



Hochschule
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Software Development Project

Motion primitives for Freddy

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Definition

Motion primitives¹, skill or behavioural building block:

- atomic unit of robotic behaviour
- configurable and hence reusable in different contexts
- composable with other motion primitives
to build more complex behaviour

¹ Kinematic constraints and motion primitives 2022.



Robile platform of Freddy: Capabilities

- Modular mobile robot platform
- Four identical pair of wheels which can be actuated independently
- Communication with wheel-units (in master-slaves architecture) is made over EtherCAT
- Available sensors: motor encoder, IMU (Inertial Measurement Unit) - consists of gyroscope and accelerometer



Robile platform of Freddy: User interface

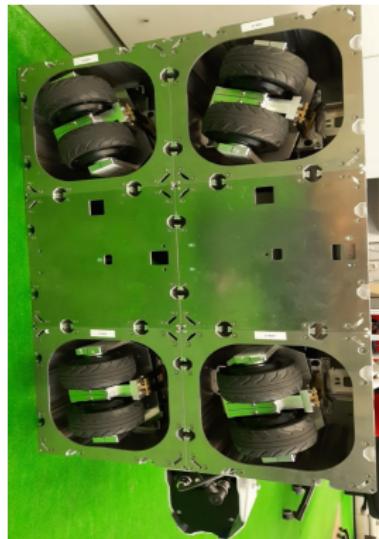
- Control interface: velocity(power limited) and force(current controlled)
- Programming language: C



Robile platform



(a) Top view



(b) Bottom view

Figure 1: Top and bottom view of Robile platform



Problem definition

Controlled movement over the ramp using motion primitives for the Freddy robot

Project goal

Develop a control interface for Freddy robot to perform a motion over the ramp ^a

^a Considering environment is static



Velocity control - video



Safe ramping behaviour - video

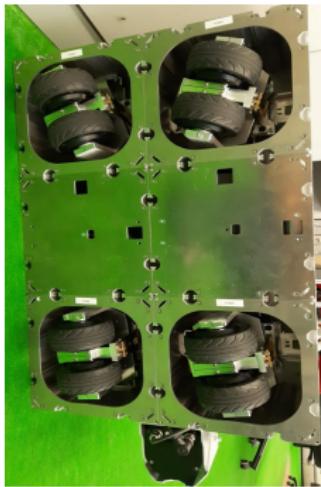


Wheel configurations

- Possible different configuration of the platform i.e., 4 wheeled , 2 wheels + 2 castors, tricycle etc.



(a) 2 active wheels
and 2 castor wheels



(b) 4 active wheels



Required libraries

- Simple Open EtherCAT Master (SOEM) - communication between robot and the actuators.²
- robif2b - robot control interface³
- GSL - GNU Scientific Library⁴
- WS21 SDP repository: Motion Control of the KELO 500⁵

²OpenEtherCATsociety 2022.

³Rosym-Project 2022.

⁴Dr M. Galassi 2021.

⁵ws21-kelo-500-motion-control 2021.

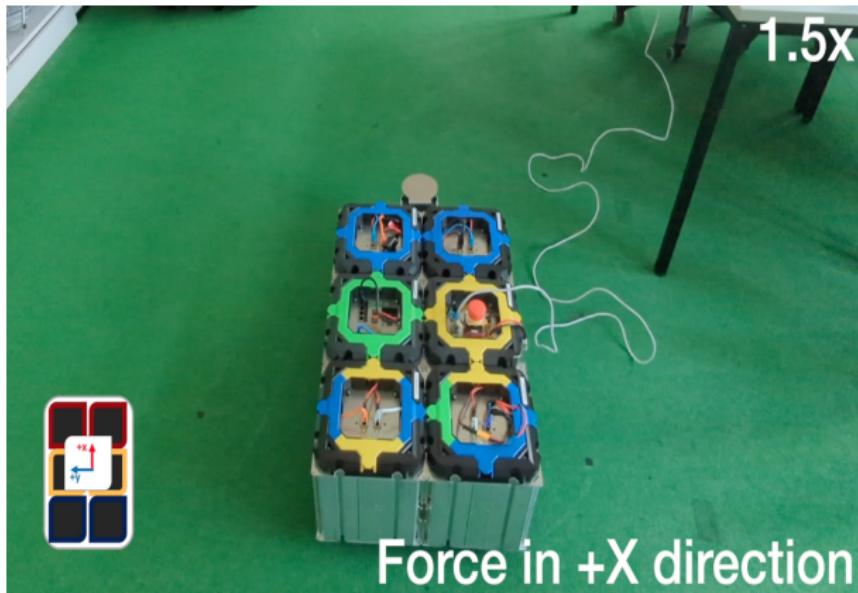


User story 1

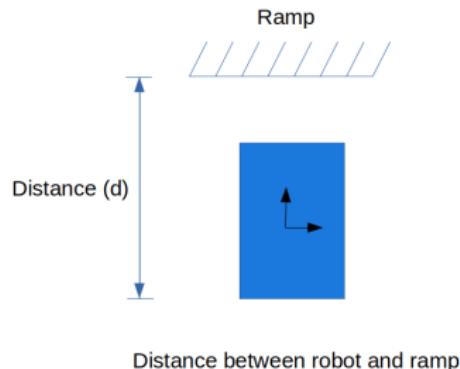
Unique Identifier : D1	Estimate : 2 weeks
Task Description : <ul style="list-style-type: none">Understand force control distribution on Freddy robot.Test previous SDP code on Freddy.Evaluate overlap between previous SDP and ramping behaviour.Refactoring the existing code.	Acceptance Criteria : <ul style="list-style-type: none">1. Move robot in translational forward/backward and left/right as well as rotational clockwise/anticlockwise manner.2. Drive up the ramp with the different platform-level force setpoints.
Risk : Low	Real Effort : 2 weeks



Acceptance criteria 1 - video



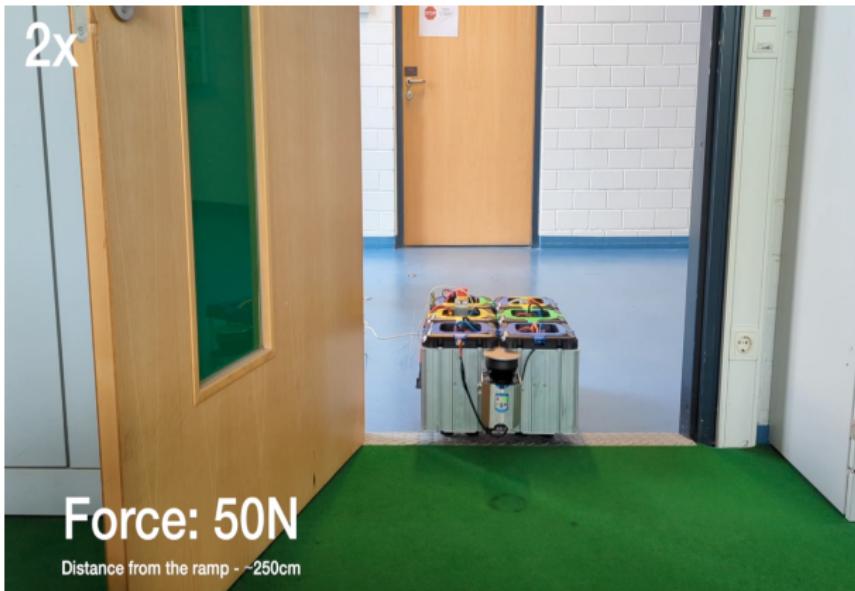
Robot distance w.r.t. ramp



■ Robile platform



Acceptance criteria 2 (d=250cm) - video



Acceptance criteria 2 (d=125 cm) - video



User story 2

Unique Identifier : D2	Estimate : 2 weeks
Task Description : <ul style="list-style-type: none">Orient wheel units to the desired configuration w.r.t. base of the robot.	Acceptance Criteria : <ul style="list-style-type: none">Bring the wheels to 0, 90, 180 and 270 degrees.
Risk : High	Real Effort : 2 weeks



Wheel orientation

- Robile platform has differential drive wheel units
- Using differential drive kinematics to rotate wheels around z-axis (no translation motion)
- Give both wheels same magnitude of torque but in opposite direction
- Controller:
 - Closed-loop controller
 - Set points are 0, 90, 180, and 270 degrees
 - Feedback signal from pivot angle measurement sensor (in rad)
 - Convert angle values in range of $-PI$ to $+PI$
 - Find the shortest rotation direction
 - Implemented only Proportional (P) controller as of now



Acceptance criteria - video



User story 3

Unique Identifier : D3	Estimate : 3 weeks
Task Description : <ul style="list-style-type: none">Align the robot with a ramp baseline.	Acceptance Criteria : <ul style="list-style-type: none">The robot should be aligned with the baseline of the ramp from different starting orientations:<ul style="list-style-type: none">-> w.r.t. to the baseline of the ramp,1) clockwise angular displacement,2) anti-clockwise angular displacement, and3) orthogonal to the line.
Risk : High	Real Effort : 3 weeks



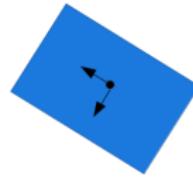
Robot alignment w.r.t. ramp



Clock-wise angular displacement



Orthogonal to the ramp line



Anti clock-wise angular displacement

■ Robile platform

*arrows follow right-hand rule



Acceptance criteria - video



User story 4

Unique Identifier : D4	Estimate : 4 weeks
Task Description : <ul style="list-style-type: none">Understand the ramp-up behaviour for the Freddy robot.Implement ramping behaviour on the robot.	Acceptance Criteria : <ul style="list-style-type: none">The robot should be able to complete the ramp slope.The robot should be able to safely stop after finishing the ramp.The robot should also be able to run over a small bump (ramp up and down).
Risk : High	Real Effort : 5 weeks



User story 4 explanation

- Proportional control based ramp up motion
- Stopping criteria is based on either distance, or velocity
- $f_{value} = f_{max} - d * vel_{w_i}$
- Where f = force(N),
 d = damping constant (ratio of f_{max} and velocity threshold),
 vel = wheel velocity (m/s),
 i = index of wheel



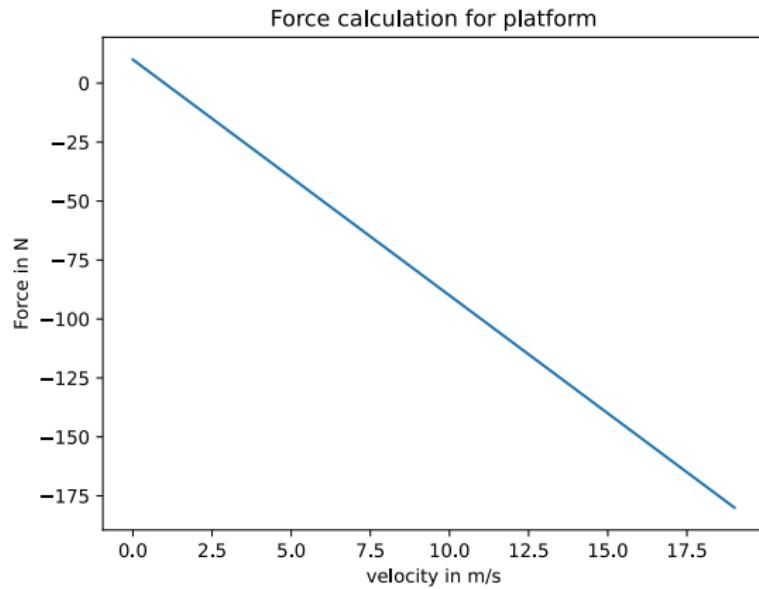


Figure 2



User story 5

Unique Identifier : D5	Estimate : 2 weeks
Task Description : <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Integrate all sub-modules as a complete state machine.	Acceptance Criteria : <ul style="list-style-type: none">• The robot should be able to autonomously drive over the ramp.• The robot should be stopped after the finishing ramp behaviour.
Risk : High	Real Effort : 1 week



State machine diagram

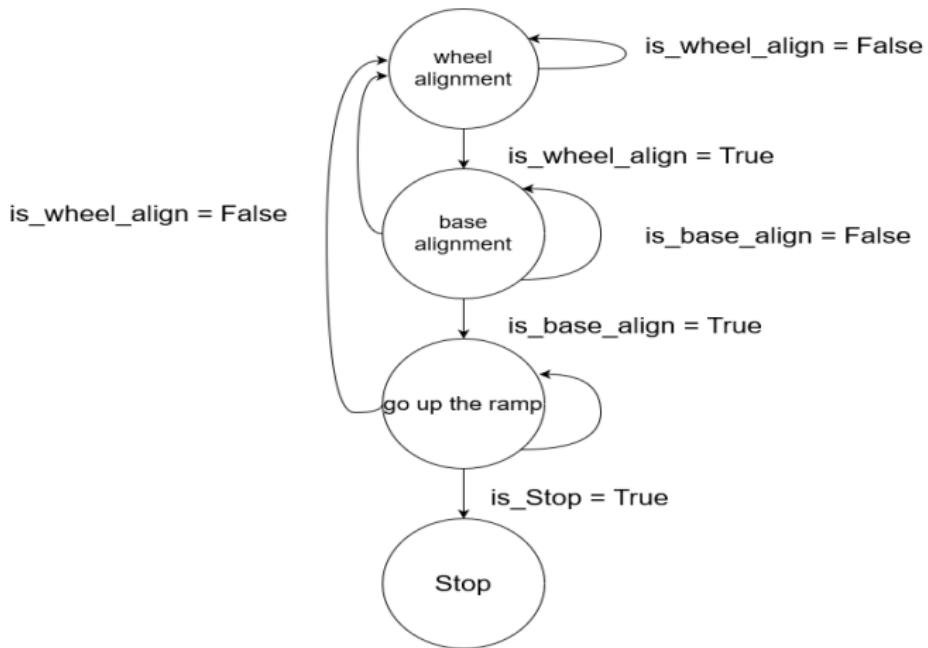


Figure 3: State machine



Features

- Force distribution(previous SDP) code as a library
- Force control behavior allows controlled movement and safe operation in the environment
- Active wheel control
- Proportional controller based ramping behaviour
- Using libraries as a package (modular code)
- Smooth ramp up behaviour

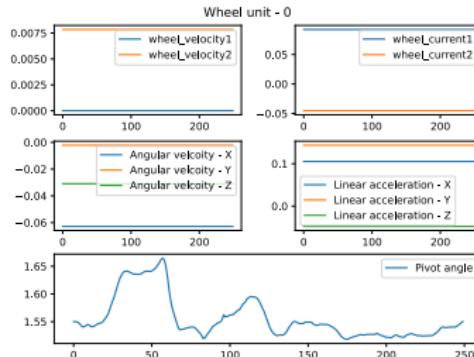


Challenges

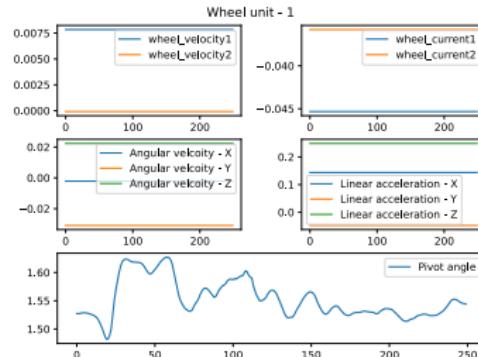
- Realise the physical expected behaviour on coding
- Hardware issues - wheel malfunction
- Instability associated with proportional controller
- Uneven surfaces cause issues during wheel alignment
- Aligning robot vertically with the base of the ramp
- Rotation w.r.t the corner of a robot
- Using IMU sensor for ramping behaviour
- Misalignment of the wheels on the ramp
- Iteration based code



Challenges (continue)



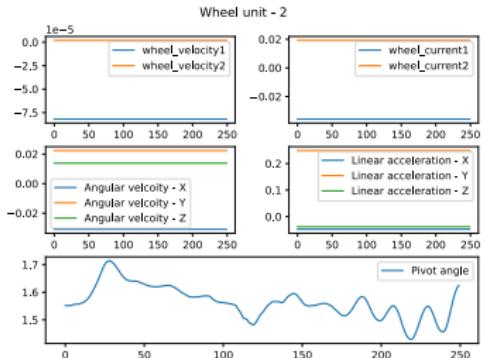
(a) Wheel unit 0



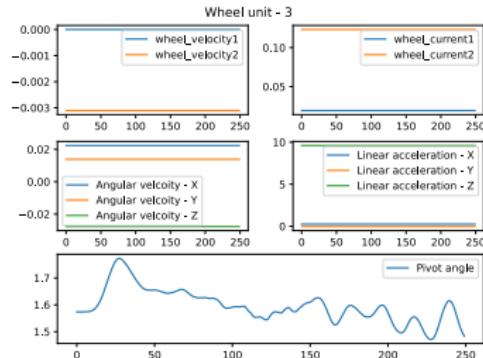
(b) Wheel unit 1



Challenges (continue)



(c) Wheel unit 2



(d) Wheel unit 3



Collaboration plans



Figure 4: Project Roadmap

- GIT version control: Motion Primitive Freddy repository
- Communication medium: Slack
- Meeting frequency: internal meeting twice a week and with the advisor, every Thursday (in-person/online)



Future work

- Implement more robust controllers, example - PID, Fuzzy logic (FLC), etc.
- Use of various sensors for assisting the ramping behaviour, example - Lidar, camera, etc
- Generalisation of the current implementation for different wheel configurations and different types of ramps
- Moving the robot over the ramp in vertical orientation
- Using smart pointers in state machine implementation



Experiences

- Working with C project structure and building custom libraries
- Integrating sub modules on github repository
- Velocity vs Force control behaviour
- Learnt new wheel kinematics
- Learnt about PID controller
- Working with low-level hardware/software stack
- Refactoring existing code base



References

-  Bruyninckx, Herman (2022). **Building blocks for complicated and situational aware robotic and cyber-physical systems**. Accessed on 21.04.2022. URL: <https://robmosys.pages.gitlab.kuleuven.be/composable-and-explainable-systems-of-systems.pdf>.
-  Dr M. Galassi, Dr J. Theiler (2021). **GSL - GNU Scientific Library**. Accessed on 21.04.2022. URL: <https://www.gnu.org/software/gsl/>.
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-  **ws21-kelo-500-motion-control** (2021). Accessed on 21.04.2022. URL: <https://github.com/HBRS-SDP/ws21-kelo-500-motion-control>.



Thank you for your attention!
Questions?

