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CLSICT0064 Assessment Task 2

CLS-ICT-0064: Assessment Task 2 Summary Cluster Name **■ CLSICT0064: Web Services Clust** er **Unit Names** ICTWEB514 - Create dynamic web pages ICTWEB518 - Build a document using extensible markup language **Assessment Name** Dynamic Website and XML Portfolio Purpose To design a dynamic website that uses XML documents to insert data into a database 16-Nov-2025 (Week 9) Due Date **Contents** High Street Gym

Documents



Due Date Nov 16, 2025

Status

High Street Gym

Contents

- High Street Gym Solution Architecture
- High Street Gym Solution Delivery

High Street Gym Solution Architecture

Purpose

Provide the implementation architecture and evidence for CLSICT0064 AT2

- Part 2: dynamic pages, database, and XML integration

Enterprise Architecture (HEAL) Reference

This solution adopts HEAL's generic MVC structure (Dynamic Page Pattern) and references HEAL's generic Data Patterns and Validation & Accessibility checklists. HEAL remains the generic reference; this page contains project-specific evidence only

- Dynamic Page Pattern
- Data Patterns
- □ Validation & Accessibility Checklist

Solution MVC Structure

highstreetgym/ public/ └─ index.php # front controller (single entry) - controllers/ authcontroller.php classescontroller.php └ blogcontroller.php - models/ user.php classmodel.php sessionmodel.php booking.php └─ blogpost.php ├ views/ layouts/base.php | |-- auth/login.php ☐ classes/index.php └─ support/ csrf.php # optional (self-directed) └ auth.php # session helpers └─ config/ env.php # DB settings (not in repo)

└─ routes.php # method + path → controller@action

HSG Boilerplate Templates

Boilerplate Sections & Features

∨ Common sections & features 1. Page Layout (views/layouts/base.php) head/meta/footer and \$content slot 2. Navigation (views/partials/nav.php)— ARIA-labelled primary nav with skip link 3. Flash (views/partials/flash.php) session messages (aria-live) 4. Login form (views/auth/login.php) reusable auth form 5. List template (views/resource/index.php) — reusable list page structure 6. Database connector (support/database.php) — PDO singleton 7. Router (config/routes.php) — GET/POST mapping to controllers 8. Controller skeleton — minimal handler method returning a view

File Structure

highstreetgym/
 ├─ index.php
 ├─ controllers/
 ├─ database.php
 ← PDO connector (course naming)
 ├─ authcontroller.php
 ├─ classescontroller.php
 ├─ bookingcontroller.php
 └─ blogcontroller.php

```
models/
  user.php
  - sessionmodel.php
  - classmodel.php
  booking.php
└─ blogpost.php
- views/
  - layouts/
   └ base.php
  - partials/
    nav.php
    header.php
    footer.php
    — table.php
                     ← generic table/timetable partial
   └─ list.php
                     ← generic list partial
  – auth/
   ├─ login.php
   └─ register.php
  classes.php
└─ blog.php
– assets/
L css/
 └─ style.css
```

Boilerplate Files

- → Page Layout
 - . views/layouts/base.php
 - views/partials/nav.php
 - views/partials/header.php
 - views/partials/footer.php
 - assets/css/style.css
- → Navigation
 - views/partials/nav.php
 - Reuse site-wide

- → Data display (tables & lists)
 - views/partials/table.php (timetable/table partial)
 - views/partials/list.php (generic list partial)
- → Registration/Login
 - . views/auth/login.php
 - . views/auth/register.php
- Database connection
 - support/database.php
- → Controllers
 - controllers/*controller.php (auth, classes, booking, blog)
 - index.php (front controller/router)
- ✓ Models
 - models/*.php (user, sessionmodel, classmodel, booking, blogpost)
- → Styling
 - assets/css/style.css (site-wide responsive
 - + accessible defaults)

HSG Database

Purpose

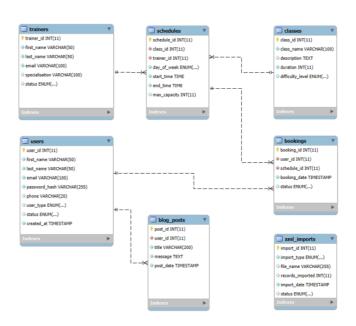
Describe High Street Gym's concrete implementation of the HEAL Booking pattern and expose the SQL artefacts for AT2 Part 2

HEAL Alignment & Variances

■ Booking Domain Reference Pattern

- Service → Class
- Provider → Trainer

Entity Relationship Diagram



Schema

High Street Gym Database Schema

- users members/admins, user_typeENUM('member', 'admin'), password stored as password_hash
- trainers staff with optional specialisation
- classes catalogue (name, duration, difficulty)
- schedules the "Session" table (day_of_week, start_time, end_time, max_capacity) referencing classes and trainers

- bookings member bookings; UNIQUE(user_id, schedule_id);
 cascades on delete
- **blog_posts** member-generated messages (title, message, post_date)
- xml_imports simple audit/log of XML batch loads (type, file, status)

The SQL DDL and seed data are stored in **schema.sql** in the repo Execute this file to provision the database

Use Case Patterns

- Timetable & booking (query snippets to implement):
 - · Weekly timetable:
 - select from schedules join classes + trainers filter by
 day_of_week, order by start_time
 - Booking action:
 - insert into bookings (user_id, schedule_id) guarded by the unique key; surface friendly error if duplicate
- → Blog (dynamic list):
 - Fetch latest blog_posts join users for author; reuse the **List** boilerplate view
- ✓ Seed/admin
 - One admin and one member are included in the seed for testing login flows (Passwords hashed with password_hash)

HSG Dynamic Pages

Login

- ✓ Click here to expand...
 - uses views/auth/login.php +
 authcontroller.php;
 - server-side verifies users.password_hash;
 - client-side form validation

Timetable/Book

- → Click here to expand...
 - classescontroller.php lists sessions from schedules with class + trainer;
 - bookingcontroller.php handles POST to create bookings, respecting unique constraint

Blog

- → Click here to expand...
 - blogcontroller.php renders posts from
 blog_posts;
 - creation limited to authenticated members

High Street Gym Solution Delivery

Solution Deliverables



Expand all Collapse all

- * Part 1: Confirm requirements and gather resources for the project website
- * Part 2: Project Implementation
- * Part 3: Project testing and debugging
- Part 4: Web programming research

Part 1: Confirm requirements and gather resources for the project website

Task 1:

Conversation Log

I.1: Conversation Log			
Date	Topic	Discussion	Stakeholder
20/10/2025	Project Kick- off	Discussed the overall objective of creating a dynamic booking website for High Street Gym. Confirmed that the site will allow members to register/login, view weekly class timetables, and book sessions with trainers. Agreed that XML will be used for transferring data such as new member details and new class entries into the database.	Uptown IT Project Manager
21/10/2025	Confirmation of general database requirements	Confirmed that at least two XML documents will be implemented: one for adding a new member, and another for adding new classes.	High Street Gym Sponsor
22/10/2025	Legislative and organisational standards	Researched relevant Australian and Queensland legal and policy requirements for website design. Reviewed the Queensland Government's Online Standards, Policies and Legislation page, confirming privacy, accessibility, and security obligations under the Information Privacy Act 2009, Disability Discrimination Act 1992, and related standards such as IS18:2018 and WCAG 2.1. Discussed with manager how these apply to dynamic pages and XML data handling, and confirmed Uptown IT organisational standards for secure coding and accessibility.	Uptown IT Project Manager
23/10/2025	Software and technology selection	Confirmed use of HTML and CSS for the front-end interface, and PHP with MySQL for server-side processing and database management. Also confirmed XML 1.0 (Fifth Edition W3C 2008) for data input into database	Uptown IT Project Manager

Task 2:

Confirm dynamic website requirements and legislative requirements

Dynamic Website Requirements	Comments
Purpose:	
To provide a secure, dynamic and accessible website for High Street Gym members to view timetables, book classes with specific trainers and share experiences via blog.	Include admin functionality to add classes and members via XML documents
Scope:	
Included:	Ensure architecture
· User registration/login/authentication	extensible and scalable for potential future
· Class/trainer/member management	expansion of functionality
· Member blog	
Excluded:	
· Membership payments	
· Financial management	
· Gym administration	
Functional requirements:	
As a visitor to the High Street Gym website I want to see the weekly class schedule So that I can make an informed decision about joining	System functions needed to meet user expectations:
As a High Street Gym member I want to login securely the High Street Gym members' area So that I can book classes online with my favourite trainers	Registration/login functionalityClass
As a High Street Gym member I want to write blog updates on the website So that I can share my experiences and support my fellow members	browsing/booking · Blog upload
As a High Street Gym trainer I want to view assigned classes So that I can prepare and deliver my training sessions on time	
Technical requirements:	Validated HTML & CSS
· Standards-compliant page rendering and styling	PHP connection
· Reliable client–server communication and data validation	Validated XML to update SQL database
· XML data transfer to the database	Semantic HTML & CSS
· Compatibility with major browsers and devices	media queries
· Code compliance	W3C Markup Validation/CSS Validator XML validation against DTD
Non-functional requirements:	
· Performance	Fast response time and
· Availability	rendering
· Usability	

· Compatibility	Reliable continuous browser access
	Easy to use and accessible
	Reliable across browser and devices
Business requirements:	
As a High Street Gym admin I want to add classes and assign trainers So that members can select the classes they want to attend As a High Street Gym admin I want to add new members So that they can access class selection and blog functionality	Administrative functions: Trainer/class management Member management
Stakeholder requirements:	Cost approval process
Delivery on time and within budget	defined
Methodology and change management agreement	MVP defined and costed
	Scrum methodology with embedded stakeholders for knowledge transfer
Security requirements:	
Role-based access controls	Prepared statements
Multi-factor authentication	XML validation
Password/data encryption	HTTPS with SSL/TLS
User input validation	XSS prevention
Secure data transfer protocols	
Quality requirements:	
Validated code	HTML: W3C Markup
Unit testing	Validation
Functional testing	CSS Validator
Usability testing	XML validation against
Penetration testing	Test-driven development

√ 1.3: Related Legislative & Organisational Requirements

Australian and Queensland laws and government policies that apply to dynamic websites and XML data:

- · Disability Discrimination Act 1992 (Cwlth)
- · Information Privacy Act 2009 (Qld)
- · Public Records Act 2002 (Qld)
- · Right to Information Act 2009 (Qld)

Supporting Queensland Government policies and standards include:

- Information Security Policy (IS18:2018)
- Digital Service Standard

- · Web Content Accessibility Guidelines (WCAG 2.1)
- Consistent User Experience Standard

These ensure the High Street Gym website meets privacy, security, and accessibility expectations.

Dynamic and XML application:

- · Dynamic pages (e.g. login, class bookings) will use secure PHP and MySQL
- · XML documents will be used for data exchange and validated against a DTD

Organisational standards:

- · Uptown IT applies coding and testing conventions that include:
- o Clean code structure (HTML & CSS validation)
- o Secure data management
- o Consistent accessibility design
- o Responsive design
- o Organisational XML development and management policies and procedures
- 1.4: Legislative & Organisational Requirements Confirmation

Task 3:

Select project software and obtain manager approval to proceed

1.5: Project Software	
Software/Technologies	Justification
Client-side languages: HTML5 and CSS3	Used to build and style web pages that meet web and accessibility standards Provides a consistent structure and presentation for all pages
Client-side scripting: JavaScript ES6	Adds dynamic interaction and client-side form validation. Enhances the user experience without requiring a page reload
Server-side scripting: PHP 8.2	Processes user requests Connects to the database Manages authentication and XML parsing Enables dynamic page generation
Database platform: MySQL	Stores user, class, trainer, and booking information Integrates effectively with PHP for secure data storage and retrieval
XML platform: XML 1.0 (fifth edition)	Used to structure and exchange data, such as adding new members or classes Supports validation of data before insertion into the database
CSS framework: Responsive design framework (e.g. Bootstrap 5 or similar)	Ensures the site adapts to different devices and screen sizes while maintaining accessibility and usability

Development environment:	Provides an integrated environment for developing and testing dynamic web pages locally, then deploying to
Local web server environment (e.g. XAMPP) Visual Studio Code Github	production
Testing tools: Web validators Browser developer tools	Used to validate code syntax, confirm accessibility compliance, and test responsiveness and performance

√ 1.6: Manager Approval **Project Requirements SIGNOFF** Signing off on this document signifies that the project requirements have been identified and documented. **Project Manager** QA Officer Signature: Cameron Signature: Sheralyn Hume Hughes Date: 21st October 2025 Date: 21st October 2025 Project Requirements NOT APPROVED Please provide feedback on the changes needed. APPROVAL to proceed to next stage: $oxed{oxed}$ Granted $oxed{\Box}$ Not Granted

Part 2: Project Implementation

Task 1:

Dynamic features and database access

- ✓ 2.1: Identify & create boiler templates
 - ■ HSG Boilerplate Templates

The following common repeatable sections and features have been identified for the creation of boilerplate templates:

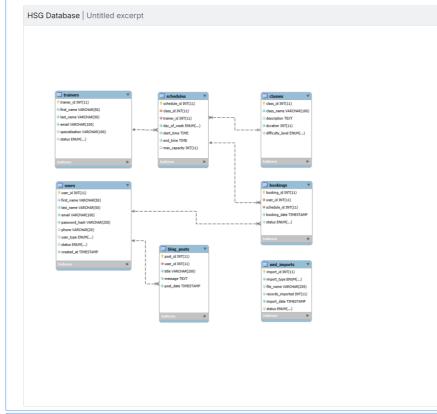
Common sections & features	Boilerplate templates	Solution uses
Page Layout	Default page layout: header logo/title nav bar main content footer	Classes Trainers (admin) Bookings Blog
Navigation	Default site navigation: nav bar nav list nav button	Site Navbar
Tables	Timetable template	Classes schedule
Lists	List template	Blog posts (populated from XML document) Bookings lists (populated from XML document)
Registration/Login	Registration form Login form	Member registration Admin/Member login
Database connection	Database connector	Secure database connection from site models
Controllers	Controller template Consistent method to manage authentication, sessions, page/function access	authentication controller classes controller booking controller blog controller
Models	Models template Consistent method to manage business rules and data integrity, logic, manipulation & access	user model session model class model booking model blogpost model

Styling Site CSS file Consistent, responsive and accessible user experience Site page and section styling rules

Create the template/s

2.2 Create the relational database

■ HSG Database



2.3 Create the web pages

If appropriate, use the template/s created in Task 1 (2.1) to implement the web pages. The dynamic web features identified in the requirements must be implemented in at least three (3) separate pages. Each page must include client-side and server-side scripting.

The task includes creating pages to:

- Process authentication
- Display Gym classes calendar/timetable (weekday, time, duration, level and so on)
 from the database and the facility to book a class and a trainer if more than one is available
- Display a members' blog with functionality to upload and read messages
- In consultation with your project manager, other pages may be included for extra functionality in the website
- 2.4 Document implemented functionality & technology

Complete the table below to identify which functionality has been implemented and which technology has been used for each function.

Page	Functionality	Software/Technology Used
Page 1		

Add rows as necessary	

Task 2:

Implementation plan XML pages

√ 2.5 Review & summarise XML requirements

As per the scenario presented, you need to create at least two (2) XML documents to parse XML data into your database using the server-side language selected in PART 1-Task 3. Review the XML requirements and complete the table below.

XML Document	Purpose	Expectations	Functionality

Add rows as necessary

2.6 Outline plan to create XML documents

Outline a plan to create the XML documents, taking into consideration that the XML documents must integrate with and complement the dynamic website features in an iterative process. Identify the design methodology that you are planning to use and indicate at which stage of the methodology you would create and integrate the XML document/s to the webpages. Identify the software that would be used to create the XML pages.

XML Document 1	Selected Design Methodology	Stage	Software/Tools

Add rows as necessary

XML Document 2	Selected Design Methodology	Stage	Software/Tools

Add rows as necessary

Identify and document the DTD (Document Type Definition) including the XML documents structure, their entities, elements, and attributes. Any media associated

features must also be included. You can use graphics to support your written explanation to describe the XML document structures and elements.

 $\vee~$ 2.8 Explain method to embed XML into HTML pages

Determine and explain the method you plan to use to embed XML into the HTML pages.

2.9 Discuss organisational policies, procedures & standards with manager

Discuss with your manager the organisational policies, procedures, and standards applicable to developing the XML documents. Update the Conversation Log.

2.10 Create XML pages

Create XML pages as per the plan outlined in 2.6.

Part 3: Project testing and debugging

Task 1:

Project testing and debugging

√ 3.1: Debug code

Debug the code as necessary and present proof of debugging by providing screenshots of the process. Two instances of debugging are sufficient.

√ 3.2 Validate HTML & XML code

Validate the HTML and the XML code against current industry standard specifications. Provide screenshots of validation reports.

√ 3.3 Test functionality

Test and evaluate each functionality required and identified in PART 2 is working as expected. This includes programming features and functionality (client and server-side programming). Test website functionality in at least two (2) browsers and two (2) devices. Fix as necessary. Re-test. Provide screenshots as evidence. Use template provided.

- √ 3.4 Test XML documents
 - a) Test XML document offline. Amend as required. Provide Screenshots.
 - b) Test XML document online. Amend as required. Provide screenshots.
- 3.5 Outline implemented security measures

Outline what security measures have you implemented on the website for the following three areas:

- a) Authentication process
- b) Programmatically engineered solutions to avoid cyber-attacks
- c) Internet protocols
- 3.6 Record feedback meeting

Record a simulated meeting with the project manager seeking feedback on the project implementation. For this component you can conduct the meeting with a family member, friend, another student or work colleague. Update website and XML documentation as required. Record the meeting in the Conversation Log.

Important

The above simulated meeting should be recorded and the recording submitted as part of your final assessment. The recording should be approximately 7 - 10 minutes.

3.7 Email project completion to manager

Email to manager communicating the project completion.

Website Implementation SIGNOFF

Signing off on this document signifies that all required dynamic features and XML documents comply with the Client's requirements.

Project Manager	QA Officer
Signature:	Signature:
Date:	Date:

Dynamic Website and XML documents NOT APPROVED

Please provide feedback on the changes needed.

√ 3.8 Contingency task

Assume that you have completed the project and have successfully tested it in three (3) popular browsers as requested. However, the client contacts you with a new request to make the website cross-browser compatible with a new not widely used browser. After some testing, you identify that one specific key dynamic feature is not supported by the new browser. How would you proceed with the client at this stage?

Part 4: Web programming research

Task 1:

Web programming research

- 4.1 Web programming concepts
 - a) Compare multi-factor authentication and certificatebased authentication.

Suggest the most appropriate web security method (multi-factor or certificate-based) for the web project that you have completed in this portfolio. Justify your selection.

- b) Research HTTP (Hypertext Transfer Protocol) and identify the current version of the standard specification. Select and explain two (2) new features of the current specification that improve web security.
- c) Propose and provide examples of two (2) limiting features of stateless programming that can be overcome using session management.
- d) Suggest and outline two (2) strategies that can be used to extend data storage in web applications.
- √ 4.2 Web Technologies
 - a) Research the progression of HTML specifications from its beginnings in 1993 and theorise what could be the next areas/technologies that will need to be covered by HTML syntax.
 - b) Identify and describe three (3) differences between CSS grid layout and CSS Flex model. Based on the differences identified, explain which CSS model is better suited for the web project in this portfolio.
- 4.3 Programming good practice
 - a) Good coding techniques include (1) the use of an appropriate naming convention and (2) avoiding deep

nesting. For each technique, outline the consequences of not applying the technique to the code.

- b) The basic programming control structures are sequence, selection, and iteration. Analyse how iteration works and propose other methods or techniques to achieve iteration or repetition.
- c) Select three (3) the areas covered by syntax rules in programming. For each area, explain what is gained by using the specific programming language syntax.
- d) In reference to the web project in this portfolio, provide an explanation to justify the use of client and server-side scripting.
- e) Propose three (3) techniques that could be used to minimise code errors and the need to debug (fixing code errors). Provide examples to illustrate your answer.
- f) Identify and describe two (2) debugging methods that can be used to test server connections.