# Simulation von Induktivitäten mit Khapaev (3D-MLSI)

Mittwoch, 12. August 2015 08

Zur Simulation von Induktivitäten bzw. von Gegeninduktivitäten von benachbarten, supraleitenden Strukturen, muss Problem 1 ausgewählt werden.

Wichtig ist, dass die supraleitende Struktur immer links von den gezeichneten Leiterelementen liegt Beispielprogramm:

### cc Gegeninduktivität zweier loops

```
#Number of Conductors
nc = 2
#Problem
pb = 1
#External magnetic field H perpendicular to the conductor surface
#Global finite element resolution
ah = 0.2
#ahb: No idea!
ahb = 0.1
#Tolerance for input pints (nm!?!?!)
tol = 0.0001
#London penetration depth (µm)
Imbd=0.09
#on = Conductor has finite thickness, off = Conductor represented
#by infinite thin current sheets
#hc i n: Sets the number of flux quanta n trapped in hole i
```

#### #hc 0 0

#cond n h0 h1: Conductor definition, n is the number of the
#conductor, h0: height of lower surface, h1: height of upper surface
cond 0 0.0 0.475
cond 1 0.5 0.975
#tp defines a current terminal, J=current density in the terminal
#1->2: current enters conductor at terminal 1, leaves conductor at
#terminal 2
tp J=100 1->2
tp J=100 3->4

### #Gradiometer Outline

#Conductor 0

#ell k form g1 g2 g3 g4 [g5] [type [id: defines the

 ${\it\#conductor, k: conductor index, form: 0 straight segment,}$ 

#segment starts at (g1,g2) and ends at (g3,g4), type=t:

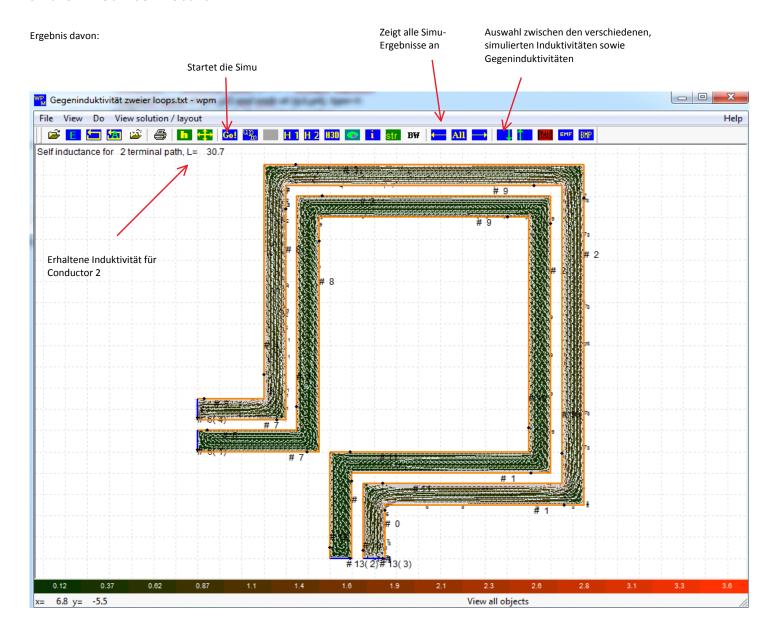
#defines a current terminal, id: terminal number

ell 0 0 2-5.0 2 -1.0 ell 0 0 2-1.0 11.0 -1.0 ell 0 0 11.0 -1.0 11.0 12.0 12.0 -0.5 ell 0 0 11.0 12.0 ell 0 0 -0.5 12.0 -0.5 1.0 ell 0 0 -0.5 1.0 -5.0 1.0 ell 0 0 -5.0 1.0 -5.0 0.0 t ell 0 0 -5.0 0.0 0.5 0.0 ell 0 0 0.5 0.0 0.5 11.0 ell 0 0 0.5 11.0 10.0 11.0 11.0 10.0 0 ell 0 0 10.0 ell 0 0 10.0 0 1 0 ell 0 0 10 -5.0 ell 0 0 1-5.0 2 -5.0 t 2

## #Gradiometer Outline

#Conductor 1			
ell 1 0 3.5	-5.0 3.5 -2.5		
ell 1 0 3.5	-2.5	12.5	-2.5
ell 1 0 12.5	-2.5	12.5	13.5
ell 1 0 12.5	13.5	-2.0	13.5
ell 1 0 -2.0	13.5	-2.0	2.5
ell 1 0 -2.0	2.5	-5.0	2.5

```
ell 1 0 -5.0
             2.5 -5.0 1.5 t 4
ell 1 0 -5.0
            1.5 -1
                            1.5
ell 1 0 -1
             1.5
                     -1
                            12.5
ell 1 0 -1
             12.5 11.5 12.5
             12.5 11.5 -1.5
-1.5 2.5 -1.5
ell 1 0 11.5
ell 1 0 11.5
ell 1 0 2.5
              -1.5 2.5 -5.0
ell 1 0 2.5
             -5.0 3.5 -5.0 t 3
```



Khapaev schreibt den Simulationsoutput in die .mlw.log Datei. Hier stehen dann z.B. auch die erhaltenen Induktivitäten drin

```
Datei Bearbeiten Format Ansicht ?

input file: D:\Doktorarbeit\Doktorarbeit\SQUID Simulation\Maskensatz A\Gradiometer-Test\Gegeninduktivität zweier loops.upm prbl=1; 0 holes; 2 t-paths; 4274 points; nC= 2; nbp=2180 ni=2094 nt=6364 avg=1

t-pathes:
1t-p, 1-chain: (1-> 2)
2t-p, 1-chain: (3-> 4)

Full inductance matrix [pH]:
```

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