

Practical 2(a): Implementation of Huffman encoding algorithm :

1. First procedure Huffman algorithm
2. Minimum-variance Huffman algorithm
3. Extended-Huffman algorithm

1. First procedure Huffman algorithm

```
#include <bits/stdc++.h>

using namespace std;

struct bind
{
    char c;
    float val;
    string code;
    int left,right;
}data[100];

int first=0,n=0;
vector<int> v,avoid;

int isfound(int value)
{
    for(int i=0;i<avoid.size();i++)
    {
        if(avoid[i]==value)
            return true;
    }
    return false;
}

int check(string matchit)
{
    for(int i=0;i<v.size();i++)
    {
        if(matchit==data[v[i]].code)
```

```

        return v[i];
    }
    return -1;
}

void printlist()
{
    cout<<"\nList : ";
    for(int i=0;i<n;i++)
    {
        if(i==first)
            cout<<" | ";
        cout<<data[i].val<<" ";
    }
}

string getbinary(int n)    //converting int to 8 bit binary
{
    string str;
    for (int i = 7; i >= 0; i--) {
        int k = n >> i;
        if (k & 1)
            str+="1";
        else
            str+="0";
    }
    return str;
}

void assign(int index,string s)
{
    data[index].code=s+data[index].code;
    if(data[index].left!=-1)
        assign(data[index].left,s);
    if(data[index].right!=-1)

```

```

        assign(data[index].right,s);
    }

void huffman()
{
    if(data[first+1].val==0 || (data[first].val==0 && first!=0))
        return;

    for(int i=0;i<n-1;i++)          //sorting
    {
        for(int j=0;j<n-i-1;j++)
        {
            if(data[j].val > data[j+1].val || data[j+1].val==data[j].val
&& data[j].c==NULL && data[j+1].c!=NULL)
                swap(data[j],data[j+1]);
        }
    }

    printlist();

    float temp;

    cout<<endl<<data[first].val<<" + "<<data[first+1].val<<" = ";
    temp=data[first+1].val+data[first].val; //taking sum of 2 smallest number
    cout<<temp;

    data[n].left=first;
    data[n].right=first+1;
    data[n].val=temp;          //making a new entry in array of struct
    cout<<"\nAppended "<<data[n].val<<" left index : "<<data[n].left<<" right
index : "<<data[n].right<<endl;

    assign(first,"0");          //assign 0s to left part children
    assign(first+1,"1");        //assign 1s to right part children

    first+=2;

    n++;

    huffman();
}

int main()
{

```

```

    ifstream inFile;
    ofstream OutFile;
    std::map<char,int> trace; //dict type data structure
    char text;
    int count=0;
    inFile.open("original.txt");
    if (!inFile)
    {
        cout << "Unable to open file";
        exit(1); // terminate with error
    }
    inFile>>std::noskipws;
    while (inFile >> text)    //read char and save to text
    {
        count++;
        trace[text]++; //key=text for occurence count
    }
    int i=0;
    map<char, int>::iterator itr;
    cout << " KEY\tOCCURENCE\n";
    for (itr = trace.begin(); itr != trace.end(); ++itr) {
        /* cout <<" "<< itr->first
           <<"\t  " << itr->second << '\n'; */
        data[i].left=-1;
        data[i].right=-1;
        data[i].c=itr->first;
        data[i++].val=itr->second;
        n++;
        cout <<" "<< data[i-1].c
           <<"\t  " << data[i-1].val << '\n';
    }
    inFile.close();
    printlist();

```

```

huffman();
std::map<char,string> findcode;           //for mapping purpose
int k=0;
cout<<"\nCharacter\tCodeword\n";
for(int i=n;i>=0;i--)
{
    if(data[i].left==-1 && data[i].right==-1)
    {
        findcode[data[i].c]=data[i].code;
        cout<<data[i].c<<"\t\t"<<findcode[data[i].c]<<endl;
        v.push_back(i);
    }
}
ofstream outFile;
outFile.open("Compressed.txt");
inFile.open("original.txt");
string str;
int test=0;
while(inFile>>text)
{
    str+=findcode[text];
    if(str.length()>8)
    {
        int sum=0;
        string w=str.substr(0,8);
        cout<<endl<<"+test<<"   Chopped string : "<<w;
        for(int i=0;i<8;i++)
        {
            if(w[i]=='1')
                sum+=pow(2,7-i);
        }
        cout<<"\t Decimal : "<<sum;
        if(sum==26)
        {

```

```

        cout<<" Skipped";
        avoid.push_back(test);
    }
    else
        outFile<<(char)sum;
    str=str.substr(8);
}
}
int sum=0;    //for remaining last characters which is less than 8
cout<<endl<<++test<<"    Chopped string : "<<str;
int cut=str.length();
for(i=0;i<cut;i++)
{
    if(str[i]=='1')
        sum+=pow(2,7-i);
}
cout<<"\t Decimal : "<<sum;
outFile<<(char)sum;
inFile.close();
outFile.close();
inFile.open("compressed.txt");
outFile.open("output.txt");
string matchit;
int dlen=0;
int test2=0;
while(inFile>>text)
{

    int deci=(int)text;
    if(deci<0)
        deci+=256;
    string str=getbinary(deci);
    if(dlen==count-1)
        str=str.substr(0,cut);
}

```

```

        cout<<endl<<test2<<"    Binary decoded : "<<str;
        cout<<"\tDecimal value : "<<deci;
        up:
        for(int i=0;i<8;i++)
        {
            matchit+=str[i];
            int index=check(matchit);
            if(index!=-1)
            {
                outFile<<data[index].c;    dlen++;
                matchit.clear();
            }
        }
        if(isfound(test2+1))
        {
            test2++;
            str="00011010";
            goto up;
        }
    }
    cout<<"\nSize : "<<count<<"    Decoded Size : "<<dlen;
    //to check all the characters decoded or not
}

```

OUTPUT:

```

C:\CODING\SEM 6 IT\DCDR\Practical 2 Huffman\firstprocedurehuffman.exe
KEY      OCCURENCE
      4
      198
',       7
',       3
.       10
A       1
G       1
I       6
T       2
a       67
b       14
c       21
d       25
e       117
f       25
g       21
h       33
i       52
j       2
k       9
l       29
m       16
n       47
o       68
p       23
q       1
r       60
s       45
t       78
u       28
v       5
w       25
x       2
y       20

List : | 4 198 7 3 10 1 1 6 2 67 14 21 25 117 25 21 33 52 2 9 29 16 47 68 23 1 60 45 78 28 5 25 2 20
List : | 1 1 1 2 2 2 3 4 5 6 7 9 10 14 16 20 21 21 23 25 25 25 28 29 33 45 47 52 60 67 68 78 117 198
1 + 1 = 2
Appended 2 left index : 0 right index : 1

List : 1 1 | 1 2 2 2 2 3 4 5 6 7 9 10 14 16 20 21 21 23 25 25 25 28 29 33 45 47 52 60 67 68 78 117 198
1 + 2 = 3
Appended 3 left index : 2 right index : 3

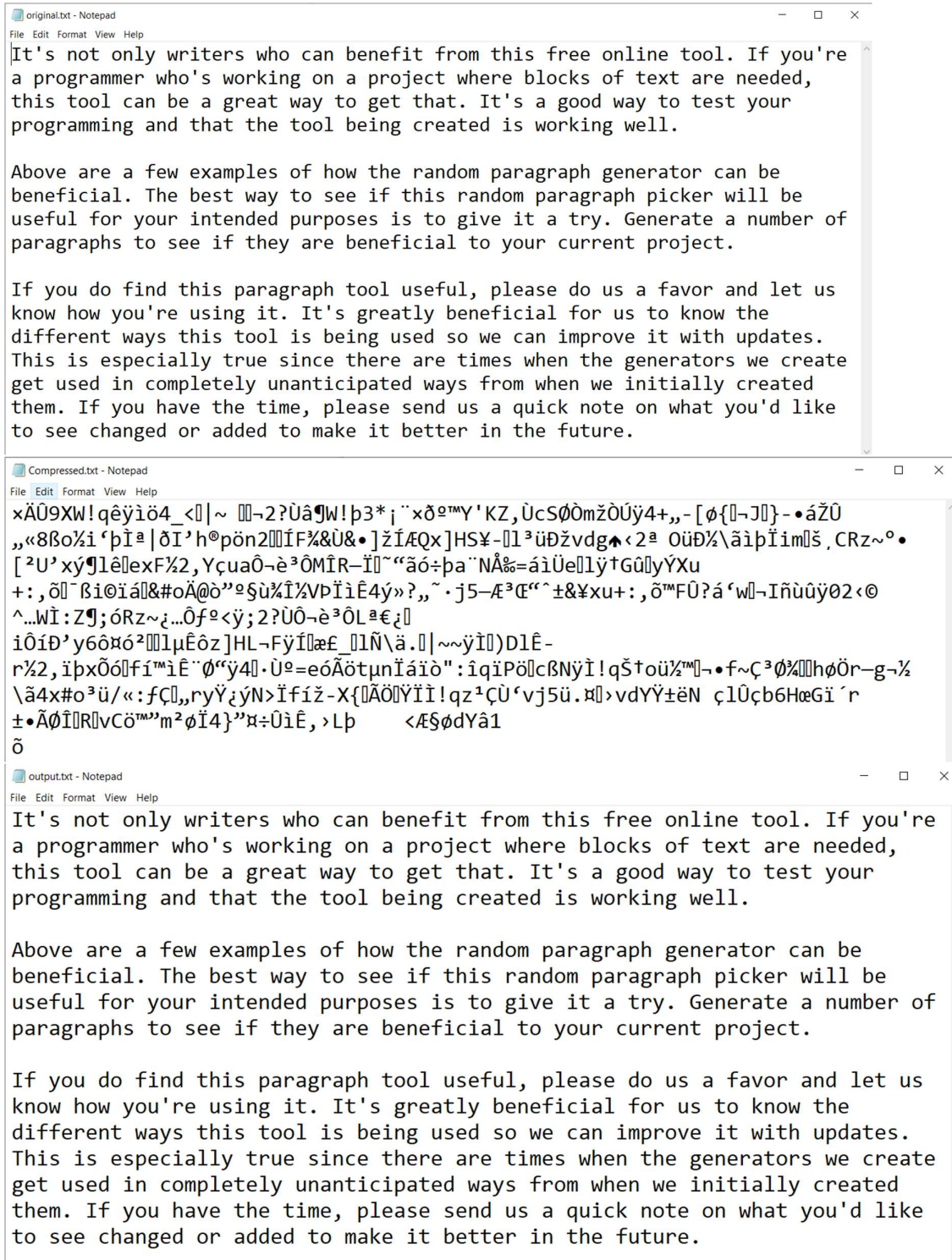
List : 1 1 1 2 | 2 2 2 3 3 4 5 6 7 9 10 14 16 20 21 21 23 25 25 25 28 29 33 45 47 52 60 67 68 78 117 198
2 + 2 = 4
Appended 4 left index : 4 right index : 5

```


C:\CODING\SEM 6 IT\DCDR\Practical 2 Huffman\firstprocedurehuffman.exe

Character	Codeword
	00
e	011
t	1100
o	1010
a	1001
r	0101
i	11111
n	11100
s	11011
h	10001
l	10000
u	01000
w	111101
f	111100
d	111011
p	111010
g	110100
c	101111
y	101110
m	101100
b	010010
.	1101010
k	1011010
'	0100110
I	11010111
v	10110111
	01001111
,	110101101
x	101101101
j	101101100
T	010011101
q	010011100
G	1101011001
A	1101011000

1	Chopped string :	11010111	Decimal : 215
2	Chopped string :	11000100	Decimal : 196
3	Chopped string :	11011011	Decimal : 219
4	Chopped string :	00111001	Decimal : 57
5	Chopped string :	01011000	Decimal : 88
6	Chopped string :	01010111	Decimal : 87
7	Chopped string :	00100001	Decimal : 33
8	Chopped string :	01110001	Decimal : 113
9	Chopped string :	11101010	Decimal : 234
10	Chopped string :	11111111	Decimal : 255
11	Chopped string :	00011010	Decimal : 26 Skipped
12	Chopped string :	11101100	Decimal : 236
13	Chopped string :	11110110	Decimal : 246



2. Minimum-variance Huffman algorithm

```

#include <bits/stdc++.h>
using namespace std;

struct bind
{
    char c;
    float val;
    string code;
    int left,right;
}data[100];

int first=0,n=0;
vector<int> v,avoid;

int isfound(int value)
{
    for(int i=0;i<avoid.size();i++)
    {
        if(avoid[i]==value)
            return true;
    }
    return false;
}

int check(string matchit)
{
    for(int i=0;i<v.size();i++)
    {
        if(matchit==data[v[i]].code)
            return v[i];
    }
    return -1;
}

```

```

void printlist()
{
    cout<<"\nList : ";
    for(int i=0;i<n;i++)
    {
        if(i==first)
            cout<<" | ";
        cout<<data[i].val<<" ";
    }
}

string getbinary(int n)    //converting int to 8 bit binary
{
    string str;
    for (int i = 7; i >= 0; i--) {
        int k = n >> i;
        if (k & 1)
            str+="1";
        else
            str+="0";
    }
    return str;
}

void assign(int index,string s)
{
    data[index].code=s+data[index].code;
    if(data[index].left!=-1)
        assign(data[index].left,s);
    if(data[index].right!=-1)
        assign(data[index].right,s);
}

void huffman()

```

```

{
if(data[first+1].val==0 || (data[first].val==0 && first!=0))
    return;
for(int i=0;i<n-1;i++)          //sorting
{
    for(int j=0;j<n-i-1;j++)
    {
        if(data[j].val > data[j+1].val )
            swap(data[j],data[j+1]);
    }
}
printlist();
float temp;
cout<<endl<<data[first].val<<" + "<<data[first+1].val<<" =
";

temp=data[first+1].val+data[first].val;
cout<<temp;
data[n].left=first;
data[n].right=first+1;
data[n].val=temp; //making a new entry in array of struct
cout<<"\nAppended "<<data[n].val<<" left index :
"<<data[n].left<<" right index : "<<data[n].right<<endl;
assign(first,"0");    //assign 0s to left part children
assign(first+1,"1");    //assign 1s to right part
children

first+=2;
n++;
huffman();
}

int main()
{

    ifstream inFile;
    ofstream OutFile;

```

```

        std::map<char,int> trace;    //dict type data structure
        char text;
        int count=0;
inFile.open("originalmin.txt");
if (!inFile)
    {
        cout << "Unable to open file";
        exit(1); // terminate with error
    }
inFile>>std::noskipws;
while (inFile >> text)    //read char and save to text
    {
        count++;
        trace[text]++;    //key=text for occurence count (increment for every
occurence)
    }
int i=0;
map<char, int>::iterator itr;
cout << " KEY\toCCURENCE\n";
for (itr = trace.begin(); itr != trace.end(); ++itr) {
    /* cout <<" "<< itr->first
        <<"\t  " << itr->second << '\n'; */
    data[i].left=-1;
        data[i].right=-1;
        data[i].c=itr->first;
        data[i++].val=itr->second;
        n++;
        cout <<" "<< data[i-1].c
        <<"\t  " << data[i-1].val << '\n';
    }
inFile.close();

        printlist();
        huffman();
        std::map<char,string> findcode;    //for
mapping purpose

```

```

int k=0;
cout<<"\nCharacter\tCodeword\n";
for(int i=n;i>=0;i--)
{
    if(data[i].left==-1 && data[i].right==-1)
    {
        findcode[data[i].c]=data[i].code;

        cout<<data[i].c<<"\t\t"<<findcode[data[i].c]<<endl;
        v.push_back(i);
    }
}
ofstream outFile;
outFile.open("Compressedmin.txt");
inFile.open("originalmin.txt");
string str;
int test=0;
while(inFile>>text)
{
    str+=findcode[text];
    if(str.length()>8)
    {
        int sum=0;
        string w=str.substr(0,8);
        cout<<endl<<++test<<"    Chopped string : "<<w;
        for(int i=0;i<8;i++)
        {
            if(w[i]=='1')
                sum+=pow(2,7-i);
        }
        cout<<"\t Decimal : "<<sum;
        if(sum==26)
        {
            cout<<"    Skipped";           //avoid
            adding this element because it will cause end of file later on
        }
    }
}

```

```

        avoid.push_back(test);
    }
    else
        outFile<<(char)sum;
    str=str.substr(8);
}
}
int sum=0;    //for remaining last characters which is less
than 8

cout<<endl<<"+test<<"    Chopped string : "<<str;
int cut=str.length();
for(i=0;i<cut;i++)
{
    if(str[i]=='1')
        sum+=pow(2,7-i);
}
cout<<"\t Decimal : "<<sum;
outFile<<(char)sum;
inFile.close();
outFile.close();
inFile.open("compressedmin.txt");
outFile.open("outputmin.txt");
string matchit;
int dlen=0;
int test2=0;
while(inFile>>text)
{
    int deci=(int)text;
    if(deci<0)
        deci+=256;
    string str=getbinary(deci);
    if(test-1==test2)
        str=str.substr(0,cut);
    cout<<endl<<"+test2<<"    Binary decoded : "<<str;

```



```

        cout<<"\tDecimal value : "<<deci;
        up:
        for(int i=0;i<8;i++)
        {
            matchit+=str[i];
            int index=check(matchit);
            if(index!=-1)
            {
                outFile<<data[index].c;    dlen++;
                //if found then add into output using the index returned
from funcion
                matchit.clear();
            }
        }
        if(isfound(test2+1))                                //check
that is it need to add the avoided character to the string
        {
            test2++;
            str="00011010";
            //binary string of 26
            goto up;
            //jump to the finding logic with new string
        }
    }
    cout<<"\nSize : "<<test<<" Decoded Size : "<<test2;
    //to check all the characters decoded or not
}

```

OUTPUT:

```

originalmin.txt - Notepad
File Edit Format View Help
It's not only writers who can benefit from this free online tool. If you're
a programmer who's working on a project where blocks of text are needed,
this tool can be a great way to get that. It's a good way to test your
programming and that the tool being created is working well.

Above are a few examples of how the random paragraph generator can be
beneficial. The best way to see if this random paragraph picker will be
useful for your intended purposes is to give it a try. Generate a number of
paragraphs to see if they are beneficial to your current project.

If you do find this paragraph tool useful, please do us a favor and let us
know how you're using it. It's greatly beneficial for us to know the
different ways this tool is being used so we can improve it with updates.
This is especially true since there are times when the generators we create
get used in completely unanticipated ways from when we initially created
them. If you have the time, please send us a quick note on what you'd like
to see changed or added to make it better in the future.s
  
```



```

Compressedmin.txt - Notepad
File Edit Format View Help
xÄÜ9XW!qëÿiö4_<[]~ 00-2?Üâ¶W!p3* i ``xð™Y'KZ,ÛcSØòmžòÜÿ4+,-[ø{[]-J[]}-•ážÜ
„«8Bo%i'pİa|ðI'höpön2[]ÍF%&Ü&•]žÍÆQX]HS¥-[]³üðžvdg▲<²² Oüð%\\ãipİim[]š,CRz~°•
[²U'xý¶JlêlexF%2,Yçua0-è³ØMİR-İ[]~“ãó÷pa`NÅ%=&áíÜe[]ÿ+Gû[]yYXu
+:,ð[]~Biöiá[]&#oA@ð”°ŞÜ%I%VpİiÉ4ý»?,,~·j5-Æ³Ɛ““±&¥xu+:,ð™FÜ?á'w[]-Iññûÿ02<@
^...wİ:Z¶;óRz~¿...ôf²<ÿ;2?Üð-è³ôL²€¿[]
iôİD'y6ôðó²[]lµÉôz]HL-Fÿİ[]æ£_[]N\ä.[]|~ÿİ[]DlÊ-
r%2,İpxôð[]fí”iÊ”ø“ÿ4[]·Ü°=eóÄötµñiáio":îqİPö[]cßNÿİ!qŞtoü%”[]~•f~Ç³ø%[]høÖr-g-%
\ã4x#o³ü/«:fç[],,ryÿ¿ÿN>İfiž-X{[]ÄÖYİİ!qz¹ÇÜ'vj5ü.[]>vdYÿ±èN çlÜçb6HæGi'r
±•Äøİ[]R[]vCö””m²øİ4}”¤÷ÜiÊ,>Lp <ÆŞødYâ1
õl
  
```



```

outputmin.txt - Notepad
File Edit Format View Help
It's not only writers who can benefit from this free online tool. If you're
a programmer who's working on a project where blocks of text are needed,
this tool can be a great way to get that. It's a good way to test your
programming and that the tool being created is working well.

Above are a few examples of how the random paragraph generator can be
beneficial. The best way to see if this random paragraph picker will be
useful for your intended purposes is to give it a try. Generate a number of
paragraphs to see if they are beneficial to your current project.

If you do find this paragraph tool useful, please do us a favor and let us
know how you're using it. It's greatly beneficial for us to know the
different ways this tool is being used so we can improve it with updates.
This is especially true since there are times when the generators we create
get used in completely unanticipated ways from when we initially created
them. If you have the time, please send us a quick note on what you'd like
to see changed or added to make it better in the future.
  
```

```

557 Binary decoded : 10011011 Decimal value : 155
558 Binary decoded : 01001100 Decimal value : 76
559 Binary decoded : 11111110 Decimal value : 254
560 Binary decoded : 00001001 Decimal value : 9
561 Binary decoded : 00111100 Decimal value : 60
562 Binary decoded : 11000110 Decimal value : 198
563 Binary decoded : 10100111 Decimal value : 167
564 Binary decoded : 11111000 Decimal value : 248
565 Binary decoded : 01100100 Decimal value : 100
566 Binary decoded : 01011001 Decimal value : 89
567 Binary decoded : 11100010 Decimal value : 226
568 Binary decoded : 00110001 Decimal value : 49
569 Binary decoded : 00001010 Decimal value : 10
570 Binary decoded : 11110101 Decimal value : 245
571 Binary decoded : 01101111 Decimal value : 108
Size : 571 Decoded Size : 571
-----
Process exited after 2.485 seconds with return value 0
Press any key to continue . . .
  
```

3. Extended-Huffman algorithm

```

#include <bits/stdc++.h>

using namespace std;

struct bind
{
    string c;
    float val;
    string code;
    int left,right;
}data[400];

int first=0,n=0;
vector<int> v,avoid;

int isfound(int value)
{
    for(int i=0;i<avoid.size();i++)
    {
        if(avoid[i]==value)
            return true;
    }
    return false;
}

int check(string matchit)
{
    for(int i=0;i<v.size();i++)
    {
        if(matchit==data[v[i]].code)
            return v[i];
    }
    return -1;
}

```

```

}
void printlist()
{
    cout<<"\nList : ";
    for(int i=0;i<n;i++)
    {
        if(i==first)
            cout<<" | ";
        cout<<data[i].val<<" ";
    }
}

string getbinary(int n)    //converting int to 8 bit binary
{
    string str;
    for (int i = 7; i >= 0; i--) {
        int k = n >> i;
        if (k & 1)
            str+="1";
        else
            str+="0";
    }
    return str;
}

void assign(int index,string s)
{
    data[index].code=s+data[index].code;
    if(data[index].left!=-1)
        assign(data[index].left,s);
    if(data[index].right!=-1)
        assign(data[index].right,s);
}

```

```

void huffman()
{
    if(data[first+1].val==0 || (data[first].val==0 &&
first!=0))
        return;
    for(int i=0;i<n-1;i++)                //sorting
    {
        for(int j=0;j<n-i-1;j++)
        {
            if(data[j].val > data[j+1].val)
                swap(data[j],data[j+1]);
        }
    }
    printlist();
    float temp;
    cout<<endl<<data[first].val<<" + "<<data[first+1].val<<" =
";
    temp=data[first+1].val+data[first].val; //taking sum of 2
smallest number
    cout<<temp;
    data[n].left=first;
    data[n].right=first+1;
    data[n].val=temp;                    //making a new
entry in array of struct
    cout<<"\nAppended "<<data[n].val<<" left index :
"<<data[n].left<<" right index : "<<data[n].right<<endl;
    assign(first,"0");                    //assign 0s to left
part children
    assign(first+1,"1");                  //assign 1s to right part
children
    first+=2;
    n++;
    huffman();
}

```

```
int main()
```

```

{

    ifstream inFile;
    ofstream OutFile;
    std::map<string,int> trace; //dict type data structure
    char text;
    string s;
    int count=0;
    inFile.open("original.txt");
    if (!inFile)
    {
        cout << "Unable to open file";
        exit(1); // terminate with error
    }
    inFile>>std::noskipws;

    while (inFile >> text)    //read char and save to text
    {
        s+=text;
        count++;
        if(count%2==0)
        {
            trace[s]++;    //key=text for occurrence count (increment
for every occurrence)
            s.clear();
        }
    }
    if(count%2==1)
    {
        trace[s]++;
        count=count/2+1;
    }
    else
        count/=2;
}

```

```

int i=0;
map<string, int>::iterator itr;
cout << " KEY\toCCURENCE\n";
for (itr = trace.begin(); itr != trace.end(); ++itr) {
    /* cout <<" "<< itr->first
        <<"\t  " << itr->second << '\n'; */
    data[i].left=-1;

    data[i].right=-1;
    data[i].c=itr->first;           //assigning it
to structure defined for process
    data[i++].val=itr->second;
    n++;
    cout <<" "<< data[i-1].c
        <<"\t  " << data[i-1].val << '\n';
}
inFile.close();

    printlist();
    huffman();
    std::map<string,string> findcode;           //for
mapping purpose

    int k=0;
    cout<<"\nCharacter\tCodeword\n";
    for(int i=n;i>=0;i--)
    {
        if(data[i].left== -1 && data[i].right== -1)
        {
            findcode[data[i].c]=data[i].code;

            cout<<data[i].c<<"\t\t"<<findcode[data[i].c]<<endl;
            //saving code in index as character so we can use later
for retreival purpose

            v.push_back(i);
            //saving indexes of leaf nodes so we can easily traverse
using vector

        }
    }
}

```

```

ofstream outFile;
outFile.open("Compressedext.txt");
inFile.open("originalext.txt");
string str;
int test=0;
int h=0;
bool entry=false;
s.clear();
while(inFile>>text)
{
    h++;
    if(h%2!=0)
    {
        s+=text;
    }
    else
    {
        s+=text;
        str+=findcode[s];
    }
    //add corresponding code of character to string(binary)
    s.clear();
    if(str.length()>8)
    //if length exceeds 8 then start processing data
    {
        int sum=0;
        string w=str.substr(0,8);
        //take first 8 characters of binary
        cout<<endl<<++test<<"    Chopped string : "<<w;
        for(int i=0;i<8;i++)
        {
            if(w[i]=='1')
                sum+=pow(2,7-i);
        }
    }
}

```



```

        cout<<"\t Decimal : "<<sum;
        if(sum==26)
//avoid adding this element because it will cause end of
        file later on
        {
            avoid.push_back(test);
            cout<<" Skipped";
        }
        else
            outFile<<(char)sum;
            str=str.substr(8);
    }
}
}
int sum=0; //for remaining last characters which is less
than 8

cout<<endl<<test<<" Chopped string : "<<str;
int cut=str.length();
for(i=0;i<cut;i++)
{
    if(str[i]=='1')
        sum+=pow(2,7-i);
}
cout<<"\t Decimal : "<<sum;
outFile<<(char)sum;
inFile.close();
outFile.close();
inFile.open("compressedext.txt");
outFile.open("outputext.txt");
string matchit;
int dlen=0;
int test2=0;
while(inFile>>text)
{

```

```

int deci=(int)text;
if(deci<0)
    deci+=256;
string str=getbinary(deci);
if(dlen==count-1)
    str=str.substr(0,cut);
cout<<endl<<test2<<"    Binary decoded : "<<str;
cout<<"\tDecimal value : "<<deci;
up:
for(int i=0;i<8;i++)
{
    matchit+=str[i];
    int index=check(matchit);
    if(index!=-1)
    {
        outFile<<data[index].c;    dlen++;
        matchit.clear();
    }
}
if(isfound(test2+1))
//check that is it need to add the avoided character to the string
{
    test2++;
    str="00011010";
    //binary string of 26
    goto up;
//jump to the finding logic with new string
}
}
cout<<"\nSize : "<<count<<"    Decoded Size : "<<dlen;
//to check all the characters decoded or not
}

```

OUTPUT:

C:\CODING\SEM 6 IT\DCDR\Practical 2 Huffman\extendedhuffman.exe	
KEY	OCCURENCE
	1
I	1
G	1
I	1
T	1
a	6
b	5
c	4
d	2
e	1
f	4
g	4
h	2
i	3
l	1
n	3
o	6
p	6
q	1
s	2
t	20
u	3
w	13
y	5
'r	2
's	3
,	2
.	1
.	1
.	4
Ab	1
If	2
It	2
Th	1
a	7
ag	3
al	2
am	1
an	5
ap	1
ar	5
at	4
av	2
ay	3
ba	6

Character	Codeword
e	0001
t	11001
w	00101
o	110100
d	110001
s	101111
ra	101110
in	101101
th	010010
te	010001
se	010000
re	001111
er	001110
a	001101
y	1111011
us	1111010
t	1111001
or	1111000
is	1110111
ea	1110110
be	1110101
p	1110100
o	1110011
a	1110010
ou	1110001
n	1110000
it	1101111
he	1101110
en	1101101
ar	1101100
an	1101011
y	1101010
b	1100001
to	0110101
r	0110100
pr	0110011
pl	0110010
om	0110001
ne	0110000
nd	0101111
l	0101110
hi	0101101
f	0101100
et	0101011

