

Practice problem – 07: Dinner

This problem has been designed to help you learn multiple concepts: abstract class, interface, static variable, constants, and polymorphism.

Problem statement: Write a program to simulate dinner in which a user is asked what s/he wants to eat (Table 1). Based on the choice:

1. One of the three food-items is served with a message 'Here comes food!' followed by 'Serving X' where x is the food item being served
2. If Pizza is ordered, it is heated to a constant temperature specified in the Heatable interface as HOTSERVINGTEMPERATURE.
3. The served food item makes a certain sound while eating (Table 2)
4. A calorie counter is incremented as per the item served (Table 2)
5. The program asks the user if s/he wants more. If y, then the program repeats itself. If n then it prints Good night ! and exits.

Table 2: Sound and Calories

Food item	Sound	Calories
Chips	Crunch Crunch	200
IceCream	Slurp Slurp	500
Pizza	Chomp Chomp	800

Table 1: Console I/O

What would you like to eat?
1. Pizza
2. Chips
3. Ice cream
1
Here comes food!
Serving Pizza
Now its hot @ 165 degrees
Chomp Chomp
You have consumed 800 calories
Want some more (y/n)?
y
What would you like to eat?
1. Pizza
2. Chips
3. Ice cream
2
Here comes food!
Serving Chips
Crunch Crunch
You have consumed 1000 calories
Want some more (y/n)?
n
Good night!

Solution Design: The class-diagram shows all classes and their members.

Table 4 describes each class and its methods. Table 5 maps console I/O with various methods and their actions.

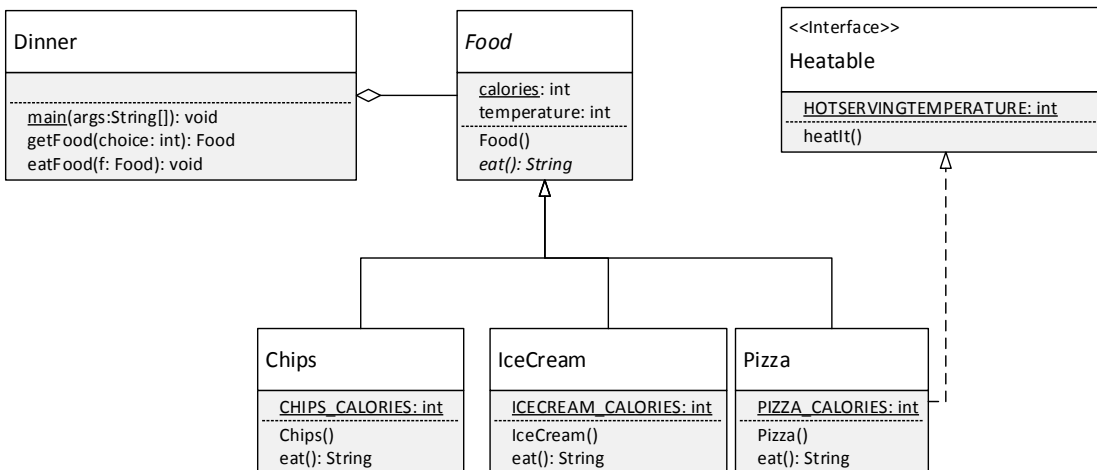


Figure 1: Class diagram

Instructions

- Download Dinner.java, Chips.java, and TestDinner.java from Canvas
- Create practice7 package and import the three java files into this package
- Create **Heatable** interface, and the other 3 classes (**Food**, **IceCream**, and **Pizza**) as required. Look at Chips.java code provided for hints. Pizza must implement Heatable interface. Then complete **Dinner**.java as directed. As you create these classes, keep testing your code using TestDinner.java .

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Table 3: Class Descriptions

Class	Methods and descriptions
Food	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> It has one class (static) variable: calories, and one member variable: temperature Its constructor prints "Here comes food!" on the console. Its eat() method is abstract
Heatable	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Has one constant named HOTSERVINGTEMPERATURE = 165° F. Has one abstract method heatIt() that should set the food temperature to the desired temperature.
Chips	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Code provided
IceCream	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Extends Food class Has constant ICECREAM_CALORIES as 500 Its constructor increments 'calories' counter by ICECREAM_CALORIES and prints "Serving Ice cream" Its eat method returns "Slurp Slurp" as a string value
Pizza	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Extends Food class and implements Heatable interface Has constant PIZZA_CALORIES as 800 The heatIt() method sets Pizza temperature to HOTSERVINGTEMPERATURE constant value. Its constructor increments 'calories' counter by PIZZA_CALORIES and prints "Serving Pizza" Its eat method returns "Chomp Chomp" as a string value
Dinner	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> main(): presents menu-choices to the user, takes user input and passes it to getFood(). When getFood() returns the chosen food-item, it passes it as a parameter to the eatFood() method. Every time user chooses a food-item, it prints the updated message: "You have consumed X calories" on the console. Note that 'calories' is a static variable in Food class, as static variables are shown as underlined. getFood(choice: int): based on the value of choice parameter, returns one of the 3 food-items. eatFood(f: Food): If the food is Pizza, then it invokes its heatIt() method. For all items, It then invokes the eat() method of the food-item and prints the string returned by it

Table 4: Console I/O mapped to methods

Console I/O	Method and some description
What would you like to eat?	main() method runs this in a loop
1. Pizza	
2. Chips	
3. Ice cream	
1	User wants Pizza
Here comes food!	This message printed from Food() constructor
Serving Pizza	This message printed from Pizza() constructor
Now its hot @ 165 degrees	This message printed from Pizza's heatIt() method
Chomp Chomp	This message printed from Pizza's eat() method
You have consumed 800 calories	Print the value of calorie from Food class
Want some more (y/n)?	If input is 'n' then break from loop, else continue back to displaying first menu.
y	
What would you like to eat?	main() method loop
1. Pizza	
2. Chips	
3. Ice cream	
2	User chooses Chips
Here comes food!	This message printed from Food() constructor
Serving Chips	This message printed from Chips() constructor
Crunch Crunch	This message from Chips' eat() method
You have consumed 1000 calories	Print the value of calorie from Food class
Want some more (y/n)?	If input is 'n' then break from loop, else continue back to displaying first menu.
y	
What would you like to eat?	main() method loop
1. Pizza	
2. Chips	

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3. Ice cream	
3	<i>User wants Ice cream</i>
Here comes food!	This message printed from Food() constructor
Serving Icecream	This message printed from IceCream() constructor
Slurp Slurp	This message from IceCream's eat() method
You have consumed 1500 calories	Print the value of calorie from Food class
Want some more (y/n)?	If input is 'n' then break from loop, else continue back to displaying first menu.
n	
Good night!	END