



Towards Explainable Defect Image Classification in Semiconductor Front-End Production

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Infineon Austria AG

Human Resources

Bridging Academia & Industry



University of Sarajevo

- Leading academic institution in Southeast Europe
- Strong expertise in engineering and technology research
- Global collaborator



KAI

- Industrial research center
- 100% subsidiary of Infineon Technologies Austria AG
- Strong bridge between industry and academia



Infineon

- Global leader in semiconductor solutions for automotive, industrial, and IoT sectors
- Leader in sustainable, energy-efficient technologies



Enabling Innovation Through Funding



IPCEI Microelectronics and
Communication Technologies



Research, development & innovation



Advanced technology & innovation



Collaboration projects



Ecosystem and collaboration



Spillover activities



Impact and sustainability



www.infineon.com/promo/ipcei-on-me



www.aims50.eu

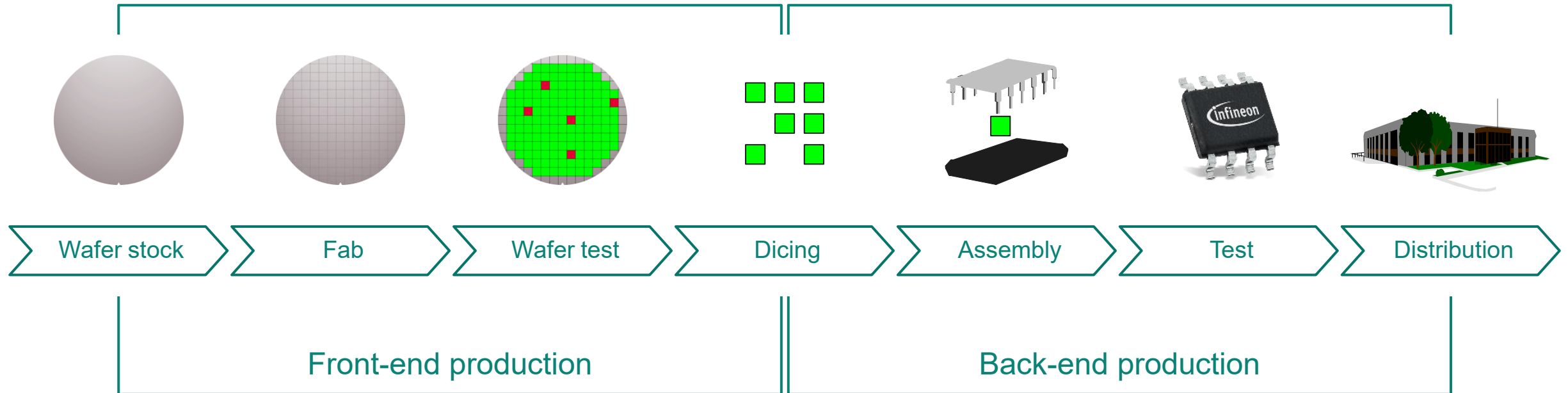
 Federal Ministry
Republic of Austria
Education, Science
and Research

 Federal Ministry
Republic of Austria
Climate Action, Environment,
Energy, Mobility,
Innovation and Technology

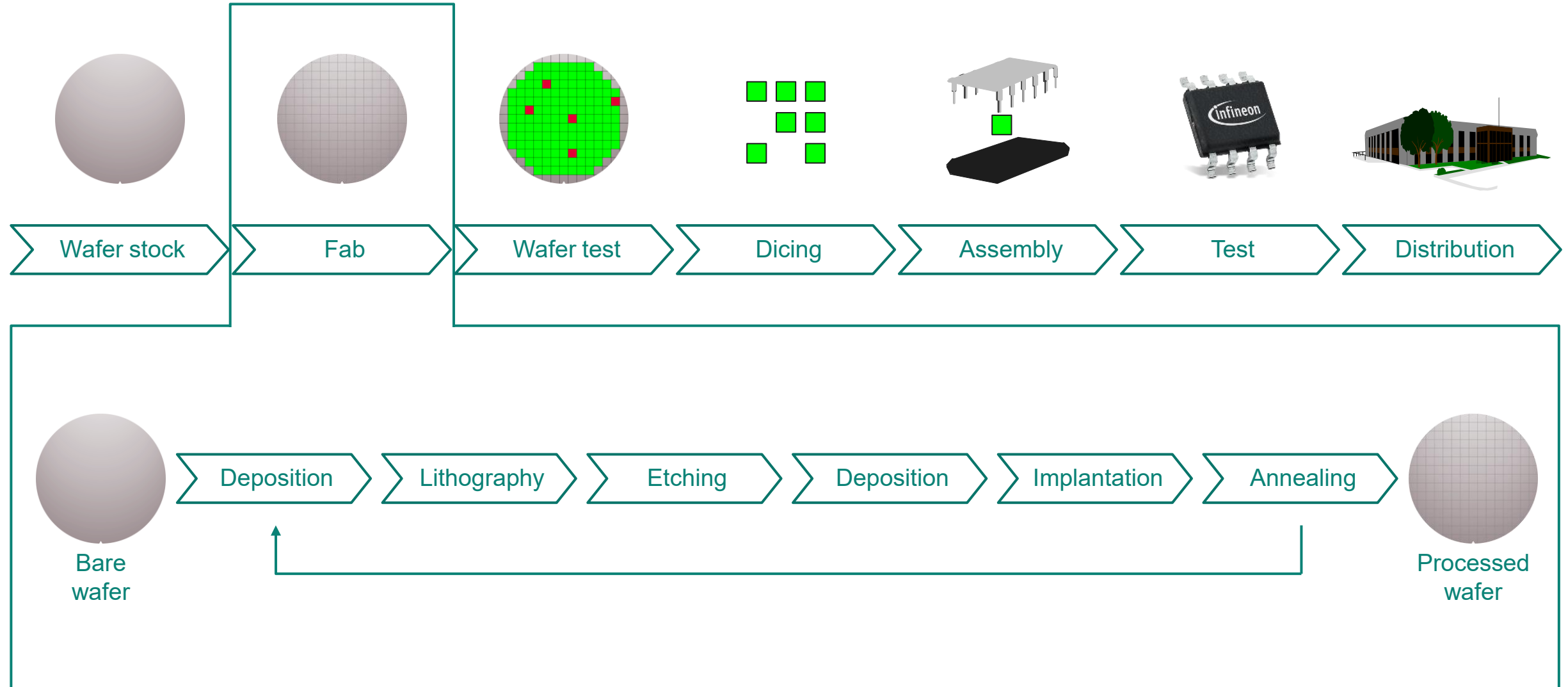
 Federal Ministry
Republic of Austria
Digital and
Economic Affairs



Semiconductor Production Processes

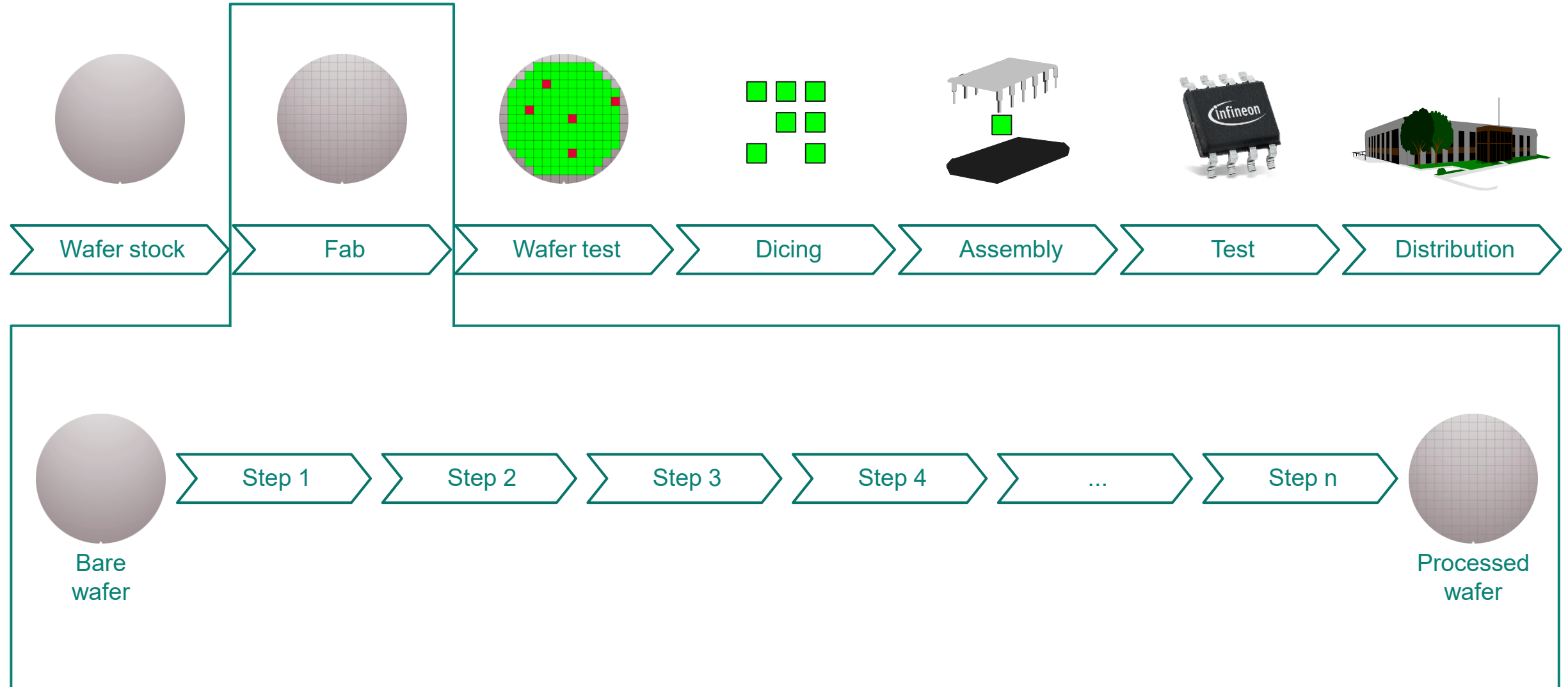


Front-End Production Processes



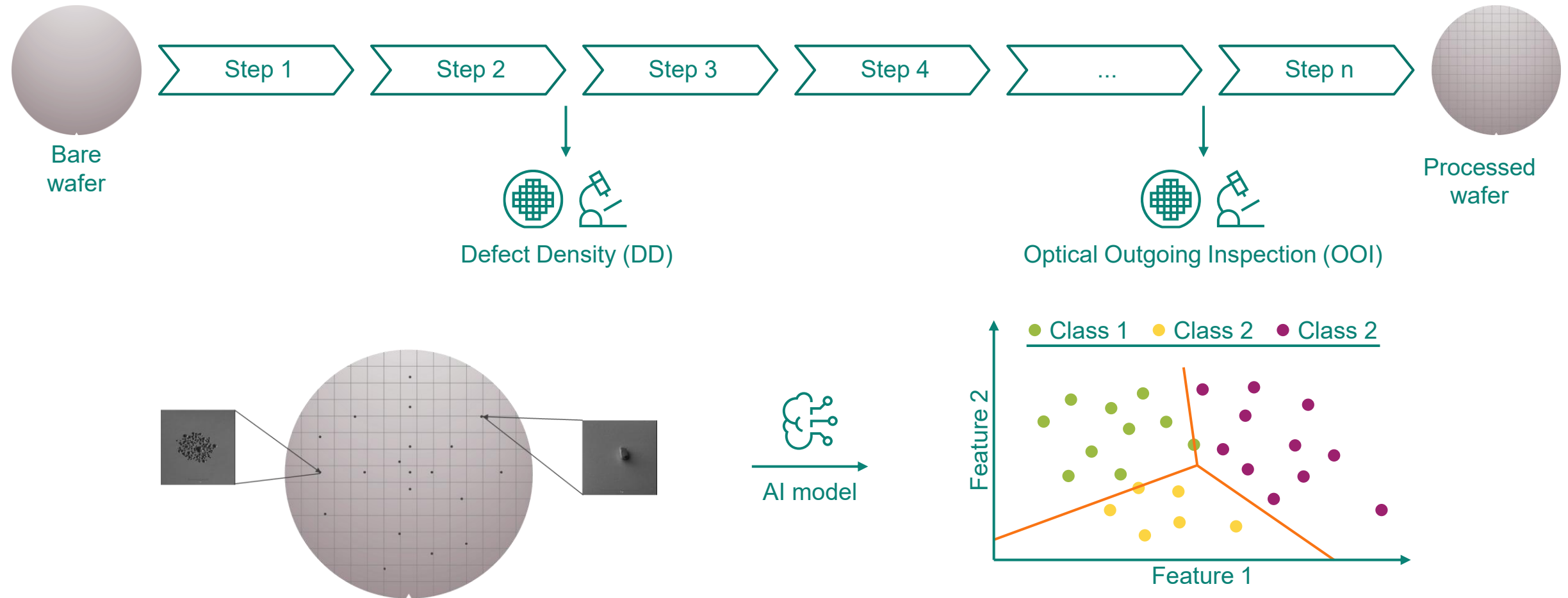


Front-End Production Processes

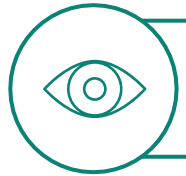


Quality Checks in Front-End Production

Defect Image Classification



What is Computer Vision?



Automation of human visual tasks



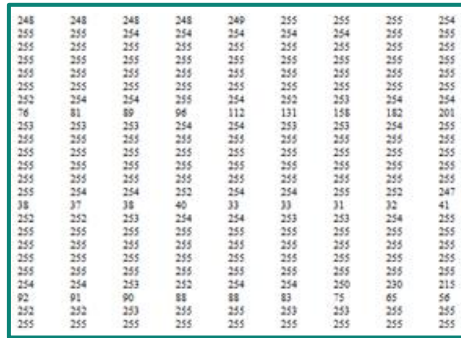
Computer-enabled information extraction

Human vision vs. computer vision

Some computer vision techniques



What we see



What computers see

Classification



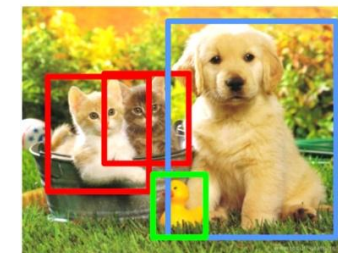
Cat

Classification
+ localization



Cat

Object
detection



Cat, Dog, Duck

Instance
segmentation



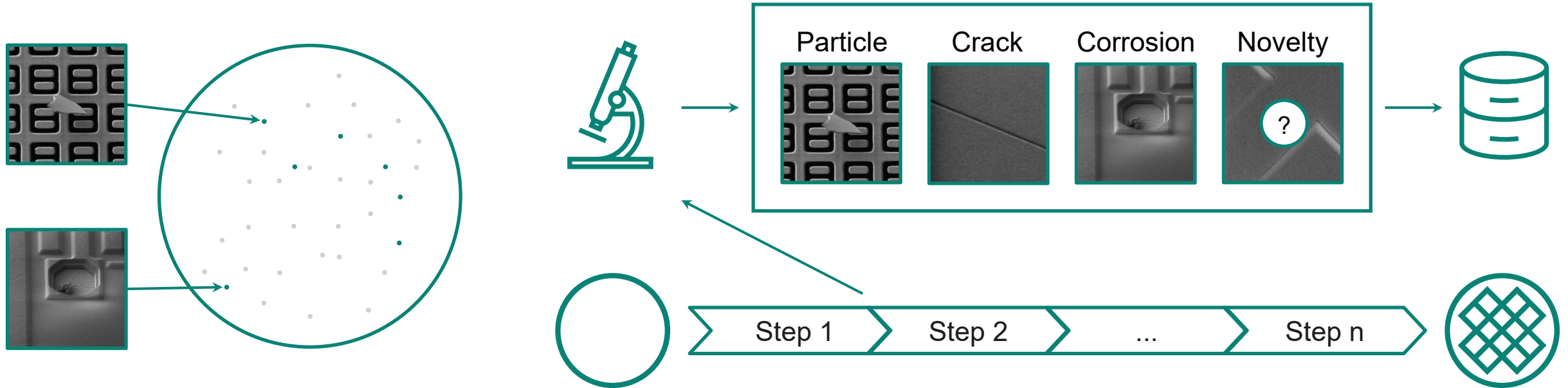
Cat, Dog, Duck

Source: <https://www.augmentedstartups.com/blog/mastering-image-classification-techniques-enhancing-accuracy-and-efficiency>



Enhancing Sustainability in Semiconductor Manufacturing
Through AI-Powered Defect Image Classification

Defect Image Classification in Front-End Production



– Current state

- Manual defect image classification by humans

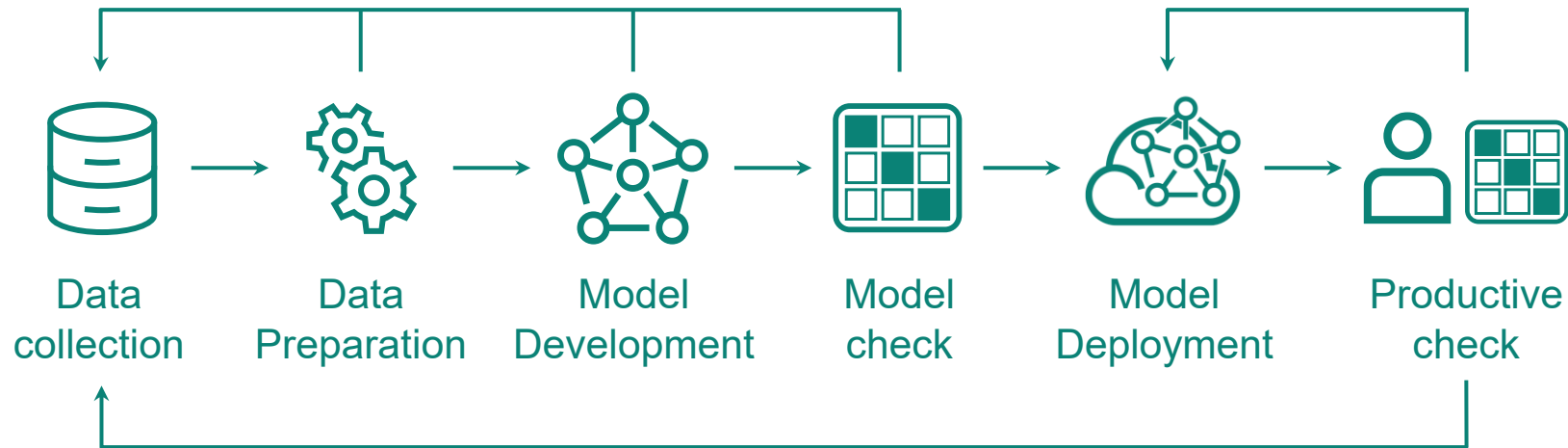
– Goal

- Automated defect image classification using AI models

– Challenges

- Novelty detection, model monitoring & update
- Scaling to other production sites & other use cases

Pipeline



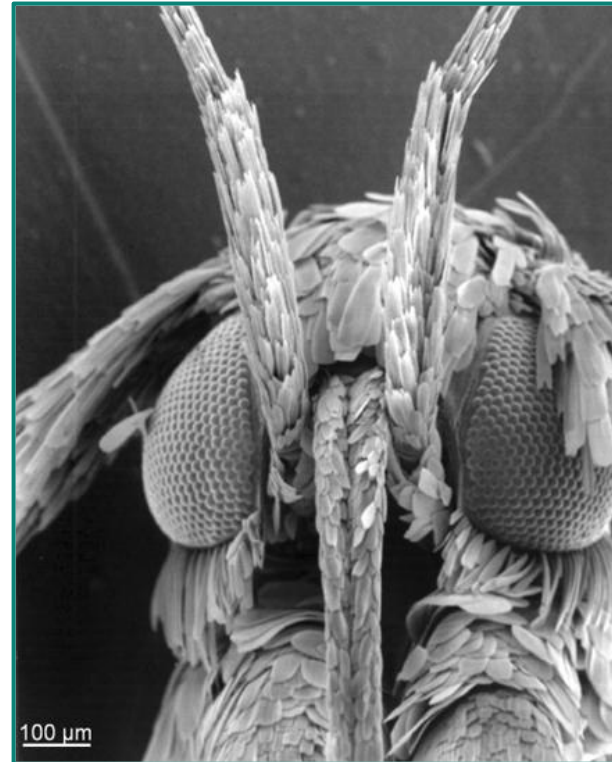
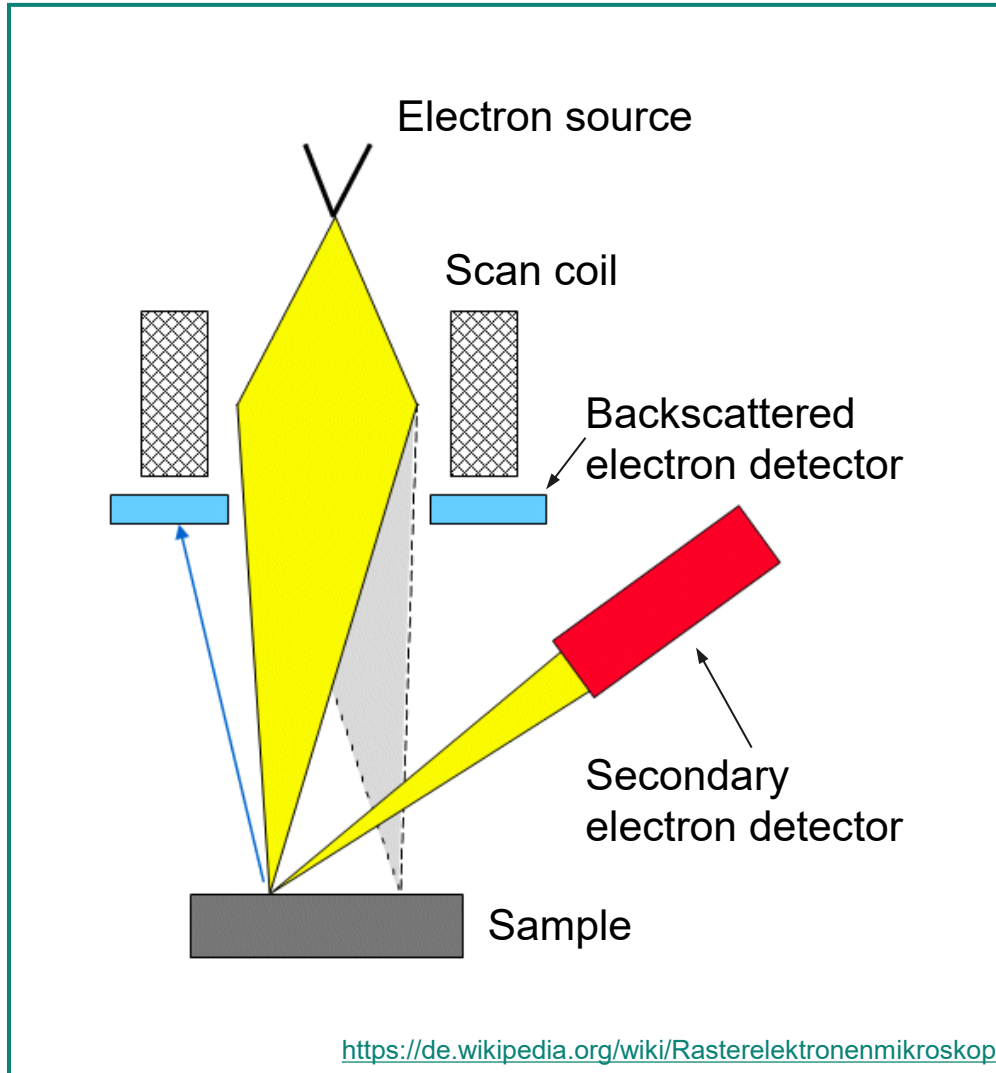
Model development

- Model-centric vs. data-centric approaches
- Training from scratch vs. transfer learning
- Model check on test dataset

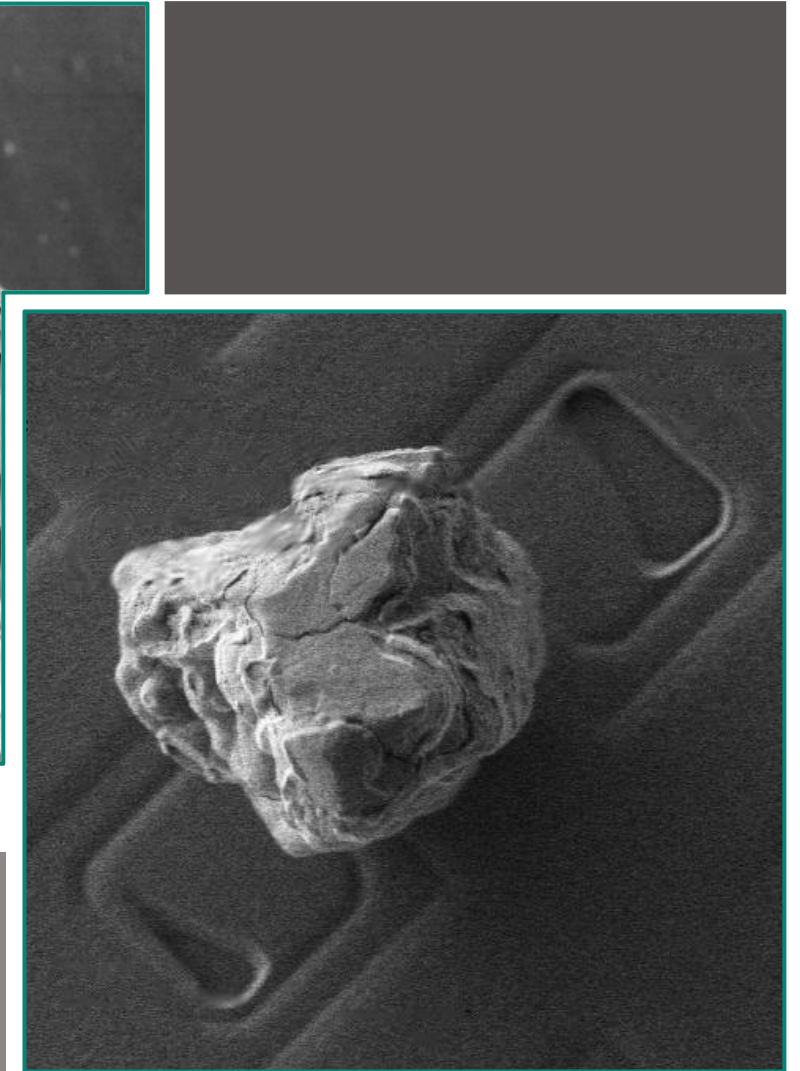
Model deployment

- Model hosted on Infineon internal cloud platform
- Mission critical A → 24/7 support by ML engineers
- Productive checks via model monitoring → model updates

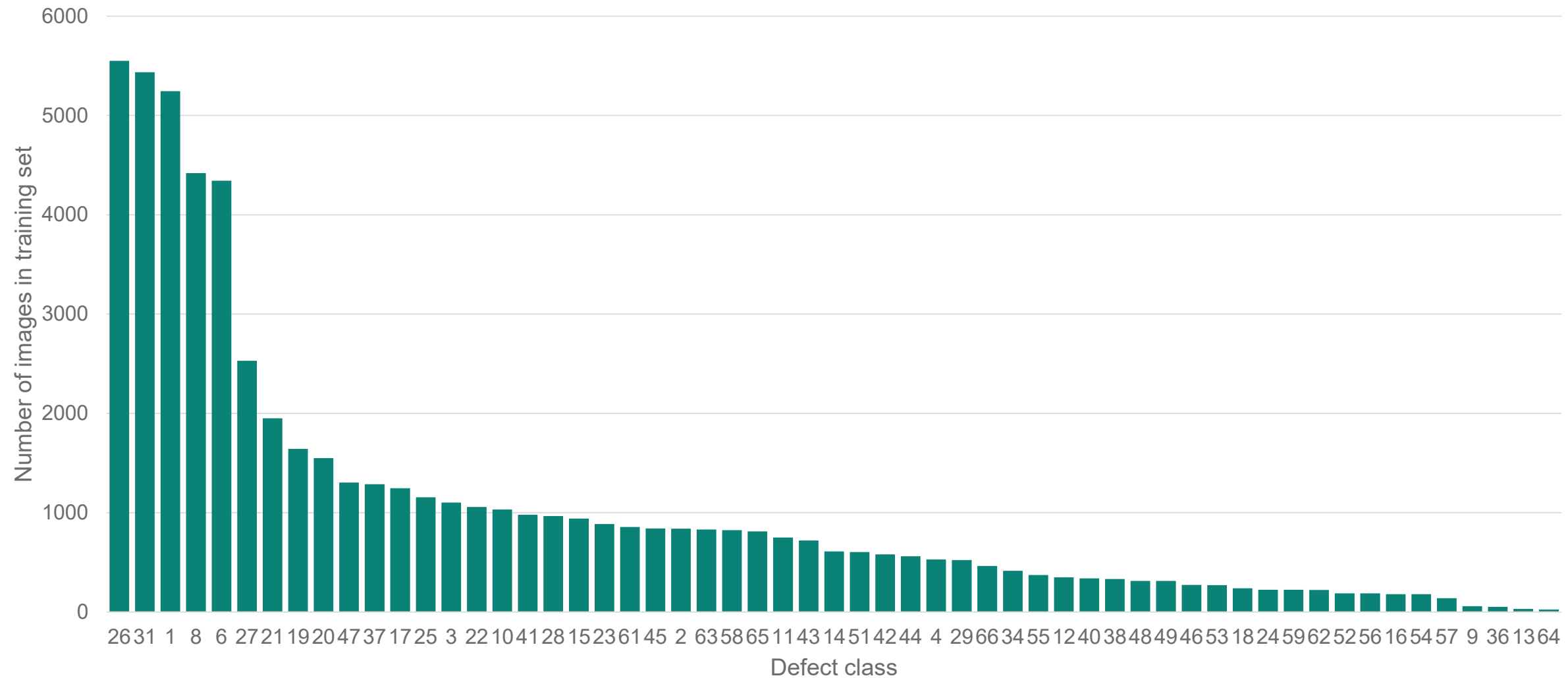
Data Source are Scanning Electron Microscopy Images



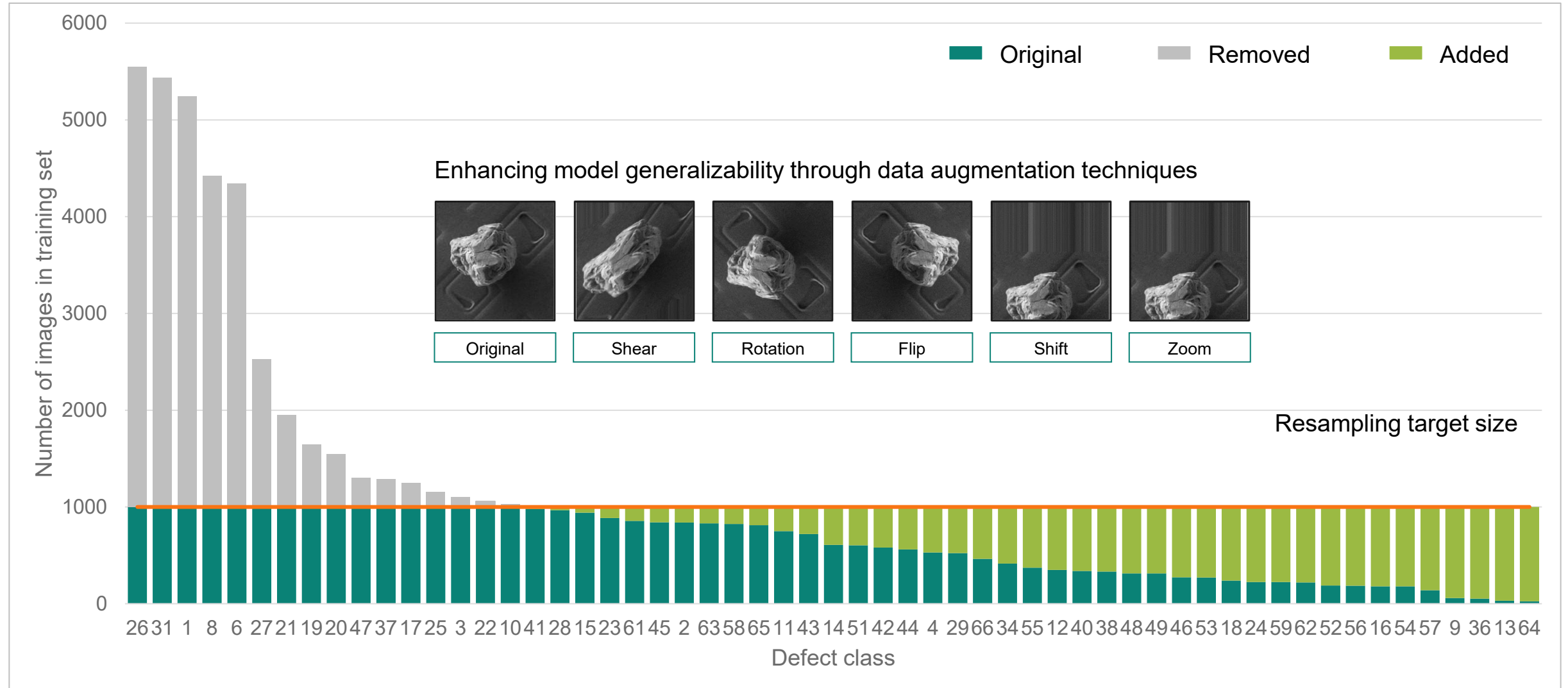
https://commons.wikimedia.org/wiki/File:Insect_SEM_gracilariidae.jpg



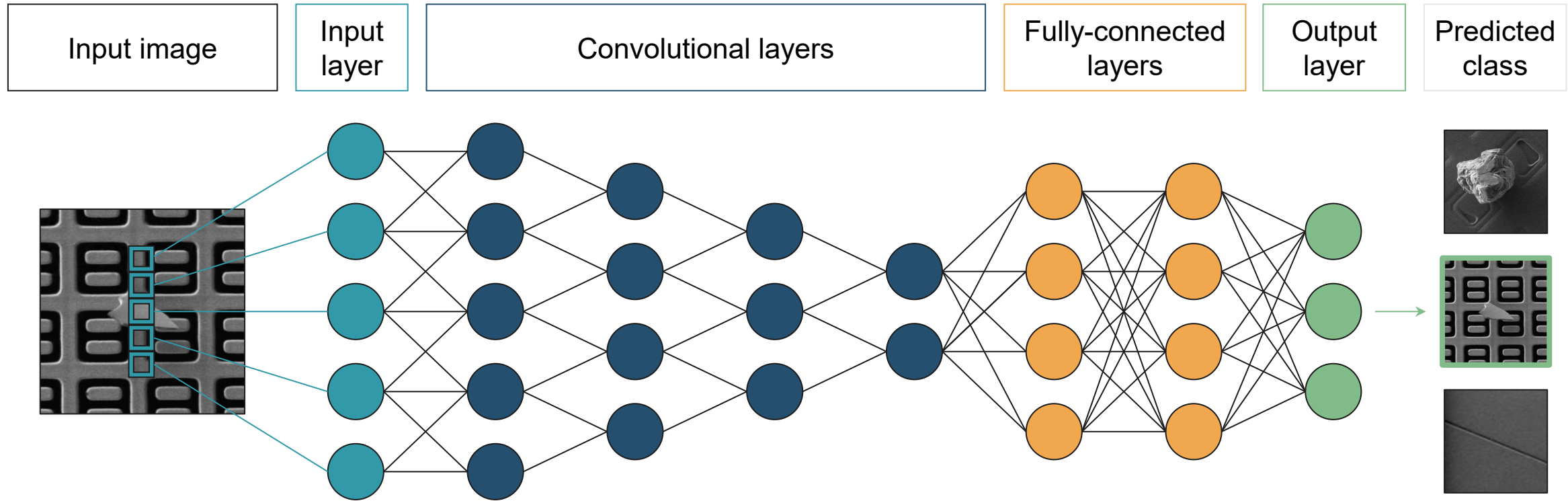
Dataset Distribution per Base Material



Data-Level Balancing



Model Training

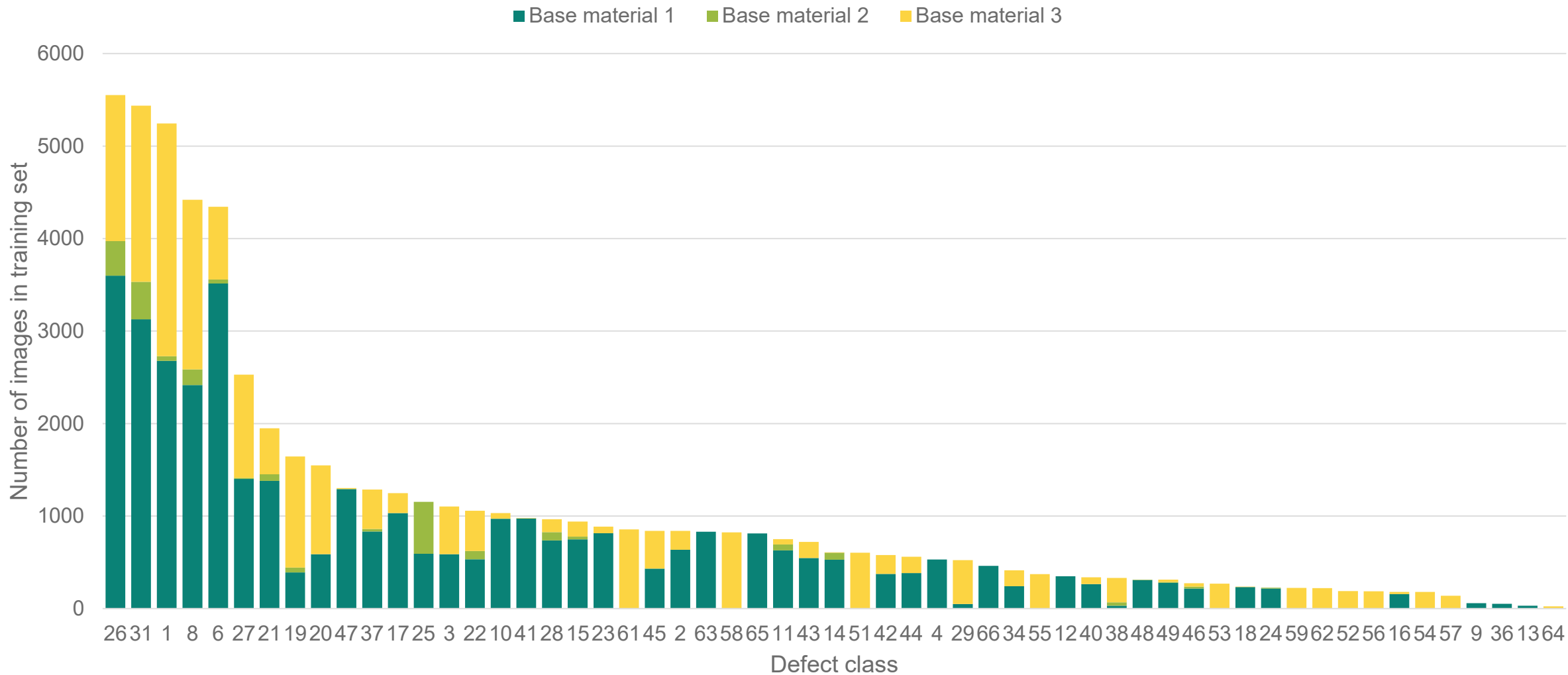


Dataset: SEM images of defect inspections from all manufacturing steps, 57 classes

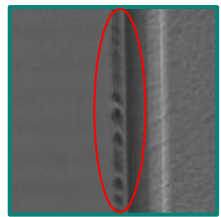
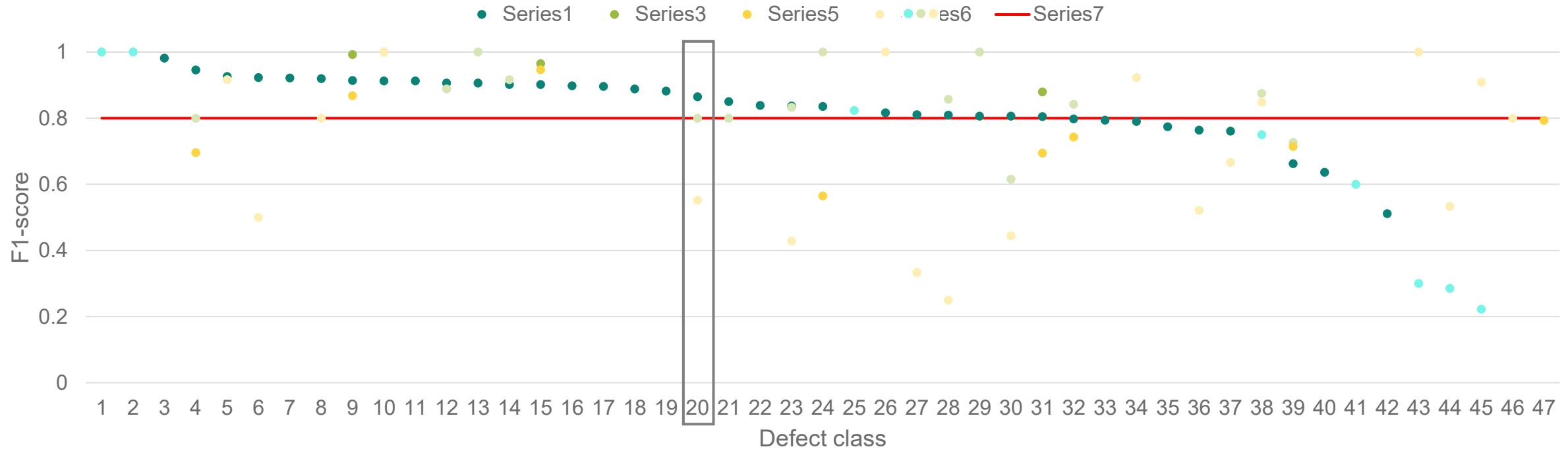
Model: CNN (EfficientNetV2S, initialized with the pretrained ImageNet weights) trained with data-centric approach



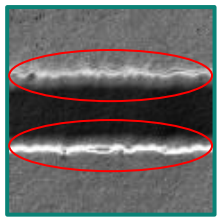
Dataset Distribution per Base Material



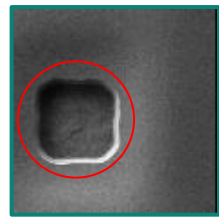
F1-Score Analysis on Validation Data



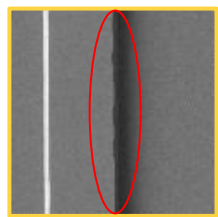
True 15 ✓
Pred 15 ✓



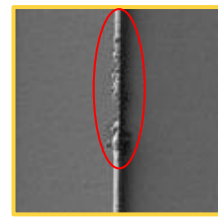
True 15 ✓
Pred 15 ✓



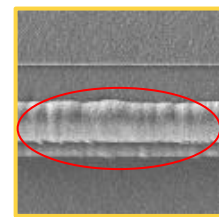
True 15 ✓
Pred 15 ✓



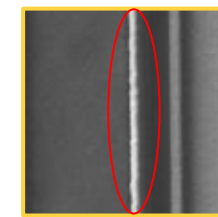
True 15 ✓
Pred 15 ✓



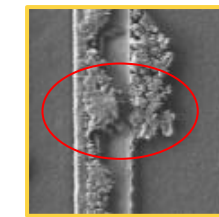
True 15 ✓
Pred 15 ✓



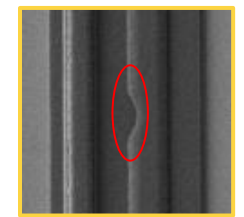
True 15 ✓
Pred 15 ✓



True 15 ✗
Pred 31 ✓



True 15 ✗
Pred 22 ✓

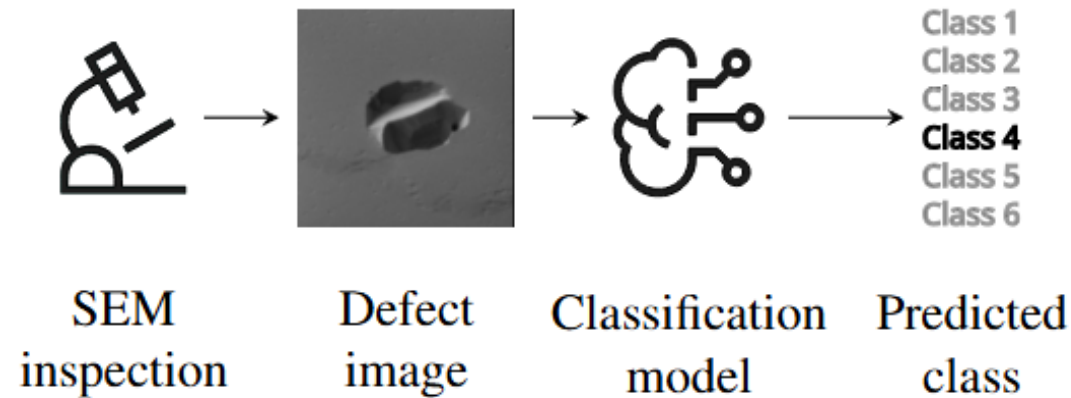


True 15 ✗
Pred 17 ✓

Motivation



Why explainable AI is essential for defect image classification?



Paper accepted at the European Conference on Artificial Intelligence (ECAI 2025)

Motivation for XAI Research



Why explainable AI?



Meet regulatory requirements

EU AI Act

Preamble (72)

*[...] **transparency** should be required for high-risk AI systems [...]. High-risk AI systems should be designed in a manner to enable deployers to **understand** how the AI system works, [...]*

Article 13

*1. **High-risk AI systems** shall be designed and developed in such a way as to ensure that their operation is **sufficiently transparent** to enable deployers to **interpret** a system's output and **use it appropriately**. [...]*

<https://artificialintelligenceact.eu/ai-act-explorer/>

Motivation for XAI Research



Why explainable AI?



Meet regulatory requirements



Improved debugging of AI models



Wilhelm von Osten and Clever Hans

Clever Hans effect:

Not every "good" solution is the one you want!

https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Clever_Hans

Motivation for XAI Research

Why explainable AI?



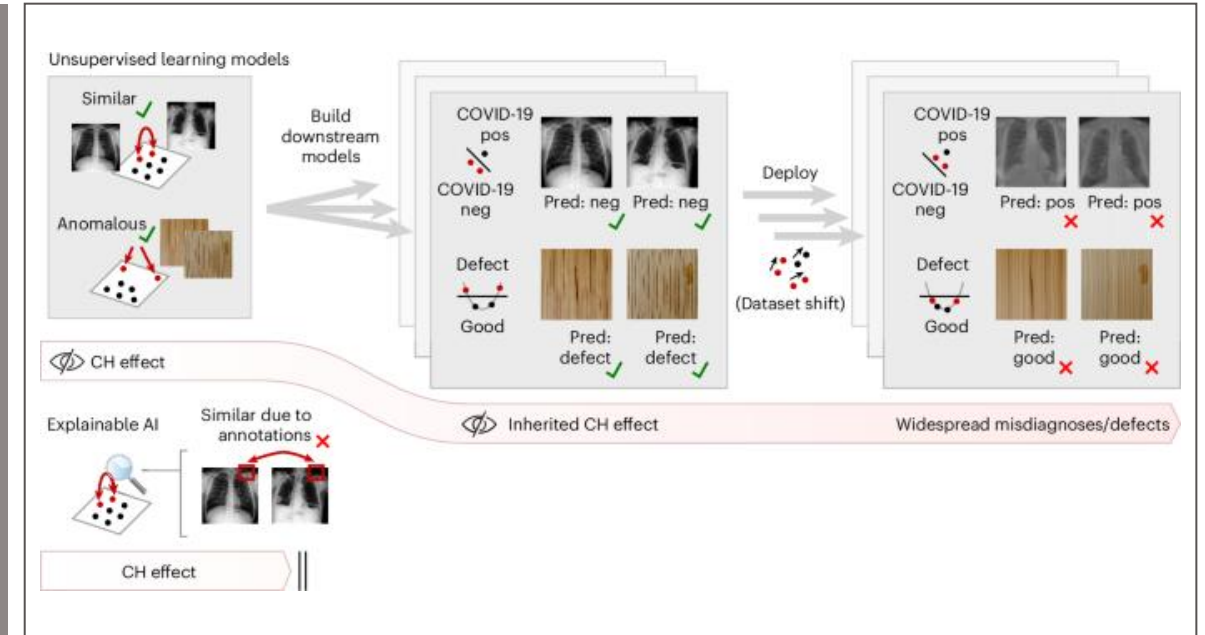
Meet regulatory requirements



Improved debugging of AI models



Increased transparency of AI models



Explainable AI:

XAI reveals Clever Hans effects in unsupervised learning models

Kauffmann, Jacob, et al. "Explainable AI reveals Clever Hans effects in unsupervised learning models." Nature Machine Intelligence (2025): 1-11.

Motivation for XAI Research



Why explainable AI?



Meet regulatory requirements



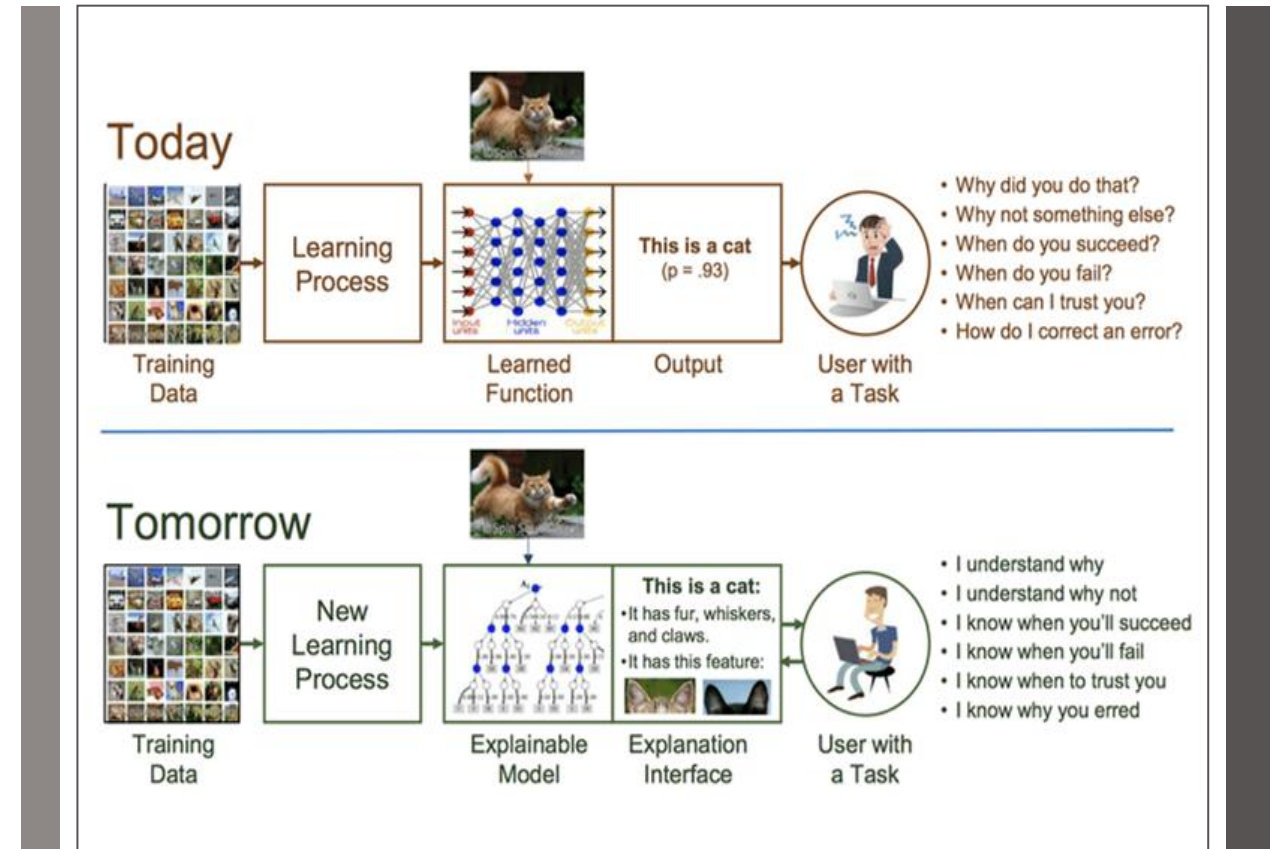
Improved debugging of AI models



Increased transparency of AI models



Increased trust in AI models



Turek, M.: DARPA - Explainable Artificial Intelligence (XAI) Program (2017)
<https://www.darpa.mil/program/explainable-artificial-intelligence>

Motivation for XAI Research

Why explainable AI?



Meet regulatory requirements



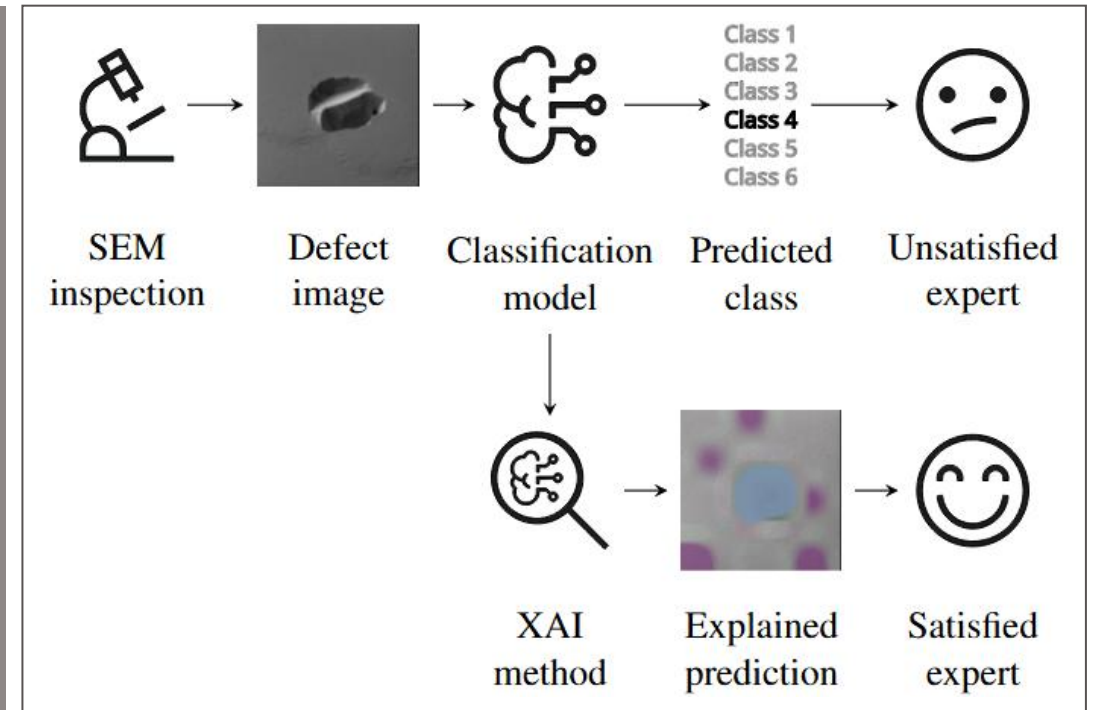
Improved debugging of AI models



Increased transparency of AI models



Increased trust in AI models



XAI in defect image classification:

Empowering experts to interpret model predictions!

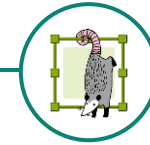
Dataset for our XAI Research

We used the public Carinthia dataset for our research



Images

- Historical images from the production database



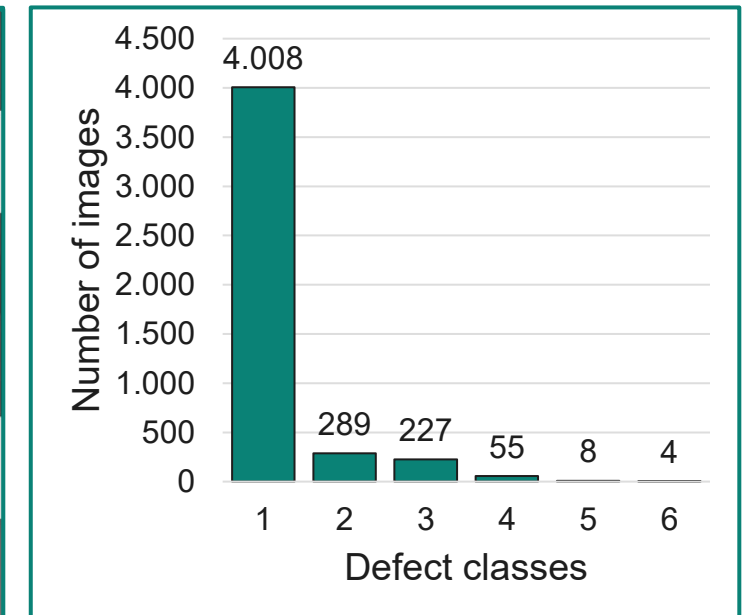
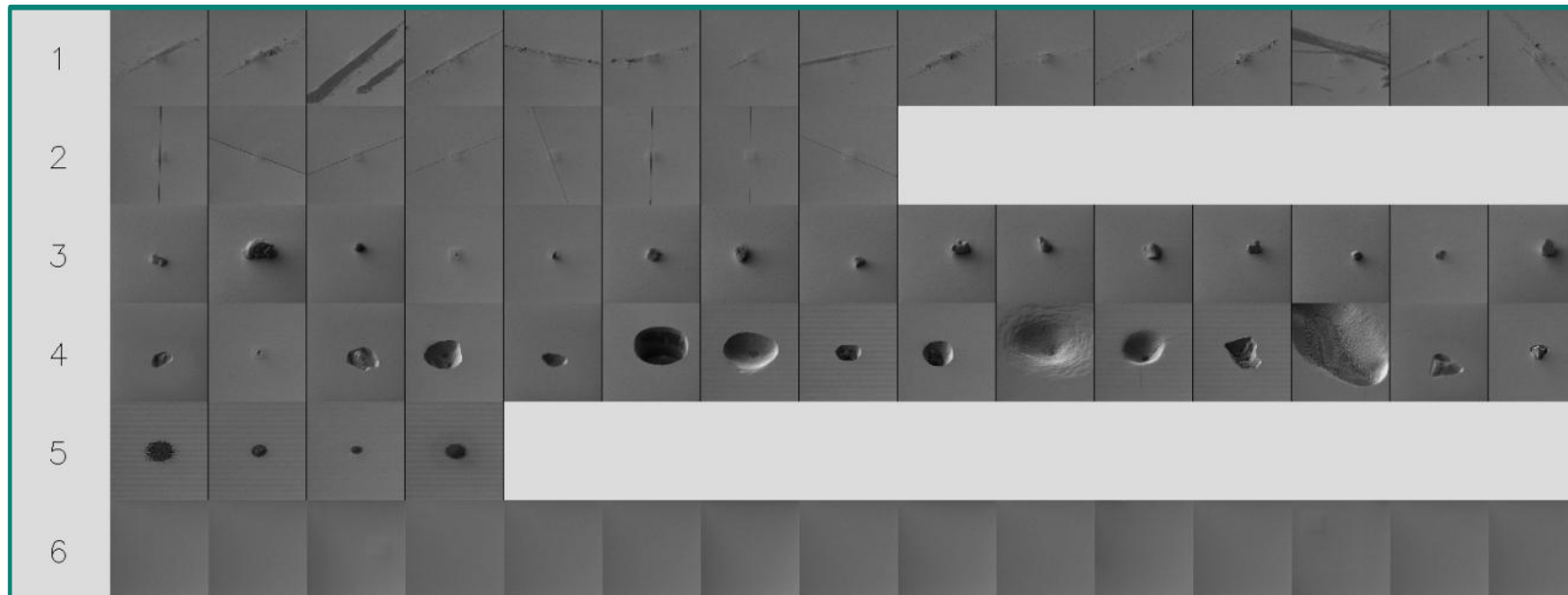
Labeling

- Defined 6 expert defect classes
- Expert labeled ~4.600 images

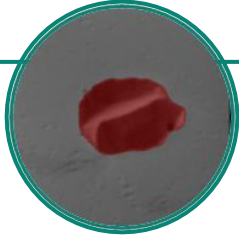


Published

- [Carinthia dataset publicly available on Zenodo](#)



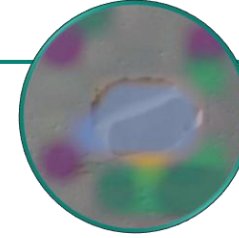
Automatic mask generation



SAM2¹

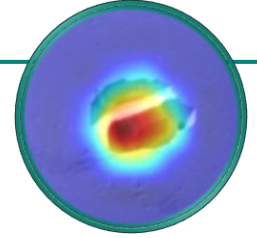
- Automatic mask generation using SAM2
- Expert validation of ground truth masks
- Carinthia-S dataset with ground truth segmentation masks

Evaluation of XAI methods on the Carinthia-S dataset



CRAFT²

- Concept Recursive Activation FacTORIZATION
- Concept-based explanations
- Provide explanations in form of human-understandable concepts



GradCAM³

- Gradient-weighted class activation
- Feature-based explanations
- Provide explanations in form of saliency maps

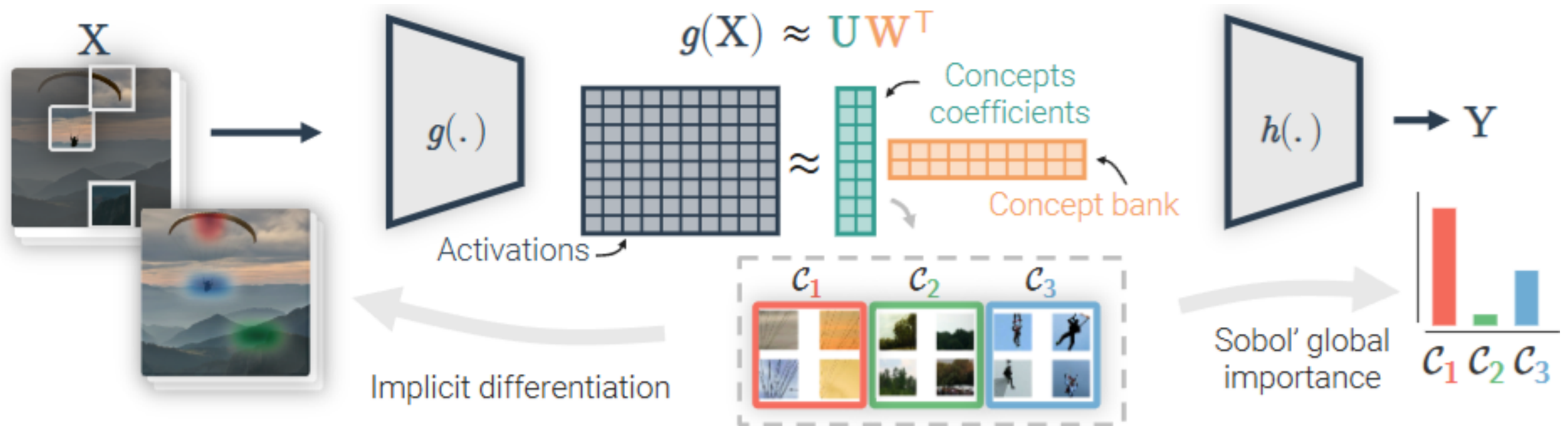
1. Ravi N, Gabeur V, Hu YT, Hu R, Ryali C, Ma T, Khedr H, Rädle R, Rolland C, Gustafson L, Mintun E. Sam 2: Segment anything in images and videos. arXiv preprint arXiv:2408.00714. 2024 Aug 1.

2. Fel, Thomas, et al. "Craft: Concept recursive activation factorization for explainability." Proceedings of the IEEE/CVF Conference on Computer Vision and Pattern Recognition. 2023.

3. Selvaraju, Ramprasaath R., et al. "Grad-cam: Visual explanations from deep networks via gradient-based localization." Proceedings of the IEEE international conference on computer vision. 2017.

Contributions to XAI Research

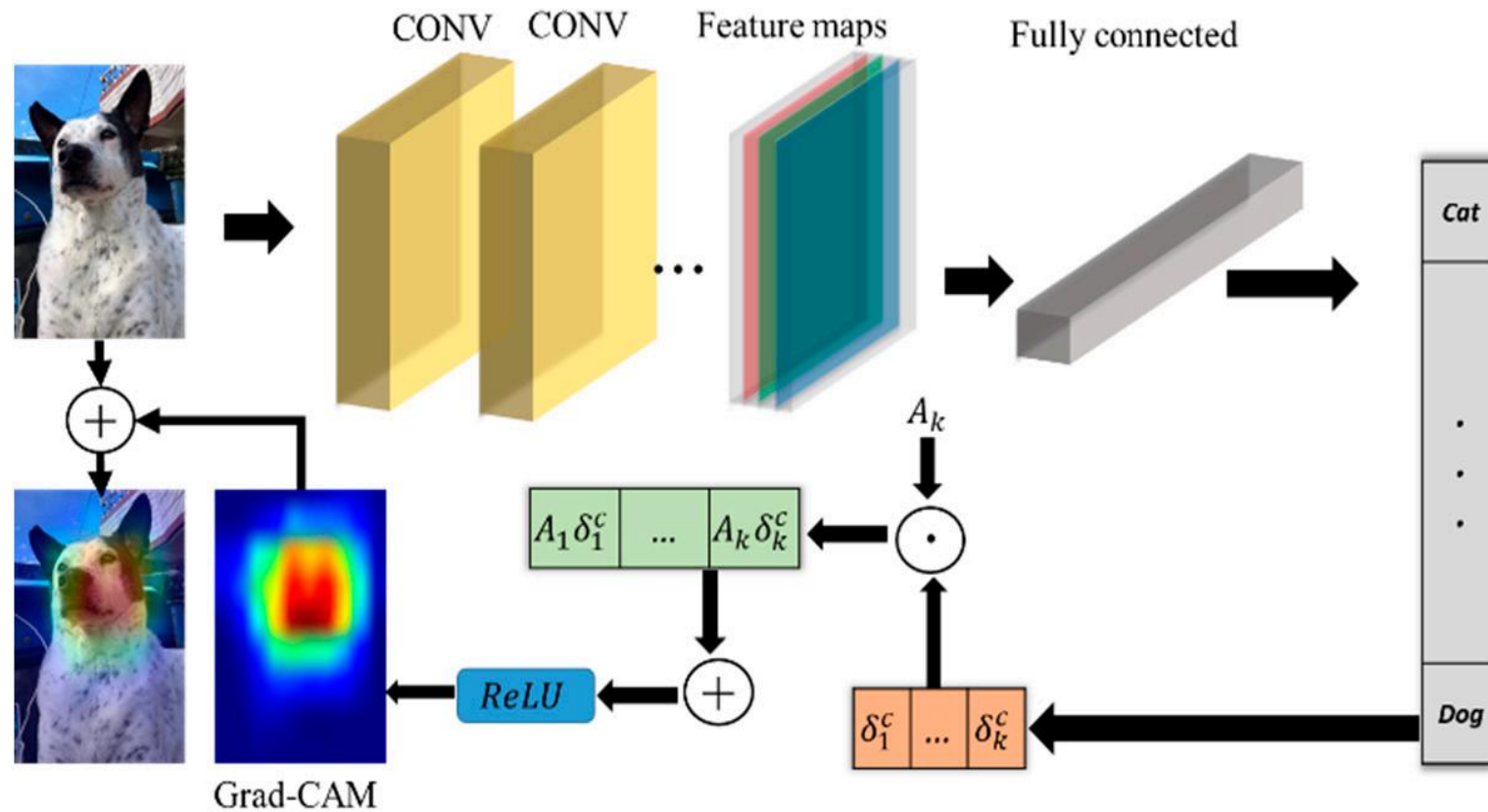
Explaining image classifications with CRAFT



Fel, Thomas, et al. "Craft: Concept recursive activation factorization for explainability." Proceedings of the IEEE/CVF Conference on Computer Vision and Pattern Recognition. 2023.

Contributions to XAI Research

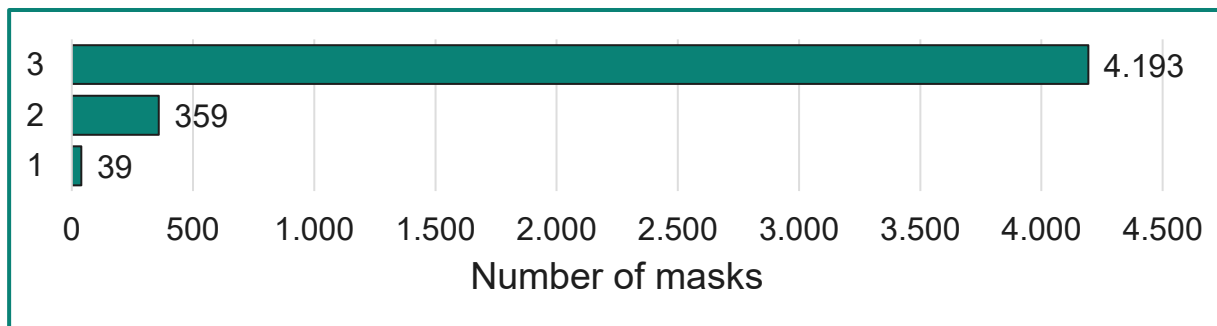
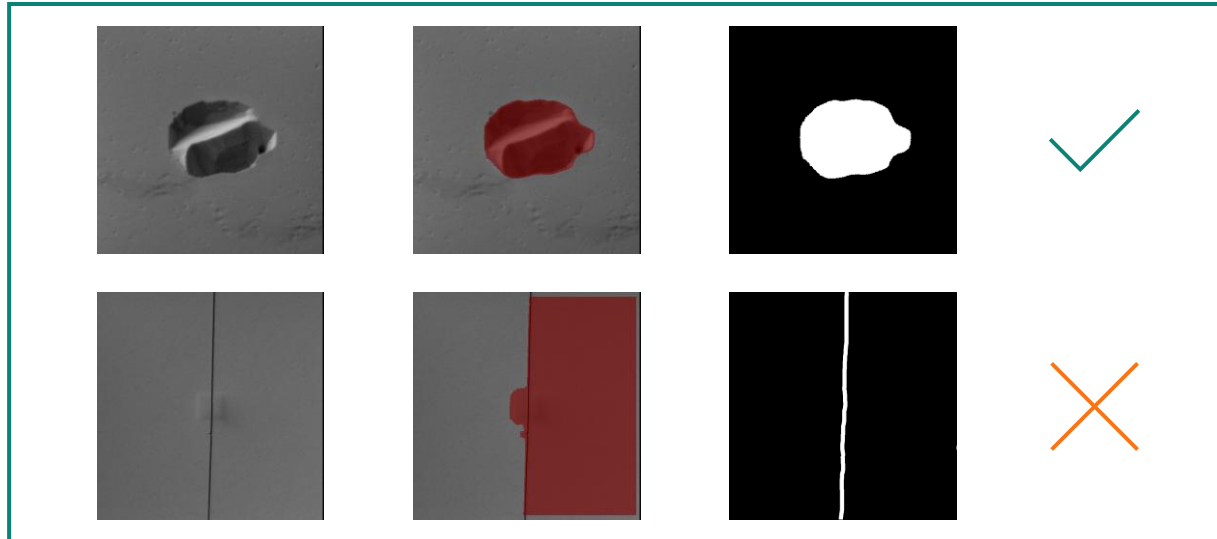
Explaining image classifications with GradCAM



Selvaraju, Ramprasaath R., et al. "Grad-cam: Visual explanations from deep networks via gradient-based localization." Proceedings of the IEEE international conference on computer vision. 2017.

Contributions to XAI Research

Automatic ground truth masks generation



Algorithm 1



Automated candidate mask generation using SAM2



Filtering masks based on prior knowledge



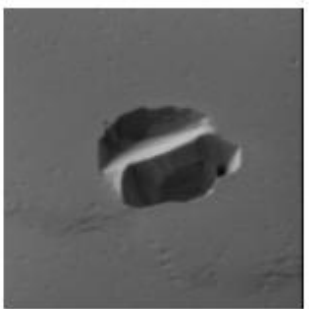
Expert validation and refinement

Ravi N, Gabeur V, Hu YT, Hu R, Ryali C, Ma T, Khedr H, Rädle R, Rolland C, Gustafson L, Mintun E. Sam 2: Segment anything in images and videos. arXiv preprint arXiv:2408.00714. 2024 Aug 1.

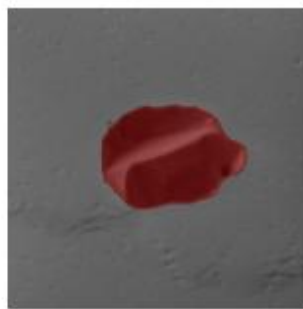
Results of our XAI Research

Insights from qualitative evaluation of XAI methods

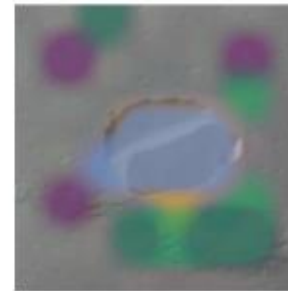
- GradCAM and CRAFT highlight critical regions relevant to the model's decision-making process
- CRAFT is resilient to imperceivable image changes
- CRAFT enhances interpretability by visualizing meaningful concepts that influence predictions



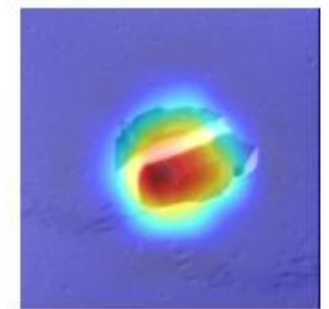
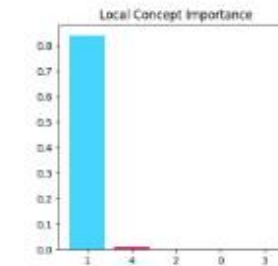
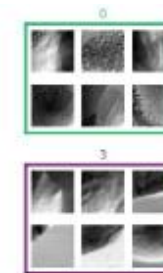
Original image



Ground truth



CRAFT



GradCAM

Results of our XAI Research

Quantitative evaluation of XAI methods

Method	Accuracy	Precision	Recall	Dice	IoU
CRAFT	0.899 ± 0.028	0.179 ± 0.165	0.925 ± 0.232	0.269 ± 0.171	0.168 ± 0.132
GradCAM	0.907 ± 0.075	0.164 ± 0.138	0.851 ± 0.295	0.254 ± 0.154	0.156 ± 0.118

Algorithm 2



Thresholding the activation maps

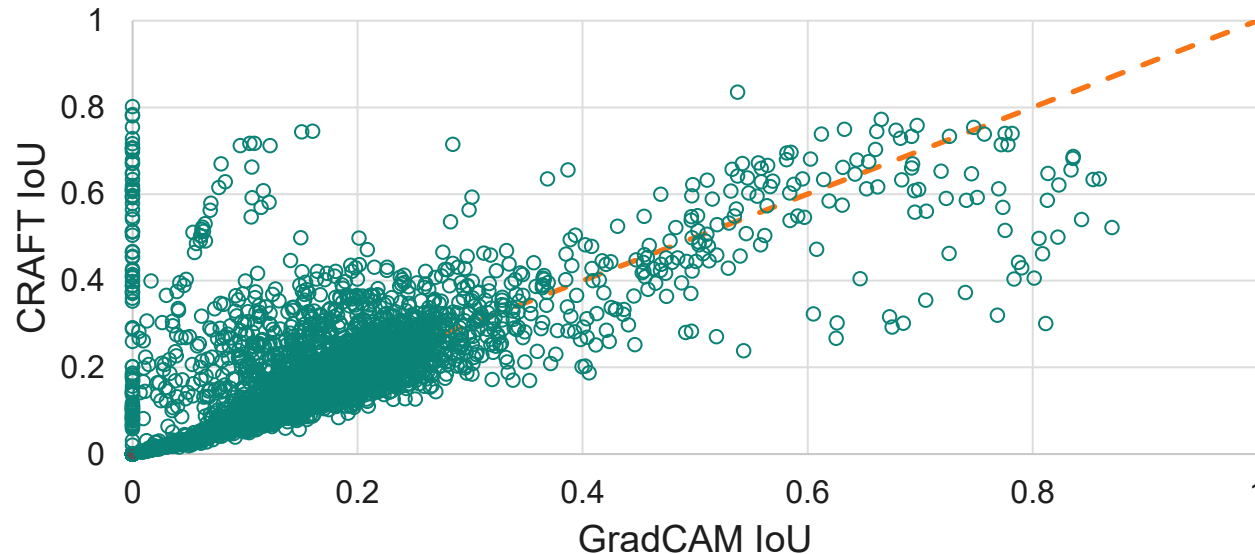
Algorithm 3



Pixel-wise color matching



Thresholding with a tolerance



Results of our XAI Research

Key findings from expert user study



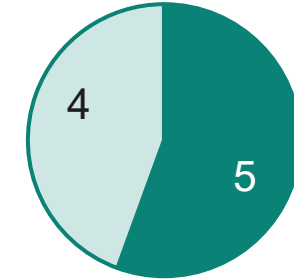
Participation of 9 experts



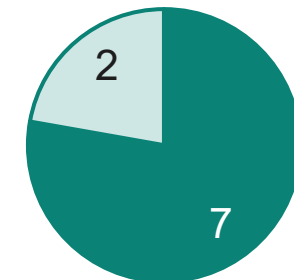
Evaluation using 5-point Likert explanation satisfaction

Questions

- Q1 From the explanation, I understand how the model works.
- Q2 This explanation of how the model works is satisfying.
- Q3 This explanation of how the model works has sufficient detail.
- Q4 This explanation of how the model works seems complete.
- Q5 This explanation of how the model works tells me how to use it.
- Q6 This explanation of how the model works is useful to my goals.
- Q7 This explanation of the model shows me how accurate the model is.
- Q8 This explanation lets me judge when I should trust and not trust the model



5/9 experts found the explanations understandable (3.6/5) and satisfying (3.4/5)



7/9 experts found explanation helped judging when to trust or distrust the model's prediction (3.8/5)

R. R. Hoffman, S. T. Mueller, G. Klein, and J. Litman. Metrics for explainable ai: Challenges and prospects. arXiv preprint arXiv:1812.04608, 2018.

Conclusion & Outlook for our XAI Research

Conclusion



Proposal of algorithm for automatic generation of ground truth masks for SEM defect images



Introduction of Carinthia-S dataset with expert validated ground truth segmentation masks



Novel application of CRAFT to enhance explainability in SEM defect image classification

Outlook



Application of methods on an internal more complex dataset



Enhancing robustness of automatic ground truth segmentation algorithm

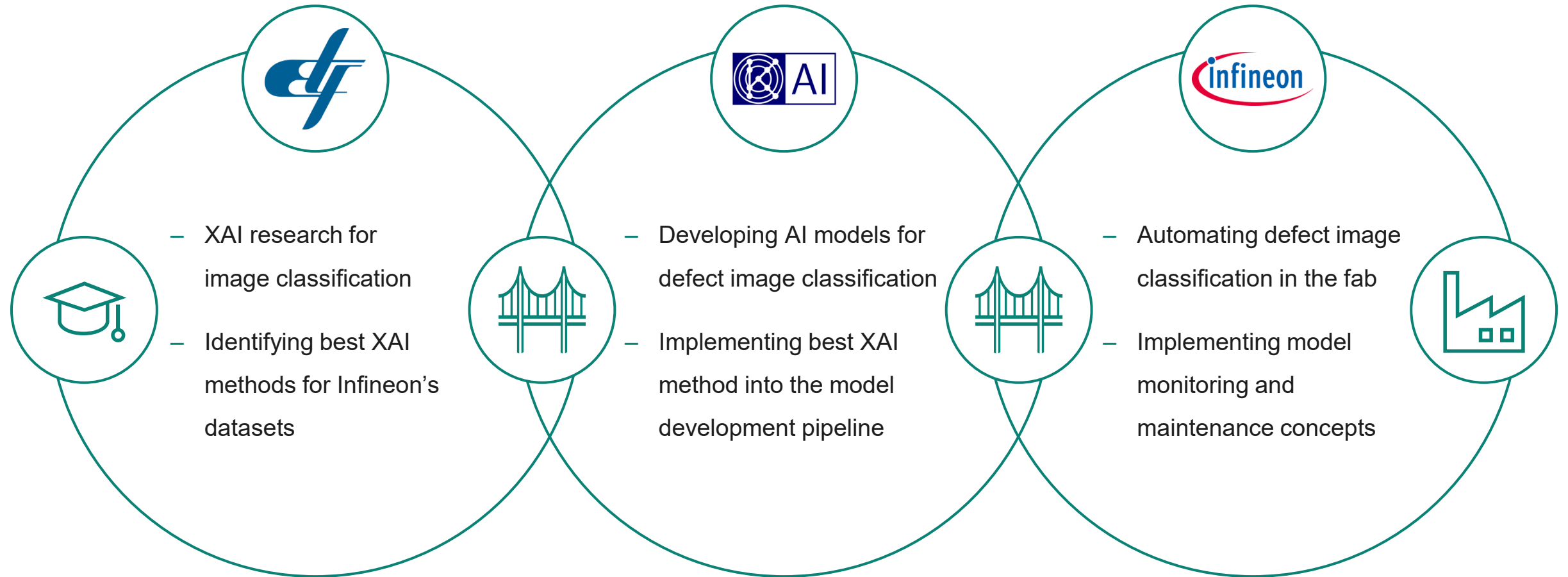


Dynamic hyperparameter tuning for CRAFT



Improving CRAFT heatmap generation

Overall Conclusion



Visit us at our Exhibition Booth 🕶️



Where?
In the hall



When?
During the breaks



Why?
To connect with us 🎁



Thank you for your attention!



IPCEI Microelectronics and
Communication Technologies

This work is funded by the Austrian Federal Ministry of Climate Action, Environment, Energy, Mobility, Innovation and Technology, the Austrian Federal Ministry of Digital and Economic Affairs, and implemented by Austria Wirtschaftsservice (AWS) and the Austrian Research Promotion Agency (FFG) in the frame of the Important Project of Common European Interest (IPCEI) on Microelectronics and Communication Technologies (ME/CT).



 Federal Ministry
Republic of Austria
Education, Science
and Research



The AIMS5.0 project is supported by the Chips Joint Undertaking and its members, including the top-up funding by National Funding Authorities from involved countries (FFG project no. FO999899258) under grant agreement no. 101112089. Funded by the European Union. Views and opinions expressed are however those of the author(s) only and do not necessarily reflect those of the European Union or Chips Joint Undertaking. Neither the European Union nor the Chips Joint Undertaking can be held responsible for them.

