STATISTICAL METHODS

Credits: 4 Semester:	Semester: III	
Subject Code: BS23308 No. of Lecture hou	ırs: 60	
Objectives:		
 To acquaint students with various statistical methods and their application different fields. To cultivate statistical thinking among students To develop skills in handling complex problems in data analysis and residesign. Outcome: Students will be able to choose and apply an appropriate statistical 	earch	
analysis or modelling methods to solve problems arising in different research fi CO1: Calculate and interpret the correlation between two variables CO2: Produces simple linear regression equations. CO3: Analyse the categorical data and to study the association among them. CO4: Understand problem of point estimation. CO5: Obtain estimators using estimation methods like MLE and method of m		
UNIT-I	2Hrs	
 Bivariate data, scattered diagram Principle of least squares, fitting of a straight line, quadratic and power curve Concept of correlation, computation of Karl Pearson's correlation coefficient grouped data and ungrouped data and its properties Correlation ratio, Spearman's rank Correlation coefficient, its properties. 		
UNIT-II	OH wa	
 simple linear regression, correlation verses regression, properties of regression coefficients Concepts of partial and multiple correlation coefficients (only for three variates) 	4 4 20les)	
UNIT-III	2Hrs	
 Analysis of categorical data, independence and association and partial associ of attributes Various measures of association (Yule's) for two way data and coefficient of contingency (Pearson) 	7	
3. Coefficient of colligation	2	

UNIT-IV

1	2Hrs
1. Concepts of population, parameter, random sample, statistic, Sampling	
distribution and standard error	1
2. Standard error of sample mean(s) and sample proportion(s).	2
3. Independence of sample mean and variance in Random sampling from normal distributions Point estimation of a parameter, concept of bias and mean	al
square error of an estimate	2
4. Criteria of good estimator – consistency, unbiasedness, efficiency and	
sufficiency with examples	7
UNIT-V	
	12Hr
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1. Statement of Neyman's Factorization theorem	3
2. Derivations of sufficient statistics in case of Binomial, Poisson, Normal and	
Exponential (one parameter only) distributions	3
3. Estimation by method of moments	3
4. Maximum likelihood (ML), statements of asymptotic properties of MLE	
Concept of interval estimation. Confidence intervals of the parameters of	
normal population by Pivot method	3