

Z_2 Class

時間反転演算子 \hat{T}

\hat{K} を波動関数の共役をとる演算子とする。 $\frac{1}{2}$ スピン系で

$$\hat{T} = -i\sigma_2 \hat{K} = \begin{pmatrix} 0 & -1 \\ 1 & 0 \end{pmatrix} \hat{K} \quad (1)$$

$$\hat{T}^2 = -1 \quad (2)$$

$$\langle \hat{T}\psi | \hat{T}\phi \rangle = \langle \phi | \psi \rangle \quad (3)$$

$$\langle \psi | \hat{T}\phi \rangle = -\langle \phi | \hat{T}\psi \rangle \quad (4)$$

$$\begin{aligned} \langle \hat{T}\psi | \hat{T}\hat{A}\hat{T}^{-1} | \hat{T}\phi \rangle &= \langle \hat{T}\psi | \hat{T}\hat{A}\phi \rangle \\ &= \langle \hat{A}\phi | \psi \rangle = \langle \phi | \hat{A}^\dagger | \psi \rangle \end{aligned} \quad (5)$$

時間反転対称な系

$$\hat{T}^{-1} \hat{H}(k) \hat{T} = \hat{H}(-k) \quad (6)$$

$T |u_n(k)\rangle$ は $\hat{H}(-k)$ の固有状態である

$$\hat{H}(-k) \hat{T} |u_n(k)\rangle = \hat{T} \hat{H}(k) |u_n(k)\rangle = E_n(k) (\hat{T} |u_n(k)\rangle) \quad (7)$$

w 行列

$$\hat{T} |u_\beta(k)\rangle = w_{\gamma\beta}(k) |u_\gamma(-k)\rangle \quad (8)$$

と定める。

$$w_{\alpha\beta}(k) = \langle u_\alpha(-k) | \hat{T} |u_\beta(k)\rangle \quad (9)$$

w 行列の性質

Unitary

$$\begin{aligned} (w(k)^\dagger w(k))_{\alpha\beta} &= w_{\gamma\alpha}^*(k) w_{\gamma\beta}(k) \\ &= (\langle u_\gamma(-k) | \hat{T} |u_\alpha(k)\rangle)^* (\langle u_\gamma(-k) | \hat{T} |u_\beta(k)\rangle) \\ &= \langle \hat{T} u_\alpha(k) | u_\gamma(-k) \rangle \langle u_\gamma(-k) | \hat{T} u_\beta(k) \rangle \\ &= \langle \hat{T} u_\alpha(k) | \hat{T} u_\beta(k) \rangle \\ &= \langle u_\beta(k) | u_\alpha(k) \rangle = \delta_{\alpha\beta} \end{aligned} \quad (10)$$

$$w(-k)w(k) = -1$$

$$\begin{aligned} \hat{T}^2 |u_\alpha(k)\rangle &= -|u_\alpha(k)\rangle \\ &= w_{\beta\alpha}(k) \hat{T} |u_\beta(-k)\rangle \\ &= w_{\beta\alpha}(k) w_{\gamma\beta}(-k) |u_\gamma(k)\rangle \end{aligned} \quad (11)$$

$$\text{よって } w_{\gamma\beta}(-k) w_{\beta\alpha}(k) = -\delta_{\alpha\gamma}$$

$$w(k) = -w(-k)^\dagger$$

$$\begin{aligned} w_{\alpha\beta}(k) &= \langle u_\alpha(-k) | \hat{T} |u_\beta(k)\rangle \\ &= -\langle u_\beta(k) | \hat{T} |u_\alpha(-k)\rangle \\ &= -w_{\beta\alpha}(-k) \end{aligned} \quad (12)$$

TRIM Λ では $w(\Lambda)$ は反対称行列