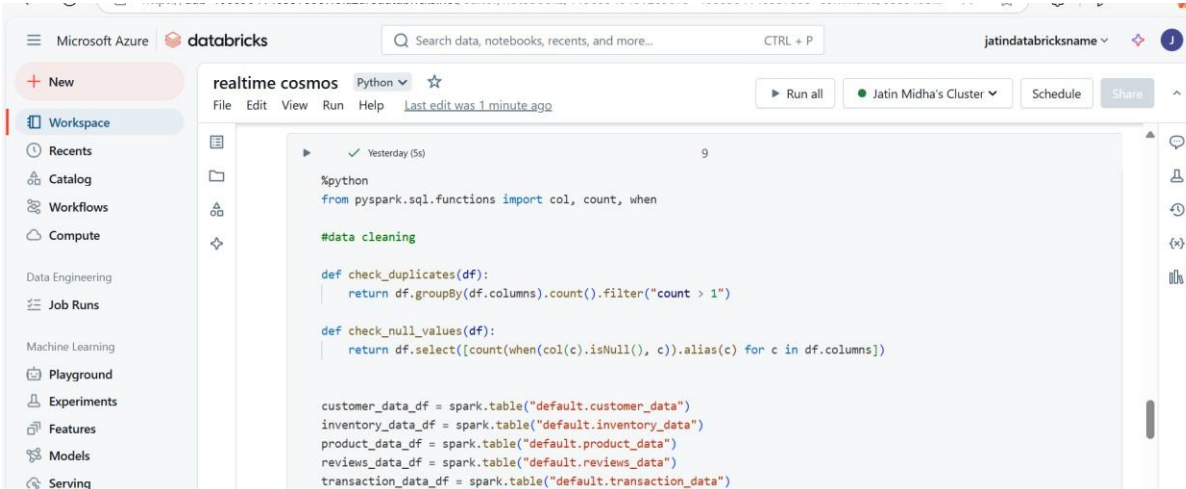
Data loaded from Cosmos to Databricks



The screenshot shows the Databricks interface with a table named 'realtime cosmos' displayed. The table has 15 rows and 7 columns: transaction_id, customer_id, transaction_date, product_id, quantity, and payment_type. The data represents transactions from 2025-02-21 01:18:18.

	transaction_id	customer_id	transaction_date	product_id	quantity	payment_type
1	RT_TXN30001	CUST126	2025-02-21 01:18:18	PROD1032	1	Cash on Delivery
2	RT_TXN30093	CUST160	2025-02-21 01:18:18	PROD1005	3	Cash on Delivery
3	RT_TXN30097	CUST180	2025-02-21 01:18:18	PROD1052	1	UPI
4	RT_TXN30099	CUST135	2025-02-21 01:18:18	PROD1051	2	Net Banking
5	RT_TXN30098	CUST115	2025-02-21 01:18:18	PROD1065	1	Debit Card
6	RT_TXN30094	CUST144	2025-02-21 01:18:18	PROD1012	1	Debit Card
7	RT_TXN30095	CUST118	2025-02-21 01:18:18	PROD1044	1	Net Banking
8	RT_TXN30096	CUST162	2025-02-21 01:18:18	PROD1097	3	Credit Card
9	RT_TXN30090	CUST157	2025-02-21 01:18:18	PROD1014	2	Debit Card
10	RT_TXN30092	CUST114	2025-02-21 01:18:18	PROD1010	1	Net Banking
11	RT_TXN30091	CUST174	2025-02-21 01:18:18	PROD1087	1	UPI
12	RT_TXN30087	CUST166	2025-02-21 01:18:18	PROD1040	3	Cash on Delivery
13	RT_TXN30082	CUST166	2025-02-21 01:18:18	PROD1081	1	UPI
14	RT_TXN30089	CUST142	2025-02-21 01:18:18	PROD1039	1	Credit Card
15						

Data checked for cleaning



The screenshot shows a Databricks notebook titled 'realtime cosmos' in Python. The code defines two functions for data cleaning: 'check_duplicates' and 'check_null_values'. It then loads several data frames from the 'default' schema.

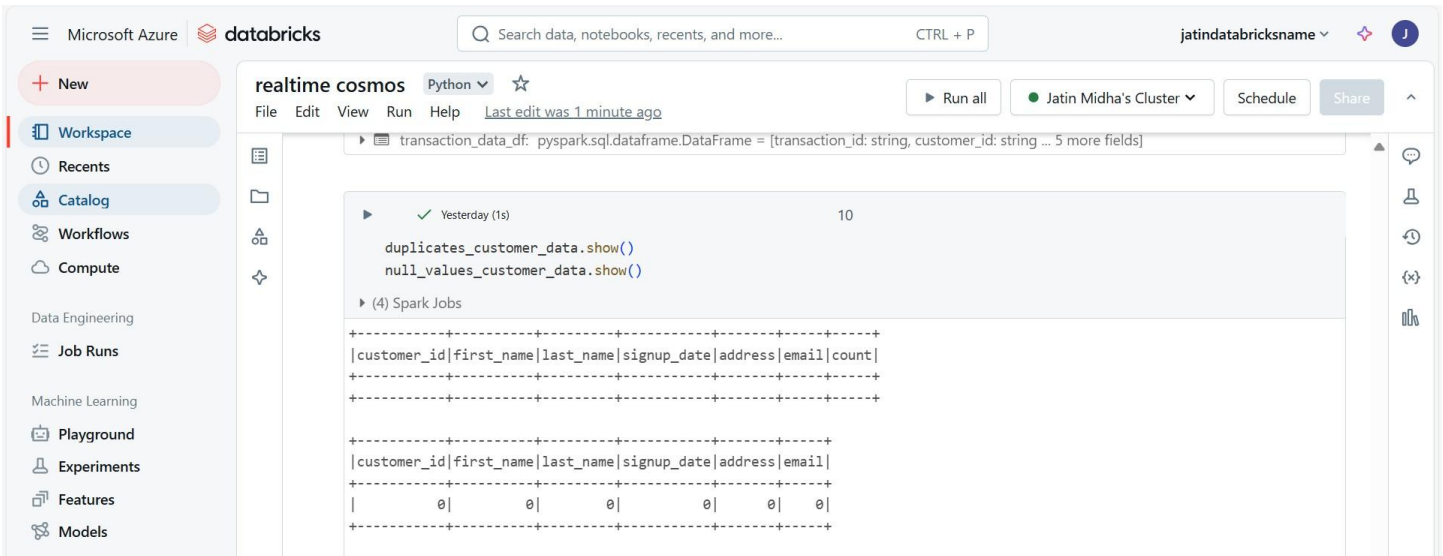
```
%python
from pyspark.sql.functions import col, count, when

#data cleaning

def check_duplicates(df):
    return df.groupBy(df.columns).count().filter("count > 1")

def check_null_values(df):
    return df.select([count(when(col(c).isNull(), c)).alias(c) for c in df.columns])

customer_data_df = spark.table("default.customer_data")
inventory_data_df = spark.table("default.inventory_data")
product_data_df = spark.table("default.product_data")
reviews_data_df = spark.table("default.reviews_data")
transaction_data_df = spark.table("default.transaction_data")
```



The screenshot shows the same Databricks notebook after execution. The output of the 'check_duplicates' function is displayed, showing a DataFrame with columns: customer_id, first_name, last_name, signup_date, address, email, and count. The output shows that there are no duplicates (count is 0 for all rows).

```
transaction_data_df: pyspark.sql.dataframe.DataFrame = [transaction_id: string, customer_id: string ... 5 more fields]

duplicates_customer_data.show()
null_values_customer_data.show()
```

customer_id	first_name	last_name	signup_date	address	email	count
0	0	0	0	0	0	0

Pyspark Transformations

For Historical Data:

```
from pyspark.sql import SparkSession

spark=SparkSession.builder.appName('Historical Data Transformations').getOrCreate()
product_dataframe=spark.sql("Select * from default.product_data")

#transformations

# Calculate average price per category
```

```
from pyspark.sql.functions import col, sum, avg
avg_price_per_category = product_dataframe.groupBy("category").agg(avg("price").alias("average_price"))
# Calculate total stock value for each product
product_dataframe = product_dataframe.withColumn("total_stock_value", col("stock_quantity") *
col("price"))
display(product_dataframe)
```

INVENTORY ANALYTICS

Yesterday (1s) 6 Python

```
# Calculate total stock value for each product
product_dataframe = product_dataframe.withColumn("total_stock_value", col("stock_quantity") * col("price"))
display(product_dataframe)
```

(1) Spark Jobs

product_dataframe: pyspark.sql.dataframe.DataFrame = [product_id: string, product_name: string ... 4 more fields]

Table +

	product_id	product_name	stock_quantity	category	price	total_stock_value
1	PROD1000	Smart Home Device	448	Gadgets	23462.97	10511410.56
2	PROD1001	Camera	889	Electronics	60107.3	53435389.7
3	PROD1002	Camera	521	Electronics	122360.67	63749909.07
4	PROD1003	Headphones	802	Accessories	4468.55	3583777.1
5	PROD1004	Headphones	444	Accessories	9230.76	4106852.44

```
from pyspark.sql.functions import sum as spark_sum

# Join the DataFrames on customer_id joined_df =
transactions_dataframe.join(customer_dataframe, on="customer_id", how="inner")

# Calculate total transaction amount for each customer customer_total_amount
=
joined_df.groupBy("customer_id").agg(spark_sum("transaction_amount").alias("total_transaction_amount"))

customer_spending_df = joined_df.groupBy("customer_id") \
    .agg(avg("transaction_amount").alias("avg_transaction"))
    )

joined_df = joined_df.join(customer_total_amount, on="customer_id", how="inner")

joined_df= joined_df.join(customer_spending_df, on="customer_id", how="inner")

# Drop the second 'transaction_amount' column
#joined_df = joined_df.dropDuplicates()
```

```
display(joined_df)
```

		email	1.2 total_transaction_amount	1.2 avg_transaction
10	Ganj, Nagpur-632378	inaya.maharaj@yahoo.com	205487.94	205487.94
11	achar Chowk, Junagadh-341496	vamakshi.gade@gmail.com	30341.73	30341.73
12	anj, Bathinda-826246	amaira.dara@hotmail.com	21459.12	21459.12
13	ri, Secunderabad-966633	maanas.choudhary@outlook.com	201618.37999999998	67206.12666666666
14	ila, Nangloi Jat-154202	xiti.dhar@hotmail.com	36505.53	18252.765
15	Street, Cuttack-973667	chanakya.dewan@gmail.com	32064.63	32064.63
16	, Nangloi Jat-669019	upma.bhasin@gmail.com	887248.77	295749.59
17	Isawa Jahangir Pur 540524	netra.chaudhuri@outlook.com	179008.23	179008.23
18	arula Marg, Gandhinagar-280962	advay.bhattacharyya@outlook.com	382650.83999999997	191325.41999999998
19	anda Road, Gudivada 063965	hredhaan.gandhi@gmail.com	17988.96	17988.96
20	urthy Street, Bhalswa Jahangir Pur-180587	dhriti.badami@hotmail.com	184271.32	92135.66
21	y Zila, Sonipat 708909	tanish.oak@outlook.com	25059.47	25059.47
22	hwa Ganj, Ajmer 504395	anthony.dara@hotmail.com	4339.47	4339.47
23	dy Nagar, Raichur 972560	vritti.gara@yahoo.com	251944.88999999998	125972.44499999999
24				

100 rows | 1.52s runtime

Refreshed yesterday

```
from pyspark.sql import SparkSession
from pyspark.sql.functions import sum, count, avg
# Join transaction and product data joined_df2 =
transactions_dataframe.join(product_dataframe, on="product_id")
# Join result with customer data joined_df2 =
joined_df2.join(customer_dataframe, on="customer_id")
customer_category_expenditure = joined_df2.groupBy("customer_id", "first_name",
"last_name", "category", "product_name") \
    .agg(
sum("transaction_amount").alias("total_spent"),
count("transaction_id").alias("transaction_count")
    )
```

CUSTOMER SPEND ANALYSIS

Just now (1s) 13

display(customer_category_expenditure)

(4) Spark Jobs

Table +

	first_name	last_name	category	product_name	total_spent	transaction_count
1	Jyoti	Guha	Gadgets	Smartwatch	17264.07	1
2	Jasmit	Korpai	Accessories	Headphones	19831.32	1
3	Thomas	Minhas	Gadgets	Smartwatch	43201.98	1
4	Advaith	Kapoor	Electronics	Smartphone	60045.3	1
5	Upkaar	Chauhan	Gadgets	Smartwatch	23298.54	1
6	Hredhaan	Gandhi	Accessories	Headphones	17988.96	1
7	Amrita	Mander	Electronics	Smartphone	81712.86	1

Install the necessary library

```
%pip install textblob
```

```
from textblob import TextBlob from
```

```
pyspark.sql.functions import udf from
```

```
pyspark.sql.types import StringType
```

```
reviews_dataframe = spark.sql("SELECT * FROM
default.reviews_data")
```

Define a function to analyze sentiment

```
def analyze_sentiment(review):
```

```
analysis = TextBlob(review) if
```

```
analysis.sentiment.polarity > 0:
```

```
    return 'Positive' elif
```

```
analysis.sentiment.polarity == 0:
```

```
    return 'Neutral'
```

```
else:
```

```
    return 'Negative'
```

Register the UDF (User Defined Function) sentiment_udf

```
= udf(analyze_sentiment, StringType())
```

Apply the sentiment analysis function to the review text reviews_df2

```
= reviews_dataframe.withColumn("sentiment",
sentiment_udf(reviews_dataframe["review_text"]))
```

```
# Display the results
display(reviews_df2)
```

		customer_id	product_id	rating	review_text	review_date	sentiment
1		CUST150	PROD1037	2	Very frustrating!	2024-01-23	Negative
2		CUST160	PROD1035	3	Meets expectations.	2024-01-22	Neutral
3		CUST169	PROD1005	2	Not durable!	2024-01-18	Neutral
4		CUST144	PROD1096	1	Not worth the money!	2024-02-09	Negative
5		CUST126	PROD1059	4	Great quality!	2024-02-03	Positive
6		CUST187	PROD1060	3	Decent but expensive.	2024-01-27	Negative
7		CUST180	PROD1050	5	Amazing experience!	2024-01-21	Positive
8		CUST153	PROD1064	5	Very satisfied!	2024-02-07	Positive
9		CUST120	PROD1038	2	Will not buy again!	2024-01-29	Neutral
10		CUST107	PROD1052	5	Love this!	2024-01-30	Positive
11		CUST159	PROD1011	4	Super fast delivery!	2024-02-02	Positive
12		CUST128	PROD1076	3	Neutral opinion.	2024-01-11	Neutral
13		CUST177	PROD1072	1	Will not buy again!	2024-02-09	Neutral
14		CUST183	PROD1071	3	Fairly good.	2024-01-26	Positive

100 rows | 15.05s runtime

Refreshed vesterdav

```
jdbc_url = "jdbc:sqlserver://jatinsql1.database.windows.net:1433;databaseName=jatindatabasesql2 "
db_properties = {
    "user": "jatin1",
    "password": "Qwertuyiop12",
    "driver": "com.microsoft.sqlserver.jdbc.SQLServerDriver"
}
joined_df.write
\
    .format("jdbc") \
    .option("url", jdbc_url) \
    .option("dbtable", "dbo.total_average_transactions") \
    .option("user", db_properties["user"]) \
    .option("password", db_properties["password"]) \
    .option("driver", db_properties["driver"]) \
    .mode("overwrite") \
    .save()
```

For Real Time Data

Showing top customers by transaction amount

```
from pyspark.sql import SparkSession

spark=SparkSession.builder.appName("Realtime_trans").getOrCreate() realtimedf=
spark.sql('select * from realtimedatabase.real_time_data_table')

from pyspark.sql.functions import sum total_revenue_df =
realtimedf.agg(sum("transaction_amount").alias("total_revenue"))
total_revenue_df.show()
#showing top customers by transactions amount top_customers_df =
realtimedf.groupBy("customer_id").agg(sum("transaction_amount").alias("total_transaction_amount"))
top_customers_df = top_customers_df.orderBy("total_transaction_amount", ascending=False).limit(5)
top_customers_df.show()
realtimedf=realtimedf.join(top_customers_df, "customer_id", "left")

jdbc_url = "jdbc:sqlserver://jatinsql1.database.windows.net:1433;databaseName=jatindatabasesql2 "
db_properties = {
    "user": "jatin1",
    "password": "Qwertyuiop12", # Avoid storing passwords in code
    "driver": "com.microsoft.sqlserver.jdbc.SQLServerDriver"
}
top_customers_df.write
\
    .format("jdbc") \
    .option("url", jdbc_url) \
    .option("dbtable", "dbo.top_customers_shorttable_realtime") \
    .option("user", db_properties["user"]) \
    .option("password", db_properties["password"]) \
    .option("driver", db_properties["driver"]) \
    .mode("overwrite") \
    .save()
#top 5 customers with high amount transaction in realtime data display(top_customers_df)
```


04:44 PM (3s) 4 Python

(6) Spark Jobs

- realtime_df: pyspark.sql.dataframe.DataFrame = [customer_id: string, transaction_id: string ... 7 more fields]
- top_customers_df: pyspark.sql.dataframe.DataFrame
 - customer_id: string
 - total_transaction_amount: double

customer_id	total_transaction_amount
CUST169	703661.97
CUST127	478034.89
CUST160	448474.52
CUST151	407709.18
CUST173	387693.48

```
jdbc_url = "jdbc:sqlserver://jatinsql1.database.windows.net:1433;databaseName=jatindatabasesql2 "
db_properties = {
    "user": "jatin1",
    "password": "Qwertyuiop12", # Avoid storing passwords in code
    "driver": "com.microsoft.sqlserver.jdbc.SQLServerDriver"
}
realtime_df.write
\
    .format("jdbc") \
    .option("url", jdbc_url) \
    .option("dbtable", "dbo.top_customers_realtime") \
    .option("user", db_properties["user"]) \
    .option("password", db_properties["password"]) \
    .option("driver", db_properties["driver"]) \
    .mode("overwrite") \
    .save()
```

```
from pyspark.sql.functions import count
payment_type_count_df =
realtime_df.groupBy("payment_type").agg(count("transaction_id").alias("transaction_count"))
payment_type_count_df.show() # Drop the 'payment_type' column
realtime_df = realtime_df.drop("total_quantity_sold")

display(realtime_df)
```


Transaction amount by payment type

```

(5) Spark Jobs
  payment_type_count_df: pyspark.sql.dataframe.DataFrame = [payment_type: string, transaction_count: long]
  realtime_df: pyspark.sql.dataframe.DataFrame = [customer_id: string, transaction_id: string ... 6 more fields]

+-----+-----+
| payment_type | transaction_count |
+-----+-----+
| Credit Card | 19 |
| Net Banking | 27 |
| Debit Card | 19 |
| Cash on Delivery | 21 |
| UPI | 14 |
+-----+-----+

```

Connecting Power Bi to Azure Sql Database and importing tables

Navigator

Display Options

- ☐
jatinsql1.database.windows.net: jatindatabases...
- ☐
sys.database_firewall_rules
- ☒
customer_spend_analysis
- ☒
inventory_analysis
- ☒
paymenttype_realtime
- ☒
sentiment_analysis
- ☒
top_customers_realtime
- ☒
top_customers_shorttable_realtime
- ☒
total_average_transactions

customer_spend_analysis

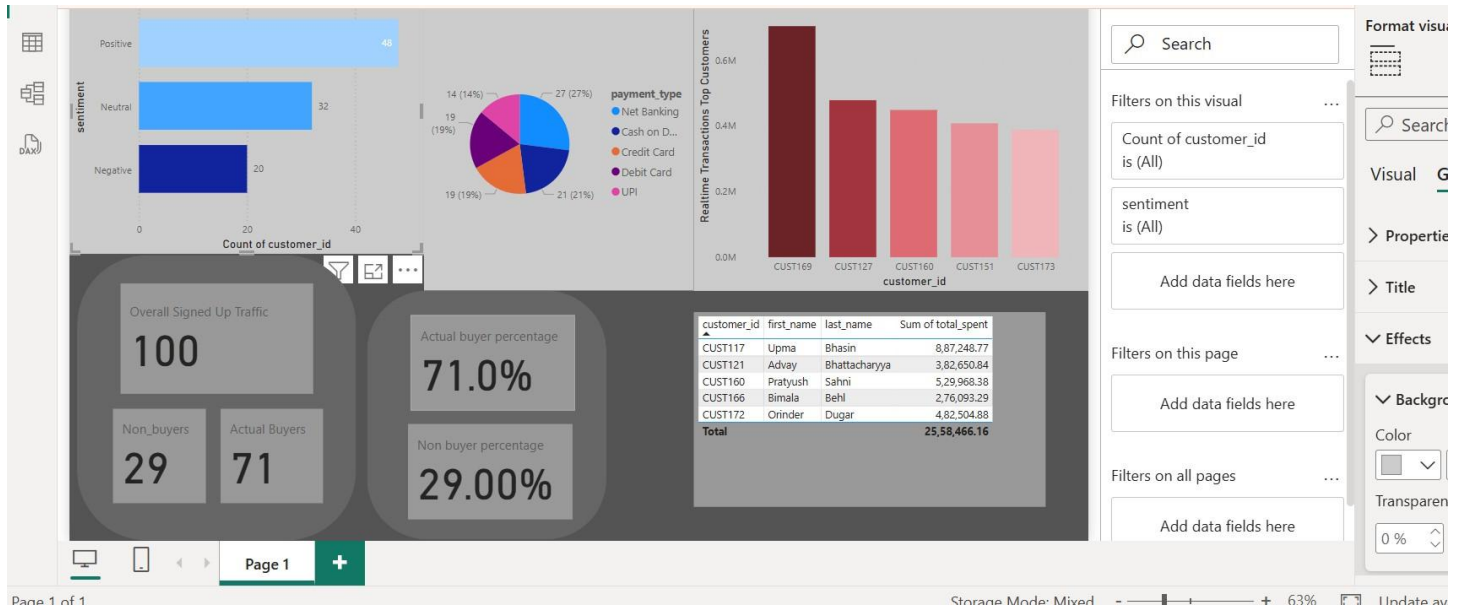
customer_id	first_name	last_name	category	product_name
CUST108	Jyoti	Guha	Gadgets	Smartwatch
CUST157	Jasmit	Korpai	Accessories	Headphones
CUST196	Thomas	Minhas	Gadgets	Smartwatch
CUST167	Advait	Kapoor	Electronics	Smartphone
CUST159	Upkar	Chauhan	Gadgets	Smartwatch
CUST124	Hredhaan	Gandhi	Accessories	Headphones
CUST198	Amrita	Mander	Electronics	Smartphone
CUST173	Owen	Minhas	Accessories	Headphones
CUST119	Netra	Chaudhuri	Electronics	Laptop
CUST136	Liam	Bhatti	Electronics	Tablet
CUST160	Pratyush	Sahni	Accessories	Headphones
CUST186	Irya	Deep	Electronics	Laptop
CUST110	Inaya	Maharaj	Electronics	Camera
CUST115	Xiti	Dhar	Accessories	Headphones
CUST138	Leela	Subramanian	Gadgets	Smartwatch
CUST189	Udant	Walia	Electronics	Tablet
CUST195	Oscar	Mukhopadhyay	Gadgets	Gaming Conso
CUST105	Advay	Dugar	Electronics	Tablet
CUST128	Dhriti	Badami	Electronics	Smartphone
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Conclusion

- **Enhanced Data Management:** The project significantly improved the company's ability to manage and analyze large volumes of transactional data, ensuring high data quality and reliability.
- **Robust ETL Pipeline:** By leveraging Azure services and Databricks, a reliable ETL pipeline was established for both historical and real-time data, facilitating seamless data ingestion, transformation, and storage.
- **Valuable Business Insights:** The solution provided actionable insights, such as optimized inventory management, improved customer retention, and enhanced marketing ROI, driving strategic decisionmaking.
- **Real-Time Analytics:** The integration of real-time analytics enabled immediate detection of high-value transactions and potential fraud, enhancing operational efficiency and security.
- **Scalability:** The solution was designed to accommodate future growth and technological advancements, ensuring long-term viability and adaptability.

Future Work

Advanced Analytics and Machine Learning: Develop and deploy more sophisticated machine learning models for predictive analytics, such as demand forecasting and customer behavior analysis, to enhance decision-making.

- **Global Data Distribution:** Expand the data infrastructure to support global operations, ensuring lowlatency access and high availability of data across multiple regions.
- **Microservices Architecture:** Transition to a microservices architecture to enable independent scaling of different components, improving system flexibility and maintainability.
- **Enhanced Security and Compliance:** Continuously update security protocols and conduct regular audits to ensure compliance with evolving regulations and protect sensitive customer data.
- **Integration with Emerging Technologies:** Explore and adopt new technologies, such as edge computing and AI-driven automation, to enhance system capabilities and maintain a competitive edge.