Where the prospect depends upon the advice of the insurer or his agent or an insurance intermediary, such a person must advise the prospect in a fair manner.

Where, for any reason, the proposal and other connected papers are not filled by the customer, a certificate may be incorporated at the end of proposal form from the customer that the contents of the form and documents have been fully explained to him and that he has fully understood the importance of the proposed contract.

## Underwriting and processing of proposals

As per IRDAI guidelines, the insurer has to process the proposal within 15 days' time. The agent is expected to keep track of these timelines, follow up internally and communicate with the prospect / insured as and when required by way of customer service. This entire process of scrutinizing the proposal and deciding about acceptance is known as underwriting.

## Premium receipt

When the premium is paid by the customer to the insurer towards premium, the insurer is bound to issue a receipt. A receipt is also to be issued in case any premium is paid in advance.

**Premium** is the consideration or amount paid by the insured to the insurer for insuring the subject matter of insurance, under a contract of insurance.

- 1. Payment of Premium in Advance (Section 64 VB of Insurance Act, 1938)
  - As per Insurance Act, premium is to be paid in advance, before the start of the insurance cover. This is an important provision, which ensures that only when the premium is received by the insurance company, a valid insurance contract can be completed and the risk can be assumed by the insurance company. This section is a special feature of non-life insurance industry in India.

    Section 64 VB of the Insurance Act-1938 provides that no insurer shall assume any
- Section 64 VB of the Insurance Act-1938 provides that no insurer shall assume any risk unless and until the premium is received in advance or is guaranteed to be paid or a deposit is made in advance in the prescribed manner
- b) Where an insurance agent collects a premium on a policy of insurance on behalf of an insurer, he shall deposit with or dispatch by post to the insurer the premium so collected in full without deduction of his commission within twenty-four hours of the collection excluding bank and postal holidays.
- c) It is also provided that the risk may be assumed only from the date on which the premium has been paid in cash or by cheque.
- d) Where the premium is tendered by postal or money order or cheque sent by post, the risk may be assumed on the date on which the money order is booked or the cheque is as the case may be.
- is as the case may be.

  Any refund of premium which may become due to an insured on account of the cancellation of policy or alteration in its terms and conditions or otherwise, shall be paid by the insurer directly to the insured by a crossed or order cheque or by postal / money order and a proper receipt shall be obtained by the insurer from the insured. It is the practice now a days to credit the amount directly to the Insured's bank account. Such refund shall in no case be credited to the account of the agent.

Insurance Products (Non Life)

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